

1. What is the supreme law of the land?

QUESTION 1

2. What does the Constitution do?

QUESTION 2

3. The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are these words?

QUESTION 3

4. What is an amendment?

QUESTION 4

5. What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution?

QUESTION 5

6. What is one right or freedom from the First Amendment?*

QUESTION 6

7. How many amendments does the Constitution have?

QUESTION 7

8. What did the Declaration of Independence do?

QUESTION 8

9. What are two rights in the Declaration of Independence?

QUESTION 9

10. What is freedom of religion?

QUESTION 10

sets up the government
defines the government
protects basic rights of Americans

the Constitution

a change (to the Constitution)
an addition (to the Constitution)

We the People

speech
religion
assembly
press
petition the government

the Bill of Rights

announced our independence (from Great Britain)
declared our independence (from Great Britain)
said that the United States is free (from Great Britain)

twenty-seven (27)

You can practice any religion, or not practice a religion.

life
liberty
pursuit of happiness

11. What is the economic system in the United States?*

QUESTION 11

12. What is the “rule of law”?

QUESTION 12

13. Name one branch or part of the government.*

QUESTION 13

14. What stops one branch of government from becoming too powerful?

QUESTION 14

15. Who is in charge of the executive branch?

QUESTION 15

16. Who makes federal laws?

QUESTION 16

17. What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress?*

QUESTION 17

18. How many U.S. Senators are there?

QUESTION 18

19. We elect a U.S. Senator for how many years?

QUESTION 19

20. Who is one of your state’s U.S. Senators now?*

QUESTION 20

Everyone must follow the law.
Leaders must obey the law.
Government must obey the law.
No one is above the law.

capitalist economy
market economy

checks and balances
separation of powers

Congress
legislative
President
executive
the courts
judicial

Congress
Senate and House (of Representatives)
(U.S. or national) legislature

the President

one hundred (100)

the Senate and House (of Representatives)

Kirsten Gillibrand
Chuck Schumer
Updated for NY on 2022-10-04

six (6)

21. The House of Representatives has how many voting members?

QUESTION 21

22. We elect a U.S. Representative for how many years?

QUESTION 22

23. Name your U.S. Representative.

QUESTION 23

24. Who does a U.S. Senator represent?

QUESTION 24

25. Why do some states have more Representatives than other states?

QUESTION 25

26. We elect a President for how many years?

QUESTION 26

27. In what month do we vote for President?*

QUESTION 27

28. What is the name of the President of the United States now?*

QUESTION 28

29. What is the name of the Vice President of the United States now?

QUESTION 29

30. If the President can no longer serve, who becomes President?

QUESTION 30

two (2)

four hundred thirty-five (435)

all people of the state

Lee Zeldin, Andrew Garbarino, Tom Suozzi, Kathleen Rice,
Gregory W. Meeks, Grace Meng, Nydia Velazquez, Hakeem
Jeffries, Yvette D. Clarke, Jerrold Nadler, Nicole Malliotakis,
Carolyn B. Maloney, Adriano Espaillat, Alexandria
Ocasio-Cortez, Ritchie Torres, Jamaal Bowman, Mondaire
Jones, Sean Maloney, Pat Ryan, Paul Tonko...and 7 more
Updated for NY on 2022-10-04

four (4)

(because of) the state's population
(because) they have more people
(because) some states have more people

Joseph R. Biden, Jr.
Joe Biden
Biden
Updated on 2022-10-04

November

the Vice President

Kamala D. Harris
Kamala Harris
Harris
Updated on 2022-10-04

31. If both the President and the Vice President can no longer serve, who becomes President?

QUESTION 31

32. Who is the Commander in Chief of the military?

QUESTION 32

33. Who signs bills to become laws?

QUESTION 33

34. Who vetoes bills?

QUESTION 34

35. What does the President's Cabinet do?

QUESTION 35

36. What are two Cabinet-level positions?

QUESTION 36

37. What does the judicial branch do?

QUESTION 37

38. What is the highest court in the United States?

QUESTION 38

39. How many justices are on the Supreme Court?

QUESTION 39

40. Who is the Chief Justice of the United States now?

QUESTION 40

the President

the Speaker of the House

the President

the President

Secretary of Agriculture, Secretary of Commerce,
Secretary of Defense, Secretary of Education, Secretary of
Energy, Secretary of Health and Human Services, Secretary of
Homeland Security, Secretary of Housing and Urban
Development, Secretary of the Interior, Secretary of Labor,
Secretary of State, Secretary of Transportation, Secretary of
the Treasury, Secretary of Veterans Affairs, Attorney General,
Vice President

advises the President

the Supreme Court

reviews laws
explains laws
resolves disputes (disagreements)
decides if a law goes against the Constitution

John Roberts
John G. Roberts, Jr.
Updated on 2022-10-04

nine (9)
Updated on 2022-10-04

41. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is one power of the federal government?

QUESTION 41

42. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is one power of the states?

QUESTION 42

43. Who is the Governor of your state now?

QUESTION 43

44. What is the capital of your state?*

QUESTION 44

45. What are the two major political parties in the United States?*

QUESTION 45

46. What is the political party of the President now?

QUESTION 46

47. What is the name of the Speaker of the House of Representatives now?

QUESTION 47

48. There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Describe one of them.

QUESTION 48

49. What is one responsibility that is only for United States citizens?*

QUESTION 49

50. Name one right only for United States citizens.

QUESTION 50

provide schooling and education
provide protection (police)
provide safety (fire departments)
give a driver's license
approve zoning and land use

to print money
to declare war
to create an army
to make treaties

Albany

Kathy Hochul
Updated for NY on 2022-10-04

Democratic (Party)
Updated on 2022-10-04

Democratic and Republican
Updated on 2022-10-04

Citizens eighteen (18) and older (can vote).
You don't have to pay (a poll tax) to vote.
Any citizen can vote. (Women and men can vote.)
A male citizen of any race (can vote).

Nancy Pelosi
Pelosi

vote in a federal election
run for federal office

serve on a jury
vote in a federal election

51. What are two rights of everyone living in the United States?

QUESTION 51

52. What do we show loyalty to when we say the Pledge of Allegiance?

QUESTION 52

53. What is one promise you make when you become a United States citizen?

QUESTION 53

54. How old do citizens have to be to vote for President?*

QUESTION 54

55. What are two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy?

QUESTION 55

56. When is the last day you can send in federal income tax forms?*

QUESTION 56

57. When must all men register for the Selective Service?

QUESTION 57

58. What is one reason colonists came to America?

QUESTION 58

59. Who lived in America before the Europeans arrived?

QUESTION 59

60. What group of people was taken to America and sold as slaves?

QUESTION 60

the United States
the flag

freedom of expression
freedom of speech
freedom of assembly
freedom to petition the government
freedom of religion
the right to bear arms

eighteen (18) and older

give up loyalty to other countries
defend the Constitution and laws of the United States
obey the laws of the United States
serve in the U.S. military (if needed)
serve (do important work for) the nation (if needed)
be loyal to the United States

April 15

vote, join a political party, help with a campaign, join a civic
group, join a community group, give an elected official your
opinion on an issue, call Senators and Representatives, publicly
support or oppose an issue or policy, run for office, write to a
newspaper

freedom
political liberty
religious freedom
economic opportunity
practice their religion
escape persecution

at age eighteen (18)
between eighteen (18) and twenty-six (26)

Africans
people from Africa

American Indians
Native Americans

61. Why did the colonists fight the British?

QUESTION 61

62. Who wrote the Declaration of Independence?

QUESTION 62

63. When was the Declaration of Independence adopted?

QUESTION 63

64. There were 13 original states. Name three.

QUESTION 64

65. What happened at the Constitutional Convention?

QUESTION 65

66. When was the Constitution written?

QUESTION 66

67. The Federalist Papers supported the passage of the U.S. Constitution. Name one of the writers.

QUESTION 67

68. What is one thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for?

QUESTION 68

69. Who is the “Father of Our Country”?

QUESTION 69

70. Who was the first President?*

QUESTION 70

(Thomas) Jefferson

because of high taxes (taxation without
representation)
because the British army stayed in their houses
(boarding, quartering)
because they didn't have self-government

New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut,
New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland,
Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia

July 4, 1776

1787

The Constitution was written.
The Founding Fathers wrote the Constitution.

U.S. diplomat
oldest member of the Constitutional Convention
first Postmaster General of the United States
writer of "Poor Richard's Almanac"
started the first free libraries

(James) Madison
(Alexander) Hamilton
(John) Jay
Publius

(George) Washington

(George) Washington

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

71. What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803?

QUESTION 71

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

72. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1800s.

QUESTION 72

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

73. Name the U.S. war between the North and the South.

QUESTION 73

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

74. Name one problem that led to the Civil War.

QUESTION 74

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

75. What was one important thing that Abraham Lincoln did?*

QUESTION 75

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

76. What did the Emancipation Proclamation do?

QUESTION 76

AMERICAN HISTORY: B: 1800s

77. What did Susan B. Anthony do?

QUESTION 77

AMERICAN HISTORY: C: RECENT AMERICAN HISTORY AND OTHER IMPORTANT HISTORICAL INFORMATION

78. Name one war fought by the United States in the 1900s.*

QUESTION 78

AMERICAN HISTORY: C: RECENT AMERICAN HISTORY AND OTHER IMPORTANT HISTORICAL INFORMATION

79. Who was President during World War I?

QUESTION 79

AMERICAN HISTORY: C: RECENT AMERICAN HISTORY AND OTHER IMPORTANT HISTORICAL INFORMATION

80. Who was President during the Great Depression and World War II?

QUESTION 80

War of 1812
Mexican-American War
Civil War
Spanish-American War

the Louisiana Territory
Louisiana

slavery
economic reasons
states' rights

the Civil War
the War between the States

freed the slaves
freed slaves in the Confederacy
freed slaves in the Confederate states
freed slaves in most Southern states

freed the slaves (Emancipation Proclamation)
saved (or preserved) the Union
led the United States during the Civil War

World War I
World War II
Korean War
Vietnam War
(Persian) Gulf War

fought for women's rights
fought for civil rights

(Franklin) Roosevelt

(Woodrow) Wilson

81. Who did the United States fight in World War II?

QUESTION 81

82. Before he was President, Eisenhower was a general. What war was he in?

QUESTION 82

83. During the Cold War, what was the main concern of the United States?

QUESTION 83

84. What movement tried to end racial discrimination?

QUESTION 84

85. What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?*

QUESTION 85

86. What major event happened on September 11, 2001, in the United States?

QUESTION 86

87. Name one American Indian tribe in the United States.

QUESTION 87

88. Name one of the two longest rivers in the United States.

QUESTION 88

89. What ocean is on the West Coast of the United States?

QUESTION 89

90. What ocean is on the East Coast of the United States?

QUESTION 90

World War II

Japan, Germany, and Italy

civil rights (movement)

Communism

Terrorists attacked the United States.

fought for civil rights
worked for equality for all Americans

Missouri (River)
Mississippi (River)

USCIS Officers will be supplied with a list of federally recognized American

, Cherokee, Navajo, Sioux, Chippewa, Choctaw, Pueblo,
Apache, Iroquois, Creek, Blackfeet, Seminole, Cheyenne,
Arawak, Shawnee, Mohegan, Huron, Oneida, Lakota,
Crow...and 3 more

Atlantic (Ocean)

Pacific (Ocean)

91. Name one U.S. territory.

QUESTION 91

**92. Name one state that borders
Canada.**

QUESTION 92

**93. Name one state that borders
Mexico.**

QUESTION 93

**94. What is the capital of the United
States?***

QUESTION 94

95. Where is the Statue of Liberty?*

QUESTION 95

96. Why does the flag have 13 stripes?

QUESTION 96

97. Why does the flag have 50 stars?*

QUESTION 97

**98. What is the name of the national
anthem?**

QUESTION 98

**99. When do we celebrate
Independence Day?***

QUESTION 99

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, Pennsylvania,
Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho,
Washington, Alaska

Puerto Rico
U.S. Virgin Islands
American Samoa
Northern Mariana Islands
Guam

Washington, D.C.

California
Arizona
New Mexico
Texas

because there were 13 original colonies
because the stripes represent the original colonies

New York (Harbor)
Liberty Island

Also acceptable are New Jersey, near New York City, and on the Hudson

The Star-Spangled Banner

because there is one star for each state
because each star represents a state
because there are 50 states

July 4