SyncDET User Manual (work in progress...)

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Chapter 1 Installation

1.1 System Requirements

Running SyncDET requires one or more UNIX or Linux systems. The requirements for *each* system are as follows:

- 1. Python 2.4+ installed.
- 2. A remote login server installed, such as rlogin, telnet, and ssh. Remote users should be able to login without entering a password.
- 3. Commands ps, grep, and sed installed. ps must support the option -eo pid, cmd, which lists all processes with a PID and a command line per row.

Chapter 2 The Scenario File

2.1 Concepts

A symbol can be a case module name, a group name, or a scenario name.

2.2 Directives

```
:serial[,count]
:repeat[,count]
```

Execute items sequentially. Each item will be executed sequentially *count* times before proceeding to the next case. If *count* is zero, only the first item will be executed, and will be executed infinite times until the program is terminated. The default value for *count* is one. The two directives are interchangeable.

```
:parallel[,count]
```

Execute all items in the block in parallel. Each item will be copied *count* times and all copies will be executed in parallel with copies of other items. *count* must *not* be zero. Its default value is one.

```
:shuffle[,count]
```

Execute items sequentially, but in a random order. All items will be executed exactly once unless *count* is non-zero, when *count* items will be executed. If *count* is greater than the number of items, some items will be executed more than once. The default value for *count* is zero.

```
:opening
nofail inforced.
:closing
:scn[,nofail] name
:group name
```

```
:include path
name()
```

2.3 Use of Directives

In this section, we list some typical uses of the directives. To loop over a list of items for 10 times:

To execute a random item in a list:

```
:shuffle,1
    item1
    item2
    item3
```

To randomly pick ten items from a list, and execute all of them in parallel:

Note that in the above case, one item may have multiple instances executing in parallel.

Chapter 3 Writing Test Cases

- 3.1 Defining the spec data structure
- 3.2 Writing test functions

Return values will be printed after 'OK' in the log and report files.

- 3.3 Test Case API
- 3.4 Synchronization
- 3.4.1 Cascading