10

Write a Python Program to implement your own myreduce() function which works exactly like Python's built-in function reduce()

```
In [1]: def myreduce(func,seq):
    result=seq[0]
    for i in seq[1:]:
        result=func(result,i)
    return result
    def sum(x,y):        return x+y
    x=myreduce(sum,[2,2,6])
    print(x)
```

Write a Python Program to implement your own myfilter() function which works exactly like Python's built-in function filter()

```
In [2]: # Custom filter function
        def myfilter(anyfunc, sequence):
         # Initialize empty list
         result = []
         # iterate over sequence of items in sequence and apply filter function
         for item in sequence:
            if anyfunc(item):
                 result.append(item)
         # return funal output
         return result
        def ispositive(x):
            if (x <= 0):
                return False
            else:
                return True
        print ("Filter only positive Integers on list [0,-1,-2,3,4,5] using custom fil
        ter function is\t" \
               + str(myfilter(ispositive, [0,-1,-2,3,4,5])))
```

Filter only positive Integers on list [0,-1,-2,3,4,5] using custom filter function is [3, 4, 5]

Write List comprehensions to produce the following Lists

['A', 'C', 'A', 'D', 'G', 'I', 'L', 'D']

```
In [3]: word = "ACADGILD"
alphabet_list = [ alphabet for alphabet in word ]
print ("ACADGILD => " + str(alphabet_list))

ACADGILD => ['A', 'C', 'A', 'D', 'G', 'I', 'L', 'D']
```

Write List comprehensions to produce the following List

```
['x', 'xx', 'xxx', 'xxxx', 'y', 'yy', 'yyy', 'yyyy', 'z', 'zz', 'zzz', 'zzzz']
```

```
In [10]: input_list = ['x','y','z']
    result = [ item*num for item in input_list for num in range(1,5) ]
    print( str(result))

['x', 'xx', 'xxx', 'xxxx', 'y', 'yy', 'yyy', 'yyyy', 'z', 'zz', 'zzz', 'zzz
z']
```

Write List comprehensions to produce the following List

```
['x', 'y', 'z', 'xx', 'yy', 'zz', 'xxx', 'yyy', 'zzz', 'xxxx', 'yyyy', 'zzzz']
```

```
In [11]: input_list = ['x','y','z']
    result = [ item*num for num in range(1,5) for item in input_list ]
    print( str(result))

['x', 'y', 'z', 'xx', 'yy', 'zz', 'xxx', 'yyy', 'zzz', 'xxxx', 'yyyy', 'zzz
z']
```

Write List comprehensions to produce the following List

[[2], [3], [4], [3], [4], [5], [4], [5], [6]]

```
In [6]: input_list = [2,3,4]
  result = [ [item+num] for item in input_list for num in range(0,3)]
  print("[2,3,4] =>" + str(result))

[2,3,4] =>[[2], [3], [4], [3], [4], [5], [6]]
```

Write List comprehensions to produce the following List

```
[[2, 3, 4, 5], [3, 4, 5, 6], [4, 5, 6, 7], [5, 6, 7, 8]]
```

```
In [7]: input_list = [2,3,4,5]
    result = [ [item+num for item in input_list] for num in range(0,4) ]
    print(result)

[[2, 3, 4, 5], [3, 4, 5, 6], [4, 5, 6, 7], [5, 6, 7, 8]]
```

Write List comprehensions to produce the following List

```
[(1, 1), (2, 1), (3, 1), (1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 2), (1, 3), (2, 3), (3, 3)]
```

```
In [8]: input_list=[1,2,3]
    result = [ (b,a) for a in input_list for b in input_list]
    print("[1,2,3] =>" + str(result))

[1,2,3] =>[(1, 1), (2, 1), (3, 1), (1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 2), (1, 3), (2, 3),
    (3, 3)]
```

Implement a function longestWord() that takes a list of words and returns the longest one.

```
In [9]: from functools import reduce
list_words = ["This","is","a","beautiful","morning","supernatural"]

# Function to compare and reduce list to the result
def longestWord(list_words):
    return reduce( (lambda x,y:y if len(y) > len(x) else x), list_words )

print ('Longest word in array ["This","is","a","beautiful","morning","supernatural"] => ' + longestWord(list_words) )

Longest word in array ["This","is","a","beautiful","morning","supernatural"] => supernatural
In []:
```