

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        x=np.arange(0,100)
        y=x*2
        z=x**2
```

Exercise 1

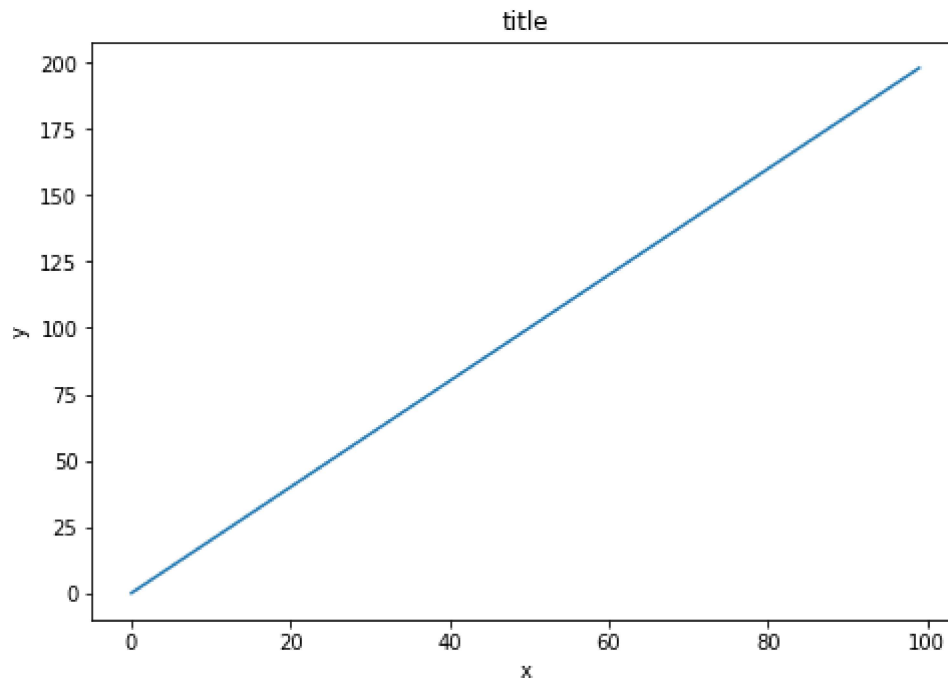
Create a figure object called fig using plt.figure()

Use add_axes to add an axis to the figure canvas at [0,0,1,1]

Plot (x,y) on that axes and set the labels and titles

```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        matplotlib inline
        fig = plt.figure()
        ax=fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])
        ax.plot(x,y)
        ax.set_xlabel('x')
        ax.set_ylabel('y')
        ax.set_title('title')
```

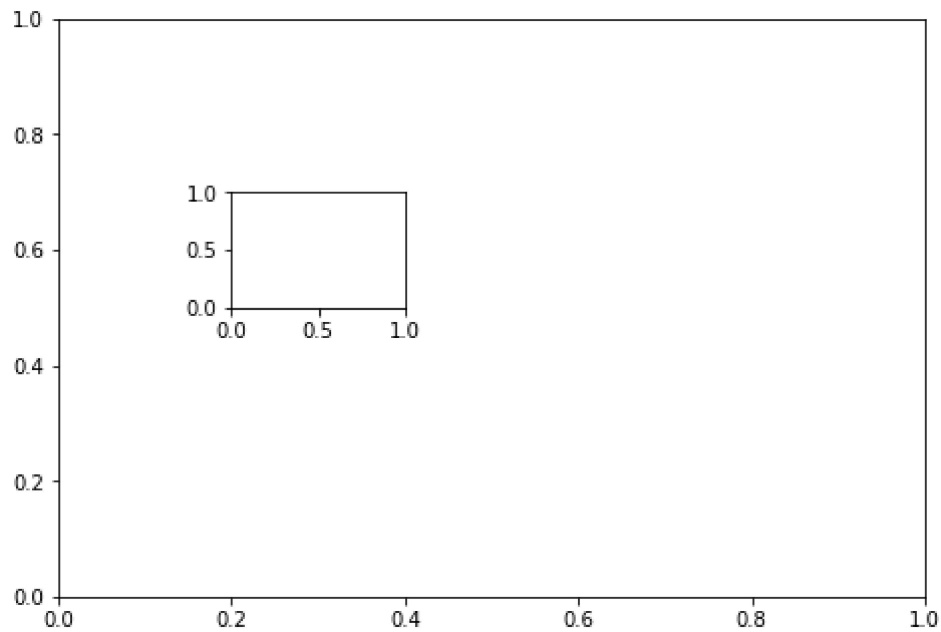
Out[2]: Text(0.5,1,'title')



Exercise 2

Create a figure object and put two axes on it, ax1 and ax2. Located at [0,0,1,1] and [0.2,0.5,.2,.2] respectively

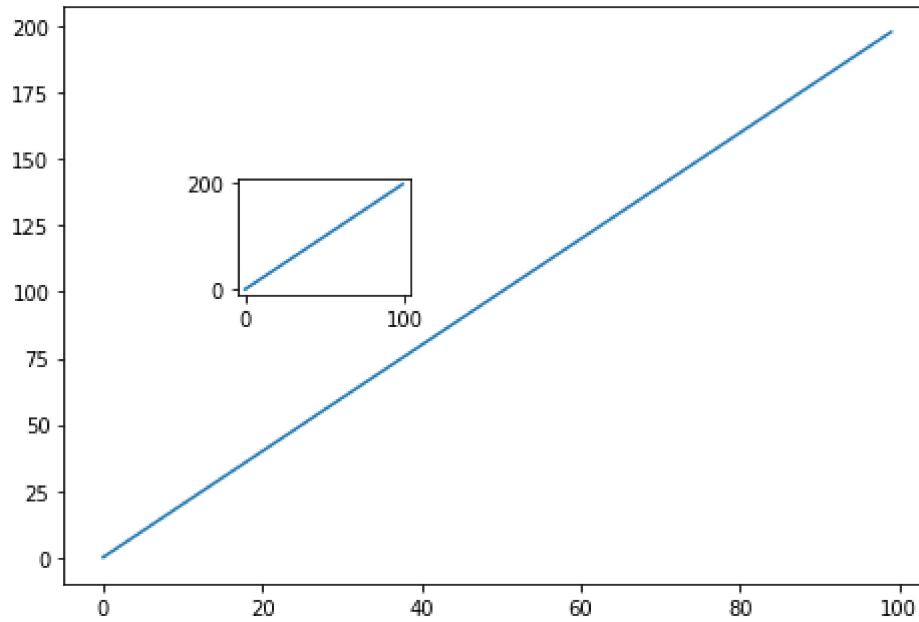
```
In [3]: ig = plt.figure()  
x1=fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])  
x2 =fig.add_axes([0.2,0.5,.2,.2])
```



Now plot(x,y) on both axes. And call your figure object to show it.

```
In [4]: ig = plt.figure()  
x1=fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])  
x2 =fig.add_axes([0.2,0.5,0.2,0.2])  
x1.plot(x,y)  
x2.plot(x,y)
```

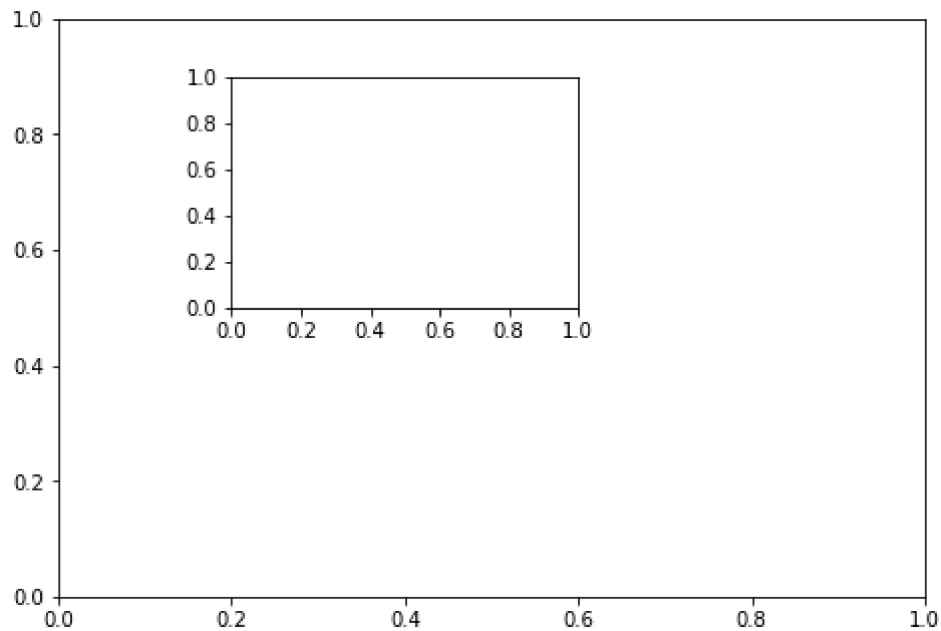
Out[4]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2406eeebf98>]



Excercise 3

Create the plot by adding two axes to a figure obeject at [0,0,1,1] and]0.2,0.5,.4,.4]

```
In [5]: ig = plt.figure()  
x1=fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])  
x2 =fig.add_axes([0.2,0.5,.4,.4])
```



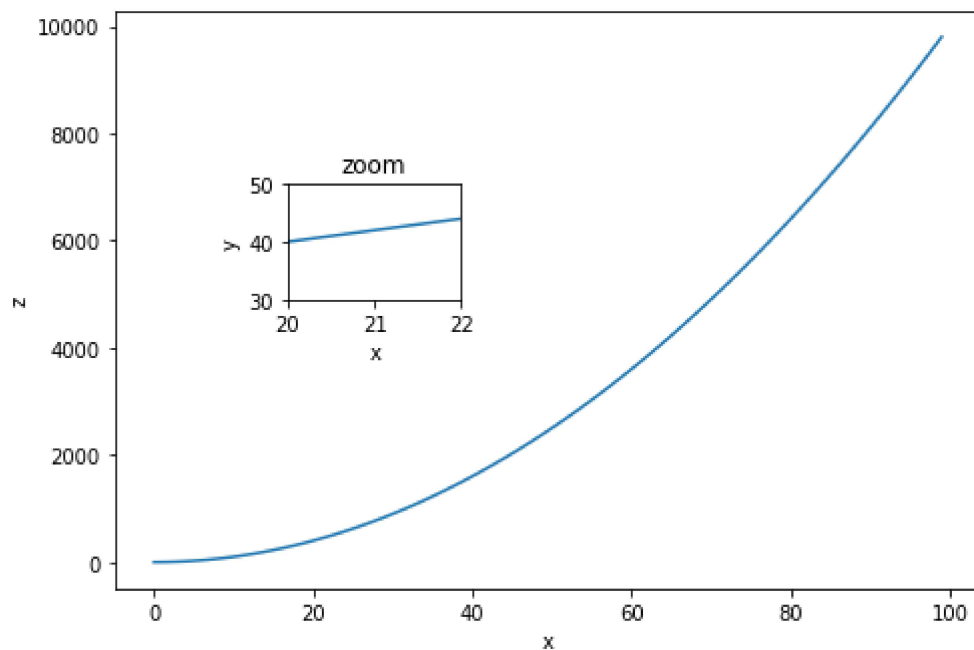
**Now use x,y and z arrays to recreate the plot below.
Notice the xlimits and ylimits on the inserted plot:**

```
In [6]: ig=plt.figure()
x1=fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])
x2=fig.add_axes([0.2,0.5,0.2,0.2])

x1.plot(x,z)
x1.set_xlabel("x")
x1.set_ylabel("z")

x2.plot(x,y)
x2.set_xlabel('x')
x2.set_ylabel('y')
x2.set_title('zoom')
x2.set_xlim(20,22)
x2.set_ylim(30,50)
```

Out[6]: (30, 50)

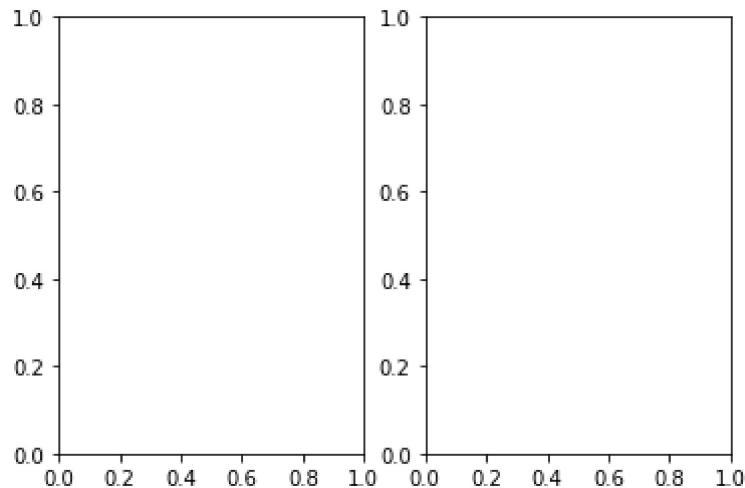


Excercise 4

Use `plt.subplots(nrows=1, ncols=2)` to create the plot below.

In [7]: `lt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=2)`

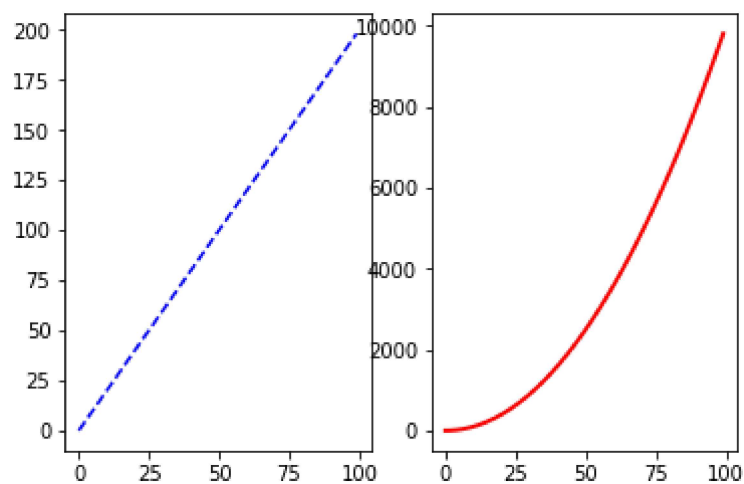
Out[7]: `<Figure size 432x288 with 2 Axes>,
array([<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x000002406F05C9E8>,
 <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x000002406F097978
>],
 dtype=object))`



Now plot (x,y) and (x,z) on the axes. Play around with the linewidth and stylea

In [8]: `ig,ax1=plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=2)
x1[0].plot(x,y,'b',ls='--')
x1[1].plot(x,z,color='red',lw=2)`

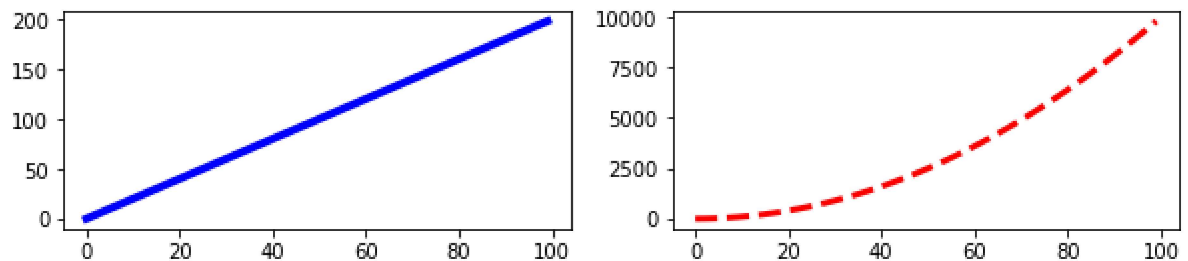
Out[8]: `[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2406f159a58>]`



Resize the plot by adding the `figsize()` argument in `plt.subplots()` are copying and passing the previous code

```
In [9]: ig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=1,ncols=2,figsize=(10,2))  
        xes[0].plot(x,y,'b',lw=4)  
        xes[1].plot(x,z,'r--',lw=3)
```

Out[9]: [`<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2406f208e10>`]



In []: