

# I'm not a robot vs a data scientist?

Utilizing machine learning principles and image classification methods to overcome website prompts asking for proof that ...



I'm not a robot

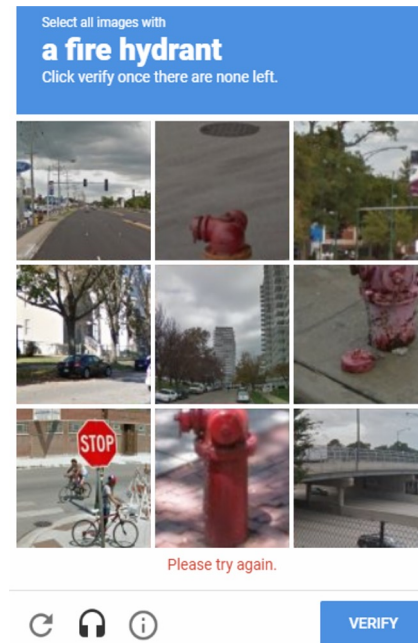
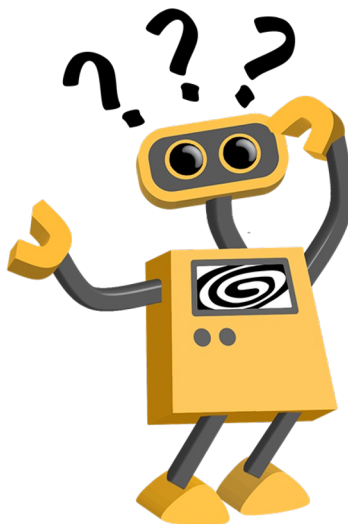


reCAPTCHA

[Privacy](#) - [Terms](#)

# How effective are website protection measures

Can the computer determine whether a user is a human or not by assessing whether it can effectively identify if an image is an object or living thing using the CIFAR-10 data set?



# Data Collection, EDA, & Data Pre-processing

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# Data Collection

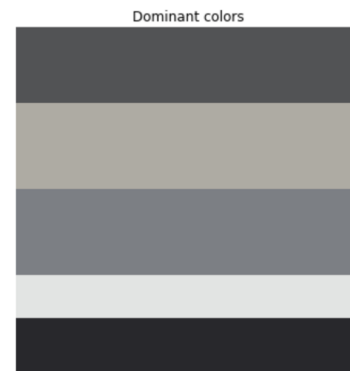
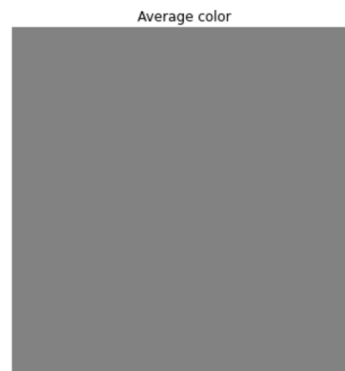
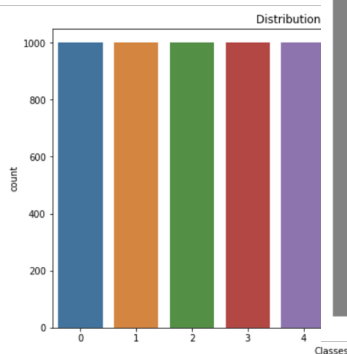
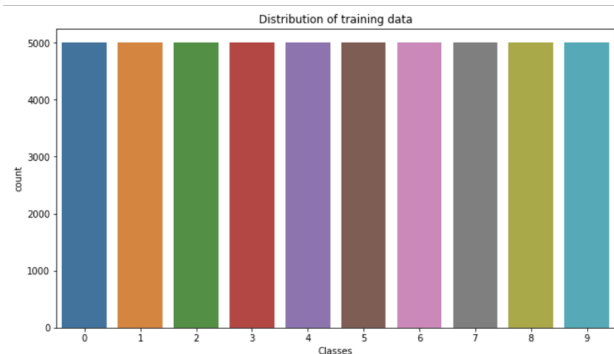
CIFAR-10 image data set, a widely used dataset for machine learning and image recognition.

- The data consists of 10 classes of images: airplanes, cars, birds, cats, deer, dogs, frogs, horses, ships, and trucks.
- Each of the images are 32x32 color pixels with 6,000 images per class.



# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Validated the normality of the distribution among the data set
- Plotted images in order to see their output
- Measured the most used colors of a given image as well as the average



# Data Pre-processing

- **Binary classification:**

- **Animals:** bird, cat, deer, dog, frog, horse
- **Objects:** airplane, automobile, ship, truck

- Flatten color images

- **RGB:  $32 \times 32 \times 3 \rightarrow 1 \times 3,072$**
- **Couple horizontal and vertical data**

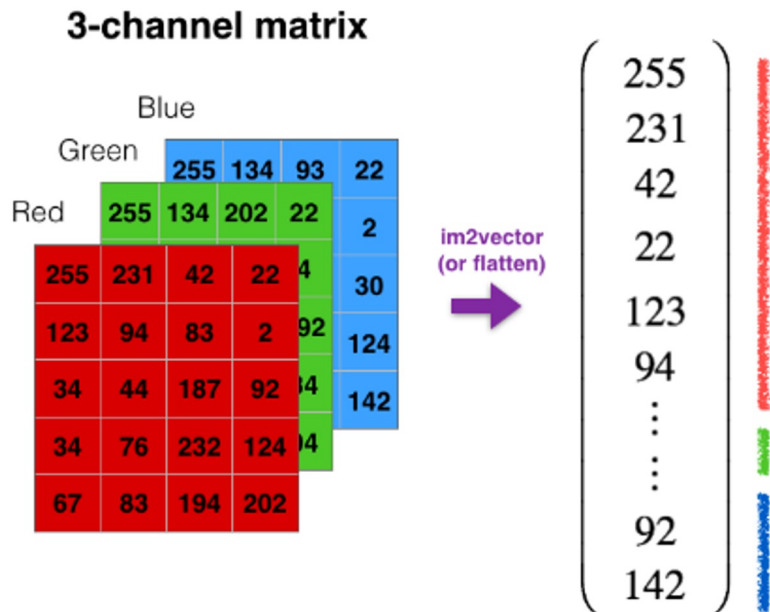
- Split data

- $\frac{2}{3}$  training
- $\frac{1}{6}$  testing
- $\frac{1}{6}$  validation

- **Normalize Data**

- **Mean = 0, Standard deviation = 1**

**reshaped image vector**

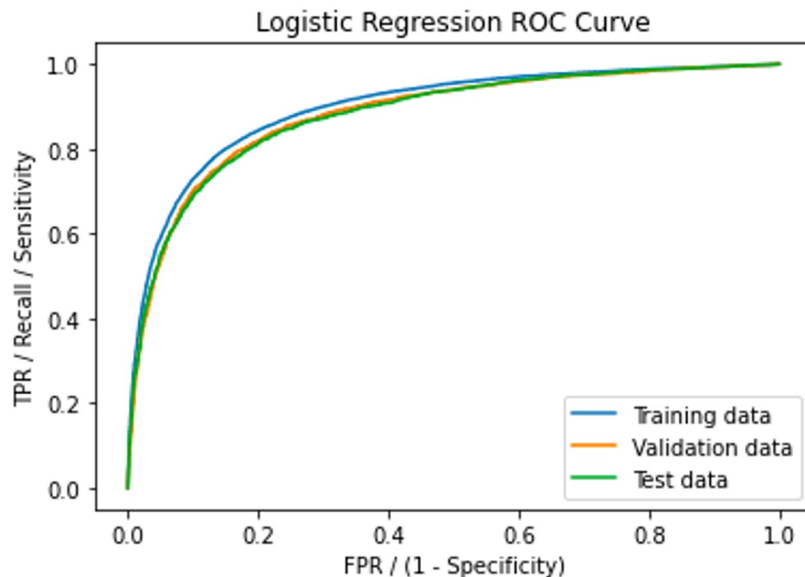


# Model Analysis

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# Initial Model - Logistic Regression (LR)

- Classification model using conditional probability
- Pros:
  - Simple to implement
  - Efficient to train
  - Understandable interpretations
- Cons:
  - Can overfit in high dimensional datasets
  - Does not support multicollinear data
- Results:
  - **Test Accuracy = 81.6%**





# Optimization Model - Neural Network (NN)

## ● Neural Network

- Method in AI that teaches computers to process data in a way that is inspired by the human brain.

## ● Model Features

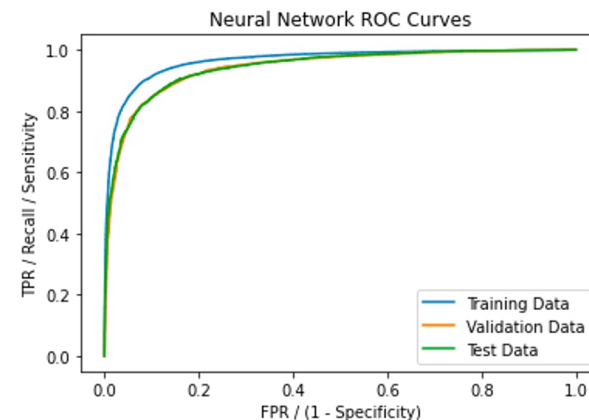
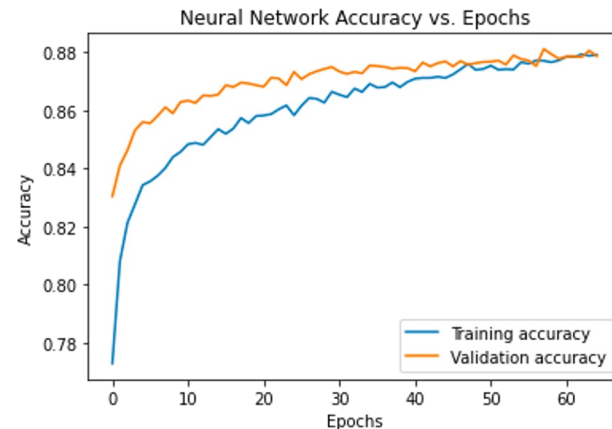
- 1 Hidden Layer
  - 29 Neurons
  - Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU) Activation Function
- Dropout Layer
  - 36% Dropout Rate
- Output Layer
  - 1 Neuron
  - Sigmoid Activation Function

## ● Training Features

- Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD) Optimizer
- Binary Cross Entropy Loss Function
- Epochs = 65
- Batch Size = 200

## ● Results

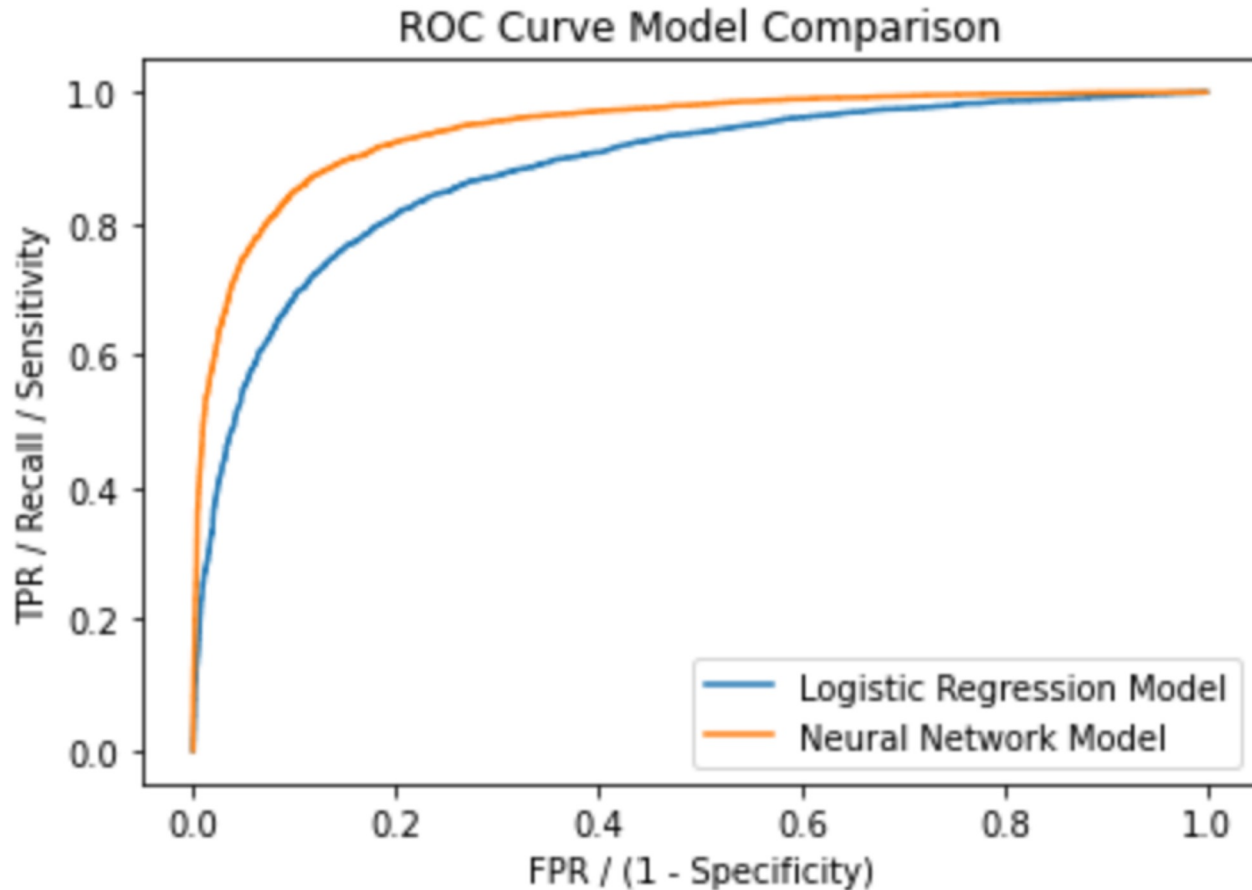
- Test Accuracy = **87.8%**



# Compare Model Performances

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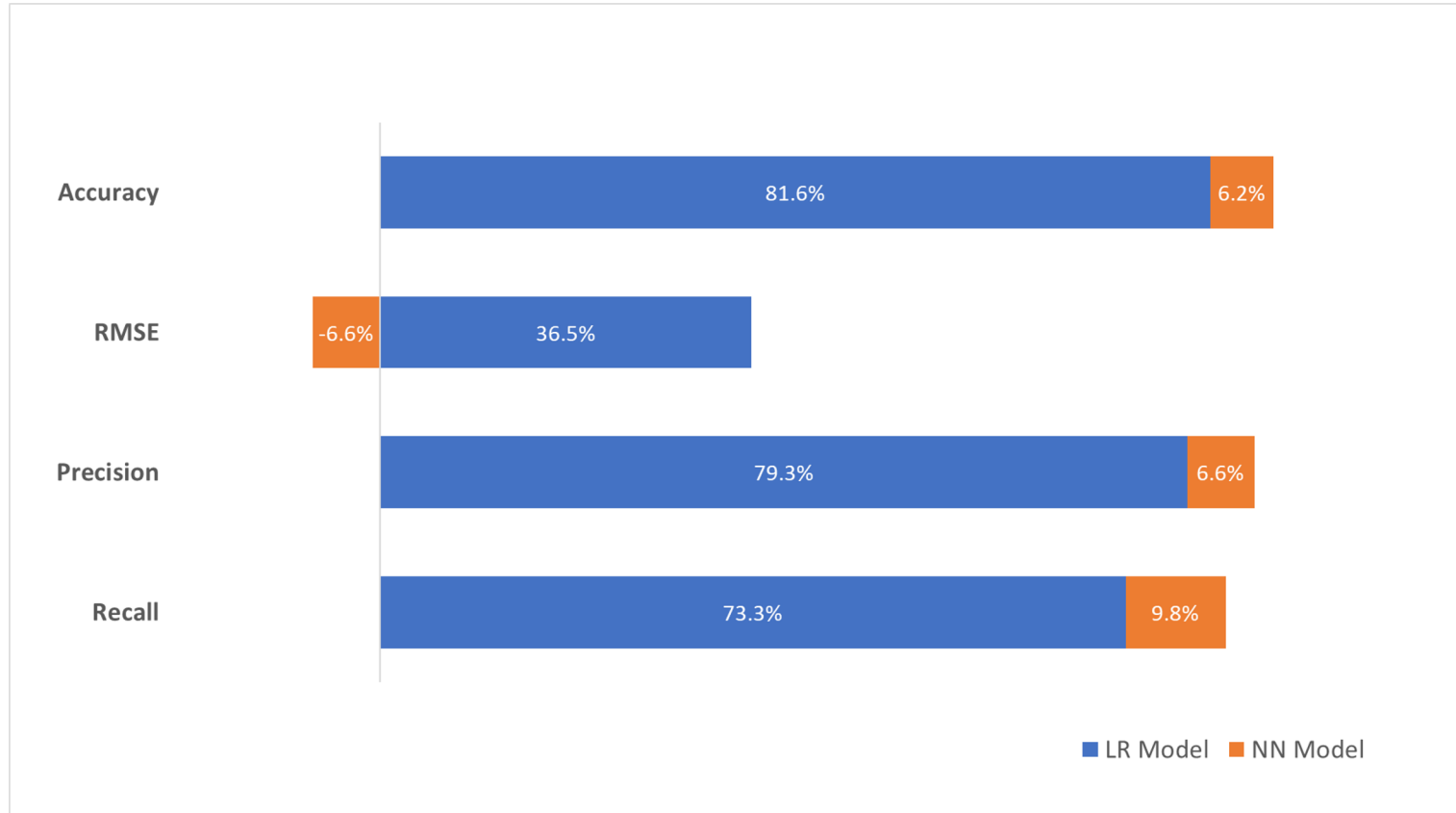
*Note: We aim to achieve an AUC Score as closest to 1 as possible.*



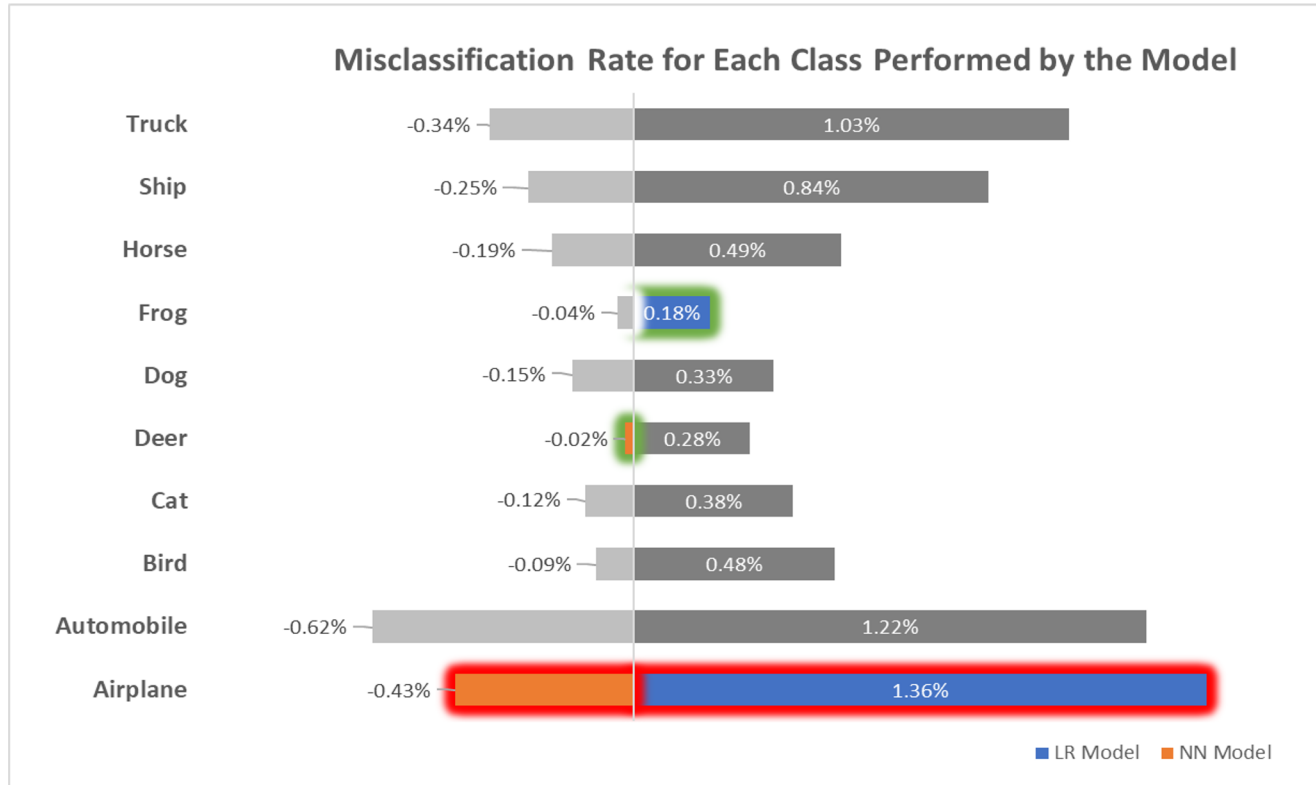
LR Model AUC Score: **0.803**

NN Model AUC Score: **0.942**

The model performance for the neural network (NN) had outperformed logistic regression (LR) in all model metric criticas.



The neural network model misclassification rate was lower than the logistic regression model for every image classification, where their overall rates were 12.2% and 18.4%, respectively.



# Conclusion

- Our team recommends the optimization model for effectively identifying the appropriate image
- Overall model performance were better with the neural network vs the logistic regression model
  - E.g., Accuracy, RMSE, Precision, Recall, and AUC Score
- **Misclassified Classes**
  - Airplanes (most for both models)
  - Deer (least for NN model)
  - Frog (least for LR model)
  - Objects > living-things

# References

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    - i. <https://notredame.hosted.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?id=c1370d42-4327-48e0-aede-af2400100d7c>
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    - i. <https://notredame.hosted.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?id=0473db1f-6a1a-433b-b289-af2b001518b1>
3. Koehren, W., September 15, 2022. Use Precision and Recall to Evaluate Your Classification Model When Accuracy Isn't Enough, Built In
  - a. <https://builtin.com/data-science/precision-and-recall>

Thank you for  
listening!

