Adding RStudio support to AE5.5.1+

NOTE: there is an operating-system issue that prevents some R environments from working with RStudio. This has been corrected in AE5.5.2. For AE5.5.1, there is a simple workaround: add the conda package openldap=2.4 to the environment in question (and, if appropriate, your anaconda-project.yml specification) *before* switching to the RStudio editor.

This repository allows AE5 customers to install RStudio and use it within AE5. In order to fully respect RStudio's licensing terms, Anaconda cannot provide the RStudio binaries to customers—they must acquire it themselves.

These instructions are intended to be followed by the customer and can be applied to AE 5.5.1 or later. Installation introduces minimal disruption to the cluster, and can easily be reverted if issues arise. The Anaconda team is happy to assist if necessary.

Auxiliary tools such as RStudio, VSCode, or Zeppelin are installed into a shared volume provisioned just for this purpose. If RStudio is the first tool being installed, those instructions will need to be followed first. See the document TOOLS.md for more details, and make sure that work is completed before proceeding with the instructions here.

The latest approved versions of the RStudio support files can always be found at these links.

- · This file, in PDF form: rstudio-install.pdf
- Tools volume documentation: tools-volume.pdf
- Installer project: rstudio-installer.tar.bz2

Installation

We have broken the installation process into the following steps:

- 1. Set the tool volume to read-write. (5.5.1 only)
- 2. Launch the RStudio installation project.
- 3. Obtain the RStudio server binaries.
- 4. Run the installation script.
- 5. Enable the RStudio editor option.
- 6. Verify the installation.
- 7. Set the tool volume to read-only. (5.5.1 only)

The steps will have the following impact on the behavior of the cluster:

- No existing sessions or deployments will be affected. Users can continue to work in existing sessions without interruption.
- During Steps 1, 5, and 7, there will be brief (<30 second) interruptions in the function of main UI.
- While Steps 2 through 6 are in progress, the /tools volume will be mounted into any new sessions, deployments, and jobs in a read-write fashion.

Overall, we recommend executing these steps during a maintenance interval, during which users should not create new sessions. But you do not need to ask your users to halt existing sessions or deployments.

NOTE: if you are performing this work on AE 5.5.2 or later, the steps have been simplified. Look for annotations marked "5.5.1" or "5.5.2+" for steps that are specific to each version.

Step 1. Set the tool volume to read-write (5.5.1)

5.5.2+: skip this step and proceed directly to step 2.

- 1. Edit the anaconda-platform.yml ConfigMap. On Gravity clusters, this is most easily performed in the Ops Center.
- 2. Search for the /tools: volume specification.
- 3. Change readOnly: true to readOnly: false.
- 4. Save the changed ConfigMap. If possible, *leave the editor open*; you will be making more changes here in Step 5 and Step 7.
- 5. Open a terminal window with kubect1 access to the cluster, and restart the workspace pod:

```
kubectl get pods | grep ap-workspace | cut -d ' ' -f 1 | xargs kubectl delete pod
```

6. Monitor the new workspace pod using kubect1 get pods and wait for it to stabilize. *Leave this terminal window open as well*, as you will use it in Step 5 and Step 7.

Step 2. Launch the RStudio installer project

As mentioned above, installation will proceed from within a standard AE5 session. So to begin the process, we complete the following steps:

1. **5.5.2+:** log into AE5 as the storage manager user, typically anaconda-enterprise. This is the user that is given read-write access to the /tools volume.

- 2. Download the installer project and save it to the machine from which you are accessing AE5. A link is provided in the top section of this document.
- 3. In a new browser window, log into AE5, and use the "Create+ / Upload Project" dialog to upload the RStudio Installation project archive that has been provided to you.
- 4. We recommend using the JupyterLab editor for this project. To change this, click on the project's name to be taken to the settings page, change the Default Editor, and Save.
- 5. Launch a session for this project.

Step 3. Obtain the RStudio Server binaries

The files we need to install RStudio are RPM files hosted on the site download2.rstudio.org, and these must be pulled into the project session. Below are three different methods for accomplishing this.

Downloading RStudio directly from AE5

If your cluster has a direct connection to the internet, this is definitely the best approach.

- 1. Launch a terminal window in the session created in Step 2.
- 2. If you need to set proxy variables manually in order to access the internet, do so now.
- 3. Run the command bash download rstudio.sh

If the script completes successfully, you will have the binaries you need to proceed to step 4. The output of the script will look something like this:

```
+----+
| AE5 RStudio Downloader |
+----+
- Target version: 2021.09.1-372
- Downloading into the data directory
- Downloading RHEL8/CentOS8 RPM file to data/rs-centos8.rpm
- URL: https://download2.rstudio.org/server/centos8/x86_64/rstudio-server-rhel-2021.0
          % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time
                                               Time
                                                      Time Current
                           Dload Upload
                                        Total
                                               Spent
                                                       Left Speed
100 58.3M 100 58.3M
                            250M
                                    0 --:--: 249M
                  0
                        0
- Verifying data/rs-centos8.rpm
- Downloading RHEL7/CentOS7 RPM file to data/rs-centos7.rpm
- URL: https://download2.rstudio.org/server/centos7/x86_64/rstudio-server-rhel-2021.0
 % Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                        Time
                                               Time
                                                      Time Current
                                                       Left Speed
                           Dload Upload
                                        Total
                                               Spent
100 58.3M 100 58.3M 0
                        0 193M 0 --:--:- 193M
- Verifying data/rs-centos7.rpm
+----+
```

```
The RStudio binaries have been downloaded.
You may now proceed with the installation step.
See the README.md file for more details.
+-----+
```

Using the download script on another Unix server

If you need to download the binaries on a separate machine first, the download_rstudio.sh script can simplify this process.

- 1. Download the script download_rstudio.sh from the project to your desktop.
- 2. Move this script to a machine capable of running bash and curl with connectivity to download2.rstudio.org.
- 3. Run the command bash download_rstudio.sh
- 4. If necessary, transfer the binaries rs-centos8.rpm and rs-centos8.rpm to the machine from which you access AE5.
- 5. Use the JuptyerLab upload button to upload both binaries into the RStudio installer project.

Manually obtaining the files

If it is not possible for you to use the <code>download_rstudio.sh</code> script, you can obtain the files manually. Note that the installation process requires two different RPM files that have identical filenames. For this reason, we require that each file is renamed after downloading, as described here.

1. Download the CentOS 8 RPM:

```
https://download2.rstudio.org/server/rhel8/x86_64/rstudio-server-rhel-2022.07.1-55
```

- 2. Rename this file rs-centos8.rpm.
- 3. Download the CentOS 7 RPM:

```
https://download2.rstudio.org/server/centos7/x86_64/rstudio-server-rhel-2022.07.1-
```

- 4. Rename this file rs-centos7.rpm.
- 5. If necessary, transfer both files to the machine from which you are accessing AE5.
- 6. Use the JuptyerLab upload button to upload both binaries into the RStudio installer project.

Step 4. Run the installation script

Once the files rs-centos7.rpm and rs-centos8.rpm are in place, the actual installation can proceed.

- 1. Launch a terminal window, or return to an existing one.
- 2. If you have previously installed content into /tools/rstudio, remove it now. The script will not proceed if there is any content in that directory. For simplicity, you can remove the entire directory; e.g., rm -r /tools/rstudio.
- 3. Run the command bash install_rstudio.sh. Before performing any modifications, the script verifies that all of its prerequisites are met.
- 4. Perform a basic verification of installation by running the script

 /tools/rstudio/start_rsession.sh . This should exit with an error, specifically an "Address already in use" error of some sort. The key is to verify that this error actually came from RStudio itself, which confirms that the application is visible to Anaconda Enterprise.

The output of the installer script should look like this:

```
+----+
| AE5 RStudio Installer |
+----+
- Install prefix: /tools/rstudio
- Verifying data/rs-centos8.rpm
- Verifying data/rs-centos7.rpm
- Creating directory /tools/rstudio
- Staging full RHEL8/CentOS8 package
1069677 blocks
- Staging RHEL7/CentOS7 rsession binary
1069390 blocks
- Moving files into final position
- Installing support files
+----+
RStudio installation is complete.
Once you have verified the installation, feel free to
shut down this session and delete the project.
+----+
```

Step 5. Enable the RStudio editor option

The next step is to add RStudio to the editor selection list presented by the UI.

1. Return to the ConfigMap editor you used in Step 1.

2. Search for the rstudio: section of this file. The quickest way to do so is to focus the text editor and search for the text rstudio: (including the colon). The default values in this section will look like this:

```
rstudio:
    default: false
    hidden: true
    label: RStudio
```

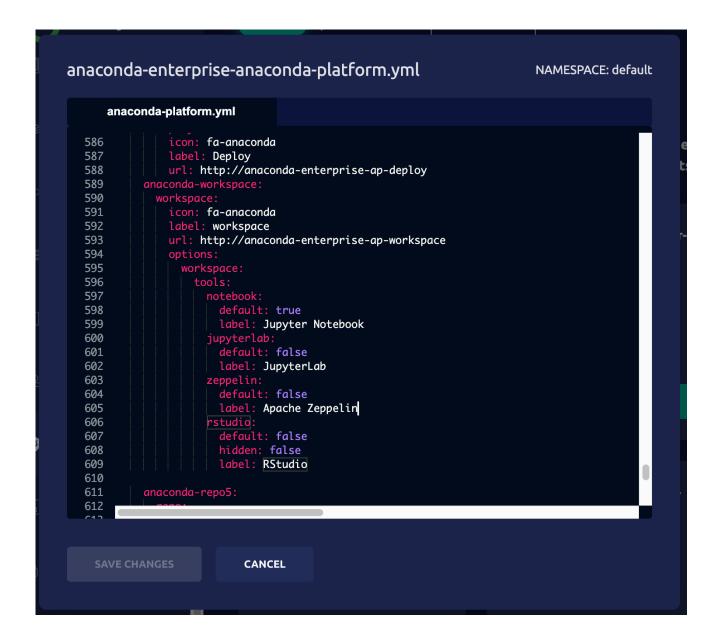
Change the value hidden: true to hidden: false.

- 3. Once you have verified the correct formatting, click the "Save Changes" button.
- 4. In your kubect1 terminal window, restart the UI pod. This pod should take less than a minute to refresh.

```
kubectl get pods | grep 'ap-ui-' | cut -d' ' -f1 | xargs kubectl delete pods
```

There may be minor disruptions in UI responsiveness during this time. If you have allowed users to continue working during this time, they may need to refresh their browsers, although this should not be necessary for views of running sessions or deployments. Once the UI pod stabilizes, in less than a minute, the RStudio editor will be present in the Default Editor drop-down on the project settings page.

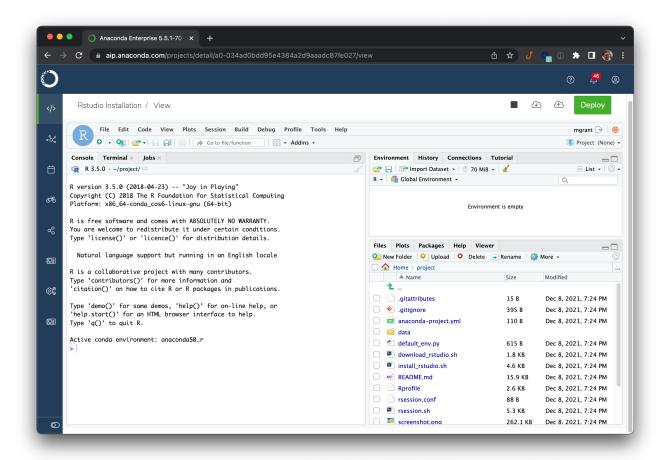
To help clarify the desired result in this step, we have attached below a screenshot of the Op Center for a typical cluster immediately after Step 5 is completed.



Step 6. Verify the installation

- 1. Stop the session for your RStudio installer project.
- 2. Go to the project Settings page.
- 3. Select RStudio in the Default Editor dropdown, and click Save.
- 4. Start a new session and wait for the editor to launch.

Attached below is a screenshot of the RStudio editor upon launch.



If for some reason, you experience issues with this:

- 1. Click on the "Logs" tab.
- 2. Examine the full editor logs. Look in particular for a section titled AE5 R Session Manager, and look for errors there and below.
- 3. Copy the full content of this log so it can be shared with Anaconda.
- 4. Stop the session completely.
- 5. Go to the project's Settings page, and change the Default Editor back to JupyterLab.
- 6. If any obvious corrective action is called for, launch a new session to make those changes.

Please feel free to reach out to Anaconda support if this occurs. Make sure to include a copy of the editor logs you obtained above.

Step 7. Set the tool volume to read-only (5.5.1)

5.5.2+: skip this step completely.

1. Return to the ConfigMap editor.

- 2. Search for the /tools: volume specification.
- 3. Change readOnly: false to readOnly: true.
- 4. Save the changed configuration, and exit the editor.
- 5. Restart the workspace pod:

```
kubectl get pods | grep ap-workspace | cut -d ' ' -f 1 | xargs kubectl delete pod
```

6. Monitor the new workspace pod using kubectl get pods and wait for it to stabilize.

Uninstalling

Removing RStudio is a relatively simple process.

- 1. Return to the ConfigMap editor.
- 2. Search for the three-line rstudio: section of this file, and change the line hidden: false to hidden: true.
- 3. Restart the UI pod:

```
kubectl get pods | grep ap-ui | \
  cut -d ' ' -f 1 | xargs kubectl delete pods
```

This removes RStudio as an editor option for new projects, but existing projects will still be able to use the existing installation.

If you need to permanently remove /tools/rstudio, complete the steps above, then:

- 1. Stop all sessions that are currently running RStudio.
- 2. Instruct users that they must modify all of their RStudio projects to use a different editor (e.g., JupyterLab) instead. If they fail to do so, sessions will fail to fully start.
- 3. Remove the /tools/rstudio directory. If this can be performed outside of an AE5 session, this will likely be the most convenient approach. Otherwise, you must:
 - 5.5.1: Execute Step 1 to set the volume to read-write
 - 5.5.2+: log into a session as the storage manager user
 - Remove /tools/rstudio from within an AE5 session
 - 5.5.1: Execute Step 7 to set the volume back to read-only.

Removing the /tools volume altogether is very distruptive, so we strongly recommend against it. See Tools.md for more details.

Managing and upgrading

Prior versions of the AE RStudio extension required building custom Docker images. Because this is no longer necessary, upgrading and managing the RStudio installation is much simpler.

Upgrading to a new version of AE5

When upgrading AE5 itself, the RStudio installation will be unaffected. However, the current upgrade logic will cause the RStudio option to be re-hidden. To correct this, simply repeat Step 4 above to change hidden: true back to hidden: false.

In future versions of AE5, it may be necessary to modify one or more of the support scripts added during the installation process; e.g., start_rstudio.sh itself. If this proves necessary, we will supply the necessary instructions and replacement files, and the update will be much simpler than a reinstall.

Updating the RStudio installation

If you wish to upgrade RStudio itself, the best approach is to perform a fresh installation.

- 1. Ensure that all sessions using the RStudio editor are terminated.
- 2. Complete Steps 1-3 of the standard installation process. If you still have the AE5 project you used in the original installation, feel free to re-use that. You may also need to edit the script download rstudio.sh to select a newer version of RStudio Server.
- 3. Before proceeding with Step 4, move the existing RStudio installation aside; e.g.

```
mv /tools/rstudio /tools/rstudio.old
```

If the new installation fails for some reason, this can simply be moved back into place to avoid downtime.

- 4. Now complete Step 4 to install the new version.
- 5. Launch a new session with the RStudio editor to verify installation.
- 6. Once satisfied, remove the old installation /tools/rstudio.old.

Installing RStudio on additional AE5 instances

Once an initial, successful installation of RStudio has been achieved, installing it on an additional instance of AE5 can be greatly simplified. The basic principle is that the directory /tools/rstudio is *portable*, and can simply be transferred to another instance. So the bulk of the installation work is unnecessary.

First, create an archive of an existing installation:

- 1. Log into an instance of AE5 with a running RStudio installation.
- 2. Launch a session, preferably using the JupyterLab editor.
- 3. Launch a terminal window.
- 4. Run the command: tar cfz rstudio.tar.gz -C /tools rstudio
- Download this file to your desktop. Once you have done so, you can remove the file from your AE5 session.

Now move this archive to a new system:

- 1. **5.5.1** Execute Step 1 of the standard installation instructions to ensure that the /tools volume has been properly configured and set to read-write.
 - **5.5.2+** Log in as the storage manager user.
- 2. Launch any session, preferably using the JupterLab editor.
- 3. Upload the archive rstudio.tar.gz into the project.
- 4. Launch a terminal window.
- 5. If an existing RStudio installation is present, move it aside; e.g., mv /tools/rstudio /tools/rstudio.old .
- 6. Run the command: tar xfz rstudio.tar.gz -C /tools
- 7. Run the script /tools/rstudio/start_rstudio.sh to verify installation. As in Step 4 of the main installation sequence, an Address already in use error is expected here.
- 8. If this is the first installation of RStudio on the new system, repeat Steps 5 and 6 above to enable the RStudio option and verify its operation.
- 9. Once verified, you may remove rstudio.tar.gz from the session as well as /tools/rstudio.old , if created.
- 10. **5.5.1** Execute Step 7 of the standard installation instructions to ensure that the /tools volume is set back to read-only.
 - **5.5.2** Log out as the storage manager.