AE 246 Boeing 747-400 Supertanker

Angle of Attack & Roll Angle Hold Autopilots

Aaron Mandeville
Aaron.Mandeville@sjsu.edu

Agenda

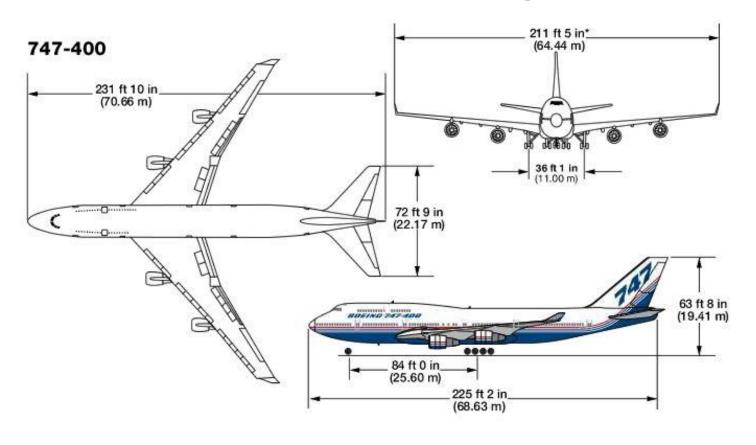
- Introduction
- Problem Description
- Longitudinal Open-Loop Stability Analysis
- Lateral Open-Loop Stability Analysis
- Longitudinal Closed-Loop Stability Analysis
- Lateral Closed-Loop Stability Analysis
- Conclusion

Introduction

- Wildfires are getting worse each year.
- Aerial firefighting is important to put out fires in hard-to-reach areas.
- Strong winds and poor visibility make it difficult for aircraft to stay in operation.
- Looking into 747-400
 Supertanker pitch and roll autopilot control to help correct for strong wind gusts and large aircraft disturbances.



Problem Description: Aircraft Model & Flight Conditions



Aircraft Specifications:

• Wingspan - 211.42 ft

• Length - 231.85 ft

• Height - 63.67 ft

Max Weight- 800,000 lb

• \overline{c} - 27.3 ft

Max aileron - +/-26°

• Elevator - -31° to +20°

Flight Conditions:

• Altitude - Sea Level

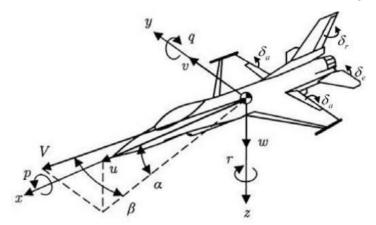
• Airspeed - M = 0.45, 502 ft/s

• Weight - 800,000 lb

• Configuration - Clean

• Q - 300 PSF

Problem Description: Coordinate System & Assumptions



Longitudinal:

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{u} \\ \dot{a} \\ \dot{q} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} Xu & Xa & 0 & -\overline{g} \\ \frac{Zu}{U1} & \frac{Za}{U1} & 1 \\ Mu + \frac{M\dot{a} * Zu}{U1} & Ma + \frac{M\dot{a} * Za}{U1} & Mq + Madot \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix}$$

Assumptions:

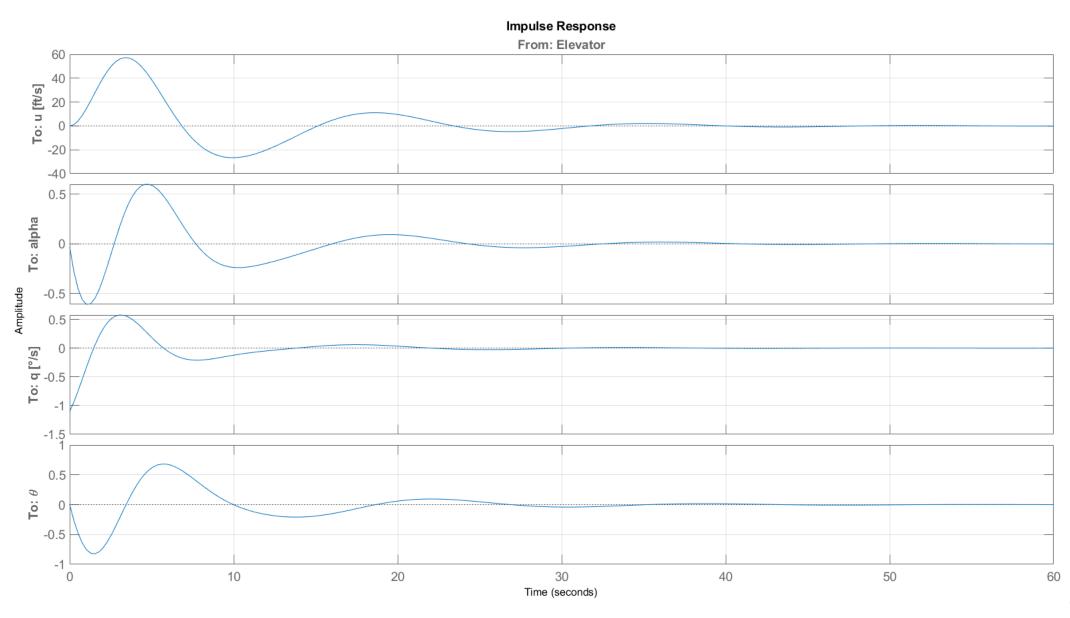
- Straight, level flight
- Steady-State Conditions
- Thrust is constant

Lateral:

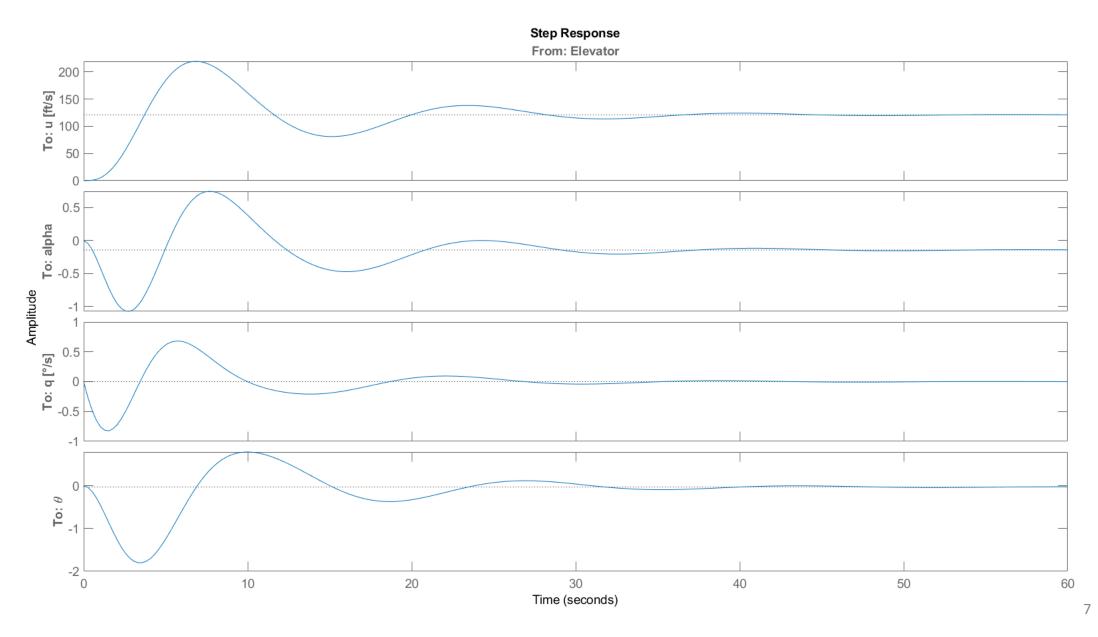
$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\phi} \\ \dot{p} \\ \dot{g} \\ \dot{r} \\ \dot{\Psi} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & Lp & L_{6} & L_{r} & 0 \\ \frac{gcos\theta_{1}}{U1} & \frac{Y_{p}}{U1} & \frac{Y_{6}}{U1} & \frac{Y_{r}}{U1} & 0 \\ 0 & N_{p} & N_{6} & N_{r} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

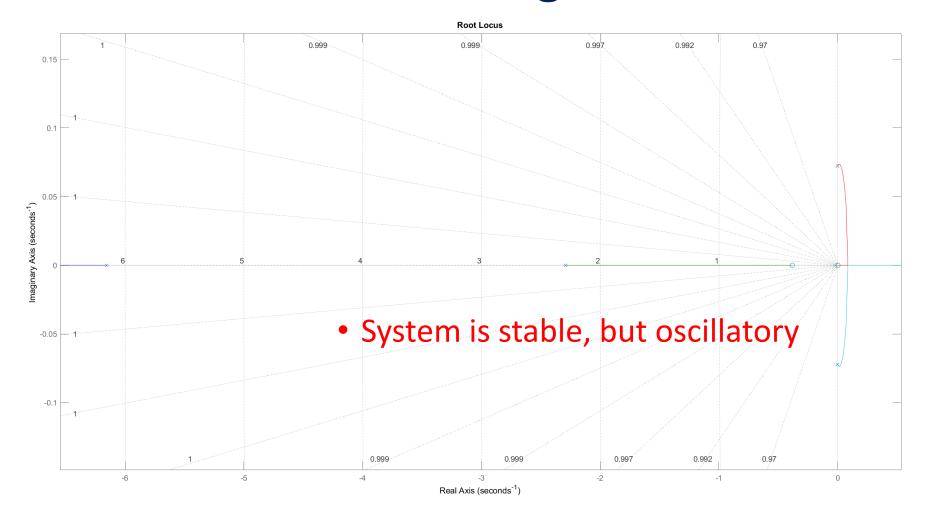
Impulse Response - Longitudinal Open-loop Analysis



Step Response - Longitudinal Open-loop Analysis

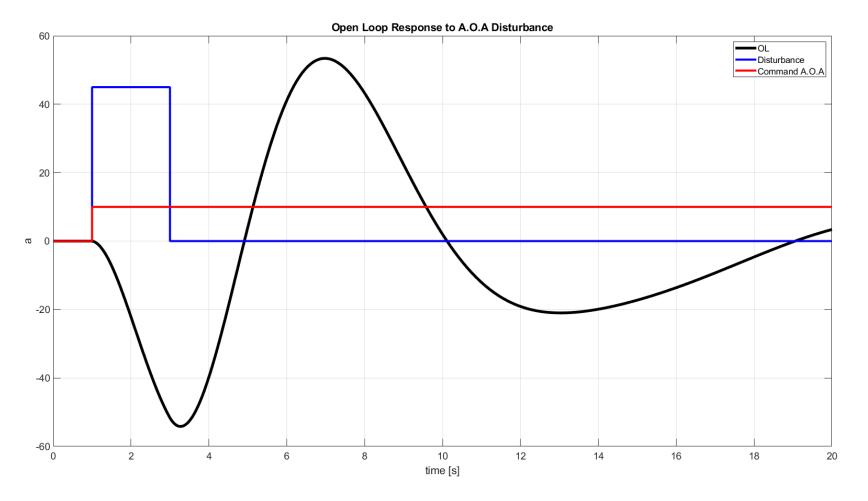


Longitudinal Open-loop Stability Analysis - Elevator deflection to Angle of Attack



Longitudinal Open-loop Stability Analysis Pitch Command

 Open Loop Response to 10° control input

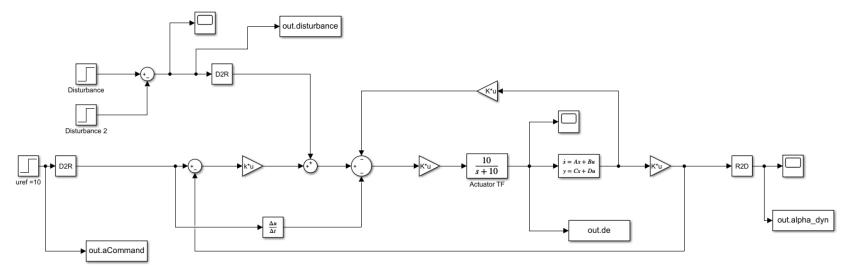


Longitudinal Closed-loop Stability Analysis Controller Design

Controllability:

```
>> ctrlLong = ctrb(longSIMO)
ctrlLong =
    1.1800
             -0.0075
                       35.1797 -284.0646
             -1.0637
                                -66.0790
   -0.0434
   -1.0947
              8.8349
                     -59.1840
                                375.3366
             -1.0947
                        8.8349 -59.1840
>> ctrlCheck = rank(ctrlLong)
ctrlCheck =
```

Dynamic Inversion Control System Design

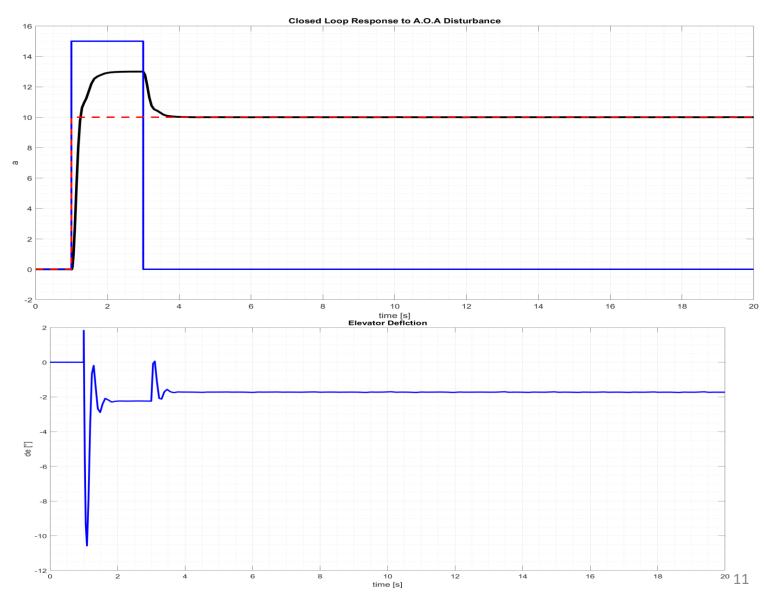


Longitudinal Closed-loop Stability Analysis

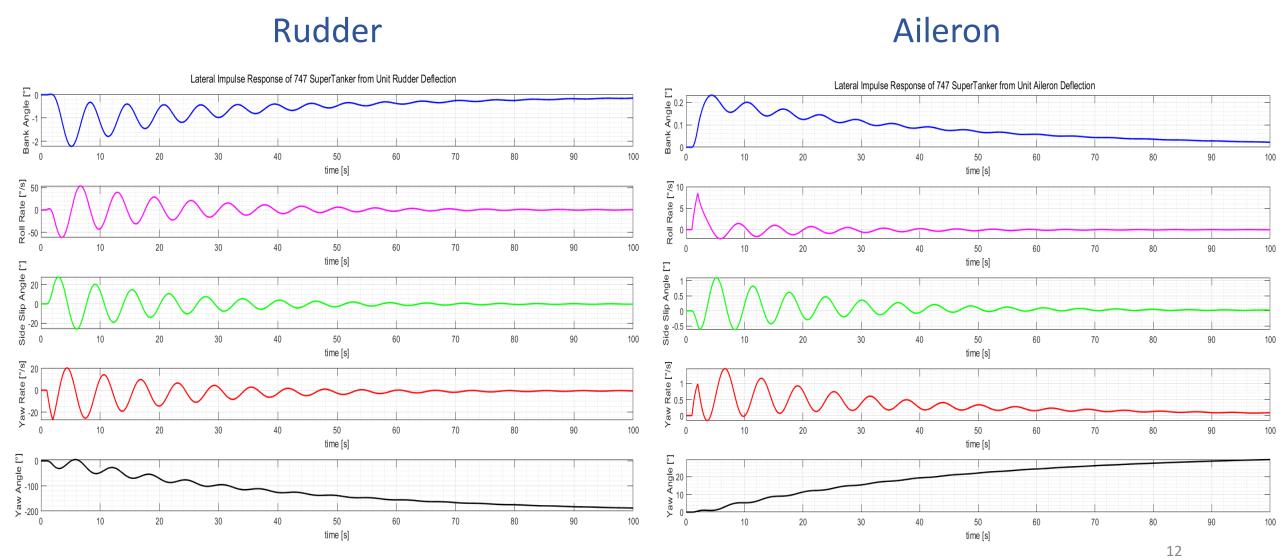
Pitch Command

 Closed Loop Response to 10° control input

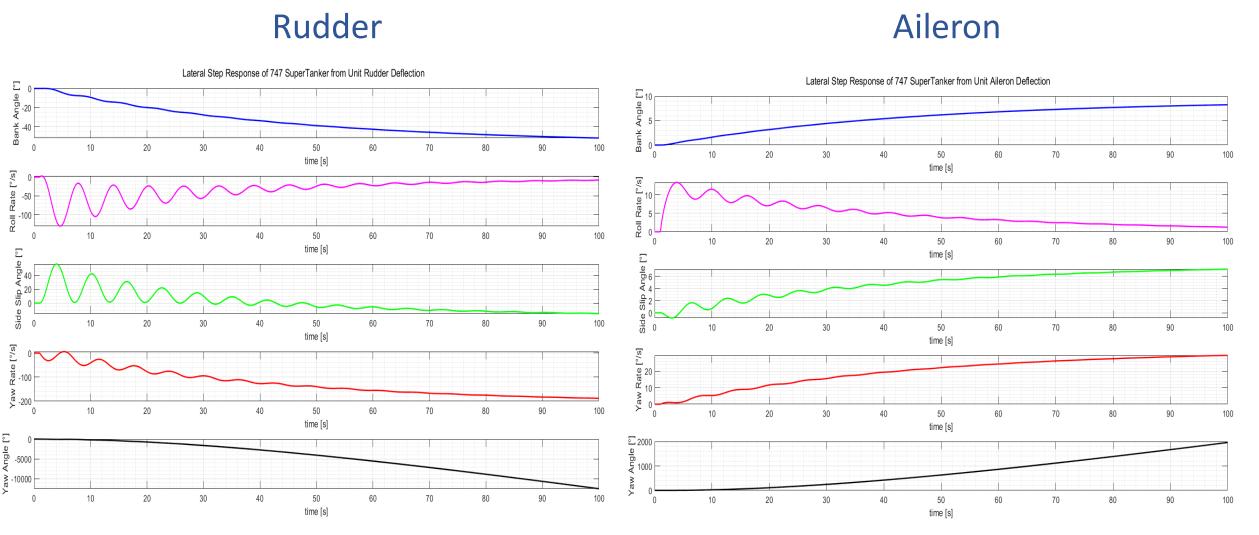
- Dynamic inversion controller restores angle of attack to commanded angle
- Elevator deflection stays within system capabilities



Impulse Response - Lateral Open-loop Analysis

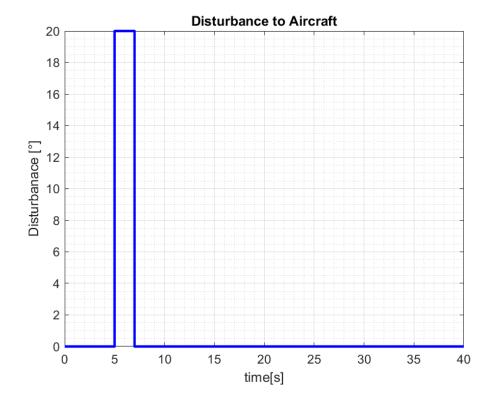


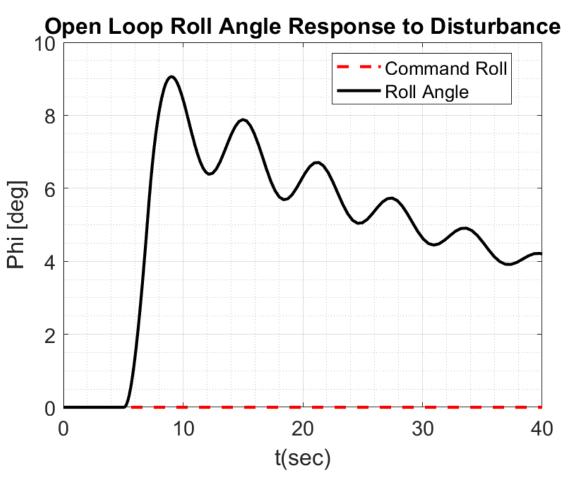
Step Response - Lateral Open-loop Analysis



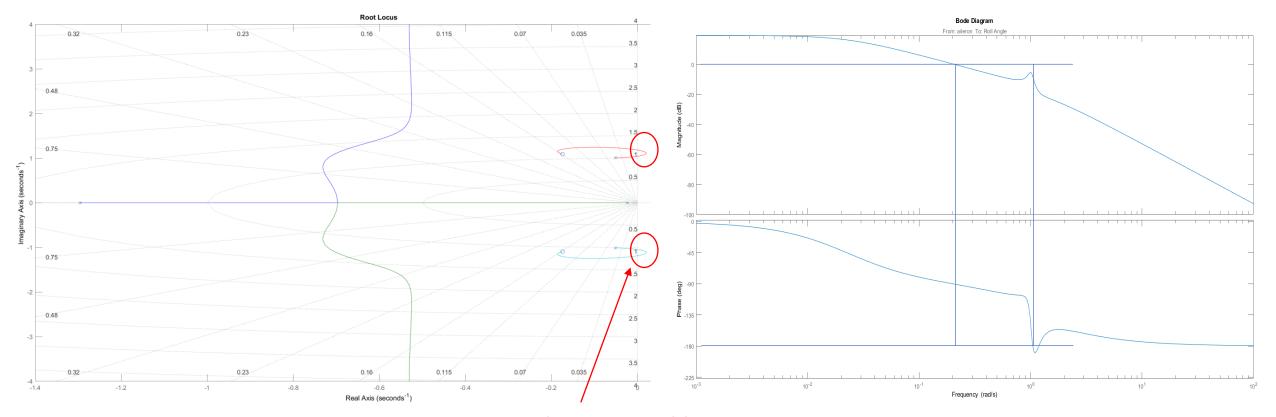
Lateral Open-loop Stability Analysis Pitch Command

 Open Loop Response to 0° control input with 20° disturbance





Lateral Closed-loop Stability Analysis - Roll Angle Hold Autopilot

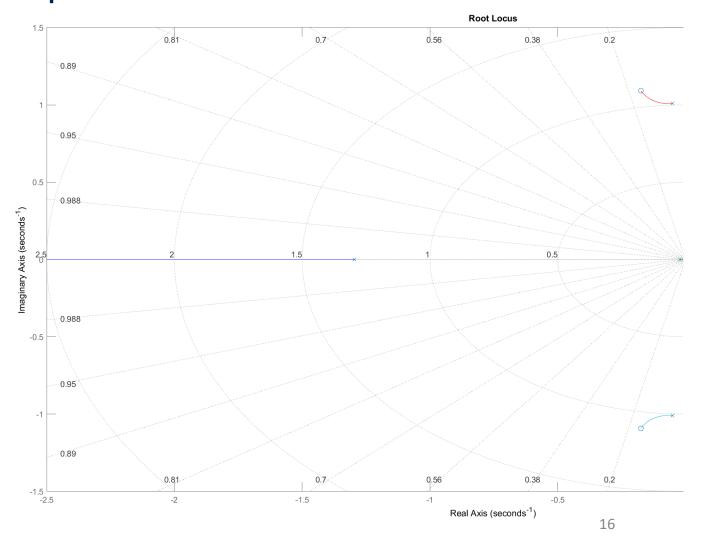


- System quick to go unstable
- Complex conjugate poles result in oscillation

Lateral Closed-loop Stability Analysis - Roll Angle Hold Autopilot

- Analyze Affects of Positive Feedback Loop:
 - Poles stay on the left half of the s-plane

Controllability:



Lateral Closed-loop Stability Analysis Controller Design

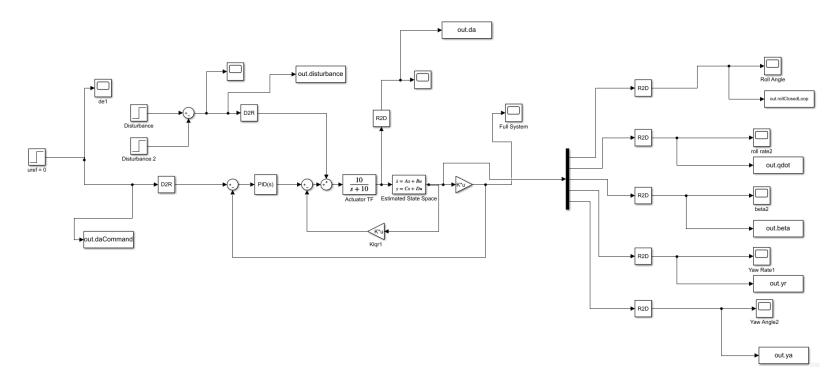
- Roll Approximate System
 - Aileron to Roll Angle Transfer Function:

$$\frac{0.229}{s^2 + 1.12s}$$

 Aileron Actuator Transfer Function:

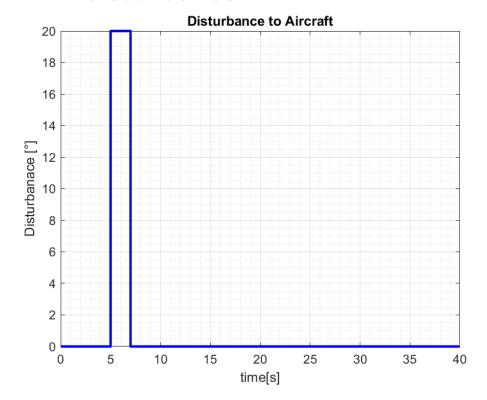
$$\frac{10}{s+10}$$

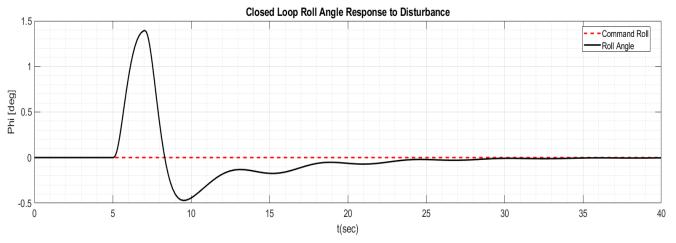
LQR-PID Roll Angle Hold Controller with roll angle feedback

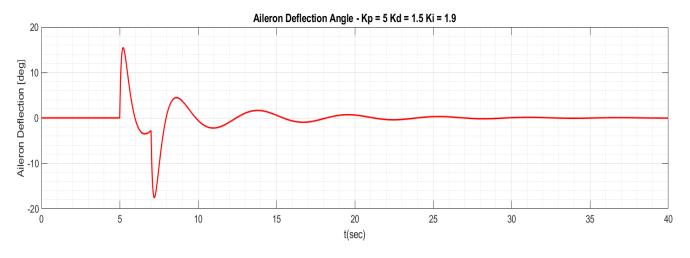


Lateral Closed-loop Stability Analysis Results

 Closed Loop Response to 0° control input with 20° disturbance







Conclusion

Dynamic Inversion

- Quickly corrects disturbances in angle of attack and returns aircraft to desire reference signal.
- With a 15° disturbance, the aircraft only requires 11° of elevator input to correct the attitude

• LQR-PID

- With a 20° roll disturbance, the aircraft corrects the attitude with 15° of aileron input.
- Due to the high proportional gain, the rise time of the system is pretty quick.
 The resulting response oscillates for a bit and has a slightly long settling time.
 This can be fixed by increasing the derivative gain, however it will result in a higher aileron deflection.

References

- [1] http://www.tc.faa.gov/its/worldpac/techrpt/ar04-44.pdfWith a 15° disturbance, the aircraft only requires 11° of elevator input to correct the attitude
- [2] Akyazi, O., Usta, M. A., & Akpinar, A. S. (2013). A Self-Tuning Fuzzy Logic Controller for Aircraft Roll Control System. *International Journal of Control Science and Engineering*, 2(6), 181-188. doi:10.5923/j.control.20120206.06
- [3] http://www.aerospaceweb.org/aircraft/jetliner/b747/
- [4] Aircraft Handling Qualities Data https://www.robertheffley.com/docs/Data/NASA%20CR-2144--Heffley--Aircraft%20Handling%20Qualities%20Data.pdf