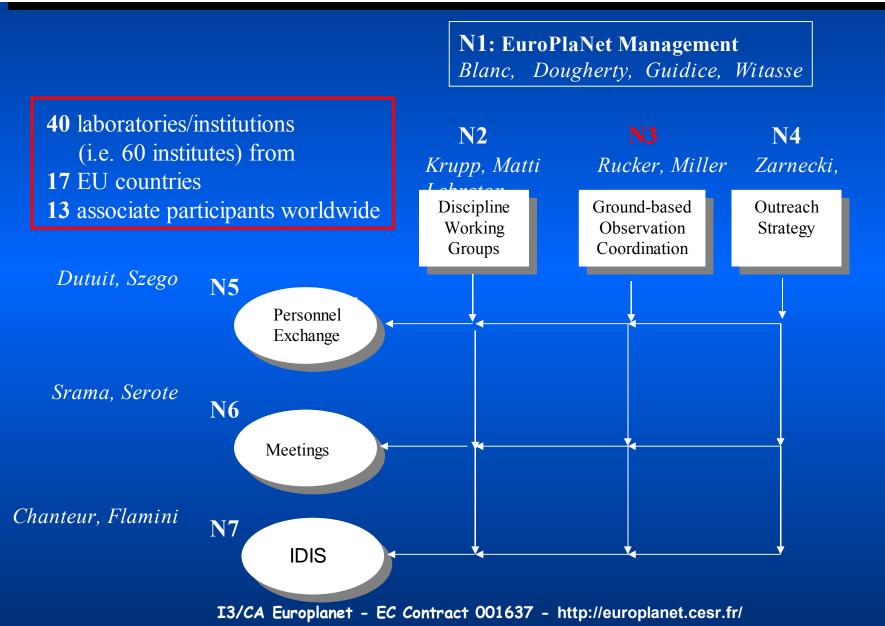
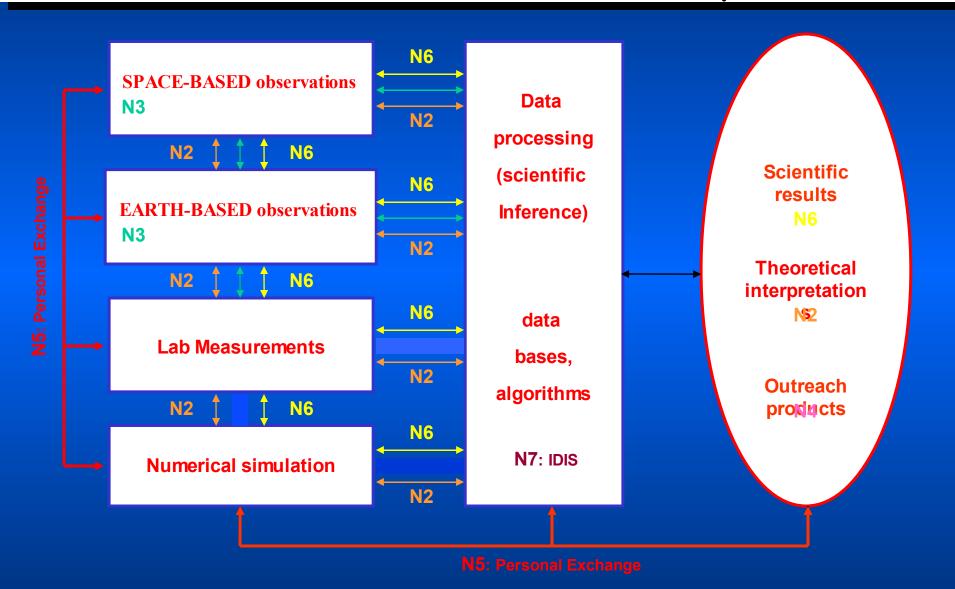


EuroPlaNet Structure and Activities





EuroPlaNet and modern Planetary Science





Participants





















































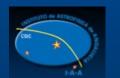
















Royal Observatory Blegium

Astronomical Institute of the Romanian Academy













Planetary Aurorae

1st Workshop on

"Saturn's Aurorae: Magnetospheric Generation and Energy Considerations"

November 25-26, 2005

IWF-OEAW, Graz

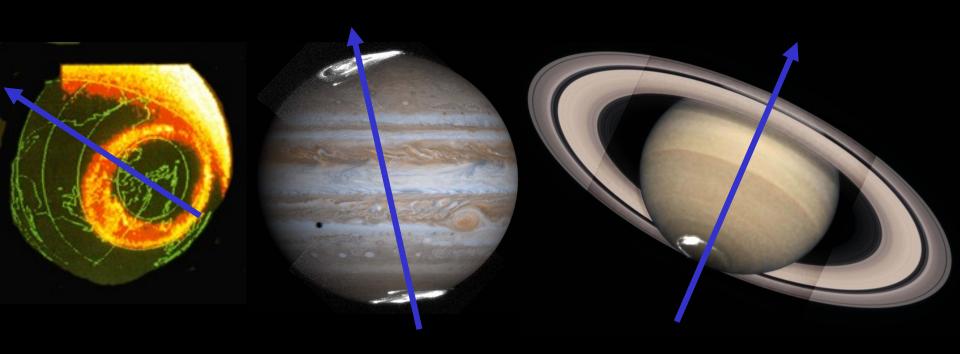
Follow-up workshop: 2nd Strategic Workshop on

"Comparative Aurorae"

Nov 22 - 23, 2006, UCL London

(LOC/SOC: Steve Miller, Helmut O. Rucker et al.)

The Aurora – a fascinating phenomenon at the magnetic poles of planets with a magnetic field



Earth

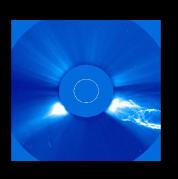
Dynamic Explorer) UV - 130 nm (Courtesy . L. Frank) Jupiter
HST-STIS
UV - 150 nm
(R. Prangé & L Pallier)

Saturn

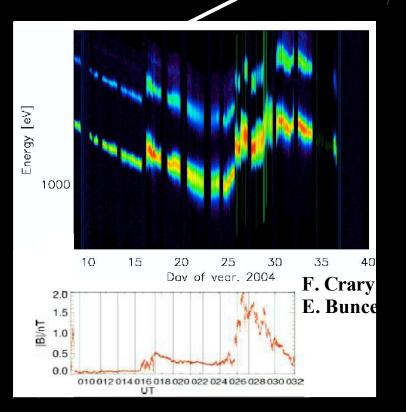
HST-STIS

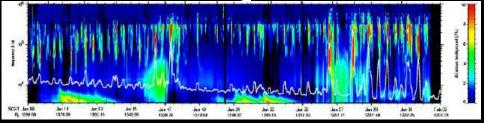
UV - 130 nm

(R. Prangé & L Pallier)

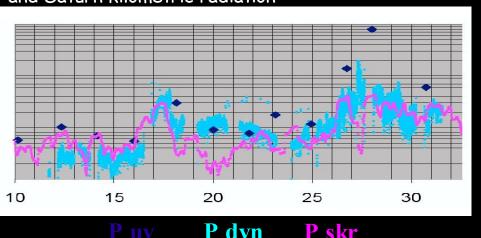


Cassini and HST join in studying the dynamics of the Saturnian aurora





Connection between solar wind ram pressure $_{W.\ Kurth}$ and Saturn kilometric radiation



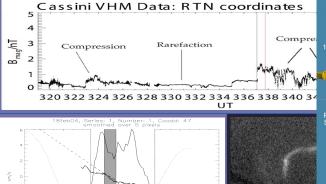


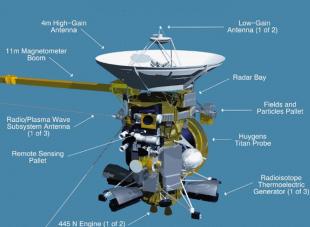
N3: Coordination of Ground-based and Space Observations

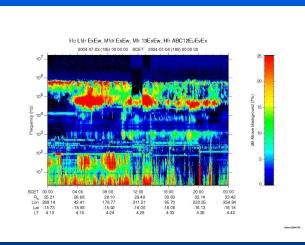
- **Space Mission complementary observations**
 - Ground-based observations of radio and IR emissions to compliment space missions in-situ and remote measurements

(IRTF = Infra Red Telescope Facility Mauna Kea, Hawaii, USA, UCL = University College London)

(RPWS = Radio and Plasma Wave **Science Experiment)**









Web sites

http://europlanet.cesr.fr/ http://europlanet.oeaw.ac.at