```
In [22]:
          import os, shutil
          from keras import layers
          from keras import models
          from keras import optimizers
          from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [23]:
          # The path to the directory where the original
          # dataset was uncompressed
          original dataset dir = './kaggle original data/train/train'
          # The directory where we will
          # store our smaller dataset
          base_dir = './cats_and_dogs_small'
          os.mkdir(base dir)
          # Directories for our training,
          # validation and test splits
          train_dir = os.path.join(base_dir, 'train')
          os.mkdir(train dir)
          validation_dir = os.path.join(base_dir, 'validation')
          os.mkdir(validation dir)
          test_dir = os.path.join(base_dir, 'test')
          os.mkdir(test dir)
          # Directory with our training cat pictures
          train_cats_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, 'cats')
          os.mkdir(train cats dir)
          # Directory with our training dog pictures
          train_dogs_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, 'dogs')
          os.mkdir(train_dogs_dir)
          # Directory with our validation cat pictures
          validation_cats_dir = os.path.join(validation_dir, 'cats')
          os.mkdir(validation_cats_dir)
          # Directory with our validation dog pictures
          validation dogs dir = os.path.join(validation dir, 'dogs')
          os.mkdir(validation dogs dir)
          # Directory with our validation cat pictures
          test_cats_dir = os.path.join(test_dir, 'cats')
          os.mkdir(test_cats_dir)
          # Directory with our validation dog pictures
          test dogs dir = os.path.join(test dir, 'dogs')
          os.mkdir(test dogs dir)
          # Copy first 1000 cat images to train cats dir
          fnames = ['cat.{}.jpg'.format(i) for i in range(1000)]
          for fname in fnames:
              src = os.path.join(original dataset dir, fname)
              dst = os.path.join(train_cats_dir, fname)
              shutil.copyfile(src, dst)
```

Copy next 500 cat images to validation cats dir

```
fnames = ['cat.{}.jpg'.format(i) for i in range(1000, 1500)]
          for fname in fnames:
              src = os.path.join(original_dataset_dir, fname)
              dst = os.path.join(validation_cats_dir, fname)
              shutil.copyfile(src, dst)
          # Copy next 500 cat images to test cats dir
          fnames = ['cat.{}.jpg'.format(i) for i in range(1500, 2000)]
          for fname in fnames:
              src = os.path.join(original dataset dir, fname)
              dst = os.path.join(test cats dir, fname)
              shutil.copyfile(src, dst)
          # Copy first 1000 dog images to train_dogs_dir
          fnames = ['dog.{}.jpg'.format(i) for i in range(1000)]
          for fname in fnames:
              src = os.path.join(original_dataset_dir, fname)
              dst = os.path.join(train_dogs_dir, fname)
              shutil.copyfile(src, dst)
          # Copy next 500 dog images to validation dogs dir
          fnames = ['dog.{}.jpg'.format(i) for i in range(1000, 1500)]
          for fname in fnames:
              src = os.path.join(original dataset dir, fname)
              dst = os.path.join(validation dogs dir, fname)
              shutil.copyfile(src, dst)
          # Copy next 500 dog images to test dogs dir
          fnames = ['dog.{}.jpg'.format(i) for i in range(1500, 2000)]
          for fname in fnames:
              src = os.path.join(original dataset dir, fname)
              dst = os.path.join(test_dogs_dir, fname)
              shutil.copyfile(src, dst)
         FileExistsError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-23-9018e64086c2> in <module>
               6 # store our smaller dataset
               7 base_dir = './cats_and_dogs_small'
          ----> 8 os.mkdir(base dir)
              10 # Directories for our training,
         FileExistsError: [WinError 183] Cannot create a file when that file already exists: './c
         ats_and_dogs_small'
In [24]:
          model = models.Sequential()
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu',
                                   input_shape=(150, 150, 3)))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
          model.add(layers.Flatten())
          model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
```

```
In [25]:
          model.summary()
          filename = './results/model_summary_6_2_a.txt'
          summary str = []
          model.summary(print_fn=lambda x: summary_str.append(x))
          summary_str = '\n'.join(summary_str)
          import os
          if not os.path.exists('results'):
              os.makedirs('results')
          # Write the summary into the file
          with open(filename, 'w') as f:
              f.write(summary str)
          print(f"Model summary has been written to {filename}")
         Model: "sequential 4"
         Layer (type)
                                      Output Shape
                                                               Param #
          ._____
         conv2d 16 (Conv2D)
                                      (None, 148, 148, 32)
                                                               896
         max pooling2d 16 (MaxPooling (None, 74, 74, 32)
                                                               0
         conv2d 17 (Conv2D)
                                      (None, 72, 72, 64)
                                                               18496
         max_pooling2d_17 (MaxPooling (None, 36, 36, 64)
                                                               0
         conv2d 18 (Conv2D)
                                      (None, 34, 34, 128)
                                                               73856
         max pooling2d 18 (MaxPooling (None, 17, 17, 128)
                                                               0
         conv2d 19 (Conv2D)
                                      (None, 15, 15, 128)
                                                               147584
         max pooling2d 19 (MaxPooling (None, 7, 7, 128)
                                                               0
         flatten 4 (Flatten)
                                      (None, 6272)
         dense 8 (Dense)
                                      (None, 512)
                                                               3211776
         dense 9 (Dense)
                                      (None, 1)
         Total params: 3,453,121
         Trainable params: 3,453,121
         Non-trainable params: 0
         Model summary has been written to ./results/model_summary_6_2_a.txt
In [26]:
          model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy',
                        optimizer=optimizers.RMSprop(lr=1e-4),
                        metrics=['acc'])
In [27]:
          # All images will be rescaled by 1./255
          train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
          test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
          train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
                  # This is the target directory
                  train dir,
                  # All images will be resized to 150x150
```

```
target size=(150, 150),
                batch size=20,
                # Since we use binary_crossentropy loss, we need binary labels
                class mode='binary')
         validation generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
                validation dir,
                target_size=(150, 150),
                batch_size=20,
                class mode='binary')
        Found 2000 images belonging to 2 classes.
        Found 1000 images belonging to 2 classes.
In [28]:
         for data_batch, labels_batch in train_generator:
             print('data batch shape:', data_batch.shape)
             print('labels batch shape:', labels_batch.shape)
             break
        data batch shape: (20, 150, 150, 3)
        labels batch shape: (20,)
 In [ ]:
         history = model.fit generator(
              train generator,
              steps_per_epoch=100,
              epochs=30,
              validation_data=validation_generator,
              validation steps=50)
        Epoch 1/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 33s 328ms/step - loss: 0.6919 - acc: 0.5220 -
        val loss: 0.6731 - val acc: 0.6250
        Epoch 2/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 33s 328ms/step - loss: 0.6574 - acc: 0.6150 -
        val_loss: 0.6530 - val_acc: 0.6120
        Epoch 3/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 32s 322ms/step - loss: 0.6025 - acc: 0.6650 -
        val loss: 0.6131 - val acc: 0.6530
        Epoch 4/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 34s 335ms/step - loss: 0.5705 - acc: 0.7125 -
        val loss: 0.6090 - val_acc: 0.6640
        Epoch 5/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 34s 344ms/step - loss: 0.5418 - acc: 0.7145 -
        val loss: 0.6382 - val acc: 0.6290
        Epoch 6/30
        100/100 [=============== ] - 36s 359ms/step - loss: 0.5136 - acc: 0.7450 -
        val_loss: 0.5826 - val_acc: 0.7030
        Epoch 7/30
        val_loss: 0.5915 - val_acc: 0.6890
        Epoch 8/30
        100/100 [================= ] - 33s 330ms/step - loss: 0.4624 - acc: 0.7750 -
        val_loss: 0.5637 - val_acc: 0.7100
        Epoch 9/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 32s 321ms/step - loss: 0.4402 - acc: 0.7835 -
        val loss: 0.5680 - val acc: 0.7020
        Epoch 10/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 32s 324ms/step - loss: 0.4135 - acc: 0.8140 -
        val loss: 0.6012 - val acc: 0.6980
        Epoch 11/30
        100/100 [============== ] - 32s 320ms/step - loss: 0.3911 - acc: 0.8300 -
        val loss: 0.5646 - val acc: 0.7230
```

```
Epoch 12/30
     100/100 [============= ] - 32s 319ms/step - loss: 0.3536 - acc: 0.8355 -
     val loss: 0.6119 - val acc: 0.7050
     Epoch 13/30
     val loss: 0.6057 - val acc: 0.7020
     Epoch 14/30
     val_loss: 0.6480 - val_acc: 0.7160
     Epoch 15/30
     val loss: 0.5947 - val acc: 0.7190
     Epoch 16/30
     val loss: 0.6127 - val acc: 0.7190
     Epoch 17/30
     100/100 [=============== ] - 33s 328ms/step - loss: 0.2411 - acc: 0.9015 -
     val_loss: 0.6237 - val_acc: 0.7130
     Epoch 18/30
     val loss: 0.6718 - val acc: 0.7080
     Epoch 19/30
     val loss: 0.6664 - val acc: 0.7210
     Epoch 20/30
     val loss: 0.6640 - val acc: 0.7260
     Epoch 21/30
     val loss: 0.7152 - val acc: 0.7150
     Epoch 22/30
     100/100 [============== ] - 34s 337ms/step - loss: 0.1402 - acc: 0.9550 -
     val loss: 0.7589 - val acc: 0.7090
     Epoch 23/30
     val_loss: 0.8599 - val_acc: 0.7220
     Epoch 24/30
     100/100 [============== ] - 34s 335ms/step - loss: 0.1094 - acc: 0.9650 -
     val_loss: 0.8161 - val_acc: 0.7090
     Epoch 25/30
     val loss: 0.9202 - val acc: 0.7060
     Epoch 26/30
     val loss: 0.9165 - val acc: 0.7090
     Epoch 27/30
     100/100 [============== ] - 33s 334ms/step - loss: 0.0684 - acc: 0.9800 -
     val loss: 0.9225 - val acc: 0.7160
     Epoch 28/30
     val loss: 0.9768 - val acc: 0.7080
     Epoch 29/30
     100/100 [============== ] - 33s 329ms/step - loss: 0.0587 - acc: 0.9845 -
     val_loss: 0.9934 - val_acc: 0.7110
     Epoch 30/30
      71/100 [=============>.....] - ETA: 8s - loss: 0.0526 - acc: 0.9866
In [13]:
     model.save('cats and dogs small 1.h5')
In [14]:
     acc = history.history['acc']
     val acc = history.history['val acc']
      loss = history.history['loss']
```

```
val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

epochs = range(len(acc))

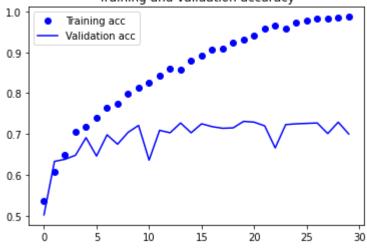
plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()

plt.figure()

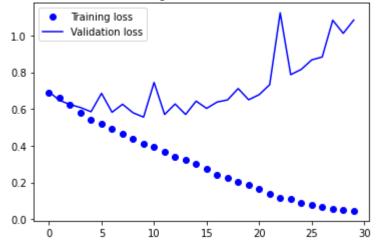
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and validation loss')
plt.legend()

plt.show()
```





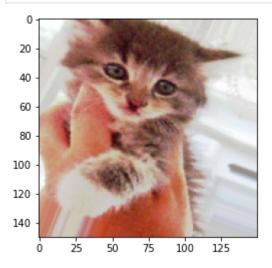
Training and validation loss

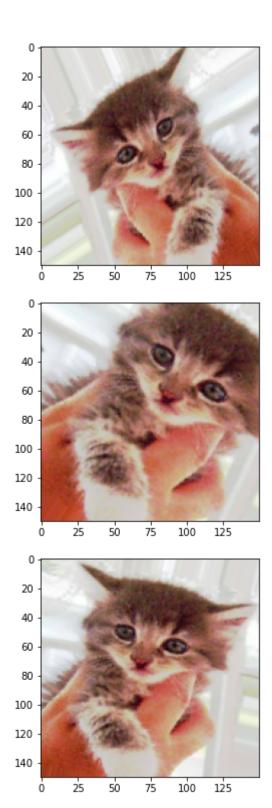


```
In [15]:
```

```
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rotation_range=40,
    width_shift_range=0.2,
    height_shift_range=0.2,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom_range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    fill_mode='nearest')
```

```
# This is module with image preprocessing utilities
from keras.preprocessing import image
fnames = [os.path.join(train_cats_dir, fname) for fname in os.listdir(train_cats_dir)]
# We pick one image to "augment"
img_path = fnames[3]
# Read the image and resize it
img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size=(150, 150))
# Convert it to a Numpy array with shape (150, 150, 3)
x = image.img_to_array(img)
# Reshape it to (1, 150, 150, 3)
x = x.reshape((1,) + x.shape)
# The .flow() command below generates batches of randomly transformed images.
# It will loop indefinitely, so we need to `break` the loop at some point!
for batch in datagen.flow(x, batch_size=1):
    plt.figure(i)
    imgplot = plt.imshow(image.array to img(batch[0]))
    i += 1
    if i % 4 == 0:
        break
plt.show()
```





```
model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5))
model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy',
              optimizer=optimizers.RMSprop(lr=1e-4),
              metrics=['acc'])
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1./255,
    rotation range=40,
    width_shift_range=0.2,
    height_shift_range=0.2,
    shear_range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,)
# Note that the validation data should not be augmented!
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
        # This is the target directory
        train dir,
        # All images will be resized to 150x150
        target size=(150, 150),
        batch_size=32,
        # Since we use binary_crossentropy loss, we need binary labels
        class mode='binary')
validation generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
        validation dir,
        target_size=(150, 150),
        batch size=32,
        class mode='binary')
history = model.fit generator(
      train_generator,
      steps_per_epoch=63,
      epochs=100,
      validation_data=validation_generator,
      validation_steps=32)
model.save('cats and dogs small 2.h5')
acc = history.history['acc']
val acc = history.history['val acc']
loss = history.history['loss']
val_loss = history.history['val_loss']
epochs = range(len(acc))
plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'bo', label='Training acc')
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'bo', label='Training loss')
```

```
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
plt.title('Training and validation loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

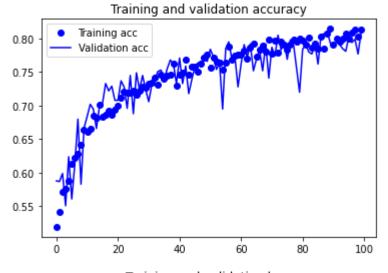
```
Found 2000 images belonging to 2 classes.
Found 1000 images belonging to 2 classes.
al_loss: 0.6876 - val_acc: 0.5880
Epoch 2/100
al loss: 0.6782 - val acc: 0.5870
Epoch 3/100
al loss: 0.6638 - val acc: 0.5990
Epoch 4/100
al loss: 0.6764 - val acc: 0.5510
Epoch 5/100
al_loss: 0.6417 - val_acc: 0.6240
Epoch 6/100
al_loss: 0.6695 - val_acc: 0.5610
Epoch 7/100
al loss: 0.6406 - val acc: 0.6130
Epoch 8/100
al_loss: 0.5973 - val_acc: 0.6800
Epoch 9/100
al loss: 0.7067 - val acc: 0.5830
Epoch 10/100
63/63 [============] - 30s 471ms/step - loss: 0.6104 - acc: 0.6645 - v
al_loss: 0.5877 - val_acc: 0.6670
Epoch 11/100
al loss: 0.5858 - val acc: 0.6840
Epoch 12/100
al loss: 0.5618 - val acc: 0.7020
Epoch 13/100
al_loss: 0.5649 - val_acc: 0.6950
Epoch 14/100
al_loss: 0.6146 - val_acc: 0.6660
Epoch 15/100
al_loss: 0.5693 - val_acc: 0.6990
Epoch 16/100
al_loss: 0.5499 - val_acc: 0.7040
Epoch 17/100
al loss: 0.5355 - val acc: 0.7330
Epoch 18/100
al_loss: 0.5433 - val_acc: 0.7220
Epoch 19/100
al_loss: 0.5382 - val_acc: 0.7290
```

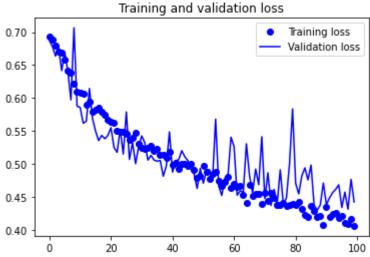
```
Epoch 20/100
al loss: 0.5433 - val acc: 0.7080
Epoch 21/100
al_loss: 0.5550 - val_acc: 0.7080
Epoch 22/100
al_loss: 0.5249 - val_acc: 0.7370
Epoch 23/100
al_loss: 0.5175 - val_acc: 0.7280
Epoch 24/100
al loss: 0.5527 - val acc: 0.6960
Epoch 25/100
al loss: 0.5150 - val acc: 0.7450
Epoch 26/100
al loss: 0.5789 - val acc: 0.6880
Epoch 27/100
al loss: 0.5068 - val acc: 0.7490
Epoch 28/100
al_loss: 0.5325 - val_acc: 0.7240
Epoch 29/100
al loss: 0.5004 - val acc: 0.7450
Epoch 30/100
al_loss: 0.5263 - val_acc: 0.7240
Epoch 31/100
al_loss: 0.5426 - val_acc: 0.7060
Epoch 32/100
al_loss: 0.5321 - val_acc: 0.7310
Epoch 33/100
al loss: 0.5059 - val acc: 0.7400
Epoch 34/100
al loss: 0.5129 - val acc: 0.7510
Epoch 35/100
al loss: 0.5059 - val acc: 0.7530
Epoch 36/100
al_loss: 0.5042 - val_acc: 0.7380
Epoch 37/100
al_loss: 0.5053 - val_acc: 0.7550
Epoch 38/100
al_loss: 0.4814 - val_acc: 0.7680
Epoch 39/100
al_loss: 0.4973 - val_acc: 0.7630
Epoch 40/100
al loss: 0.5488 - val acc: 0.7330
Epoch 41/100
```

```
al loss: 0.4876 - val acc: 0.7710
Epoch 42/100
63/63 [============== ] - 30s 470ms/step - loss: 0.5020 - acc: 0.7495 - v
al loss: 0.5050 - val acc: 0.7330
Epoch 43/100
al loss: 0.5063 - val acc: 0.7590
Epoch 44/100
al_loss: 0.5201 - val_acc: 0.7180
Epoch 45/100
al_loss: 0.5109 - val_acc: 0.7390
Epoch 46/100
al_loss: 0.5051 - val_acc: 0.7580
Epoch 47/100
al loss: 0.4915 - val acc: 0.7640
Epoch 48/100
al loss: 0.4847 - val acc: 0.7580
Epoch 49/100
al_loss: 0.4627 - val_acc: 0.7700
Epoch 50/100
al loss: 0.4932 - val acc: 0.7660
Epoch 51/100
al loss: 0.4707 - val acc: 0.7840
Epoch 52/100
al_loss: 0.4892 - val_acc: 0.7730
Epoch 53/100
al_loss: 0.4912 - val_acc: 0.7540
Epoch 54/100
al loss: 0.4750 - val acc: 0.7640
Epoch 55/100
al loss: 0.5680 - val acc: 0.6950
Epoch 56/100
al loss: 0.4666 - val acc: 0.7850
Epoch 57/100
al loss: 0.4520 - val acc: 0.7950
Epoch 58/100
al_loss: 0.4787 - val_acc: 0.7700
Epoch 59/100
al_loss: 0.4813 - val_acc: 0.7730
Epoch 60/100
al_loss: 0.5406 - val_acc: 0.7280
Epoch 61/100
al loss: 0.5262 - val acc: 0.7620
Epoch 62/100
al loss: 0.4525 - val acc: 0.7910
Epoch 63/100
```

```
al loss: 0.4593 - val acc: 0.7720
Epoch 64/100
al loss: 0.4567 - val acc: 0.7920
Epoch 65/100
al_loss: 0.5307 - val_acc: 0.7520
Epoch 66/100
al_loss: 0.4826 - val_acc: 0.7690
Epoch 67/100
al_loss: 0.4559 - val_acc: 0.7830
Epoch 68/100
al_loss: 0.4922 - val_acc: 0.7520
Epoch 69/100
al loss: 0.4686 - val acc: 0.7920
Epoch 70/100
al loss: 0.5412 - val acc: 0.7410
Epoch 71/100
al loss: 0.4474 - val acc: 0.7870
Epoch 72/100
al loss: 0.4866 - val acc: 0.7740
Epoch 73/100
al loss: 0.4370 - val acc: 0.8050
Epoch 74/100
al loss: 0.4613 - val acc: 0.7830
Epoch 75/100
al_loss: 0.4393 - val_acc: 0.7950
Epoch 76/100
al_loss: 0.4911 - val_acc: 0.7690
Epoch 77/100
al loss: 0.4387 - val acc: 0.7980
Epoch 78/100
al loss: 0.4483 - val acc: 0.7930
Epoch 79/100
al loss: 0.4994 - val acc: 0.7570
Epoch 80/100
al loss: 0.5836 - val acc: 0.7200
Epoch 81/100
al_loss: 0.4707 - val_acc: 0.7840
Epoch 82/100
al_loss: 0.4545 - val_acc: 0.7910
Epoch 83/100
al_loss: 0.4818 - val_acc: 0.7800
Epoch 84/100
al loss: 0.4941 - val acc: 0.7770
```

```
Epoch 85/100
al loss: 0.4758 - val acc: 0.7920
Epoch 86/100
al_loss: 0.4982 - val_acc: 0.7620
Epoch 87/100
al_loss: 0.4373 - val_acc: 0.8060
Epoch 88/100
al_loss: 0.4298 - val_acc: 0.8070
Epoch 89/100
al loss: 0.4376 - val acc: 0.8110
Epoch 90/100
al_loss: 0.4709 - val_acc: 0.7930
Epoch 91/100
al loss: 0.4382 - val acc: 0.7890
Epoch 92/100
al loss: 0.4484 - val acc: 0.7950
Epoch 93/100
al loss: 0.4564 - val acc: 0.7910
Epoch 94/100
al loss: 0.4615 - val acc: 0.7850
Epoch 95/100
al_loss: 0.4683 - val_acc: 0.7810
Epoch 96/100
al_loss: 0.4339 - val_acc: 0.8020
Epoch 97/100
al_loss: 0.4572 - val_acc: 0.7940
Epoch 98/100
al loss: 0.4312 - val acc: 0.7990
Epoch 99/100
al loss: 0.4765 - val acc: 0.7770
Epoch 100/100
al loss: 0.4423 - val acc: 0.8090
```





```
In [32]:
    predictions = model.predict(validation_generator)

# Convert the predictions to a string
    predictions_str = '\n'.join(map(str, predictions.flatten()))

# Specify the subdirectory and the filename
    filename_predictions = './results/model_predictions_6_2_b.txt'

# Write the predictions into the file
    with open(filename_predictions, 'w') as f:
        f.write(predictions_str)

print(f"Model predictions have been written to {filename_predictions}")
```

Model predictions have been written to ./results/model_predictions_6_2_b.txt

```
In [ ]:
```