# **EPC User's Guide**

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### **Abstract**

The deliverable presents the EPC developed by EURECOM, its configuration, installation testing and running.

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# History

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# **Abbreviations**

3GPP Third Generation Partnership Project.

APN Access Point Name.

CIDR Classless Inter-Domain Routing.

eNB e Node B.

EPC Evolved Packet Core.
EPS Evolved Packet System.

FQDN Fully qualified domain name.

HSS Home Subscriber Server.

IMEI International Mobile Station Equipment Identity.

IMEISV International Mobile Station Equipment Identity Software

Version.

LTE Long Term Evolution.

MME Mobility Management Entity.

MSISDN Mobile Station International Subscriber Directory Number.

NW Network.

P-GW PDN Gateway, Packet Data Network Gateway.

PDN Packet Data Network.

QoS Quality of Service.

SCTP Stream Control Transmission Protocol.

S-GW Serving Gateway.

SIM Subscriber Identity Module.

TCP Transmission Control Protocol.

USIM Universal Subscriber Identity Module.

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# 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Overview

The EURECOM EPC is a bundle of software components that provides the MME, S+P-GW, HSS functions of the LTE core EPC architecture (<a href="http://www.3gpp.org/DynaReport/23002.htm">http://www.3gpp.org/DynaReport/23002.htm</a>).

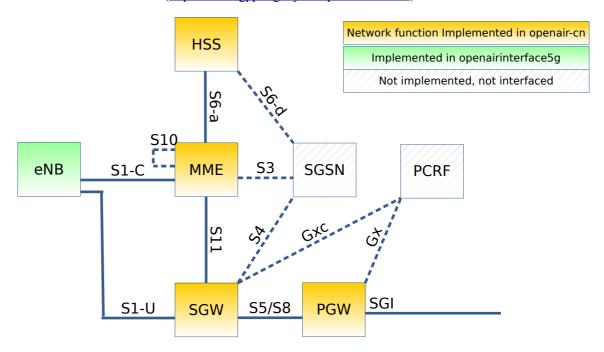


Figure 1 EURECOM core network entities overview

The link to other network entities such as a SGSN, PCRF is actually studied.

# 1.2 Deployment scenario

One deployment scenario is considered with the EURECOM EPC.

Actually the SGW and the PGW are merged together, there is no S5/S8 interfaces between the two functional entities.

The MME is a network entity that can be deployed on its own host or can be co-located with any other LTE network entity (SPGW, HSS). Even if it works we do not recommand the deployment of the MME on a eNB.

The SPGW is a network entity that can be deployed on its own host or can be co-located with the MME or/and with the HSS.

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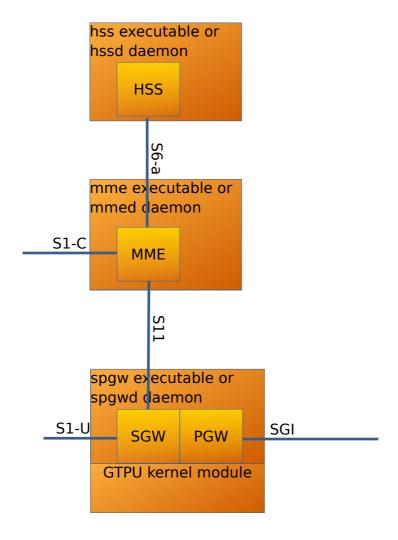


Figure 2 EPC Deployment view

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# 2 EPC Installation

# 2.1 Operating system

The EPC software has only been tested on **UBUNTU 16.04x64** LINUX distribution on Intel x86 64 bits platforms. Actually on the host running the SP-GW, the GTPv1-U implementation **requires** that your host run a **kernel version greater or equal to 4.7**.

### 2.2 EPC source code

### **Important!**

In this document OPENAIRCN\_DIR is the path to the EPC source code top directory (i.e. openair-cn working directory).

It is assumed that you are logged onto your machine(s) as a non root user and you configured your system to be a sudoer user.

The EPC software can be obtained from our git server. You will need a git client to get the sources.

If git is not installed on your computer, execute in a shell the following command (Ubuntu):

```
user@host:~ sudo apt-get install git
```

Configure git with your name/email address (only important if you are developer and want to checkin code to Git):

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
git config --global user.email "Your email address"
```

Add a certificate from gitlab.eurecom.fr to your Ubuntu 16.04 installation (you need to be root user):

```
root@host:~# echo -n | openssl s_client -showcerts -connect gitlab.eurecom.fr:443 2>/dev/null |
sed -ne '/-BEGIN CERTIFICATE-/,/-END CERTIFICATE-/p' >> /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt
```

#### Important!

In this document OPENAIRCN\_DIR is the path to the EPC source code top directory (i.e. openair-cn working directory).

### 2.2.1 Get the code without login

In order to checkout the Git repository (for OAI Users without login to gitlab server) user@host:~ git clone https://gitlab.eurecom.fr/oai/openair-cn.git

### 2.2.2 Get the code with login (contributors)

In order to check out the Git repository (for OAI Developers/admins with login to gitlab server)

Please send an email to <a href="mailto-openair\_tech@eurecom.fr">openair\_tech@eurecom.fr</a> to be added to the repository as a developer (only important for users who want to commit code to the repository). If you do not have an account on gitlab.eurecom.fr, please register yourself to gitlab.eurecom.fr.

#### Checkout with using ssh keys:

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You will need to put your ssh keys in https://gitlab.eurecom.fr/profile/keys to access to the git repo. Once that is done, checkout the git repository using:

git clone git@gitlab.eurecom.fr:oai/openair-cn.git

#### Checkout with user name/password prompt:

git clone <a href="https://YOUR USERNAME@gitlab.eurecom.fr/oai/openair-cn.git">https://YOUR USERNAME@gitlab.eurecom.fr/oai/openair-cn.git</a>

## 2.3 Additional software

Some software installations have to be done prior to build the core network entities.

Please find for information, bellow a summary of third party software included in source tree or that must be installed prior to EPC components compilation.

Installed software	MME entity	S/P-GW entity	HSS entity	Licence
UBUNTU packages	Removed packages:  libgnutls-dev 'libgnutlsxx2?' nettle-dev nettle-bin.  build/dev/debug tools: autoconf automake bison build-essential cmake cmake-curses-gui doxygen doxygen-gui flex gccxml gdb git pkg- config subversion valgrind Kcachegrind.  Network tools: ethtool iperf iproute vlan tshark  Libraries: guile-2.0-dev libconfig8- dev libgcrypt11-dev libgmp-dev libhogweed2 libgtk-3-dev libidn2-0- dev libidn11-dev libpthread-stubs0-dev libssl-dev libtool libxml2 libxml2-dev mscgen openssl python.  Others: check phpmyadmin python-dev python- pexpect unzip	huild/dev/debug tools: autoconf, automake, bison, build-essential, cmake, cmake-curses-gui, doxygen, doxygen-gui, flex, gccxml, gdb, git, pkg-config, subversion.  Removed packages: libgnutls-dev 'libgnutlsxx2?' nettle-dev nettle-bin.	Removed packages: libgnutls-dev 'libgnutlsxx2?' nettle- dev nettle-bin.  build/dev/debug tools: autoconf automake bison build-essential cmake cmake-curses- gui doxygen doxygen- gui flex gdb pkg-config. git subversion.  Libraries: libconfig8-dev libgcrypt11-dev libidn2- 0-dev libidn11-dev libmysqlclient-dev libpthread-stubs0-dev libsst-p1 libsctp-dev libssl-dev libtool mysql- client mysql-server openssl.  Others: phpmyadmin python- pexpect	
Nettle (ftp://ftp.lysator.liu.se /pub/security/lsh/nettl e-2.5.tar.gz)	Yes  Dependancy: autoconf automake buildessential libgmp-dev.	No	Yes	LGPL
Gnutls (ftp://ftp.gnutls.org/g crypt/gnutls/v3.1/gnu tls-3.1.23.tar.xz)	Yes  Dependancy: autoconf automake buildessential libtasn1-6-dev libtasn1-6-dbg libp11-kit0-dbg libtspidev libtspi1 libidn2-0-dev libidn11-dev	No	Yes	LGPLv2.1+

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Installed software	MME entity	S/P-GW entity	HSS entity	Licence
FreeDiameter (http://www.freediam eter.net/hg/freeDiame ter/archive/1.2.0.tar.g z)	Yes  Dependancy: autoconf automake bison build-essential cmake cmake-curses-gui debhelper flex g++ gcc gdb libgcrypt-dev libidn11-dev libmysqlclient-dev libpq- dev libsctp1 libsctp-dev libxml2-dev mercurial python-dev ssl-cert swig	No	Yes	BSD 3 clause license. Check subdirs for copyright informations:  extensions/dict_sip /*  extensions/app_sip /*  extensions/app_rad gw/rgwx_sip.c  extensions/app_dia meap/*  extensions/dict_mip 6a/*  extensions/dict_mip 6i/*  extensions/dict_na s_mipv6/*  extensions/dict_rfc 5777/*
Asn1c	Yes	No	No	BSD 2-Clause
(https://github.com/vl m/asn1c/trunk revision 1516)	Dependancy: autoconf automake bison build-essential flex gcc libtool			Licence
SRC/UTILS/tree.h	Yes	Yes	No	BSD 2-Clause Licence
SRC/UTILS/queue.h	Yes	Yes	No	BSD 3-Clause Licence
SRC/UTILS/LFDS/li blfds6.1.1. (http://liblfds.org/)	Yes	Yes	No	No license
SRC/GTPV2- C/nwgtpv2c-0.11	Yes	Yes	No	Free licence
The Better String Library (http://bstring.sourcef orge.net/)	Yes	Yes	No	BSD 3-Clause Licence
Libgtpnl (http://git.osmocom.o rg/libgtpnl/)	No	Yes	No	GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2.1

Table 2.1: 3<sup>rd</sup> party software

These softwares will mostly be installed by helper scripts, this will be described in following sections.

### 2.4 HSS

# 2.4.1 HSS pre-installation

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, execute the following command:

user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./build\_hss -i

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This command will install the required softwares on your host.

Find bellow some hints for some interactive software installations (mysql-server, phpmyadmin).

### 2.4.1.1 Mysql server installation

Enter here a password for root user, lets call it MS PW ROOT.

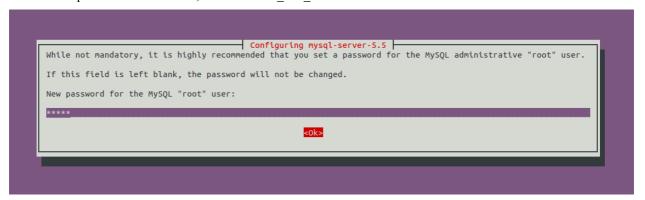


Figure 3 Mysql installation root password

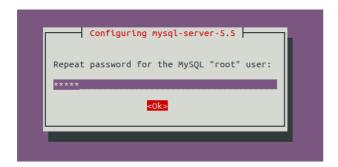


Figure 4 Mysql installation root password repeat

The mysql-server installation process ends here.

### 2.4.1.2 Phpmyadmin installation details

You should prefer the easiest way



Figure 5 Phpmyadmin installation conf DB

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Enter here the MS\_PW\_ROOT.:

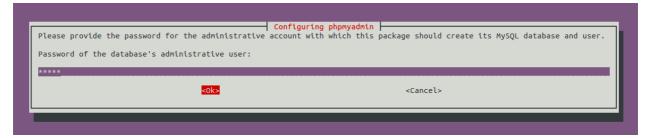


Figure 6 Phpmyadmin installation DB admin password

Please, enter here what will be the phpmyadmin application password, lets call it MS PW PHP:

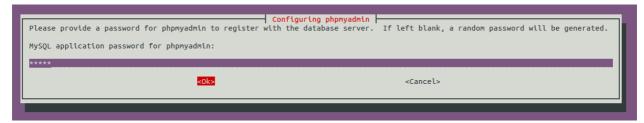


Figure 7 Phpmyadmin installation application password

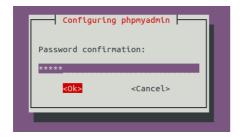


Figure 8 Phpmyadmin installation application password confirmation

Choose the web server that has to be configured: Apache.

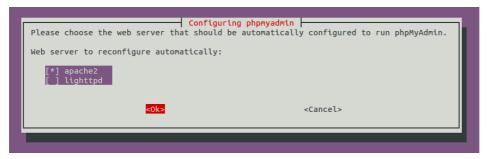


Figure 9 Phpmyadmin installation web server selection

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### 2.4.2 HSS configuration

In this section is described the step by step configuration of the HSS, any parameter can be customized upon your need (mysql server address, mySQL user name, mySQL password, HSS OP key, location of freeDiameter configuration file, realm).

A template of the HSS configuration file can be found at OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/hss.conf. This configuration file follows the libconfig file syntax (<a href="http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig">http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig</a>).

Content of OPENAIRCN DIR/ETC/hss.conf:

```
HSS :
{
## MySQL mandatory options
MYSQL_server = "127.0.0.1";
MYSQL_user = "@MYSQL_user@";
MYSQL_pass = "@MYSQL_pass@";
MYSQL_db = "oai_db";

## HSS options
OPERATOR_key = "1006020f0a478bf6b699f15c062e42b3"; # OP key for oai_db.sql

RANDOM = "true";

## Freediameter options
FD_conf = "/usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter/hss_fd.conf";
};
```

### 2.4.2.1 Step 1

Copy the file OPENAIRCN DIR/ETC/hss.conf in /usr/local/etc/oai directory:

```
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ sudo cp $OPENAIRCN_DIR/ETC/hss.conf \
/usr/local/etc/oai
```

Please take care of the permissions of your hss.conf file.

Then customize your copied HSS configuration file:

Parameter	Type	
MYSQL_server	String	IP address of the MySQL server instance where the HSS DB is stored.
MYSQL_user	String, user login	HSS administrator login, could be "hssadmin".
MYSQL_pass	String, password	HSS administrator password, should be MS_PW_PHP.
MYSQL_db	String, database name	Database name, default is oai_db for EURECOM subscribers.
OPERATOR_key	String	Operator key in plain text. If not OPERATOR_key is provided, OPC wont be refreshed for users (IMSI) in database, this point may be useful if you don't want to show your OPERATOR_key.
RANDOM	String, allowed values "yes", "no".	Default value is "true". Do the authentication outputs can be identically replayed (RANDOM=no) or not (RANDOM=yes). Set false when you want to capture or replay S1-C scenarios.
FD_conf	String	Path to HSS freeDiameter configuration file.

Table 2.2: HSS configuration fields

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#### 2.4.2.2 Step 2

Copy the files OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/hss\_fd.conf, OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/acl.conf in /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter directory:

```
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ sudo cp $OPENAIRCN_DIR/ETC/acl.conf
$OPENAIRCN_DIR/ETC/hss_fd.conf /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter
```

Please take care of the permissions of your configuration files.

Then customize your copied hss\_fd.conf, acl.conf configuration files if necessary, if you follow this document, it should not be necessary, otherwise please refer to freeDiameter documentation.

### 2.4.2.3 Step 3

A FQDN has to be set for the HSS (see hss\_fd.conf). An easy way to do that is to fill this FQDN in the /etc/hosts file:

For example on a host with hostname 'yang':

```
yang@yang:$ cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1 localhost
127.0.1.1 yang.openair4G.eur yang #Your hostname here
127.0.1.1 hss.openair4G.eur hss
```

#### 2.4.2.4 Step 4

#### Generate HSS certificates:

```
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$
./check_hss_s6a_certificate /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter hss.openair4G.eur
```

#### 2.4.3 HSS build

HSS can be built in two different ways: an executable that can run in a controlling terminal, or a daemon that run in the background.

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, depending on the chosen target execute the following command:

```
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ ./build_hss --clean --debug
or
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ ./build_hss --clean --debug --daemon
```

This command will compile the right target oai\_hss or oai\_hssd.

#### 2.4.4 HSS run

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, a helper script called run\_hss is provided for running the HSS.

Here are the run\_hss options:

```
./run_hss -h
Usage: run_hss [OPTION]...
Run the HSS executable (experimental).
```

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```
Options:
```

```
Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.
```

```
-c, --config-file filename Config file to be used by HSS if you don't want to use the default one: /usr/local/etc/oai/hss.conf
```

```
-e, --export-db filename Export current database to a SQL file, file prefix is $OPENAIRCN DIR/SRC/OAI HSS/db. (useful for replaying test scenarios)
```

```
-D, --daemon Run the daemon.
```

-i, --import-db filename Import SQL file to current database, file prefix is \$OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SRC/OAI\_HSS/db. (useful for replaying test scenarios or restoring original database content)

```
-I, --install-hss-files Install HSS config files.

-g, --gdb Run with GDB.

-h, --help Print this help.

-k, --kill Kill the running local HSS.
```

#### 2.4.4.1 First run

#### 2.4.4.1.1 Customize HSS database content

SQL operations (display, update, export, etc) can be done easily with the help of phpMyAdmin, you have to open the following URL with your browser: <a href="http://yourhsshost/phpmyadmin">http://yourhsshost/phpmyadmin</a>.

Otherwise you can use any other MySQL tool, script compatible with MySQL.

The steps for adding a subscriber are the following:

```
- Add your MME(s) in table mmeidentity
```

```
- Add subscriber(s) in table users
```

```
user.imsi=IMSI of your USIM.
```

user.msisdn= MSISDN of your USIM (unused).

users.imei=NULL

users.imei sv=NULL

users.ms\_ps\_status='PURGED'

users.rau tau timer=120

users.ue\_ambr\_ul=50000000

users.ue ambr dl=100000000

users.access restriction=47

users.mme\_cap=0

users.mmeidentity\_idmmeidentity='your MME key'

users.RFSP-Index=1

users.urrp mme=0

users.sqn='your USIM programmed SQN'

users.rand=0

users.OPc='the OPc key' (will be computed by the oai hss executable)

- Add subscriber(s) in table pdn.

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### **Table mmeidentity:**

### Structure:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
idmmeidentity	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
mmehost	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	
mmerealm	varchar(200)	YES		NULL	
UE-Reachability	tinyint(1)	NO		NULL	

Table 2.3: SQL Table structure mmeidentity

Column idmmeIdentity is the primary key of a MME.

Column mmehost contains the FQDN of a MME.

Column mmerealm contains the realm of a MME.

### Example of content:

+-	idmmeidentity	mmehost	+   mmerealm +	+   UE-Reachability +	+
	1	yang.openair4G.eur   ng40-erc.openair4G.eur   ABEILLE.openair4G.eur	openair4G.eur openair4G.eur openair4G.eur	0 0 0	-         +

# Table pdn:

This table contains mainly the association between a subscriber (users\_imsi) and a APN (apn), and its QOS parameters.

### Structure:

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
apn	varchar(60)	NO		NULL	
pdn_type	enum('IPv4','IPv6','IPv4v6','IPv4_or_IPv6')	NO		NULL	
pdn_ipv4	varchar(15)	YES		NULL	0.0.0.0
pdn_ipv6	varchar(45)	YES		NULL	0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
aggregate_ambr_ul	int(10) unsigned	YES		50000000	
aggregate_ambr_dl	int(10) unsigned	YES		100000000	
pgw_id	int(11)	NO	PRI	NULL	
users_imsi	varchar(15)	NO	PRI		
qci	tinyint(3) unsigned	NO		9	
priority_level	tinyint(3) unsigned	NO		15	
pre_emp_cap	enum('ENABLED','DISABLED')	YES		DISABLED	
pre_emp_vul	enum('ENABLED','DISABLED')	YES		DISABLED	
LIPA-Permissions	<pre>enum('LIPA-prohibited','LIPA-only','LIPA- conditional')</pre>	YES		LIPA-only	

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## Table 2.4: SQL Table structure pdn

Column id is the primary key of a pdn entry.

Column pdn type contains the type of PDN, actually only IPv4 is supported.

Column pdn\_ipv4 contains the IPv4 address of the PDN (unused).

Column pdn ipv6 contains the IPv6 address of the PDN (unused).

Column aggregate\_ambr\_ul TODO

Column aggregate\_ambr\_dl TODO

Column pgw\_id TODO

Column users\_imsi TODO

Column qci TODO

Column priority\_level TODO

Column pre\_emp\_capability TODO

Column pre emp vulnerability TODO

Column LIPA\_Permissions TODO

### Table users

This table contains mainly the informations about a subscriber: its IMSI, IMEI, key LTE K, SQN, operator key OP, QOS parameters, the last known MME identity where the subscriber registered.

#### Structure:

Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
varchar(15)	NO	PRI	NULL	
varchar(46)	YES		NULL	
varchar(15)	YES		NULL	
varchar(2)	YES		NULL	
enum('PURGED','NOT_PURGED')	YES		PURGED	
int(10) unsigned	YES		120	
bigint(20) unsigned	YES		50000000	
bigint(20) unsigned	YES		100000000	
int(10) unsigned	YES		60	
int(10) unsigned zerofill	YES		NULL	
int(11)	NO	PRI	0	
varbinary(16)	NO		0	
smallint(5) unsigned	NO		1	
tinyint(1)	NO		0	
bigint(20) unsigned zerofill	NO		NULL	
varbinary(16)	NO		NULL	
varbinary(16)	YES		NULL	
	varchar(15)  varchar(46)  varchar(2)  enum('PURGED','NOT_PURGED')  int(10) unsigned  bigint(20) unsigned  bigint(20) unsigned  int(10) unsigned  int(10) unsigned  int(11)  varbinary(16)  smallint(5) unsigned  tinyint(1)  bigint(20) unsigned zerofill  varbinary(16)	varchar(15)  varchar(46)  varchar(15)  varchar(15)  varchar(2)  enum('PURGED','NOT_PURGED')  int(10) unsigned  bigint(20) unsigned  yES  bigint(20) unsigned  yES  int(10) unsigned  yES  int(10) unsigned  yES  int(10) unsigned  yES  int(10) unsigned  vES  int(10) unsigned zerofill  NO  smallint(5) unsigned  tinyint(1)  bigint(20) unsigned zerofill  NO  varbinary(16)  NO	varchar(15)  varchar(46)  varchar(15)  varchar(15)  varchar(2)  enum('PURGED','NOT_PURGED')  int(10) unsigned  bigint(20) unsigned  yES  bigint(20) unsigned  yES  int(10) unsigned  ves  int(11)  NO  PRI  varbinary(16)  NO  bigint(20) unsigned zerofill  NO  varbinary(16)  NO  varbinary(16)  NO	varchar(15)         NO         PRI         NULL           varchar(46)         YES         NULL           varchar(15)         YES         NULL           varchar(2)         YES         NULL           enum('PURGED','NOT_PURGED')         YES         PURGED           int(10) unsigned         YES         50000000           bigint(20) unsigned         YES         50000000           int(10) unsigned         YES         60           int(10) unsigned zerofill         YES         NULL           int(11)         NO         PRI         0           varbinary(16)         NO         0         1           tinyint(1)         NO         0         NULL           varbinary(16)         NO         NULL         NULL

Table 2.5: SQL Table structure users

### TODO column description.

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### 2.4.4.2 Later runs

By default (otherwise you know what you are doing) for all following runs of the HSS, use: user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./run\_hss or user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./run\_hss --daemon

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### 2.5 MME

### 2.5.1 MME pre-installation

In OPENAIRCN DIR/SCRIPTS directory, execute the following command:

user@mme-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./build\_mme -i

This command will install the required softwares on your host.

### 2.5.2 MME configuration

A template of the MME configuration file can be found at OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/mme.conf. This configuration file follows the libconfig file syntax (<a href="http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig">http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig</a>).

### 2.5.2.1 Step 1

Copy the file OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/mme.conf in /usr/local/etc/oai directory:

```
user@mme_host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter
user@mme_host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ sudo cp $OPENAIRCN_DIR/ETC/mme.conf
/usr/local/etc/oai
```

Please take care of the permissions of your mme.conf file.

Then customize your copied MME configuration file:

#### 2.5.2.2 MME section

Parameter	Туре	
REALM	String	Diameter realm of the MME, default is openair4G.eur.
MAXENB	Num/Integer	Maximum number of eNB that can connect to MME.
MAXUE	Num/Integer	For debug purpose, used to restrict the number of served UEs the MME can handle.
RELATIVE_CAPACITY	Num/Integer	Even though this parameter is not used by the MME for controlling the MME load balancing within a pool (at least for now), the parameter has to be forwarded to the eNB during association procedure. Values going from 0 to 255, (Default value is 15)
MME_STATISTIC_TIMER	Num/Integer	Displayed statistic period in logs.
EMERGENCY_ATTACH_SUPPORTED	String	Actually only "no" is supported
UNAUTHENTICATED_IMSI_SUPPORTED	String	Actually only "no" is supported
EPS_NETWORK_FEATURE_SUPPORT_IMS_V OICE_OVER_PS_SESSION_IN_S1	String	Actually only "no" is supported
EPS_NETWORK_FEATURE_SUPPORT_EMER GENCY_BEARER_SERVICES_IN_S1_MODE	String	Actually only "no" is supported
EPS_NETWORK_FEATURE_SUPPORT_LOCA TION_SERVICES_VIA_EPC	String	Actually only "no" is supported
EPS_NETWORK_FEATURE_SUPPORT_EXTE NDED_SERVICE_REQUEST	String	Actually only "no" is supported

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IP_CAPABILITY	String	Actually	only	IPV4	is	supported,	(Choice	between	IPV4,	IPV4V6,
		IPV4ORV	<b>'</b> 6)							

Table 2.6: MME configuration main section

## 2.5.2.2.1 INTERTASK\_INTERFACE subsection

Parameter	Type	
ITTI_QUEUE_SIZE	Num/Integer	Upper bound for the message queue size expressed in bytes (all messages exchanged by tasks have the same size). Restrict the number of messages in queues or detect a possible MME overload.

Table 2.7: MME configuration subsection ITTI

### **2.5.2.2.2 S6A subsection**

Parameter	Туре	
S6A_CONF	String	FreeDiameter MME config file path, default value is "/usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter/mme_fd.conf".
HSS_HOSTNAME	String	HSS hostname, default value is "hss".

Table 2.8: MME configuration subsection S6a

### 2.5.2.2.3 SCTP subsection

Parameter	Туре	
SCTP_INSTREAMS	Num/Integer	Maximum number of SCTP input streams allowed for a S1-C connection.
SCTP_OUTSTREAMS	Num/Integer	Maximum number of SCTP output streams allowed for a S1-C connection.

Table 2.9: MME configuration subsection SCTP

### 2.5.2.2.4 S1AP subsection

Parameter	Type	
S1AP_OUTCOME_TIMER	Num/Integer	Once an outcome is sent from MME to eNB, the MME locally starts a timer to abort the procedure and release UE context if the expected answer to this outcome is not received at the expiry of this timer. This timer is expressed in seconds. (Default value = 5 seconds)

Table 2.10: MME configuration subsection S1AP

### 2.5.2.2.5 GUMMEI LIST subsection

This section contains the GUMMEIs of the MME, actually only one GUMMEI is supported.

|--|

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{MCC, MNC,	String/String/String	Mobile country code of GUMMEI, Mobile network code of GUMMEI, MME group ID
MME_GID,		of GUMMEI, MME code of GUMMEI
MME_CODE}		

Table 2.11: MME configuration subsection GUMMEI

### 2.5.2.2.6 TAI LIST subsection

The content of this section should be consistent with content of GUMMEI LIST section (MCC/MNC)

Parameter	Туре	
{MCC/MNC/TAC}	String/String/String	Each entry of the list is a triplet of a MCC, MNC and TAC. There can be up to 16 tracking areas identity set in this list. Actually we do not support shared networks, so the MCC/MNC field should all be equal among the list

Table 2.12: MME configuration subsection TAI LIST

### 2.5.2.2.7 NAS subsection

Parameter	Туре	
ORDERED_SUPPORTED_INTEGRITY_ALGORITHM_LIST	Array of String	Preference list in decreasing order of supported integrity algorithms, actually supported integrity algorithms are EIA0, EIA1, EIA2
ORDERED_SUPPORTED_CIPHERING_ALGORITHM_LIST	Array of String	Preference list in decreasing order of supported integrity algorithms, actually supported integrity algorithms are EEA0, EEA1, EEA2
T3402	Num/Integer	EMM timer, duration in minutes.
T3412	Num/Integer	EMM timer, duration in minutes.
T3422	Num/Integer	EMM timer, duration in seconds.
T3450	Num/Integer	EMM timer, duration in seconds.
T3460	Num/Integer	EMM timer, duration in seconds.
T3470	Num/Integer	EMM timer, duration in seconds.
T3485	Num/Integer	ESM timer, duration in seconds.
T3486	Num/Integer	ESM timer, duration in seconds, unused (TODO).
T3489	Num/Integer	ESM timer, duration in seconds, unused (TODO).
T3495	Num/Integer	ESM timer, duration in seconds, unused (TODO).
FORCE_REJECT_TAU	String, allowed values "yes", "no".	Choose "yes": NAS TAU message is actually not implemented.
FORCE_REJECT_SR	String, allowed values "yes", "no".	Choose "yes": NAS ServiceRequest message is actually not implemented.
DISABLE_ESM_INFORMATION_PROCEDURE	String, allowed values "yes", "no".	Prevent the triggering of the ESM information procedure if needed (have to state a bug in ESM procedure ?).

Table 2.13: MME configuration subsection NAS

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# 2.5.2.2.8 Network interfaces subsection

Parameter	Туре	
MME_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S1_MME	String	Interface name for S1-MME (S1-C), this interface name can be a real ethernet interface or a virtual ethernet interface. The script run_mme can configure it and bring it up if you provide the -i/set-nw-interfaces option.
MME_IPV4_ADDRESS_FOR_S1_MME	String, CIDR	Binded address for S1-MME
MME_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S11_MME	String	Interface name for S11, this interface name can be a real ethernet interface or a virtual ethernet interface. The script run_mme can configure it and bring it up if you provide the -i/set-nw-interfaces option.
MME_IPV4_ADDRESS_FOR_S11_MME	String, CIDR	Binded address for S11.
MME_PORT_FOR_S11_MME	Num/Integer	Binded port for S11.

Table 2.14: MME configuration subsection Network Interfaces

# 2.5.2.2.9 Logging subsection

Parameter	Туре	
OUTPUT	String	choice in { "CONSOLE", "UNBUFFERED_CONSOLE", "`path to file`", "'IPv4@): `TCP port num`"}.  Choise "CONSOLE" means that logs go to STDOUT, STDERR in a manner that even if multiple concurrent threads dump a lot of logs, traces cannot overlap (the cost here is that we need buffering).  Choice "UNBUFFERED_CONSOLE" means that logs go directly to STDOUT, STDERR, traces may overlap.  Choice "path to file`", for example "/tmp/mme.log" is a file receiving the dump of logs without overlaping traces.  Choice "`IPv4@): TCP port num`" (for example "192.168.12.17:6789") dump the logs towards a TCP server. The logs cat be easily displayed or dumped into a file with netcat (nc -kl 6789).
COLOR	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" } means use of ANSI styling codes or no. TODO
SCTP_LOG_LEVEL	String	Log level choice in { "EMERGENCY", "ALERT", "CRITICAL", "ERROR", "WARNING", "NOTICE", "INFO", "DEBUG", "TRACE"}
S11_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
GTPV2C_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
UDP_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
S1AP_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
NAS_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
MME_APP_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
S6A_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
SECU_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
UTIL_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
MSC_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
ITTI_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
XML_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
MME_SCENARIO_PLAYER_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
ASN1_VERBOSITY	String	Choice in {"none", "info", "annoying"}

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### Table 2.15: MME configuration subsection Network Interfaces

#### 2.5.2.2.10 SGW List Selection section

The SGW selection is not implemented yet, so we need a mechanism that emulates the selection.

Parameter	Туре	
S-GW_LIST_SELECTION	String, String	Each entry of the list is a pair of ID and IP address.  ID="tac-lb <i>lowbyte</i> .tac-
		hb <i>highbyte</i> .tac.epc.mnc <i>mnc</i> .mcc <i>mcc</i> .3gppnetwork.org"

Table 2.16: MME configuration section SGW List Selection

### 2.5.2.3 Step 2

Copy the file OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/mme\_fd.conf in /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter directory:
user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter

user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ sudo cp \$OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/mme\_fd.conf
/usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter

Please take care of the permissions of your configuration files.

Then customize your copied mme\_fd.conf configuration files (Identity value, realm), please refer to freeDiameter documentation.

### 2.5.2.4 Step 3

A FQDN has to be set for the MME (see mme\_fd.conf). An easy way to do that is to set this FQDN in the /etc/hosts file:

For example on a host with hostname 'yang':

```
yang@yang:$ cat /etc/hosts

127.0.0.1 localhost

127.0.1.1 yang.openair4G.eur yang # MME host

127.0.1.1 hss.openair4G.eur hss # HSS located on MME host
```

#### 2.5.3 MME build

MME can be built in two different ways: an executable that can run in a controlling terminal, or a daemon that run in the background.

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, depending on the chosen target execute the following command:

```
user@mme-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ ./build_mme --clean
or
user@mme-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ ./build_mme --clean --daemon
```

This command will compile the right target oai\_mme or oai\_mmed.

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### 2.5.4 Before MME first run

Prior the first run of the MME, you will have to generate certificates:

user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./run\_mme --daemon

user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$./check\_mme\_s6a\_certificate
/usr/local/etc/oai/freeDiameter yang.openair4G.eur

### 2.5.5 MME run

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, a helper script called run\_mme is provided for running the MME. user@hss-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./run\_mme or

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# 2.6 **SP\_GW**

#### 2.6.1 SP-GW pre-installation

First install a 4.7 (up to 4.9) Linux kernel from source from kernel.org, patch it, then select gtp to be compiled as a module, and install the kernel and modules and boot on the 4.7 kernel

For example only:

root@spgw-host:/usr/src cd /usr/src

root@spgw-host:/usr/src wget https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v4.x/linux-4.7.10.tar.xz

root@spgw-host:/usr/src tar xf linux-4.7.10.tar.xz

root@spgw-host:/usr/src cd linux-4.7.10

 $\underline{root@spgw-host}: \\ \text{usr/src/linux-4.7.10 patch -p1} < \text{$OPENAIRCN\_DIR/BUILD/TOOLS/kernel4.7-GTPv1U-LTE-dedicated-bearer.v0.patch}$ 

- → patching file drivers/net/gtp.c
- → patching file include/uapi/linux/gtp.h

root@spgw-host:/usr/src/linux-4.7.10 make oldconfig

- → HOSTCC scripts/basic/fixdep
- → HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/conf.o
- → SHIPPED scripts/kconfig/zconf.tab.c
- → SHIPPED scripts/kconfig/zconf.lex.c
- → SHIPPED scripts/kconfig/zconf.hash.c
- → HOSTCC scripts/kconfig/zconf.tab.o
- → HOSTLD scripts/kconfig/conf
- → scripts/kconfig/conf --oldconfig Kconfig

...

in .config, check that gtp is built as a module : CONFIG GTP=m

root@spgw-host:/usr/src/linux-4.7.10 make -j`nproc`

root@spgw-host:/usr/src/linux-4.7.10 make modules install

root@spgw-host:/usr/src/linux-4.7.10 make install

Reboot your host on the installed kernel.

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, execute the following command:

```
user@spgw-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS$ ./build spgw -i
```

This command will install the required softwares on your host.

### 2.6.2 SP-GW configuration

A template of the SP-GW configuration file can be found at OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/spgw.conf. This configuration file follows the libconfig file syntax (<a href="http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig">http://www.hyperrealm.com/libconfig</a>).

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### 2.6.2.1 Step 1 Copy SPGW configuration file

Copy the file OPENAIRCN\_DIR/ETC/spgw.conf in /usr/local/etc/oai directory:

user@spgw-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ sudo mkdir -p /usr/local/etc/oai
user@spgw-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ sudo cp
\$OPENAIRCN DIR/ETC/spgw.conf /usr/local/etc/oai

Please take care of the permissions of your spgw.conf file.

Then customize your copied SP-GW configuration file:

### 2.6.2.2 Step 2 Customize SGW section in SPGW configuration file

### 2.6.2.2.1 Network interfaces subsection

Parameter	Туре	
SGW_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S11	String	Interface name for S11.
SGW_IPV4_ADDRESS_FOR_S11	String, CIDR notation	Binded address for S11.
SGW_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S1U_S12_S4_UP	String	Interface name for S1-U, this interface name can be a real ethernet interface or a virtual ethernet interface. The script run_spgw can configure it and bring it up if you provide the -i/set-nw-interfaces option.
SGW_IPV4_ADDRESS_FOR_S1U_S12_S4_UP	String, CIDR notation	Binded address for S1-U
SGW_IPV4_PORT_FOR_S1U_S12_S4_UP	Num/Integer	Port number for S1-U (IANA), Should be 2152
SGW_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S5_S8_UP	String,	Interface name for S5 or S8, set to "none" because unused
SGW_IPV4_ADDRESS_FOR_S5_S8_UP	String, CIDR notation	Binded address for S5 or S8, set to 0.0.0.0/xx because unused

Table 2.17: S-GW configuration subsection Network Interfaces

### 2.6.2.2.2 INTERTASK\_INTERFACE subsection

Parameter	Type	
ITTI_QUEUE_SIZE	Num/Integer	Upper bound for the message queue size expressed in bytes (all messages exchanged by tasks have the same size). Restrict the number of messages in queues or detect a possible overload.

Table 2.18: MME configuration subsection ITTI

### 2.6.2.2.3 Logging subsection

Parameter	Туре	
OUTPUT	String	choice in { "CONSOLE", "SYSLOG", "`path to file`", "`IPv4@`:`TCP port num`"}.  Choise "CONSOLE" means that logs go to STDOUT, STDERR.  Choice "`path to file`", for example "/tmp/spgw.log" is a file receiving the dump of logs.  Choice "`IPv4@`:`TCP port num`" (for example "192.168.12.18:6789") dump the logs towards a TCP server. The logs cat be easily displayed or dumped into a file with netcat (nc -kl 6789).

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THREAD_SAFE	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" }, yes means that logs cannot overlaps on output.
COLOR	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" } means use of ANSI styling codes or no. TODO
ASYNC_SYSTEM	String	Log level choice in { "EMERGENCY", "ALERT", "CRITICAL", "ERROR", "WARNING", "NOTICE", "INFO", "DEBUG", "TRACE"}
UDP_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
GTPV1U_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
GTPV2C_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
SPGW_APP_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
S11_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
UTIL_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above
ITTI_LOG_LEVEL	String	Idem as above

Table 2.19: MME configuration subsection Network Interfaces

# 2.6.2.3 Step 3 Customize PGW section in SPGW configuration file

### **2.6.2.3.1 Main section**

Parameter	Туре	
DEFAULT_DNS_IPV4_ADDRESS	String, IPv4 dot decimal	IPv4 address of primary default DNS that can be queried by UEs
DEFAULT_DNS_SEC_IPV4_ADDRE SS	String, IPv4 dot decimal	IPv4 address of secondary default DNS that can be queried by UEs
FORCE_PUSH_PROTOCOL_CONFI GURATION_OPTIONS	String	Non standard feature, normally should be set to "no", but you may need to set to yes for UE that do not explicitly request a PDN address through NAS signalling, MTU, DNS are also pushed even if not requested.
UE_MTU	Integer	UE MTU to be pushed in protocol configuration options if option  "FORCE_PUSH_PROTOCOL_CONFIGURATION_OPTIONS" is set  to "yes"
GTPV1U_REALIZATION	String	Choice between "NO_GTP_KERNEL_AVAILABLE", "GTP_KERNEL MODULE", "GTP_KERNEL".  NO_GTP_KERNEL_AVAILABLE can be set if you don't have the GTP module available on your host (you focus only on signalling in the EPC), you don't care about user traffic.  GTP_KERNEL_MODULE is the default option, you have to set it if you want the LTE UE be able to send/receive internet traffic.  GTP_KERNEL should be used if you run the SPGW in a virtual machine, the GTP Kernel module being loaded on the host.

Table 2.20: P-GW configuration main section

### 2.6.2.3.2 Network interfaces section

Parameter	Type	
PGW_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S5_S8	String	Interface name for S5 or S8, "none" because unused
PGW_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_SGI	String	Interface name for SGi
PGW_MASQUERADE_SGI	String	Should outgoing UE IPv4 traffic be masqueraded (source NAT), "yes" or "no".
UE_TCP_MSS_CLAMPING	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" }, "yes" should be choose if you are unable to set the MTU on the S1U path to a value greater or equal to 1536.  If set to "yes", then PGW_INTERFACE_NAME_FOR_S5_S8 should be

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Table 2.21: P-GW configuration subsection Network Interfaces

#### 2.6.2.3.3 IP Address Pool section

Parameter	Туре	
IPV4_LIST	String, CIDR notation	List of IPv4 netmasks that designate a list of available IPv4 addresses for Ues.
		Actually only one pool of IP addresses is supported.

Table 2.22: P-GW configuration subsection IP Address Pool Selection

### **2.6.2.3.4 PCEF section**

No GX interface is actually implemented on the PGW. Actually MME do not support flow aggregation.

Parameter	Type	
PCEF_ENABLED	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" }, always put "yes".
TRAFFIC_SHAPPING_ENABLED	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" }, not implemented.
TCP_ECN_ENABLED	String	Choice in { "yes", "no" }, set TCP_ECN in kernel if set "yes".
AUTOMATIC_PUSH_DEDICATED_BEARER_PCC_RULE	Integer	Choice in {0, [SDF_ID min, SDF_ID max]}.
		Choice $0$ mean no automatic push of dedicated bearer after default bearer is established.
		Other valid choice is a valid service data flow identifier assigned to the dedicated bearer.
DEFAULT_BEARER_STATIC_PCC_RULE	Integer	Choice in [SDF_ID min, SDF_ID max].
		Service data flow identifier for the default bearer.
PUSH_STATIC_PCC_RULES	List of	List of any value in [SDF_ID min, SDF_ID max].
	Integers	Service data flows active. Should be consistent with AUTOMATIC_PUSH_DEDICATED_BEARER_PCC_RULE choice and DEFAULT_BEARER_STATIC_PCC_RULE choice.

Table 2.23: P-GW configuration subsection PCEF

### 2.6.3 SPGW run

In OPENAIRCN\_DIR/SCRIPTS directory, a helper script called run\_spgw is provided for running the SPGW. user@spgw-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./run\_spgw or user@spgw-host:~/openair-cn/SCRIPTS\$ ./run\_spgw --daemon

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# 3 Supported scenarios in EPC

### 3.1 E-UTRAN Initial attach

#### 3.1.1 Attach with IMSI

TODO Add MSCGEN SEQ diagram

#### 3.1.2 Attach with GUTI

TODO Add MSCGEN SEQ diagram

# 3.2 Tracking Area Update procedures

TODO Add MSCGEN SEQ diagram

# 3.3 Routing Area Update procedures

Not supported yet.

# 3.4 Service Request procedures

### 3.4.1 UE triggered Service Request

TODO Add MSCGEN SEQ diagram

### 3.4.2 Network triggered Service Request

Not supported yet.

# 3.5 S1 Release procedure

TODO Add MSCGEN SEQ diagram

# 3.6 GUTI Reallocation procedure

Not supported yet.

# 3.7 Detach procedure

### 3.7.1 UE-Initiated Detach procedure for E-UTRAN

TODO Add MSCGEN SEQ diagram

### 3.7.2 MME-Initiated Detach procedure for E-UTRAN

## 3.7.3 HSS-Initiated Detach procedure for E-UTRAN

Not supported.

# 3.8 HSS User Profile management function procedure

Not supported.

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# 3.9 Bearer deactivation

## 3.9.1 PDN GW initiated bearer deactivation

Not supported

## 3.9.2 MME initiated Dedicated Bearer Deactivation

Not supported yet

# 3.10 Intra E-UTRAN handover

Not supported yet

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# 4 Annex A: Tools for observing, debugging.

### 4.1 Wireshark/tshark

You can launch wireshark instances on S1 (filter s1ap, gtpu), S6A (filter diameter, if TCP is the underlying protocol, you can select a TCP packet relative to the DIAMETER exchange and the select decode as DIAMETER).

# 4.2 Mscgen

Extract from <a href="http://www.mcternan.me.uk/mscgen/">http://www.mcternan.me.uk/mscgen/</a>: "Mscgen is a small program that parses Message Sequence Chart descriptions and produces PNG, SVG, EPS or server side image maps (ismaps) as the output. Message Sequence Charts (MSCs) are a way of representing entities and interactions over some time period"..." Mscgen aims to provide a simple text language that is clear to create, edit and understand, which can also be transformed into common image formats for display or printing."...

Openair use mscgen to offer another view of events (SDUs, timers, etc) that happens inside an executable and also (still under development) PDUs exchanged between protocol entities.

Openair HSS don't have the msgen feature.

#### Important:

Check that mscgen traces are configured for being generated (CFLAG MESSAGE\_CHART\_GENERATOR set to true in OPENAIRCN\_DIR/BUILD/MME/CMakeLists.template)

You have to instruct the mme executable to dump the ITTI messages to a file with the argument -m <code>path\_to\_directory</code>. The mscgen files will be located under the specified directory, in a directory containing the time of the generated traces (text and png files).

Example:

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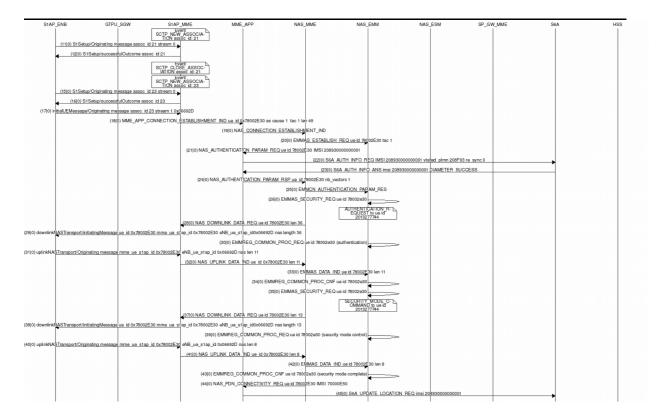


Figure 9 Mscgen output example

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