

# Bio-Inspired Distributed Sensing for Improved Flight Control

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# Overview

## Introduction

Motivation

Research Problem

## Research at UoB

Previous Research

Current Research

Preliminary Results

## Concluding Remarks & Further Work

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## Motivation

- ❖ Current UAV autopilot technologies
- ❖ Challenges
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- Inertial
- Single point air speed
- GPS
- Vision

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- ❖ Current UAV autopilot technologies
  - Intrinsic nonlinear dynamics
  - Classic control strategies limitations
  - Limitations of inertial controls
- ❖ Challenges
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### Potential applications

- Availability of aerodynamic variables
  - Improved flight dynamics model
  - Stall detection
- Earlier gust detection
  - Gust rejection/alleviation
- Localised information
  - Localised control
  - Load tailoring

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Use force and flow sensing to improve performance of UAVs flight control systems.

To achieve this we aim to:

- ☛ Develop distributed force and flow a sensing system for a small scale fixed wing UAV
- ☛ Integrate force and flow sensing into conventional flight control system architecture
- ☛ Measure response of systems to controlled and natural turbulence
- ☛ Develop advanced reflexive flight control system

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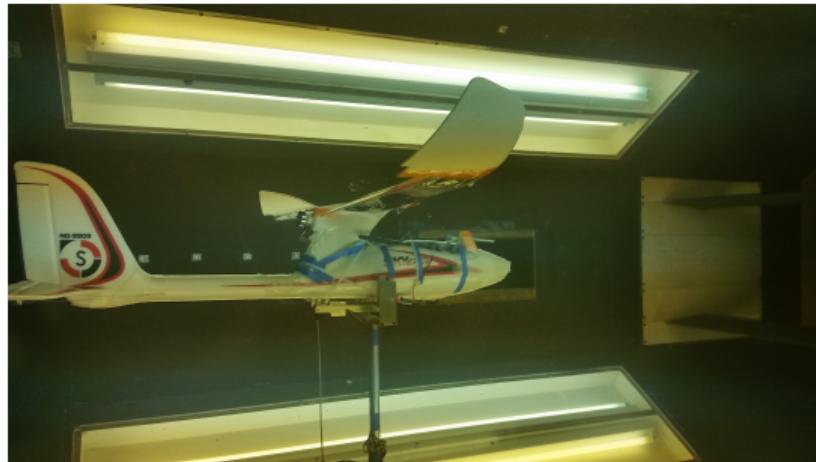
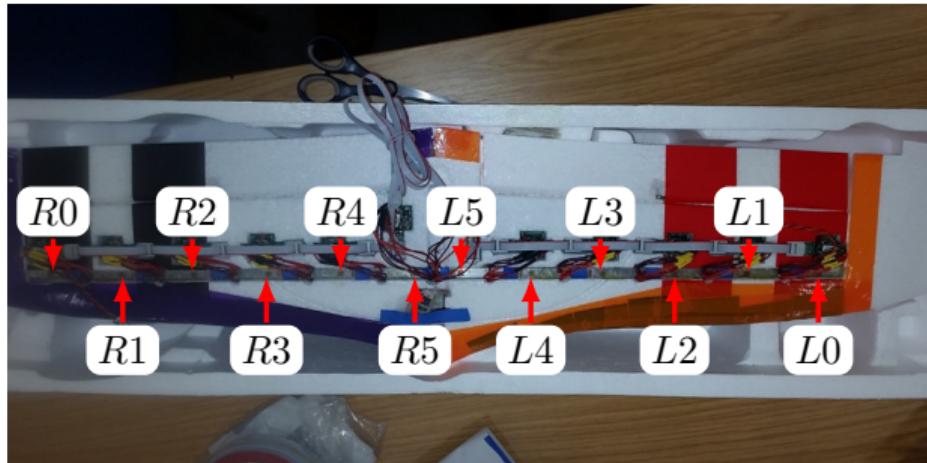


Figure: Strain sensing platform

- ❖ 12 full-bridge strain gauges and amplifiers distributed along spar of wing
- ❖ Wind tunnel characterisation
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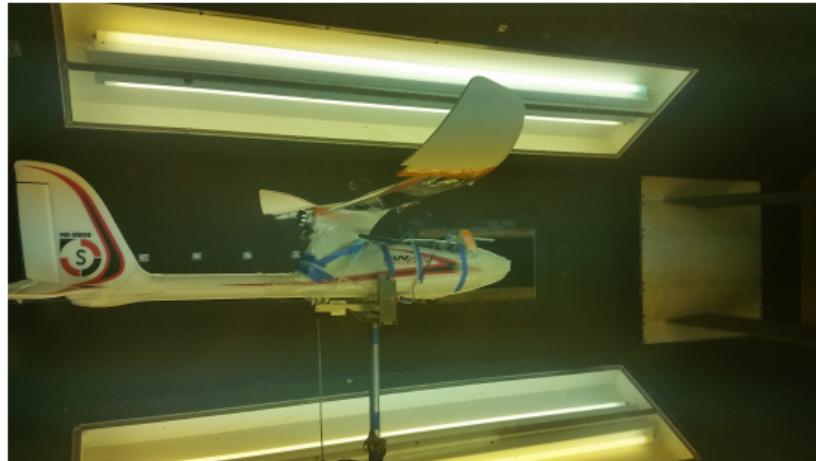
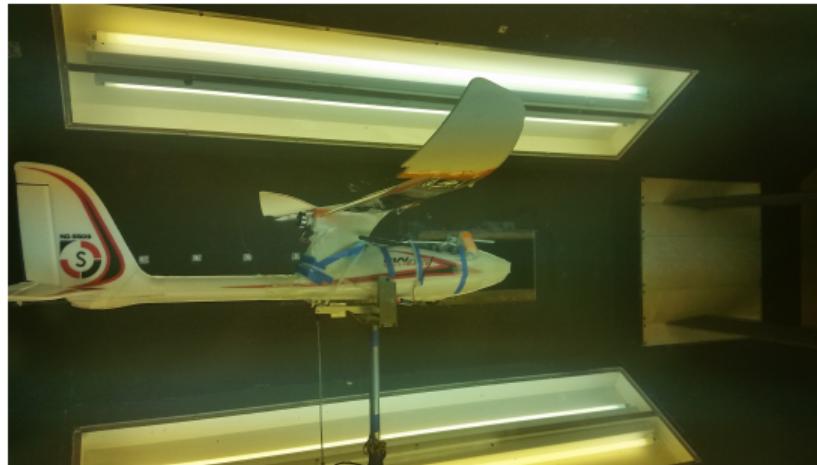


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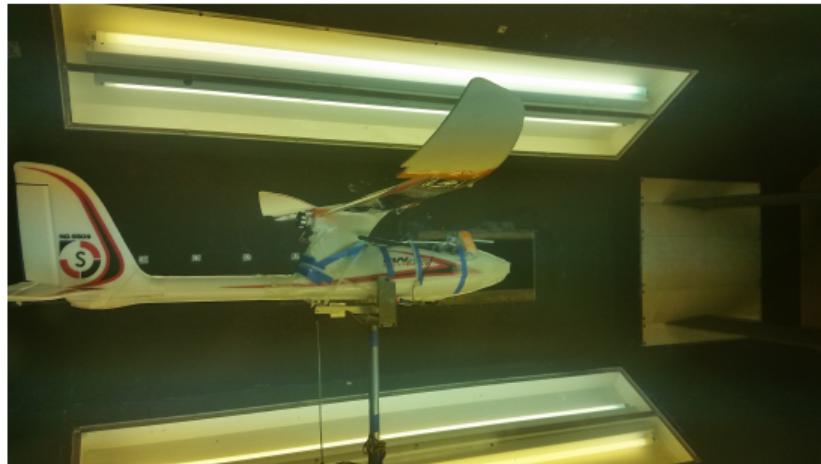
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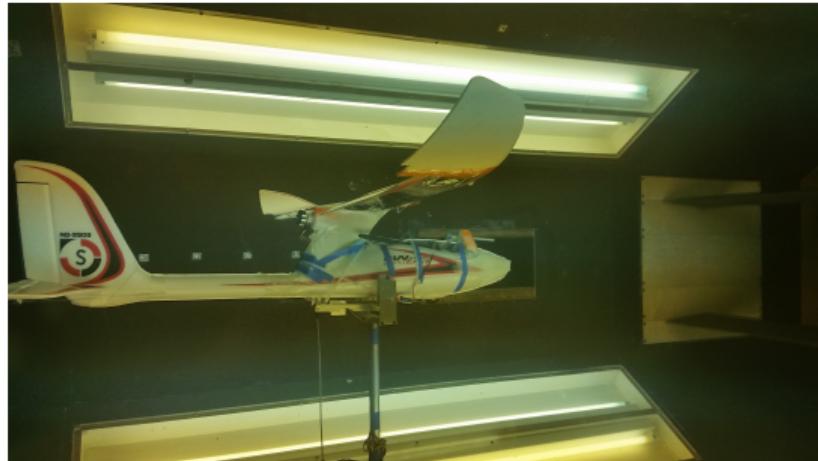


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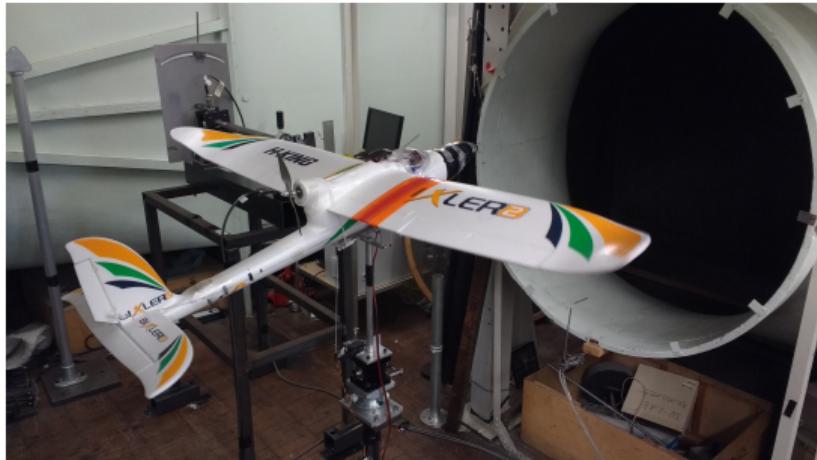
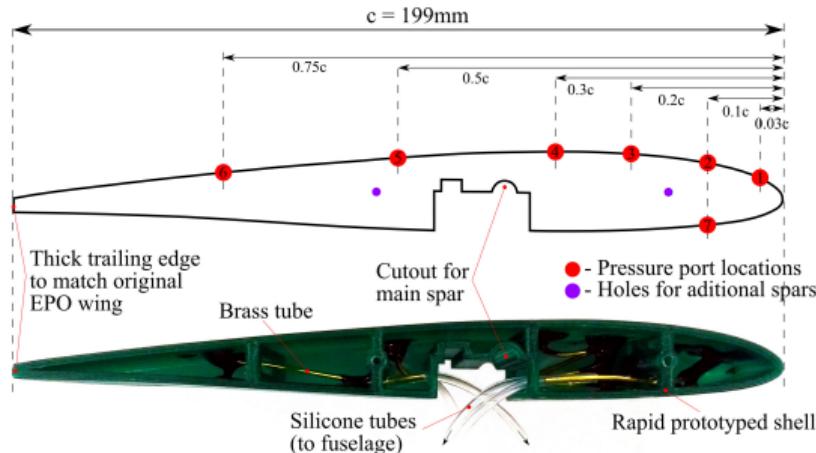


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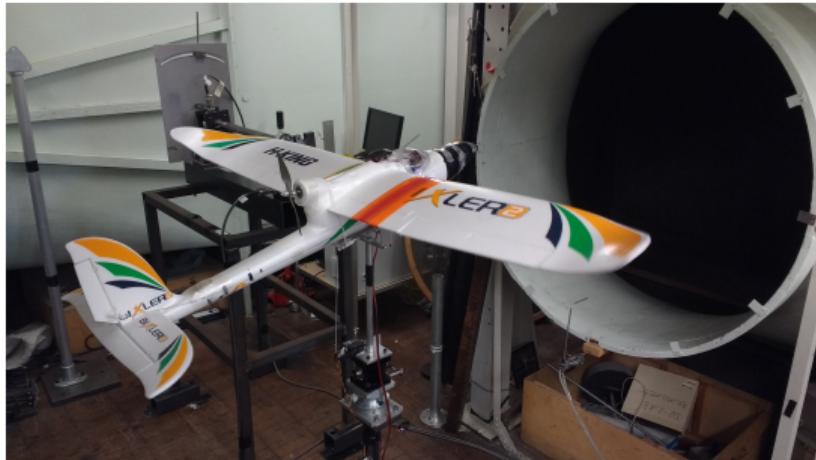


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- ☛ Experimental platform(s) with a distributed array of pressure and strain sensors
- ☛ Carry out calibration & characterisation (WT & outdoors)
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- ☛ Chord-wise array of 30 pressure ports in two sections
  - ☛ Span-wise array with 16 strain gauges
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  - ☛ MCU-based data acquisition system using, sampling 100 Hz
  - ☛ 1-DOF pitch motion servo-driven system for automated motion
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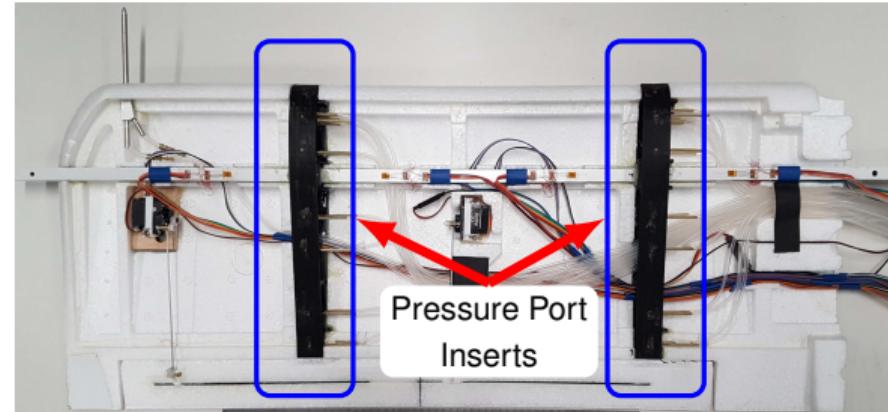


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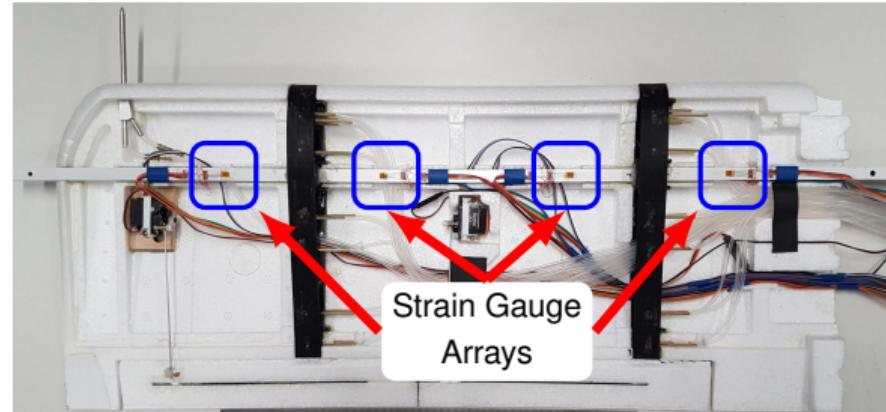


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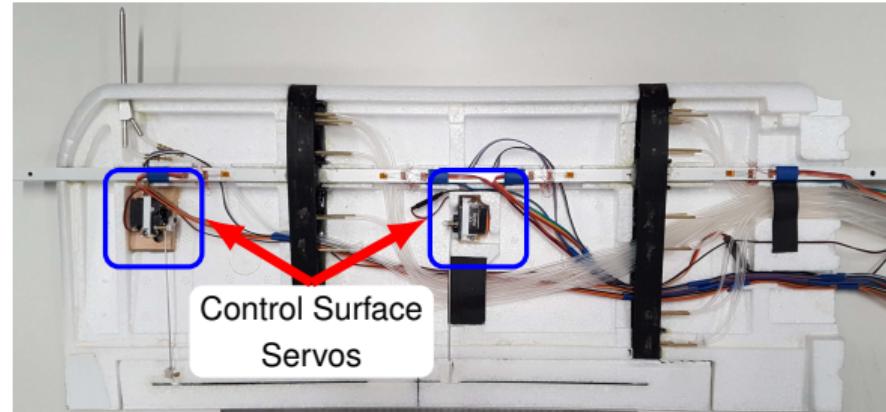


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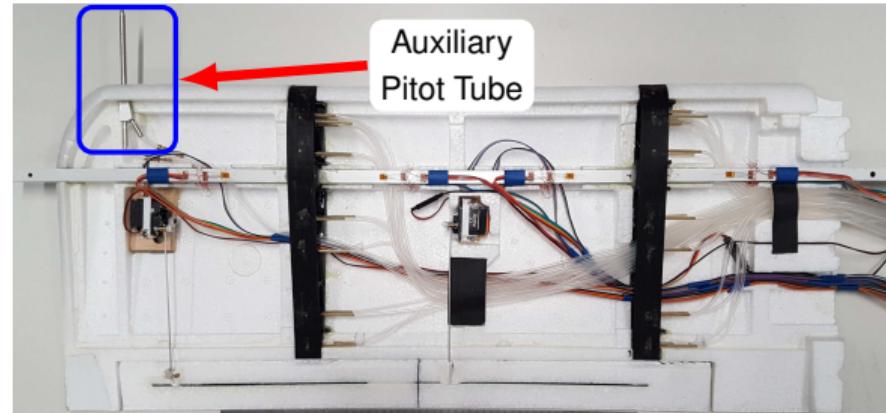


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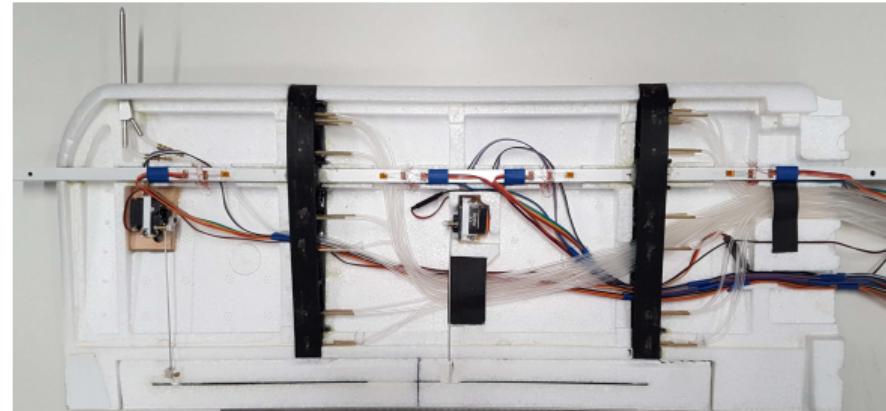


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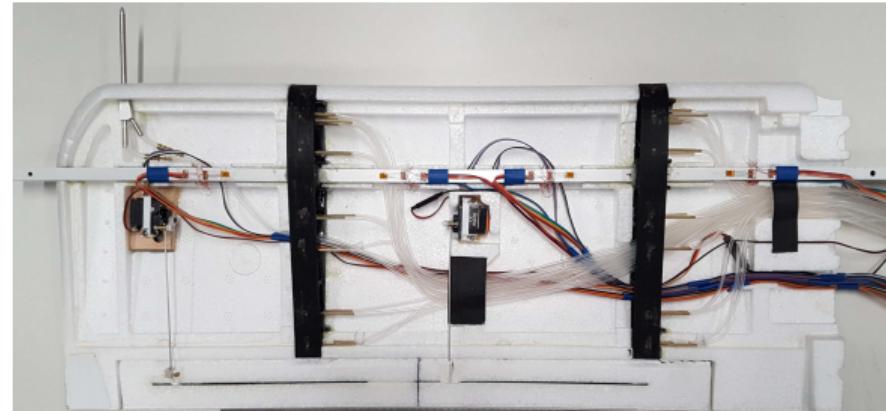
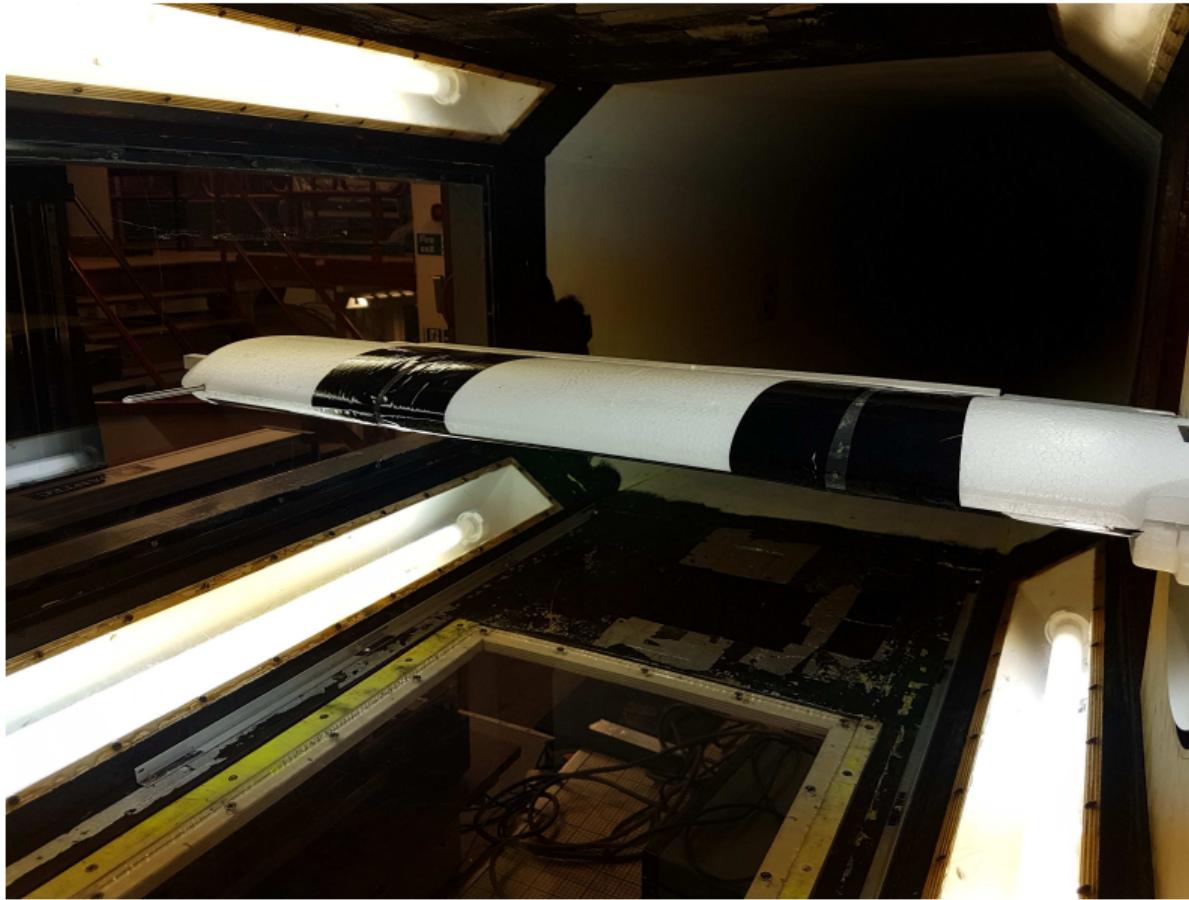


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## Preliminary Results

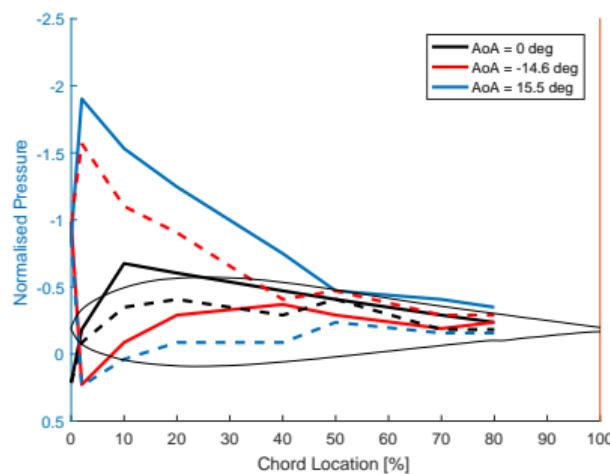


Figure: Chord-wise Normalised Pressure

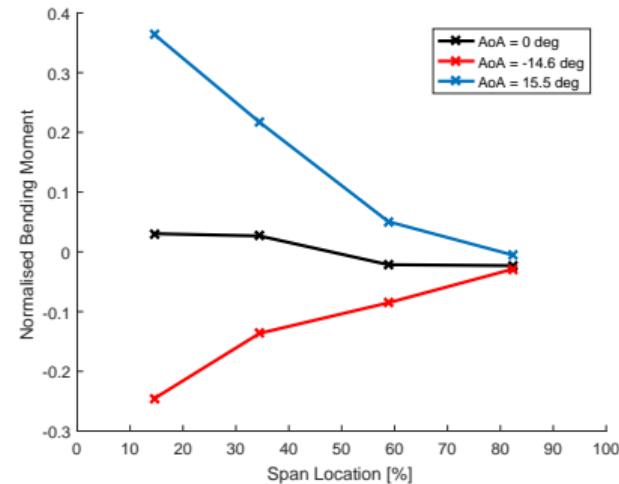


Figure: Span-wise Normalised Bending Moment

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– Design and build a wind tunnel system  
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