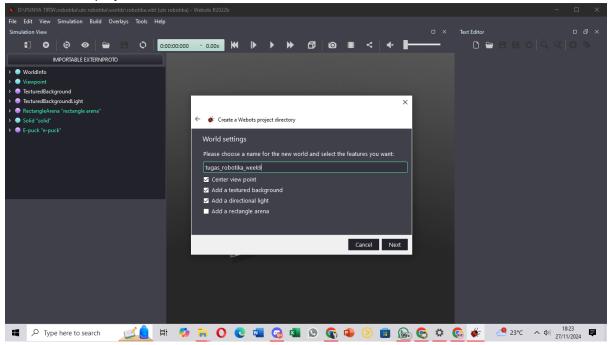
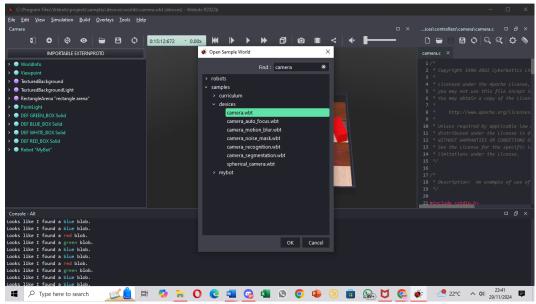
Ade Tirta Rahmat Hidayat – 1103203212 – Robotika TK45G06

DOKUMENTASI PEKERJAAN TUGAS WEEK 9 (CAMERA)

1. Membuat new project.



- 2. Membuat sample world untuk implementasi camera:
 - a. Camera robot untuk deteksi blob warna



```
Code:

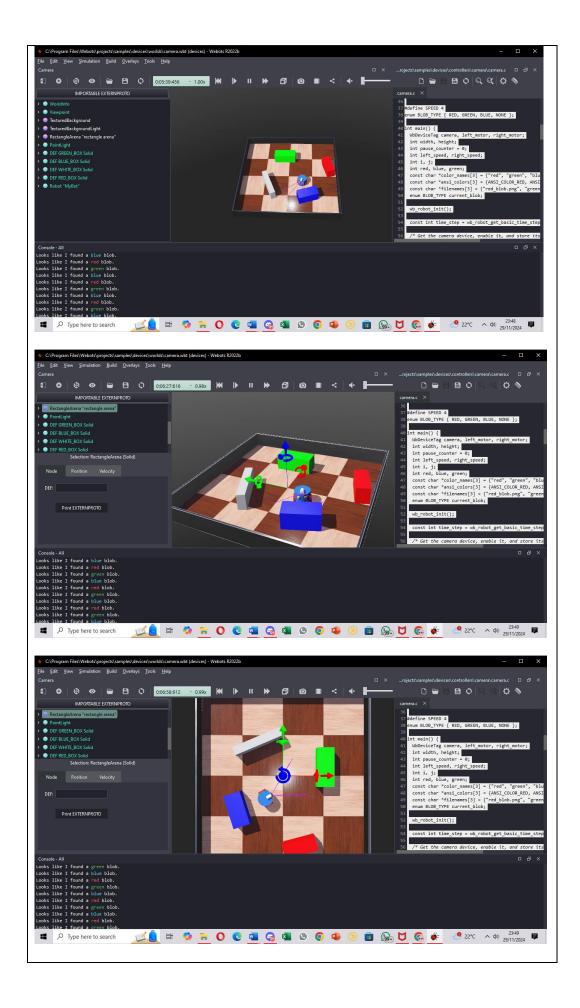
/*
  * Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd.
  *
  * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the
"License");
  * you may not use this file except in compliance with the
License.
```

```
* You may obtain a copy of the License at
       http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
* Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in
writing, software
* distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS
IS" BASIS,
* WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either
express or implied.
* See the License for the specific language governing
permissions and
* limitations under the License.
 * Description: An example of use of a camera device.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <webots/camera.h>
#include <webots/motor.h>
#include <webots/robot.h>
#include <webots/utils/system.h>
#define ANSI COLOR RED "\x1b[31m"
#define ANSI COLOR GREEN "\x1b[32m"
#define ANSI COLOR YELLOW "\x1b[33m"
#define ANSI COLOR BLUE "\x1b[34m"
#define ANSI COLOR MAGENTA "\x1b[35m"
#define ANSI COLOR CYAN "\x1b[36m"
#define ANSI COLOR RESET "\x1b[0m"
#define SPEED 4
enum BLOB TYPE { RED, GREEN, BLUE, NONE };
int main() {
 WbDeviceTag camera, left motor, right motor;
 int width, height;
 int pause counter = 0;
 int left speed, right speed;
 int i, j;
  int red, blue, green;
 const char *color names[3] = {"red", "green", "blue"};
  const char *ansi colors[3] =
{ANSI COLOR RED, ANSI COLOR GREEN, ANSI COLOR BLUE};
 const chr *filenames[3] = {"red blob.png",
"green blob.png", "blue blob.png"};
enum BLOB TYPE current blob;
 wb robot init();
  const int time step = wb robot get basic time step();
```

```
/* Get the camera device, enable it, and store its width
and height */
  camera = wb robot get device("camera");
 wb camera enable (camera, time step);
 width = wb camera get width(camera);
 height = wb camera get height(camera);
  /* get a handler to the motors and set target position
to infinity (speed control). */
  left_motor = wb_robot_get_device("left wheel motor");
  right motor = wb robot get device("right wheel motor");
 wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
  wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
  wb motor set velocity(left motor, 0.0);
  wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
  /* Main loop */
 while (wb robot step(time_step) != -1) {
    /* Get the new camera values */
    const unsigned char *image =
wb_camera_get image(camera);
    /* Decrement the pause counter */
    if (pause counter > 0)
     pause counter--;
     * Case 1
     * A blob was found recently
     * The robot waits in front of it until pause counter
     * is decremented enough
    if (pause_counter > 640 / time step) {
     left speed = 0;
      right speed = 0;
    }
    /*
     * Case 2
     * A blob was found quite recently
    * The robot begins to turn but don't analyse theimage
for a while
     * otherwise the same blob would be found again
    else if (pause counter > 0) {
      left speed = -SPEED;
      right speed = SPEED;
    }
    /*
     * Case 3
     * The robot turns and analyse the camera image
inorder
     * to find a new blob
     */
    else if (!image) { // image may be NULL
ifRobot.synchronization is FALSE
```

```
left speed = 0;
      right_speed = 0;
    } else { // pause counter == 0
      /* Reset the sums */
      red = 0;
      green = 0;
      blue = 0;
       * Here we analyse the image from the camera. The
goal is to detect a
      * blob (a spot of color) of a defined color in the
middle of our
       * screen.
       * In order to achieve that we simply parse the
image pixels of the
       * center of the image, and sum the color component
individually
       */
      for (i = width / 3; i < 2 * width / 3; i++) {
        for (j = height / 2; j < 3 * height / 4; j++) {
          red += wb camera image get red(image, width, i,
j);
          blue += wb camera image get blue(image, width,
     i, j);
          green += wb camera image get green(image, width,
     i, j);
           }
       /*
             * If a component is much more represented than
     the other ones,
             * a blob is detected
            */
           if ((red > 3 * green) \&\& (red > 3 * blue))
             current blob = RED;
           else if ((green > 3 * red) && (green > 3 *
     blue))
             current blob = GREEN;
           else if ((blue > 3 * red) && (blue > 3 *
     green))
             current blob = BLUE;
           else
             current blob = NONE;
            /*
            * Case 3a
            * No blob is detected
            * the robot continues to turn
            * /
           if (current blob == NONE) {
             left speed = -SPEED;
             right speed = SPEED;
```

```
/*
            * Case 3b
            * A blob is detected
            * the robot stops, stores the image, and
     changes its state
            */
           else {
              left speed = 0;
             right speed = 0;
             printf("Looks like I found a %s%s%s blob.\n",
     ansi colors[current blob], color names[current blob],
     ANSI COLOR RESET);
              // compute the file path in the user
     directory
             char *filepath;
     #ifdef WIN32
             const char *user directory =
     wbu system short path(wbu system getenv("USERPROFILE"
     ));
             filepath = (char)
     *) malloc(strlen(user directory) + 16);
              strcpy(filepath, user directory);
              strcat(filepath, "\\");
     #else
             const char *user directory =
     wbu system getenv("HOME");
              filepath = (char
     *) malloc(strlen(user directory) + 16);
             strcpy(filepath, user directory);
              strcat(filepath, "/");
     #endif
             strcat(filepath, filenames[current blob]);
             wb camera save image(camera, filepath, 100);
             free(filepath);
             pause counter = 1280 / time step;
           }
         /* Set the motor speeds. */
         wb motor set velocity(left motor, left speed);
         wb motor set velocity(right motor, right speed);
       wb robot cleanup();
       return 0;
Output:
```



Looks like I found a green blob.

Looks like I found a blue blob.

Looks like I found a red blob.

Looks like I found a green blob.

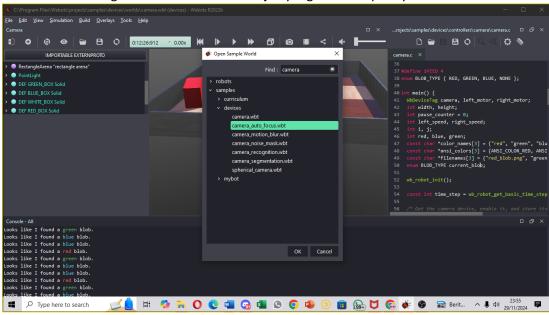
Looks like I found a blue blob.

Looks like I found a red blob.

Link Video Output:

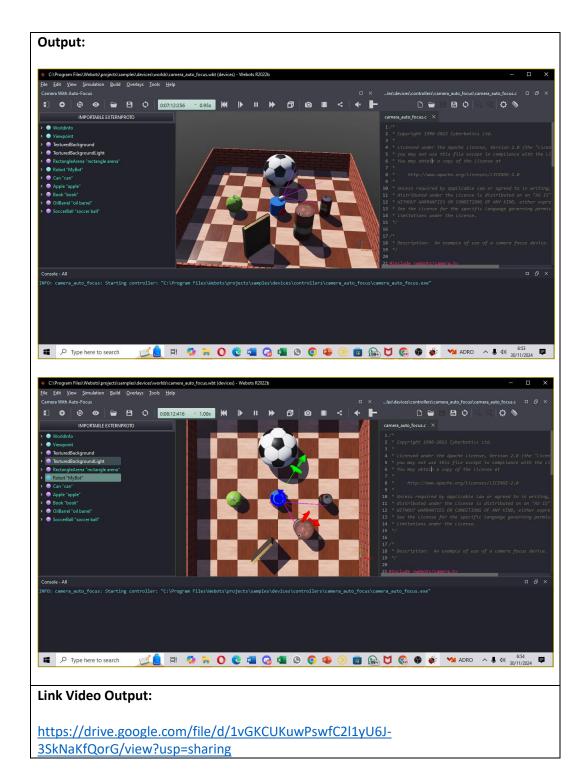
https://drive.google.com/file/d/1yJWTezrfJPFb8UwJ5mk PuRKDwe2CLQZ/view?usp=drive link

b. Camera robot dengan fokus berdasarkan objek yang ada di depannya

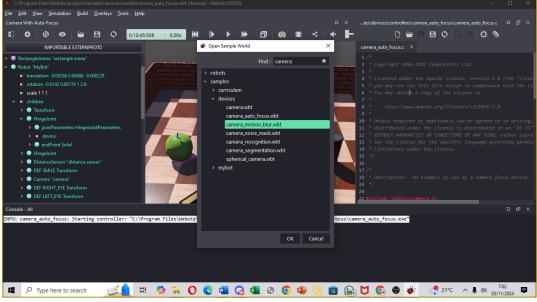


Code: * Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd. * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License"); * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. * You may obtain a copy of the License at http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0 * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software * distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS, * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied. * See the License for the specific language governing permissions and * limitations under the License.

```
*/
* Description: An example of use of a camera focus
device.
 * /
#include <webots/camera.h>
#include <webots/distance sensor.h>
#include <webots/motor.h>
#include <webots/robot.h>
#define SPEED 1
#define TIME STEP 32
int main() {
 WbDeviceTag camera, distance sensor, left motor,
right motor;
 wb robot init();
 /* Get the camera device, enable it */
 camera = wb_robot_get_device("camera");
 wb camera enable (camera, TIME STEP);
 /* Get the camera device, enable it */
 distance sensor = wb robot get device("distance
sensor");
 wb distance sensor enable (distance sensor, TIME STEP);
 /* get a handler to the motors and set target position
to infinity (speed control). */
 left motor = wb robot get device("left wheel motor");
 right motor = wb robot get device("right wheel motor");
 wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
 wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
 wb_motor_set_velocity(left_motor, 0.0);
 wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
 /* Set the motors speed */
 wb motor set velocity(left motor, -SPEED);
 wb motor set velocity(right motor, SPEED);
 /* Main loop */
 while (wb robot step(TIME STEP) !=-1) {
   const double object distance =
wb distance sensor get value(distance sensor) / 1000;
   wb camera set focal distance(camera, object distance);
 wb robot cleanup();
 return 0;
}
```



c. Camera robot deteksi blob berwarna pada robot dengan efek motion blur camera



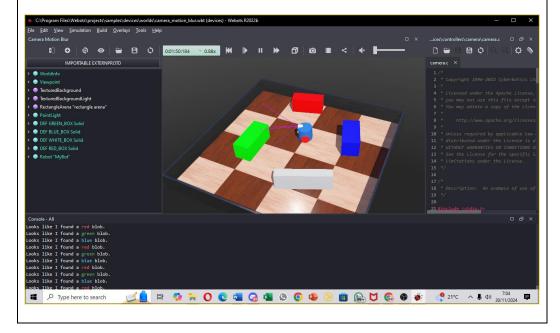
```
Code:
      * Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd.
      * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0
     (the "License");
      * you may not use this file except in compliance
     with the License.
      * You may obtain a copy of the License at
            http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
      * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in
     writing, software
      * distributed under the License is distributed on an
     "AS IS" BASIS,
      * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND,
     either express or implied.
      * See the License for the specific language
     governing permissions and
      * limitations under the License.
      */
      * Description: An example of use of a camera
     device.
      * /
     #include <stdio.h>
     #include <stdlib.h>
     #include <string.h>
     #include <webots/camera.h>
     #include <webots/motor.h>
     #include <webots/robot.h>
     #include <webots/utils/system.h>
```

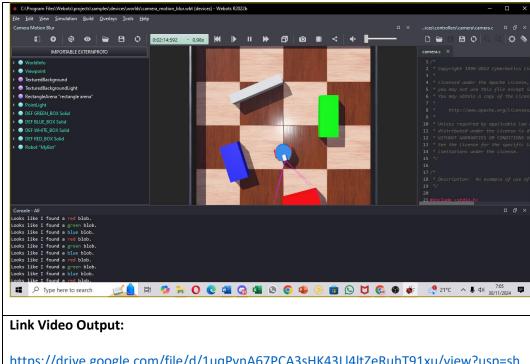
```
#define ANSI_COLOR_RED "\x1b[31m"
#define ANSI COLOR GREEN "\x1b[32m"
#define ANSI COLOR YELLOW "\x1b[33m"
#define ANSI COLOR BLUE "\x1b[34m"
#define ANSI_COLOR_MAGENTA "\x1b[35m"
#define ANSI_COLOR CYAN "\x1b[36m"
#define ANSI COLOR RESET "\x1b[0m"
#define SPEED 4
enum BLOB TYPE { RED, GREEN, BLUE, NONE };
int main() {
  WbDeviceTag camera, left motor, right motor;
  int width, height;
 int pause counter = 0;
  int left speed, right_speed;
  int i, j;
  int red, blue, green;
  const char *color names[3] = {"red", "green",
  const char *ansi colors[3] = {ANSI COLOR RED,
ANSI COLOR GREEN, ANSI COLOR BLUE };
  const char *filenames[3] = {"red blob.png",
"green blob.png", "blue blob.png"};
  enum BLOB TYPE current blob;
  wb robot init();
  const int time step =
wb robot get basic time step();
  /* Get the camera device, enable it, and store its
width and height */
  camera = wb robot get device("camera");
  wb camera enable (camera, time step);
  width = wb_camera_get_width(camera);
 height = wb camera get height(camera);
  /* get a handler to the motors and set target
position to infinity (speed control). */
  left motor = wb robot get device("left wheel
motor");
  right motor = wb robot get device ("right wheel
motor");
  wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
  wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
 wb motor set velocity(left motor, 0.0);
 wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
  /* Main loop */
  while (wb robot step(time step) !=-1) {
    /* Get the new camera values */
    const unsigned char *image =
wb camera get image(camera);
```

```
/* Decrement the pause counter */
    if (pause counter > 0)
      pause counter--;
     * Case 1
     * A blob was found recently
     * The robot waits in front of it until
pause_counter
     * is decremented enough
     */
    if (pause counter > 640 / time step) {
      left speed = 0;
      right_speed = 0;
    }
    /*
     * Case 2
     * A blob was found quite recently
     * The robot begins to turn but don't analyse the
image for a while,
     * otherwise the same blob would be found again
    else if (pause_counter > 0) {
      left speed = -SPEED;
      right speed = SPEED;
    }
    /*
     * Case 3
     * The robot turns and analyse the camera image
in order
     * to find a new blob
    else if (!image) { // image may be NULL if
Robot.synchronization is FALSE
      left speed = 0;
      right_speed = 0;
    } else { // pause counter == 0
      /* Reset the sums */
      red = 0;
      green = 0;
      blue = 0;
      /*
       * Here we analyse the image from the camera.
The goal is to detect a
       * blob (a spot of color) of a defined color in
the middle of our
       * screen.
       ^{\star} In order to achieve that we simply parse the
image pixels of the
       * center of the image, and sum the color
components individually
       */
      for (i = width / 3; i < 2 * width / 3; i++) {
```

```
for (j = height / 2; j < 3 * height / 4; j++)
{
          red += wb camera image get red(image,
width, i, j);
          blue += wb camera image get blue(image,
width, i, j);
          green += wb camera image get green(image,
width, i, j);
        }
      }
       * If a component is much more represented than
the other ones,
       * a blob is detected
       */
      if ((red > 3 * green) && (red > 3 * blue))
        current blob = RED;
      else if (green > 3 * red) \&\& (green > 3 *
blue))
        current blob = GREEN;
      else if ((blue > 3 * red) && (blue > 3 *
green))
        current blob = BLUE;
      else
        current blob = NONE;
      /*
       * Case 3a
       * No blob is detected
       * the robot continues to turn
       * /
      if (current blob == NONE) {
        left speed = -SPEED;
        right speed = SPEED;
      }
      /*
       * Case 3b
       * A blob is detected
      * the robot stops, stores the image, and
changes its state
       */
      else {
        left speed = 0;
        right speed = 0;
        printf("Looks like I found a %s%s%s blob.\n",
ansi colors[current blob], color names[current blob],
ANSI COLOR RESET);
        // compute the file path in the user
directory
        char *filepath;
#ifdef WIN32
        const char *user directory =
wbu system short path(wbu system getenv("USERPROFILE"
```

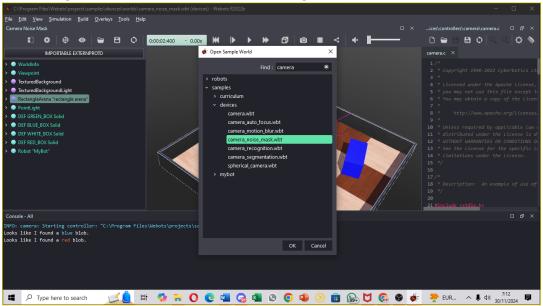
```
filepath = (char)
*) malloc(strlen(user_directory) + 16);
        strcpy(filepath, user directory);
        strcat(filepath, "\\");
#else
        const char *user directory =
wbu system getenv("HOME");
        filepath = (char
*)malloc(strlen(user directory) + 16);
        strcpy(filepath, user directory);
        strcat(filepath, "/");
#endif
        strcat(filepath, filenames[current blob]);
        wb camera save image(camera, filepath, 100);
        free(filepath);
        pause counter = 1280 / time step;
      }
    }
    /* Set the motor speeds. */
    wb motor set velocity(left motor, left speed);
    wb_motor_set_velocity(right_motor, right_speed);
  wb robot cleanup();
  return 0;
```





 $\frac{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1uqPvnA67PCA3sHK43Ll4ltZeRuhT91xu/view?usp=sharing}{aring}$

d. Robot dengan kamera: deteksi blob berwarna dengan noise mask



Code:

/*

* Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd.

*

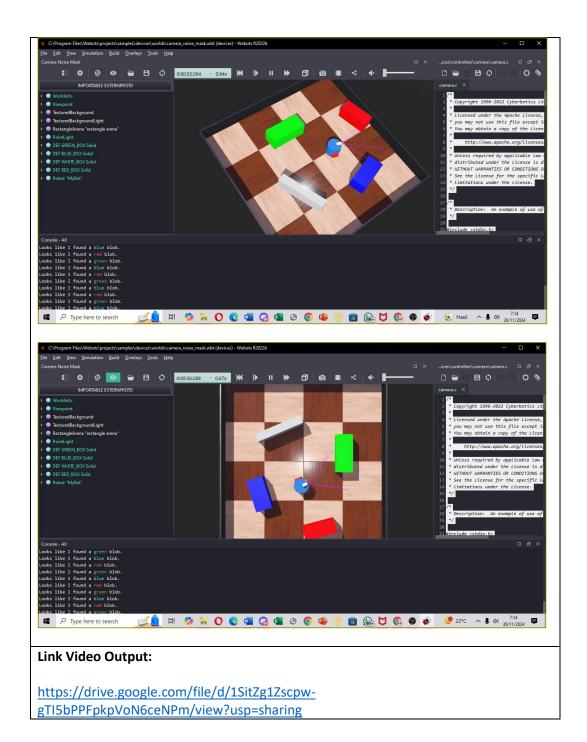
- * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
- * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
 - * You may obtain a copy of the License at

```
http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
* Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in
writing, software
* distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS
IS" BASIS,
* WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either
express or implied.
* See the License for the specific language governing
permissions and
 * limitations under the License.
 */
 * Description: An example of use of a camera device.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <webots/camera.h>
#include <webots/motor.h>
#include <webots/robot.h>
#include <webots/utils/system.h>
#define ANSI COLOR RED "\x1b[31m"
#define ANSI COLOR GREEN "\x1b[32m"
#define ANSI COLOR YELLOW "\x1b[33m"
#define ANSI COLOR BLUE "\x1b[34m"
#define ANSI COLOR MAGENTA "\x1b[35m"
#define ANSI COLOR CYAN "\x1b[36m"
#define ANSI COLOR RESET "\x1b[0m"
#define SPEED 4
enum BLOB TYPE { RED, GREEN, BLUE, NONE };
int main() {
 WbDeviceTag camera, left motor, right motor;
 int width, height;
 int pause counter = 0;
 int left speed, right speed;
 int i, j;
 int red, blue, green;
  const char *color names[3] = {"red", "green", "blue"};
  const char *ansi_colors[3] = {ANSI COLOR RED,
ANSI COLOR GREEN, ANSI COLOR BLUE };
 const char *filenames[3] = {"red blob.png",
"green blob.png", "blue blob.png"};
  enum BLOB TYPE current blob;
 wb robot init();
  const int time step = wb robot get basic time step();
```

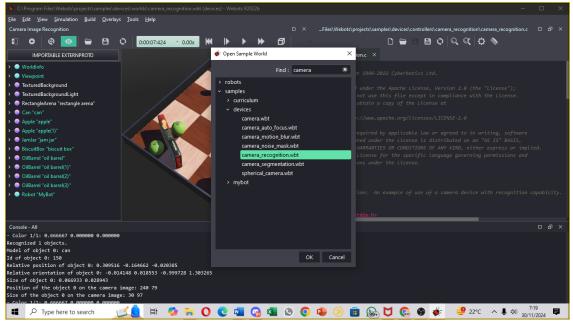
```
/* Get the camera device, enable it, and store its width
and height */
 camera = wb robot get device("camera");
 wb camera enable (camera, time step);
 width = wb camera get width(camera);
 height = wb camera get height(camera);
 /* get a handler to the motors and set target position
to infinity (speed control). */
 left_motor = wb_robot_get_device("left wheel motor");
 right motor = wb robot get device("right wheel motor");
 wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
 wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
 wb motor set velocity(left motor, 0.0);
 wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
 /* Main loop */
 while (wb robot step(time_step) != -1) {
    /* Get the new camera values */
   const unsigned char *image =
wb camera get image(camera);
    /* Decrement the pause counter */
    if (pause counter > 0)
     pause counter--;
    * Case 1
     * A blob was found recently
    * The robot waits in front of it until pause counter
    * is decremented enough
    if (pause_counter > 640 / time step) {
     left speed = 0;
     right speed = 0;
    }
    /*
     * Case 2
    * A blob was found quite recently
    * The robot begins to turn but don't analyse the
image for a while,
     * otherwise the same blob would be found again
    else if (pause counter > 0) {
      left speed = -SPEED;
      right speed = SPEED;
    }
    /*
     * Case 3
    * The robot turns and analyse the camera image in
order
     * to find a new blob
     */
    else if (!image) { // image may be NULL if
Robot.synchronization is FALSE
```

```
left speed = 0;
      right_speed = 0;
    } else { // pause counter == 0
      /* Reset the sums */
      red = 0;
      green = 0;
      blue = 0;
       * Here we analyse the image from the camera. The
goal is to detect a
      * blob (a spot of color) of a defined color in the
middle of our
       * screen.
       * In order to achieve that we simply parse the
image pixels of the
       * center of the image, and sum the color components
individually
       */
      for (i = width / 3; i < 2 * width / 3; i++) {
        for (j = height / 2; j < 3 * height / 4; j++) {
          red += wb camera image get red(image, width, i,
j);
          blue += wb camera image get blue(image, width,
i, j);
          green += wb camera image get green(image, width,
i, j);
        }
      }
       * If a component is much more represented than the
other ones,
       * a blob is detected
       */
      if ((red > 3 * green) && (red > 3 * blue))
        current blob = RED;
      else if ((green > 3 * red) && (green > 3 * blue))
        current blob = GREEN;
      else if ((blue > 3 * red) && (blue > 3 * green))
        current blob = BLUE;
      else
        current blob = NONE;
      /*
       * Case 3a
       * No blob is detected
       * the robot continues to turn
       */
      if (current blob == NONE) {
        left speed = -SPEED;
        right speed = SPEED;
      }
      /*
       * Case 3b
```

```
* A blob is detected
       * the robot stops, stores the image, and changes
its state
       */
      else {
        left speed = 0;
        right speed = 0;
        printf("Looks like I found a %s%s%s blob.\n",
ansi colors[current blob], color names[current blob],
ANSI COLOR RESET);
        // compute the file path in the user directory
        char *filepath;
#ifdef WIN32
        const char *user directory =
wbu_system_short_path(wbu_system_getenv("USERPROFILE"));
        filepath = (char *)malloc(strlen(user directory) +
16);
        strcpy(filepath, user directory);
        strcat(filepath, "\\");
#else
        const char *user directory =
wbu_system_getenv("HOME");
        filepath = (char *)malloc(strlen(user directory) +
16);
        strcpy(filepath, user directory);
        strcat(filepath, "/");
#endif
        strcat(filepath, filenames[current blob]);
        wb camera save image(camera, filepath, 100);
        free(filepath);
        pause counter = 1280 / time step;
    }
    /* Set the motor speeds. */
   wb motor set velocity(left motor, left speed);
    wb motor set velocity(right motor, right speed);
  }
  wb robot cleanup();
  return 0;
}
```



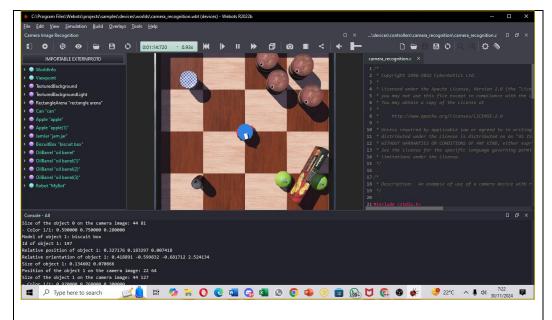
e. Deteksi objek dengan kamera dan pengenalan objek pada robot (recognition)



```
Code:
      * Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd.
      * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0
     (the "License");
      * you may not use this file except in compliance
     with the License.
      * You may obtain a copy of the License at
            http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
      * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in
     writing, software
      * distributed under the License is distributed on an
     "AS IS" BASIS,
      * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND,
     either express or implied.
      * See the License for the specific language
     governing permissions and
      * limitations under the License.
      */
      * Description: An example of use of a camera device
     with recognition capability.
      * /
     #include <stdio.h>
     #include <webots/camera.h>
     #include <webots/camera recognition object.h>
     #include <webots/motor.h>
     #include <webots/robot.h>
```

```
#define SPEED 1.5
#define TIME STEP 64
int main() {
  WbDeviceTag camera, left motor, right motor;
  int i, j;
  wb robot init();
  /* Get the camera device, enable it and the
recognition */
  camera = wb robot get device("camera");
  wb camera enable (camera, TIME STEP);
  wb_camera_recognition_enable(camera, TIME STEP);
  /* get a handler to the motors and set target
position to infinity (speed control). */
  left motor = wb robot get device("left wheel
motor");
  right motor = wb robot get device("right wheel
motor");
 wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
  wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
  wb_motor_set_velocity(left motor, 0.0);
  wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
  /* Set the motors speed */
  wb motor set velocity(left motor, -SPEED);
 wb motor set velocity(right motor, SPEED);
  /* Main loop */
  while (wb robot step(TIME_STEP) != -1) {
    /* Get current number of object recognized */
    int number of objects =
wb camera recognition get number of objects(camera);
    printf("\nRecognized %d objects.\n",
number of objects);
    /* Get and display all the objects information */
    const WbCameraRecognitionObject *objects =
wb camera recognition get objects(camera);
    for (i = 0; i < number_of_objects; ++i) {</pre>
      printf("Model of object %d: %s\n", i,
objects[i].model);
      printf("Id of object %d: %d\n", i,
objects[i].id);
      printf("Relative position of object %d: %lf %lf
%lf\n", i, objects[i].position[0],
objects[i].position[1],
             objects[i].position[2]);
      printf("Relative orientation of object %d: %lf
%lf %lf %lf\n", i, objects[i].orientation[0],
objects[i].orientation[1],
             objects[i].orientation[2],
objects[i].orientation[3]);
```

```
printf("Size of object %d: %lf %lf\n", i,
     objects[i].size[0], objects[i].size[1]);
            printf("Position of the object %d on the camera
     image: %d %d\n", i, objects[i].position on image[0],
            objects[i].position_on_image[1]);
printf("Size of the object %d on the camera
     image: %d %d\n", i, objects[i].size on image[0],
     objects[i].size_on_image[1]);
            for (j = 0; j < objects[i].number of colors;
     ++j)
              printf("- Color %d/%d: %lf %lf %lf\n", j + 1,
     objects[i].number of colors, objects[i].colors[3 *
     j],
                      objects[i].colors[3 * j + 1],
     objects[i].colors[3 * j + 2]);
        }
        wb robot cleanup();
        return 0;
Output:
```



- Color 1/2: 0.550000 0.060000 0.060000

- Color 2/2: 0.860000 0.880000 0.900000

Recognized 1 objects. Model of object 0: jam jar

Id of object 0: 179

Relative position of object 0: 0.369144 -0.118401 -0.021659

Relative orientation of object 0: -0.010775 0.010119 0.999891 2.555273

Size of object 0: 0.093218 0.090000

Position of the object 0 on the camera image: 204 79

Size of the object 0 on the camera image: $73\ 81$

- Color 1/2: 0.550000 0.060000 0.060000

- Color 2/2: 0.860000 0.880000 0.900000

Recognized 1 objects.

Model of object 0: jam jar

Id of object 0: 179

Relative position of object 0: 0.362988 -0.137958 -0.021834

Relative orientation of object 0: -0.011098 0.009932 0.999889 2.507249

Size of object 0: 0.093218 0.090000

Position of the object 0 on the camera image: 217 79

Size of the object 0 on the camera image: 77 82

- Color 1/2: 0.550000 0.060000 0.060000

- Color 2/2: 0.860000 0.880000 0.900000

Recognized 1 objects.

Model of object 0: jam jar

Id of object 0: 179

Relative position of object 0: 0.355901 -0.155603 -0.022034

Relative orientation of object 0: -0.011427 0.009743 0.999887 2.459231

Size of object 0: 0.093218 0.086816

Position of the object 0 on the camera image: 222 79 Size of the object 0 on the camera image: 66 84

- Color 1/2: 0.550000 0.060000 0.060000

- Color 2/2: 0.860000 0.880000 0.900000

Recognized 1 objects.

Model of object 0: jam jar

Id of object 0: 179

Relative position of object 0: 0.347900 -0.164303 -0.022261

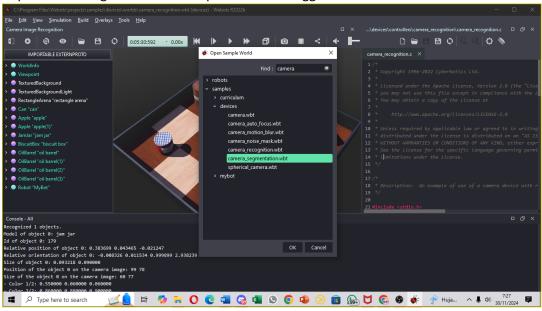
Relative orientation of object 0: -0.011761 0.009549 0.999885 2.411216

Size of object 0: 0.093218 0.066472

Link Video Output:

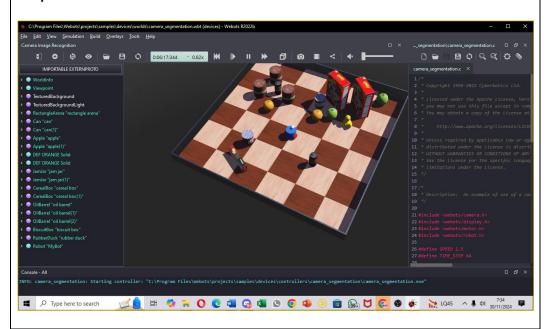
https://drive.google.com/file/d/12k9NmSy3Pkc4Ua7UWgdhG5z80g5iPE_l/view?usp=sharing

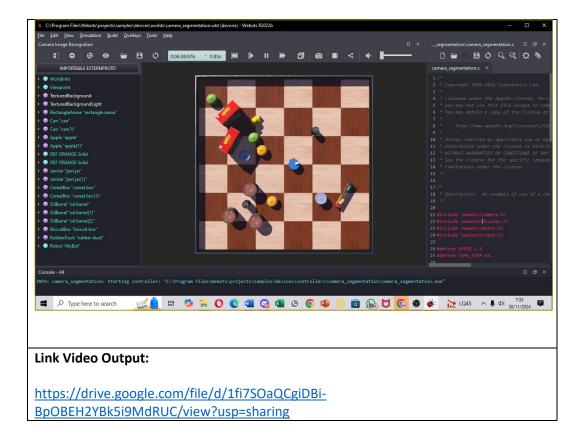
f. Implementasi segmentasi kamera pada robot menggunakan webots



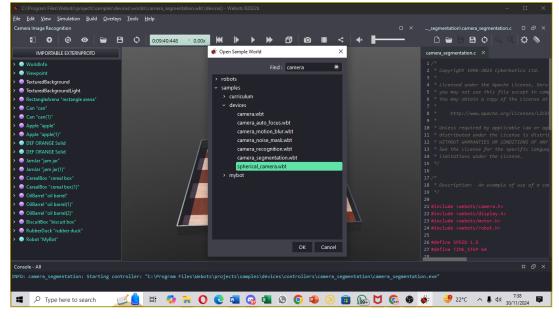
Code: Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd. * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License"); * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. * You may obtain a copy of the License at http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0 * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software * distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS, * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied. * See the License for the specific language governing permissions and * limitations under the License. */

```
* Description: An example of use of a camera device
with recognition segmentation capability.
 */
#include <webots/camera.h>
#include <webots/display.h>
#include <webots/motor.h>
#include <webots/robot.h>
#define SPEED 1.5
#define TIME STEP 64
int main() {
  WbDeviceTag camera, display, left motor,
right motor;
  WbImageRef segmented image;
  wb robot init();
  /* Get the camera device, enable the camera, the
recognition and the segmentation functionalities */
  camera = wb_robot_get_device("camera");
  wb camera enable (camera, TIME STEP);
  wb camera recognition enable (camera, TIME STEP);
  wb camera recognition enable segmentation(camera);
  const int width = wb camera get width(camera);
  const int height = wb camera get height(camera);
  /* Get the display device */
  display = wb_robot_get_device("segmented image
display");
  /* Get a handler to the motors and set target
position to infinity (speed control). */
  left motor = wb robot get device("left wheel
motor");
  right motor = wb robot get device("right wheel
motor");
 wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
  wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
  wb motor set velocity(left motor, 0.0);
  wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
  /* Set the motors speed */
  wb motor set velocity(left motor, -SPEED);
  wb motor set velocity(right motor, SPEED);
  /* Main loop */
  while (wb robot step (TIME STEP) !=-1) {
(wb camera recognition is segmentation enabled(camera
wb camera recognition get sampling period(camera) >
```





g. Implementasi penggunaan kamera bola pada robot menggunakan webots

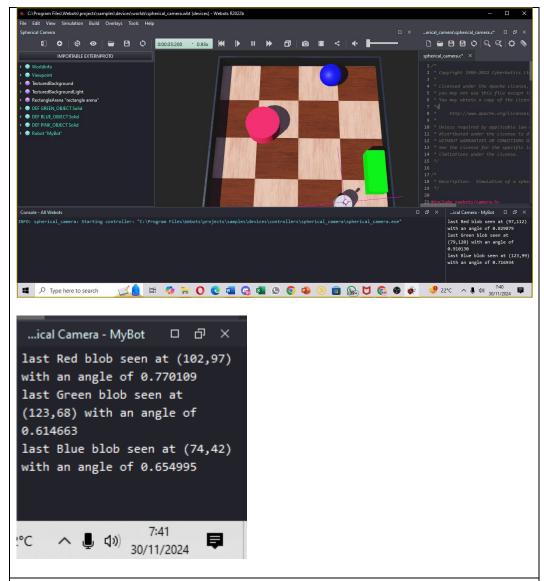


```
/*
    * Copyright 1996-2022 Cyberbotics Ltd.
    *
    * Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the
"License");
    * you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
```

```
* You may obtain a copy of the License at
       http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
* Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in
writing, software
* distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS
IS" BASIS,
* WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either
express or implied.
* See the License for the specific language governing
permissions and
* limitations under the License.
 * Description: Simulation of a spherical camera
#include <webots/camera.h>
#include <webots/distance sensor.h>
#include <webots/motor.h>
#include <webots/robot.h>
#include <webots/utils/ansi codes.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define TIME STEP 64
#define THRESHOLD 200
#define RED 0
#define GREEN 1
#define BLUE 2
#define LEFT 0
#define RIGHT 1
#define X 0
#define Y 1
double coord2D_to_angle(double x, double y) {
  if (x > 0.0 \&\& y >= 0.0)
   return atan(y / x);
  else if (x > 0.0 \&\& y < 0.0)
   return atan(y / x) + 2.0 * M PI;
  else if (x < 0.0)
   return atan(y / x) + M PI;
  else if (x == 0.0 \&\& y > 0.0)
    return M PI 2;
  else if (x == 0.0 \&\& y < 0.0)
   return 3.0 * M PI 2;
  else /* (x == 0.0 && y == 0.0) */
    return 0.0;
```

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
 // iterator used to parse loops
 int i, k;
 // init Webots stuff
 wb robot init();
 // init camera
 WbDeviceTag camera = wb robot get device("camera");
 wb camera enable(camera, 2 * TIME STEP);
 int width = wb camera get width(camera);
 int height = wb camera get height(camera);
 int color index[3][2] = \{\{0, 0\}, \{0, 0\}, \{0, 0\}\};
 int x, y, r, g, b;
 // init distance sensors
 WbDeviceTag us[2];
 double us values[2];
 double coefficients[2][2] = \{\{6.0, -3.0\}, \{-5.0, 4.0\}\};
 us[LEFT] = wb robot get device("us0");
 us[RIGHT] = wb robot get device("us1");
 for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
   wb distance sensor enable(us[i], TIME STEP);
 // get a handler to the motors and set target position
to infinity (speed control)
 WbDeviceTag left_motor = wb robot get device("left wheel
motor");
 WbDeviceTag right motor = wb robot get device("right
wheel motor");
 wb motor set position(left motor, INFINITY);
 wb motor set position(right motor, INFINITY);
 wb motor set velocity(left motor, 0.0);
 wb motor set velocity(right motor, 0.0);
 // init speed values
 double speed[2];
 while (wb robot step(TIME STEP) !=-1) {
    // read sensors
    const unsigned char *image =
wb camera get image(camera);
    for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
      us values[i] = wb_distance_sensor_get_value(us[i]);
    // compute speed
    for (i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
      speed[i] = 0.0;
      for (k = 0; k < 2; k++)
        speed[i] += us values[k] * coefficients[i][k];
    // compute blob direction
    for (y = 0; y < height; y++) {
```

```
for (x = 0; x < width; x++) {
        r = wb_camera_image_get_red(image, width, x, y);
        g = wb camera image get green(image, width, x, y);
        b = wb camera image get blue(image, width, x, y);
        if (r > THRESHOLD && g < THRESHOLD && b <
THRESHOLD) {
          color index[RED][X] = x;
          color index[RED][Y] = y;
        } else if (r < THRESHOLD && g > THRESHOLD && b < g > THRESHOLD && b < g > THRESHOLD
THRESHOLD) {
          color index[GREEN][X] = x;
          color index[GREEN][Y] = y;
        } else if (r < THRESHOLD && g < THRESHOLD && b >
THRESHOLD) {
          color_index[BLUE][X] = x;
          color index[BLUE][Y] = y;
      }
    }
    // print results
    ANSI CLEAR CONSOLE();
    for (i = 0; i < 3; i++)
      // clang-format off
      // clang-format 11.0.0 is not compatible with
previous versions with respect to nested conditional
operators
      printf("last %s blob seen at (%d,%d) with an angle
of f\n'',
              (i == GREEN) ? "Green" :
              (i == RED)
                           ? "Red" :
                             "Blue",
             color index[i][X], color index[i][Y],
             coord2D to angle((double)(color_index[i][X] +
width / 2), (double)(color index[i][Y] + height / 2)));
    // clang-format on
    // set actuators
    wb motor set velocity(left motor, 3.0 + speed[LEFT]);
    wb motor set velocity(right motor, 3.0 +
speed[RIGHT]);
 }
  wb robot cleanup();
  return 0;
}
```



Link Video Output:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ZWZNIkQDDg8AYqyB3re1V8-C0VRhx-Ws/view?usp=sharing