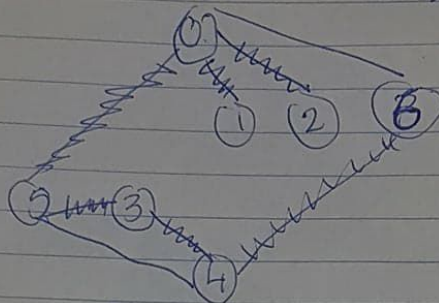


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①

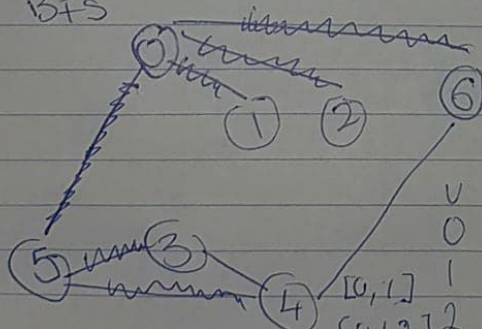


DFS

Marked[]	edge[]	id[]	array	V
T	-	0		0
T	0	0	[0]	1
T	0	0	[0, 1]	2
T	0	0	[0, 1, 2]	3
T	5	1	[0, 1, 2, 5]	3
T	3	2	[0, 1, 2, 5, 3]	4
T	4	3	[0, 1, 2, 5, 3, 4]	6

②

BFS



V	edge[]	id[]	marked
0	-	-	T
1	[0, 1]	0	T
2	[0, 1, 2]	0	T
3	[0, 1, 2, 5, 3]	1	T
4	[0, 1, 2, 6, 5, 3]	1	
5	[0, 1, 6, 5]	0	T
6	[0, 1, 2]	0	T

~~Procedure Hamiltonian Path (given G)~~

~~$L_1 \leftarrow$ empty list~~

~~$L_2 \leftarrow$ empty list~~

~~$L_2 \leftarrow$ add all vertices with no incoming edges~~

~~check if any list duplicate vertices~~

- ③ We can determine a DAG has a Hamiltonian Path by
ordering the topological order and checking that there is an
edge between each consecutive pair of vertices on the order.