X-CORP Network Analysis

Security Engineering: CSIRT Division
Attack, Defense & Analysis of X-CORP'S Network

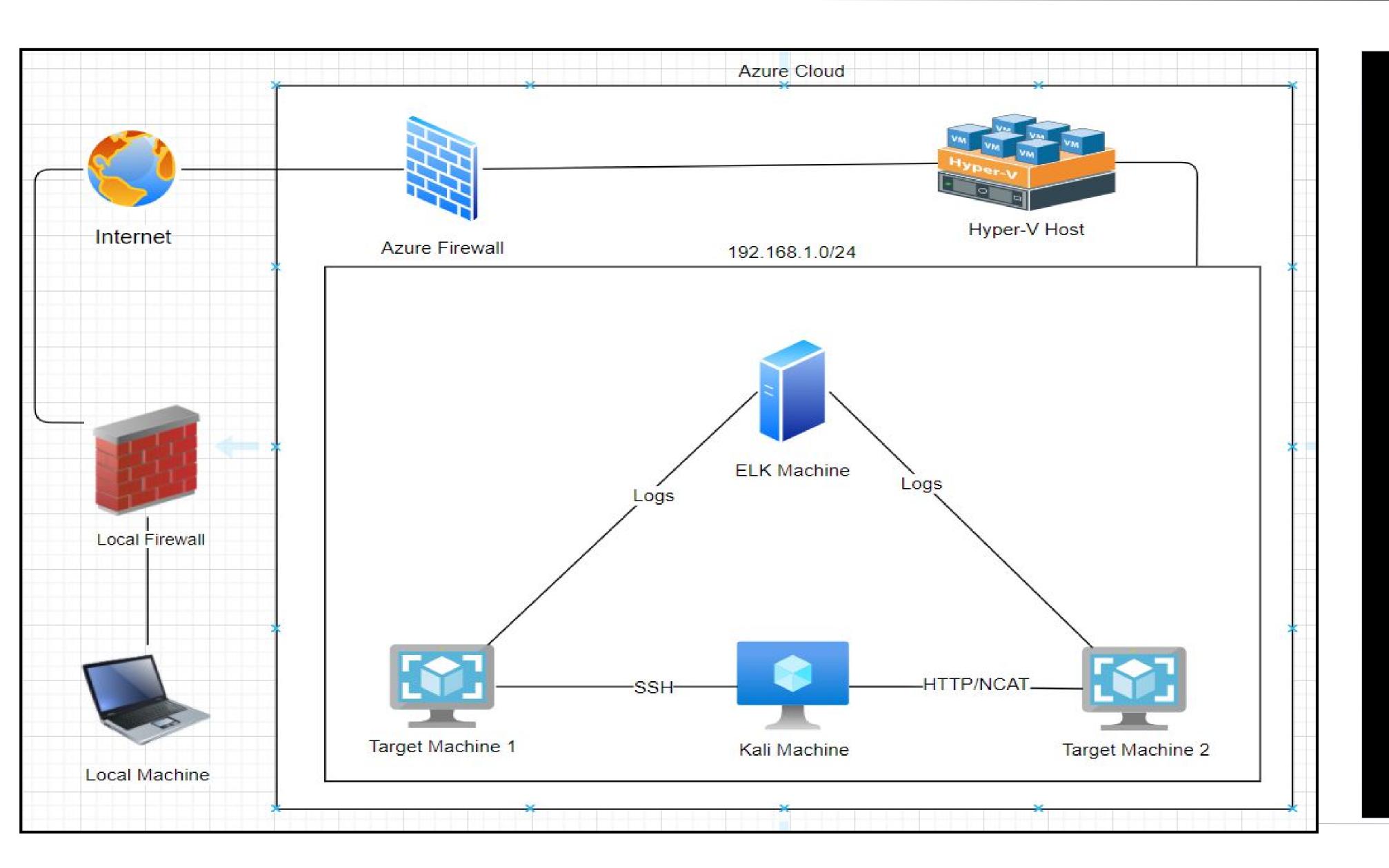
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Network Topology & Critical Vulnerabilities

Network Topology - 192.168.1.0/24



Network

Address Range: 192.168.1.0/24

Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Machines

IPv4: 192.168.1.90

OS: Linux

Hostname: Kali

IPv4: 192.168.1.110

OS: Linux

Hostname: Target 1

IPv4: 192.168.1.115

OS: Linux

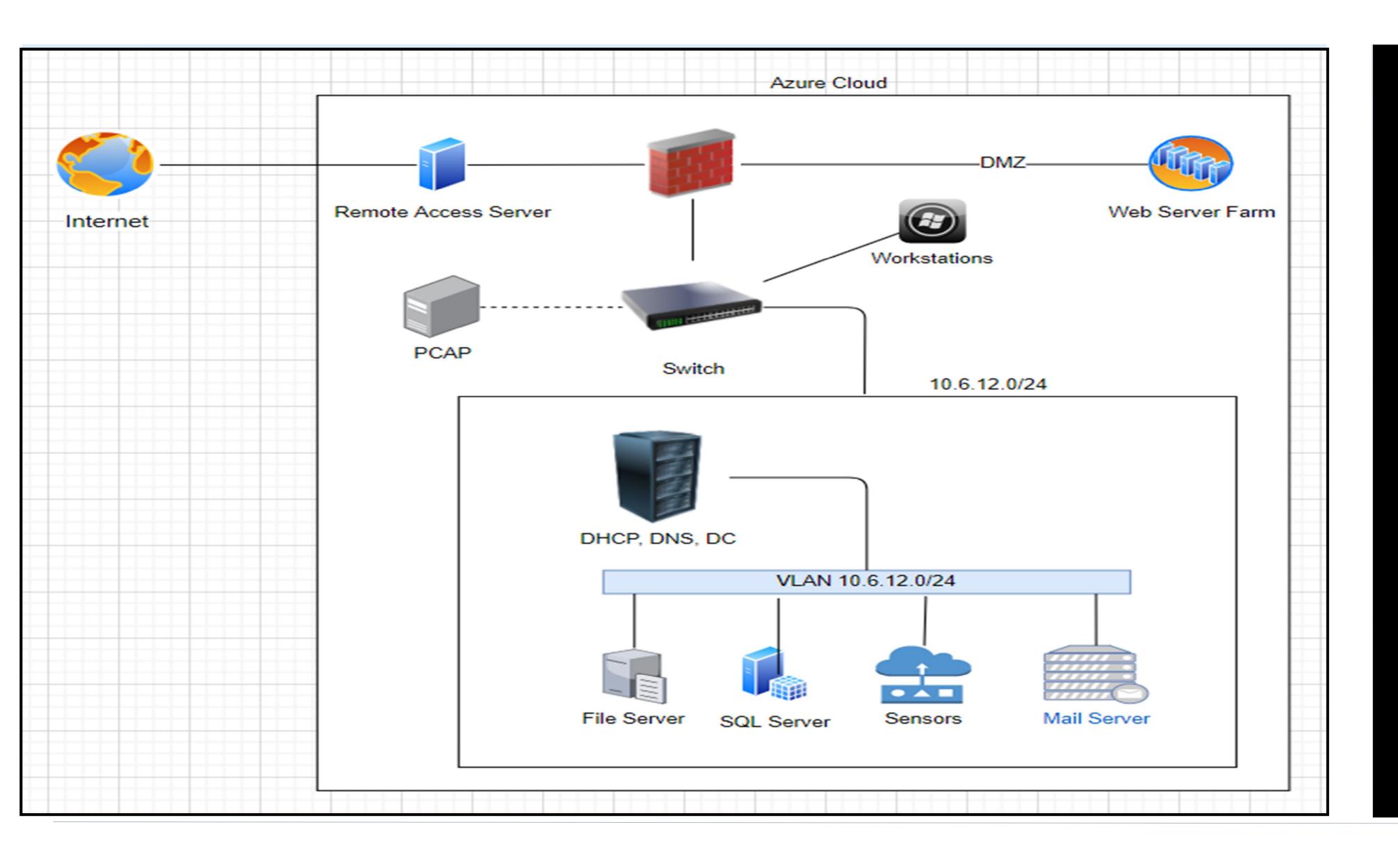
Hostname: Target 2

IPv4: 192.168.1.100

OS: Linux

Hostname: ELK

Network Topology – 10.6.12.0/24



Network

Address Range: 10.6.12.0/24

Netmask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 10.6.12.1

Machines

IPv4: 172.16.4.205

OS: Windows

Hostname: ROTTERDAM-PC

IPv4: 10.0.0.201 OS: Windows

Hostname: BLANCO-

DESKTOP

Recon: Describing the Target

Nmap identified the following hosts on the network: 192.168.1.0/24 & 10.6.12.0/24

| Hostname | IP Address | Role on Network |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Azure Hyper-V ML-REFVM-684427 | 192.168.1.1 | Windows host machine. |
| Kali | 192.168.1.90 | Linux OS, attack machine. |
| Target Machine 1 | 192.168.1.110 | Target machine that is running on Linux. |
| Target Machine 2 | 192.168.1.115 | Second target machine running on Linux. |
| ELK | 192.168.1.100 | ELK machine running on Linux. Hosts Kibana & Elasticsearch Watcher. |
| ROTTERDAM-PC | 172.16.4.205 | Windows machine, connected to X-CORP. |
| BLANCO-DESKTOP | 10.0.0.201 | Windows machine, connected to X-CORP. |

Critical Vulnerabilities: Target 1

Assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in *Target 1*.

| Vulnerability | Description | Impact |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Unfiltered Web Port (Port 80) | Port 80 is commonly used for web communication and if left open and unsecure, it can allow public access. | With port 80 open, this allows web server access. |
| Unfiltered SSH Port (Port 22) | Port 22, also known as the secure shell port, allows a user to remotely connect to another machine via remote command execution. | SSH into target machine with discovered credentials. |
| User Enumeration | Web application vulnerability that allows attackers to use bruteforce techniques to validate users on a network. | Enumerate a list of users to target. |

Critical Vulnerabilities: Target 1

Assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in *Target 1*.

| Vulnerability | Description | Impact |
|--|---|---|
| Weak User Credentials | Short names, first name, or any simple combinations. | Password is easy to obtain through social engineering. |
| Misconfigured Security Controls CWE-284 | Improper controls are implemented leaving systems vulnerable to exploits. | Allows unauthorized system level and network access. |
| Confidential Data Improperly Secured CWE-219 | Confidential data, such as user login information, is easily accessible to the public with no security. | Database server authentication information easily accessible to public. |

Critical Vulnerabilities: Target 2

Assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in *Target 2*.

| Vulnerability | Description | Impact |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| WordPress XML-RPC DOS | WordPress XML-RPC parsing is susceptible to DOS attacks by executing pingback.ping. | Several affected WordPress installations can launch a botnet level attack. |
| WordPress XML-RPC Ping | Using HTTP POST request smuggling to bypass front-end security controls. | Application's internal layers can be targeted. |
| Cloudflare Protection Bypass | Execution of pingback.ping method can be used to bypass DNS level protection. | Target's public IP address can be revealed. |

Critical Incidents: Network 10.6.12.0/24

Assessment uncovered the following critical incidents in 10.6.12.0/24.

| Incident | Description | Impact |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Trojan Malware | Malicious computer virus. | Malware downloaded locally and infected multiple hosts on network. |
| Unauthorized Domain Setup | Private domain created without authorization. | Private domain created to conduct torrenting, avoid detection, and stream videos. |
| Illegal Torrenting | Downloading & uploading files through a torrent network. | Copyrighted materials downloaded. |

Traffic Profiles

Traffic Profile on 192.168.1.0/24

Analysis identified the following characteristics of the traffic on the network:

| Feature | Value | Description |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Top Talker (192.168.1.90) | lp.addr==192.168.1.0/24 | Machine that sent the most traffic. |
| Most Common Protocols (HTTP, SSH, TCP, UDP) | Ip.addr==192.168.1.0/24 | Most common protocols on the network. |
| 3 Unique IP Addresses (192.168.1.90, 192.168.110, 192.168.1.115) | lp.addr==192.168.1.0/24 | Count of observed IP addresses. |

Traffic Profile on 10.6.12.0/24

Analysis identified the following characteristics of the traffic on the network:

| Feature | Value | Description |
|--|---|---|
| Top Talkers (172.16.4.205), (185.243.115.84), (166.62.11.64) | lp.addr==10.6.12.0/24 | Machines that sent the most traffic. |
| Most Common Protocols (HTTP, TCP, UDP) | lp.addr==10.6.12.0/24 | Most common protocols on the network. |
| 2 Unique IP Addresses (172.16.4.205 & 185.243.115.84) | Ip.addr==10.6.12.0/24 | Count of observed IP addresses. |
| 1 Malware Species (Trojan malware) | Ip.addr==10.6.12.203 and http.request.method==GET | Number of malware binaries identified in traffic. |

Behavioral Analysis

Purpose of Traffic on the Network

Users were observed engaging in the following kinds of activity:

"Normal" Activity

- Employees accessing public KB
- Employees checking emails

Suspicious Activity

- Enumerating users WPSCAN
- Executing pingback.ping command
- Accessing authentication logs & back-end DB server files "wp.config.php" file
- Accessing DB servers and dumping hashes
- Setting up a private Active Directory Domain



Normal Activity

Normal Behavior – Accessing Public Knowledgebase

Knowledgebase Articles:

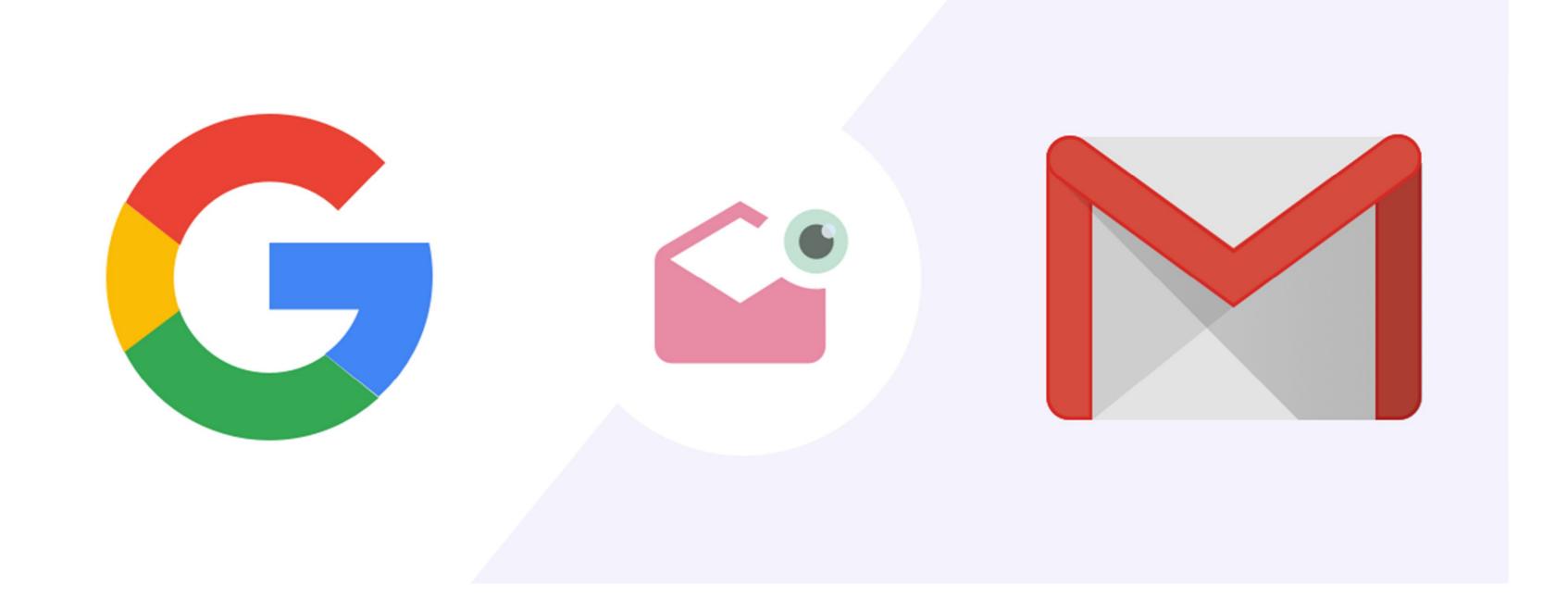
- HTTPS to establish a secure connection to Microsoft's website.
- User accessed files on creating private domains.



Normal Behavior – Accessing Google Workspace

Accessing Email:

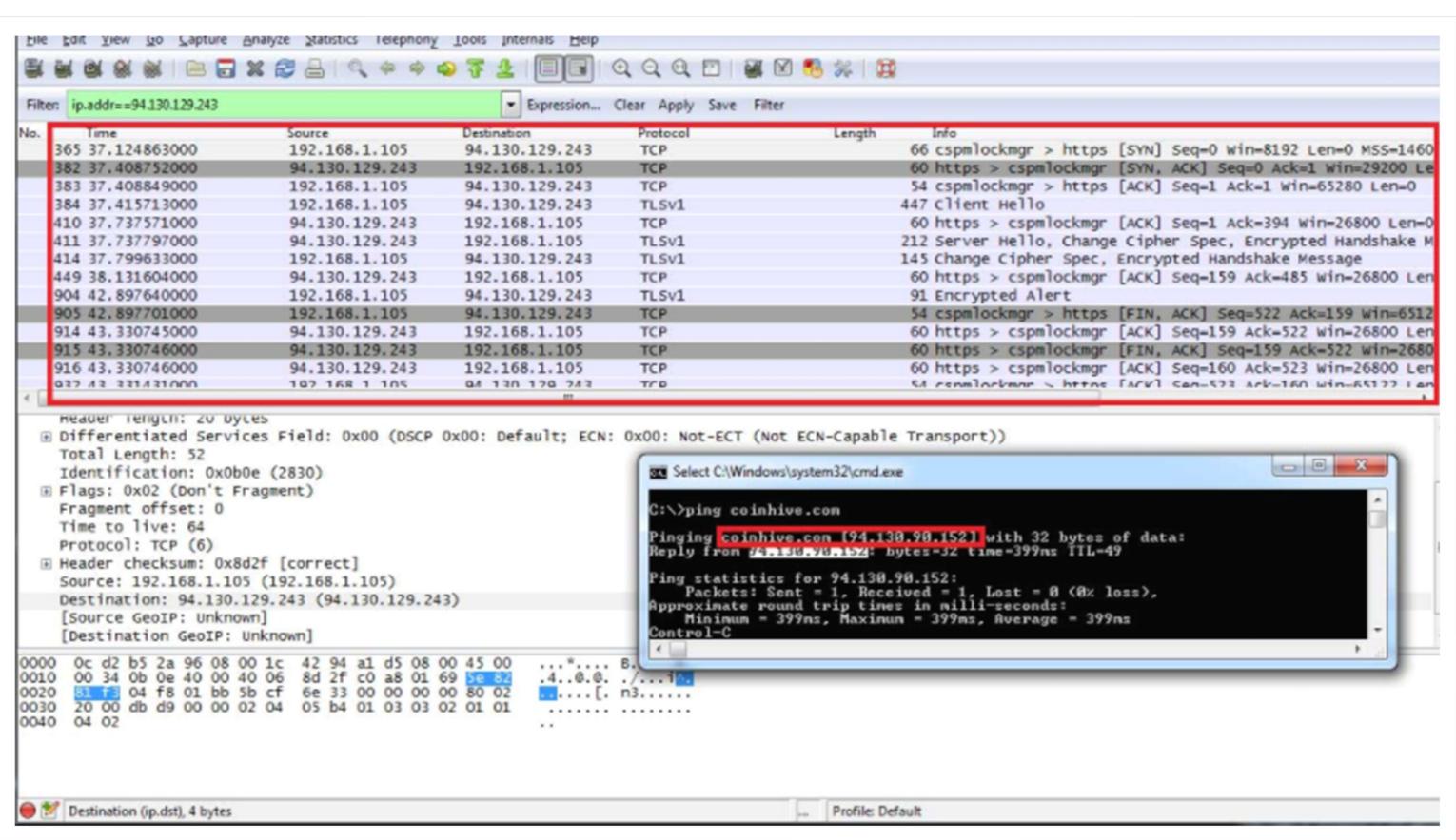
- HTTPS to establish a secure connection with the Google client
- Users authenticate to access email



Malicious Activity

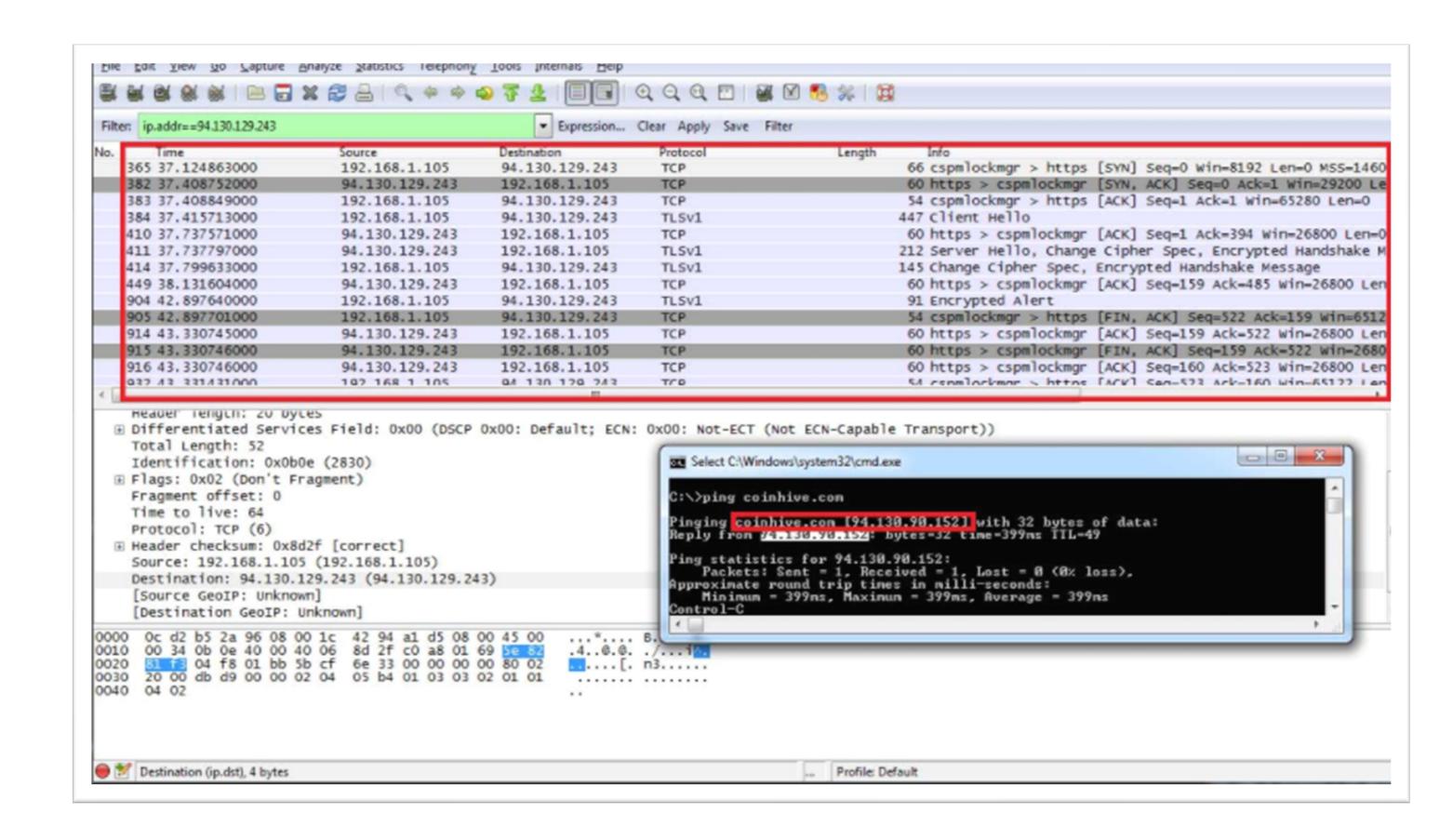
Malicious Behavior – Enumeration

- Excessive HTTP errors (400 errors)
- Attacker ran a WPSCAN to enumerate potential users to target.
 - Enumeration is noisy
 - Users targeted:
 - Michael
 - Steven



Malicious Behavior – XML-RPC Ping & DDOS

- XML-RPC
 - XML-RPC ping using HTTP POST smuggling to bypass front-end security controls
- Pingback.ping to bypass DNS level protection to launch a Cloudflare attack
 - Allowed for command & control – botnets



Malicious Behavior - Unauthorized Access & Dumping Hashes

- Improper implementation of security controls allows for exploitation
- Port 22 unfiltered port allows for remote command execution
- Attacker SSH with Michael's discovered credentials to access SQL server to dump hashes

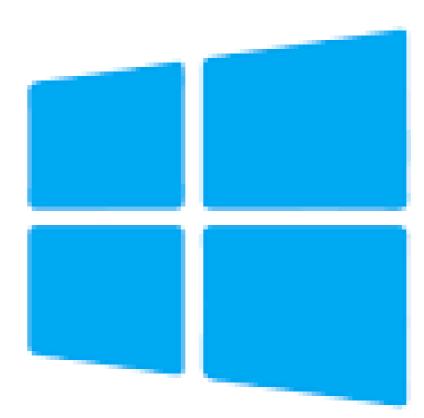
```
root@Kali:~# ssh michael@192.168.1.110
michael@192.168.1.110's password:

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
You have new mail.
Last login: Thu Jun 3 11:46:44 2021 from 192.168.1.90
michael@target1:~$
```

Malicious Behavior - Creating a Private Domain

- Private domain created on corporate network.
- Users were constantly browsing videos on YouTube
- Trojan Malware downloaded
 - Additional hosts infected
 - Hosts infected:
 - **1**0.6.12.203
 - **172.16.4.205**
 - 185.243.115.84 suspicious activity detected
 - **1** 166.62.11.64



Active Directory

Malicious Behavior – Illegal Torrenting on Private Domain

- Users torrenting on network
 - Downloading copyrighted material
 - User downloaded recipe files
- Copyright Infringement
 - This creates some legal complications



The End