Moving Beyond R and Exploratory Data Analysis



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Overview



Beyond Exploratory Data Analysis

Demo

Alternatives to R

Conclusion



Other Types of Data Analysis

Descriptive

Exploratory

Inferential

Predictive

Causal

Mechanistic

Advanced Programming Features

Procedural Outbound calls

Functional Inbound calls

Object-oriented Distributed programming

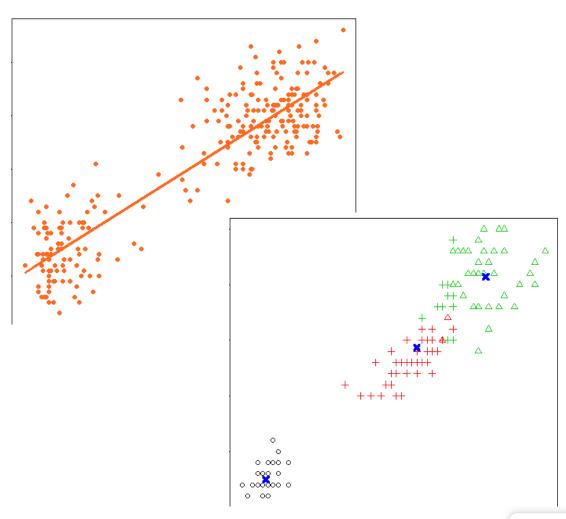
Advanced Statistical Analysis

Statistical modeling

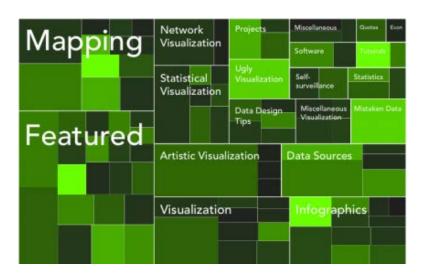
Cluster analysis

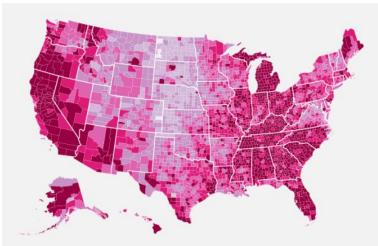
Dimensionality reduction

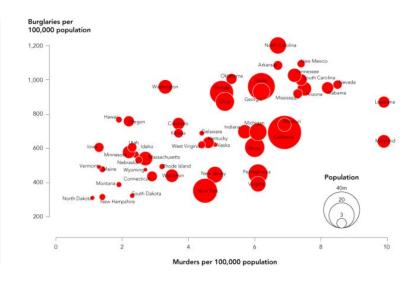
Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)

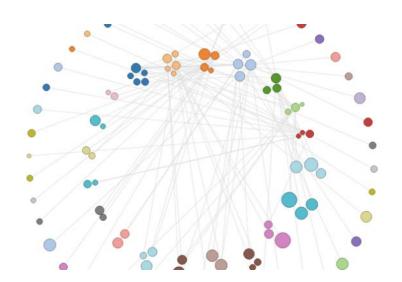


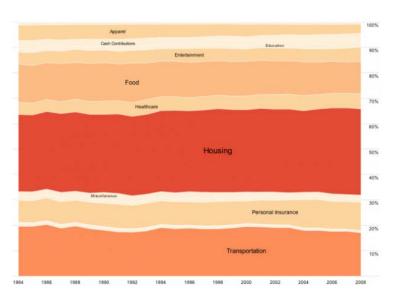
Advanced Data Visualization

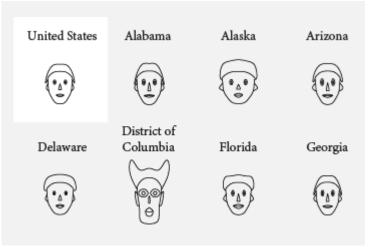






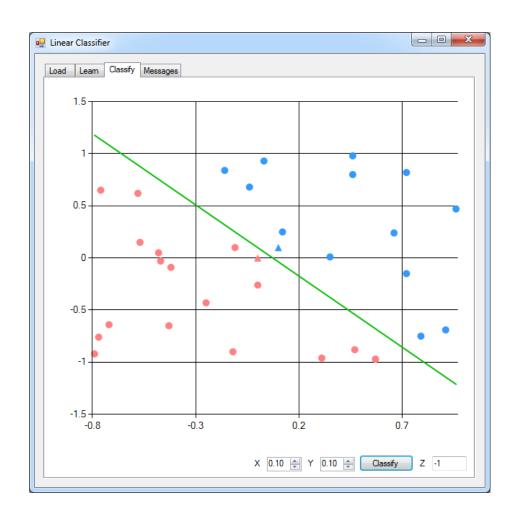






Source: Nathan Yau (www.flowingdata.com)

Data Mining and Machine Learning



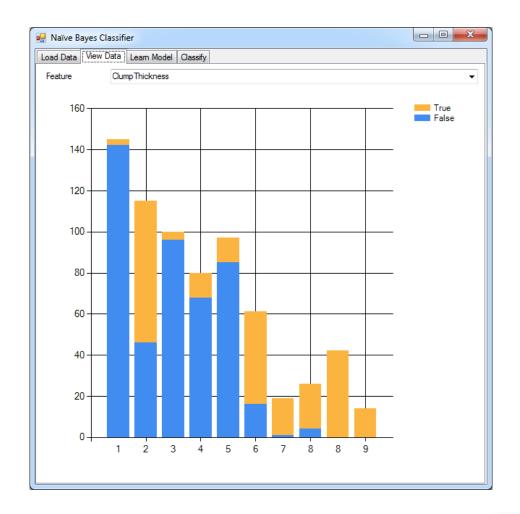






Photo by Danielle Langlois

Load the Data

Scatterplot Matrix

Scatterplot

Linear Regression Model

Plot Linear Model

Correlation Coefficient

Linear Model Summary

Linear Model Prediction

Caveats





Photos by Radomił Binek, Danielle Langlois, and Frank Mayfield

Load the Data

Scatterplot Matrix

Scatterplot

Create k-Means Clusters

Plot Clusters as Shapes

Plot Centers of Clusters

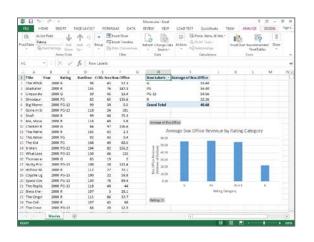
Table of Clusters

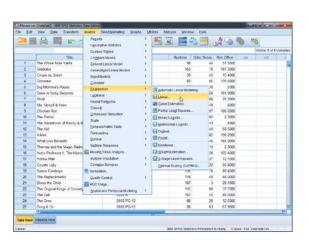
Caveats

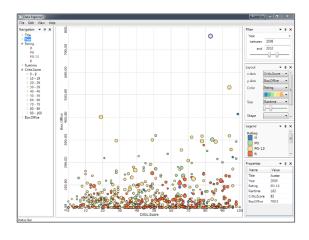


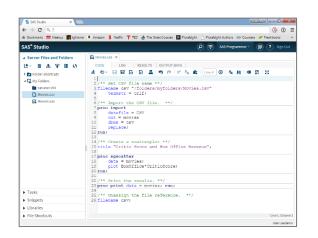


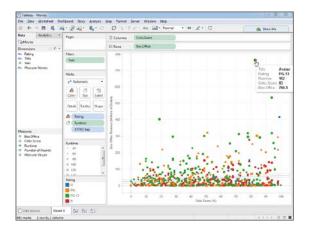
Alternatives to R



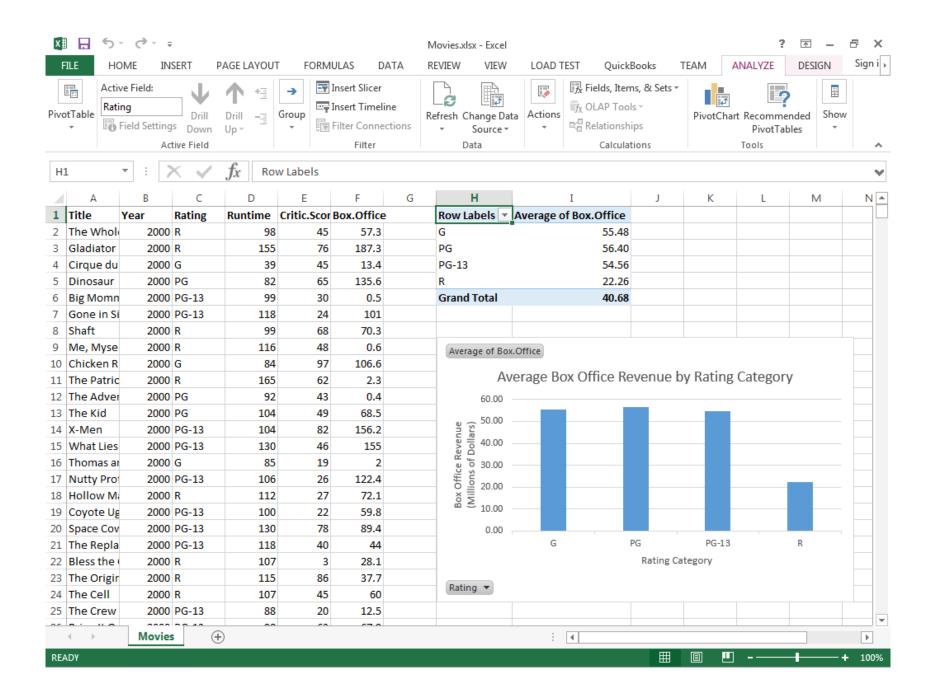


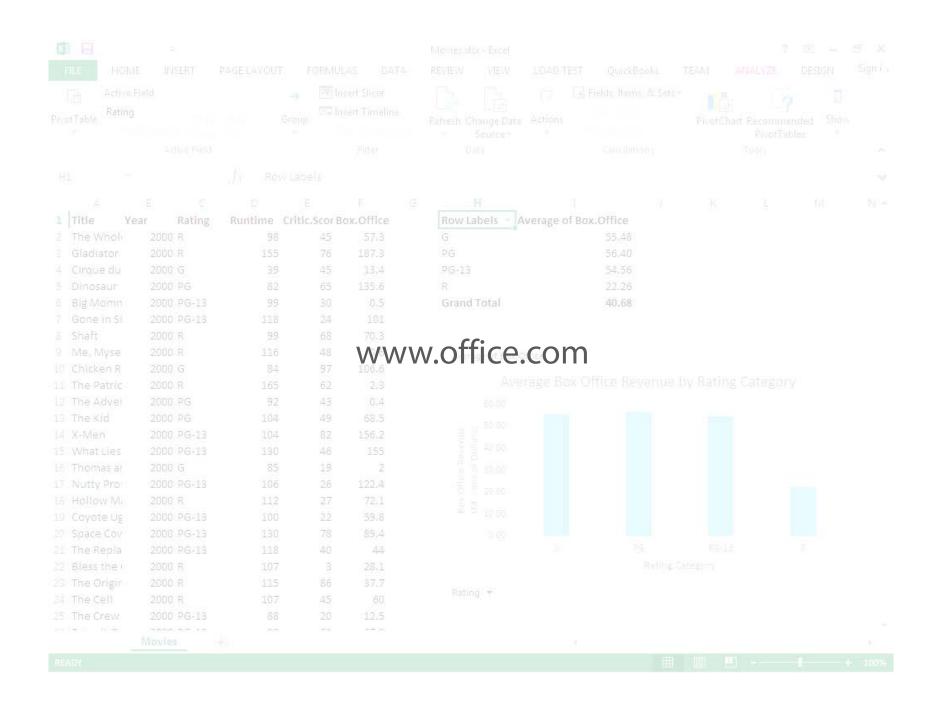


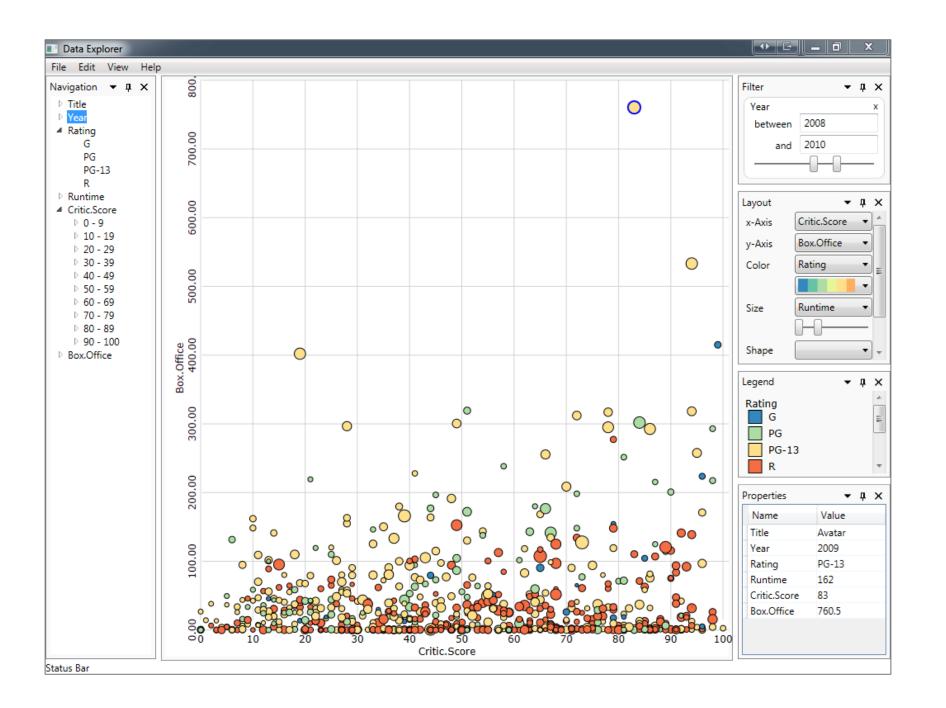




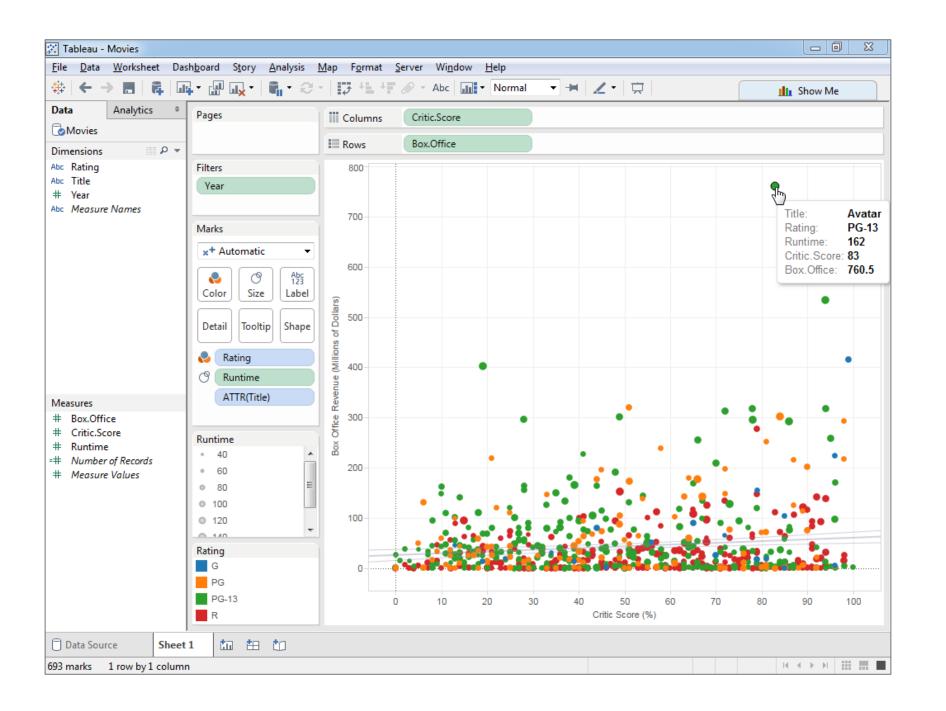
```
Sentiment Analysis.py - C\Pluralsight\Sentiment Analysis.py
File Edit Format Bun Options Windows
 ef getSentiments(sentiment_file):
   for line in sentiment_file:
        term, score = line.split("\t")
scores[term] = int(score)
  getTweets(tweet_file):
   tweets = []
for line in tweet_file:
        tweet = ison.loads(line)
        text = tweet.get("text")
        tweets.append(text)
    getAllTerms(tweets, sentiments):
    allTermScores = ()
for tweet in tweets:
        tweetTerms = getTweetTerms(tweet, sentiments)
        for tweetTerm in tweetTerms:
            if sentiments.has_key(tweetTerm):
            if not allTermScores.has_key(tweetTerm):
                allTermScores[tweetTerm] = []
             termScores.append(tweetTerms(tweetTerm))
```



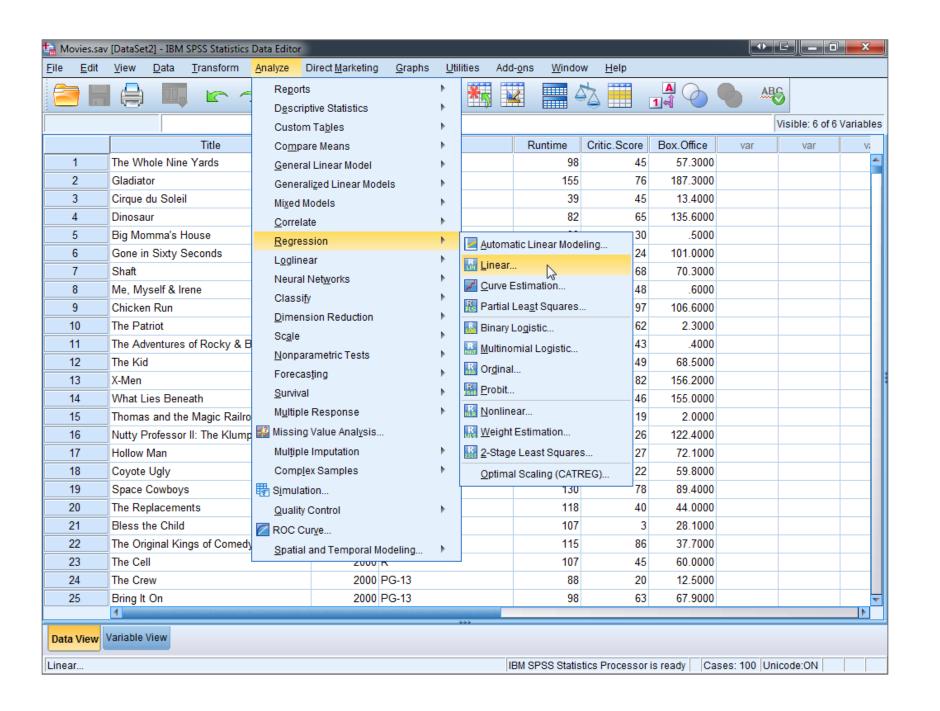


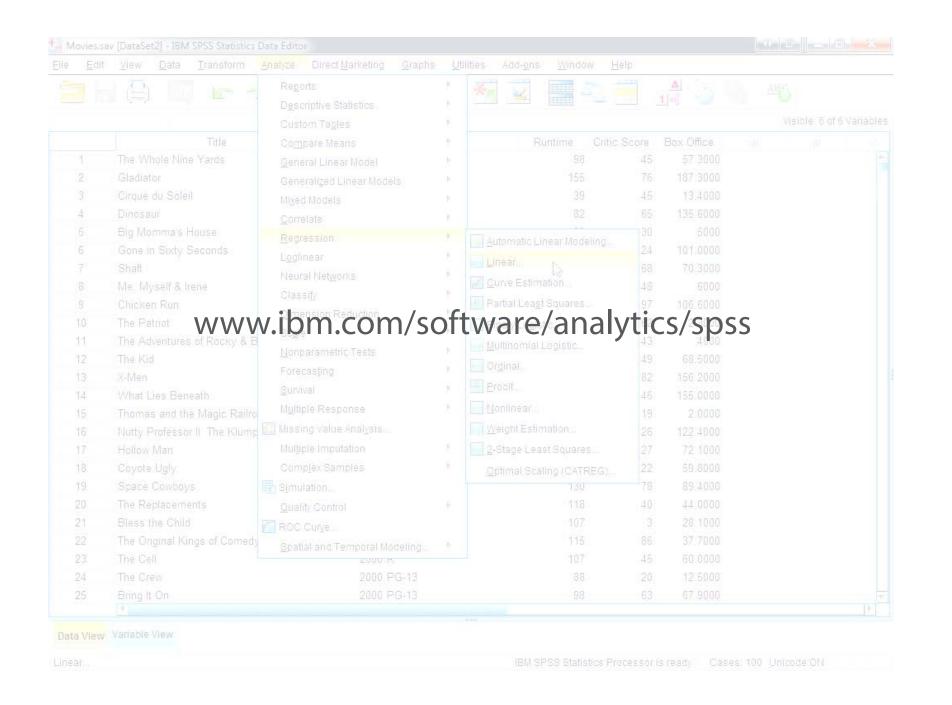


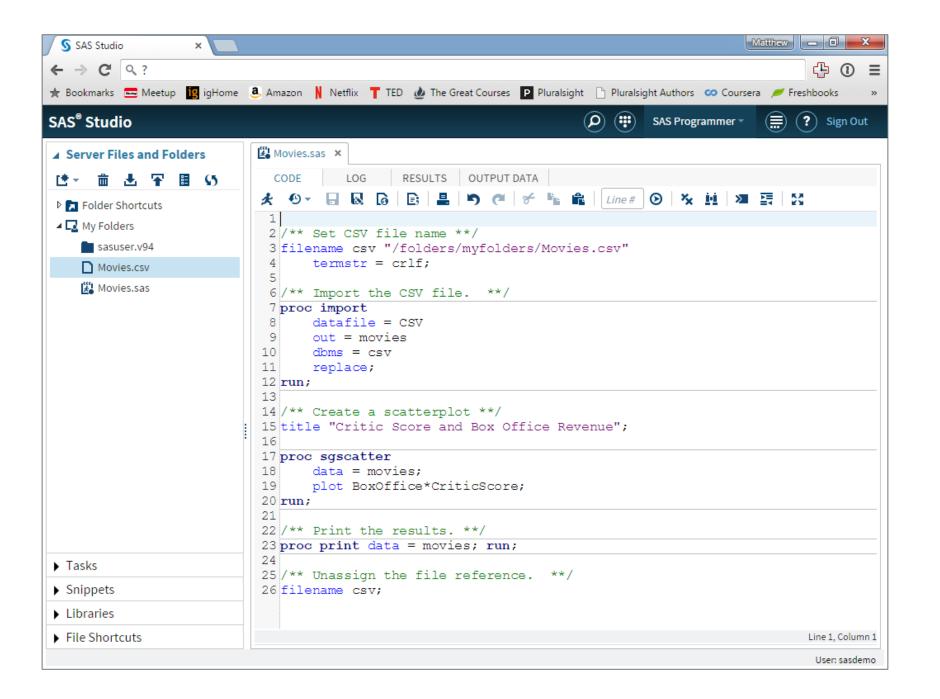


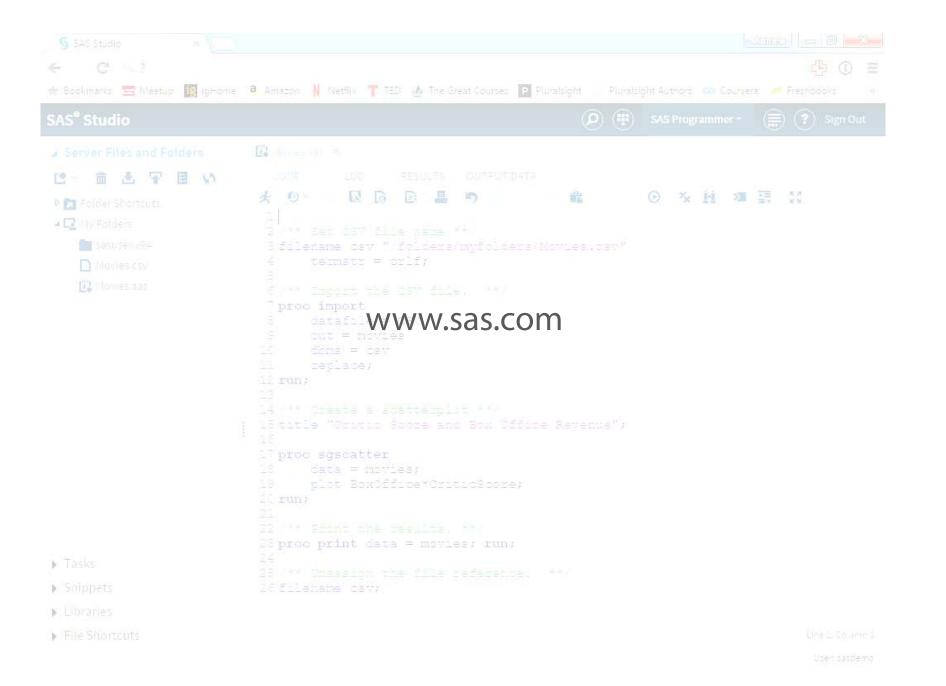












Sentiment Analysis.py - C:\Pluralsight\Sentiment Analysis.py File Edit Format Run Options Windows import sys import json import re def getSentiments(sentiment file): scores = {} for line in sentiment file: term, score = line.split("\t") scores[term] = int(score) return scores def getTweets(tweet file): tweets = [] for line in tweet file: tweet = json.loads(line) text = tweet.get("text") tweets.append(text) return tweets def getAllTerms(tweets, sentiments): allTermScores = {} for tweet in tweets: tweetTerms = getTweetTerms(tweet, sentiments) for tweetTerm in tweetTerms: if sentiments.has_key(tweetTerm): continue if not allTermScores.has key(tweetTerm): allTermScores[tweetTerm] = [] termScores = allTermScores[tweetTerm] termScores.append(tweetTerms[tweetTerm]) return allTermScores

Summary

Beyond Exploratory Data Analysis

Demo

Alternatives to R

Conclusion



Where to Go Next

R website: http://www.cran.r-project.org

R Studio: http://www.rstudio.com

Pluralsight: http://www.pluralsight.com

Coursera: https://www.coursera.org

Flowing Data: http://flowingdata.com

Revolutions: http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com

R-Blogger: http://www.r-bloggers.com

Feedback

Rate the course

Ask questions

Leave comments







Course Summary

Introduction to R

Transforming and Cleaning Data

Calculating Descriptive Statistics

Visualizing Data

Moving Beyond R and EDA



Special Thanks

Nathan Yau

Jeff Leek

Roger Peng

Karen Bittner

Anne Herlache

Cory House

Thank You!