

# AQI Multi-Day Forecasting System

End-to-End MLOps Project with Streamlit Deployment

## Project Overview

The project covers the entire ML lifecycle:

- Data ingestion
- Feature engineering
- Multi-horizon model training
- Experiment tracking
- Model registry & versioning
- Automated inference using GitHub Actions
- Cloud database storage
- Real-time visualization using Streamlit

### 1. Problem Statement

Air quality has a direct impact on:

- Public health
- Urban planning
- Environmental policy

Traditional AQI dashboards show forecasts.

### **Objective**

Build a system that:

- Predicts AQI for the next 1–3 days
- Runs automatically
- Stores predictions persistently
- Visualizes results in real time

## 2. Dataset & Data Flow

### ***Data Source***

- Hourly air-pollution measurements stored in **MongoDB**
- Pollutants used:
  - PM2.5
  - PM10
  - CO
  - NO<sub>2</sub>
  - O<sub>3</sub>
  - SO<sub>2</sub>
  - NH<sub>3</sub>

### ***Data Flow Architecture***

MongoDB (Raw AQI Data)



Feature Engineering



Model Training (MLflow)



Model Registry (DagsHub)



Scheduled Inference (GitHub Actions)



Predictions Stored in MongoDB



Streamlit Dashboard

### 3. Feature Engineering (Time-Series Optimized)

To capture AQI temporal behavior, the following features were engineered:

#### ***Time Features***

- Hour of day
- Day of month
- Month
- Day of week

#### ***Lag Features (Historical Dependency)***

- PM2.5 lagged by 1–6 hours

#### ***Rolling Statistics***

- Rolling mean (3h, 6h)
- Rolling standard deviation
- Rolling maximums

#### ***Derived Features***

- PM2.5 change rate
- PM10 change rate
- PM2.5 / PM10 ratio
- AQI volatility & momentum

#### ***Multi-Day Targets***

Assuming hourly data:

Target  $t+1$  → AQI after 24 hours

Target  $t+2$  → AQI after 48 hours

Target  $t+3$  → AQI after 72 hours

## 4. Multi-Horizon Modeling

Instead of one model predicting multiple days, separate models were trained for:

- Day +1
- Day +2
- Day +3

## 5. Models Evaluated

- Random Forest Regressor
- Gradient Boosting Regressor
- Linear Regression (baseline)

## 6. Evaluation Metrics

- MAE (Mean Absolute Error)
- RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error)
- $R^2$  Score

## 7. Best Models Selected

Horizon	Best Model
t+1	Random Forest
t+2	Random Forest
t+3	Gradient Boosting

Each best model was:

- Logged to MLflow
- Registered in the MLflow Model Registry
- Promoted to Production stage

## 8. Experiment Tracking & Model Registry

### ***MLflow + DagsHub Integration***

- All experiments tracked remotely
- Metrics, parameters, and artifacts logged
- Full reproducibility of training runs

### ***Model Versioning***

Each horizon has its own registered model:

- aqi\_t\_plus\_1
- aqi\_t\_plus\_2
- aqi\_t\_plus\_3

This enables:

- Safe model upgrades
- Rollbacks
- Production-grade inference

## 9. Automated Inference Pipeline

### ***GitHub Actions Workflow***

- Runs on a schedule (hourly)
- Loads latest Production models
- Builds features from newest data
- Generates forecasts
- Stores predictions in MongoDB

## 10. Deployment

- Deployed on Streamlit Cloud
- Connected directly to MongoDB

## Summary

- End-to-end ML pipeline
- Multi-day AQI forecasting
- Feature engineering for time-series
- MLflow experiment tracking
- Model registry & production staging
- Automated inference via CI/CD
- Cloud deployment with Streamlit