# Package 'NetAct'

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Type Package
<b>Title</b> NetAct a computational platform to construct core transcription factor regulatory networks using gene activity
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<b>Description</b> NetAct R package for gene network construction and modeling.
License MIT + file LICENSE
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LazyData true
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Activity_heatmap
allNet
calculateMI
cal_activity
DEG_Analysis_Micro
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Activity\_heatmap

Plotting TF gene expresion & activity heatmap

# Description

Plotting TF gene expresion & activity heatmap

# Usage

Activity\_heatmap(new\_activity, eset)

# Arguments

new\_activity Matrix. TF activity matrix

eset ExpressionSet of gene expression data

# Value

Heatmap plotting object

allNet 3

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Compile a GSDB to a matrix with 2 columns

# Description

Compile a GSDB to a matrix with 2 columns

# Usage

```
allNet(GSDB)
```

# Arguments

GSDB

List of list. Gene set database of interactions

#### Value

matrix. Matrix, each row containing regulators ("from"), targets ("to")

applyDPI

Apply data processing inequality

# Description

Remove the interactions from a triangle which have lowest interaction score.

# Usage

```
applyDPI(tfLinks = tfLinks, miMat = miMat, miDiff = 0, minMiTh = 0.5)
```

# Arguments

tfLinks	Data.frame. containing the interactions as source (character), target (character), type (integer).
miMat	numeric matrix. Interaction scores based on mutual information or correlation.
miDiff	numeric (0-1). Default 0.0 (optional) Minimum difference between mutual information of a traingle for the edge to be removed.
minMiTh	numeric (0-1). Default 0.5. Minimum value of MI for an interaction which will not be removed.

#### Value

data.frame. containing the filtered interactions.

4 cal\_activity

cal	[ כנו	late	ΙΜŁ

Calculate mutual information

# Description

Mutual information between all pairs based on entropy package.

# Usage

```
calculateMI(actMat = actMat, nbins = 16, method = "2d")
```

# Arguments

actMat numeric matrix.

nbins integer (optional). Number of bins Default 16

method MI calculation method: "2d": 2D discretization with entropy (default) "1d": 1D

discretization with infotheo

#### Value

numeric matrix (0-1). Matrix containing mutual information values

cal\_activity

The core function to compute the activity profile of an TF

# **Description**

The core function to compute the activity profile of an TF

# Usage

```
cal_activity(
   gs_remain,
   tmp_data,
   tmp_sign,
   ind,
   with_weight,
   DE_weights,
   tf_exprs,
   useCorSign = useCorSign
```

DEG\_Analysis\_Micro 5

#### **Arguments**

gs_remain	a vector of target genes after filtering
tmp_data	gene expression of target genes
tmp_sign	sign of target genes (+1 for one group, -1 for the other)
ind	Hill coefficient parameter used in the weighting factors (default: $1/5$ , recommend to use $0 < \text{ind} < 1/4$ )
with_weight	whether weighting factors (based on DEG p-values) are used to compute TF activity (default: TRUE)
DE_weights	a vector of the input for computing DE weighting factors (typically, adjusted p-values from DEG analysis)
tf_exprs	a vector of gene expression of the TF
useCorSign	allow the option to use the TF gene expression correlation to flip signs (default: $\overline{TRUE}$ )

#### Value

a list of results: activity: matrix of TF activity. sign: grouping scheme of all TF gene sets.

DEG_Analysis_Micro	Helper Function For DEG Analysis of microArray Data (for a single comparison)
	compartson)

# **Description**

Helper Function For DEG Analysis of microArray Data (for a single comparison)

# Usage

```
DEG_Analysis_Micro(eset, qval = 0.05)
```

# Arguments

eset Processed gene expression data in the ExpressionSet format batch & experimen-
--

tal conditions are provided in pData.

q-value cutoff for DEG analysis (default: 0.05)

#### Value

DEG result in the format of a list containing: table: table of DEG results. rank\_vector: a vector of t-statistics for every gene. degs: a vector of gene symbols for DEGs.

6 getAdjacencyMat

filterDB

Filtered gene set database based on minimum sizes

# Description

Filtered gene set database based on minimum sizes

#### Usage

```
filterDB(GSDB, geneList, minSize = 5)
```

#### **Arguments**

GSDB list of list. gene set database

geneList a vector of available genes

minSize minimum number of genes of a gene set (default: 5)

#### Value

DB: list of list. filtered gene set database

getAdjacencyMat

Obtain the adjacency matrix from a matrix of tf-target relationships

# Description

Obtain the adjacency matrix from a matrix of tf-target relationships

#### Usage

```
getAdjacencyMat(tfLinks = tfLinks)
```

#### **Arguments**

tfLinks matrix. Matrix of tf-target relationships

# Value

adjMat, matrix. adjacency matrix

GSEA\_permut\_R 7

GSEA_permut_R	Compute ES scores for Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) with a new permutation method (using the original GSEA algorithm)

#### **Description**

The function uses the original GSEA enrichment score calculation but using the new permutation method. Here, the gene symbols/names are permutated without changing the ranking vector (stats\_vector).

#### Usage

```
GSEA_permut_R(sim_all, gs, stats_vector)
```

#### **Arguments**

sim\_all a matrix of permutated gene lists gs a vector of genes in the gene set

stats\_vector a vector of DEG statistics for every gene in gene\_list (rank\_vector in the DEG

results) Absolute values of the t-statistics are required for the desired perfor-

mance.

#### Value

tmp\_sim\_sgeas: a vector of ES values for all permutated gene lists

GSEA\_permut\_R\_revised Compute ES scores for Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) with a new permutation method (using a revised algorithm)

# Description

To improve computational efficiency, we devised a new permutation approach by swapping stats\_vector. Here, the gene symbols/names are permutated without changing the ranking vector (stats\_vector). This function becomes unused in NetAct, as a much faster c++ implementation (GSEA\_permute) is provided.

#### **Usage**

```
GSEA_permut_R_revised(sim_all, gene_set, stats_vector, N)
```

#### **Arguments**

sim\_all a vector of genes in the expression data gene\_set a vector of genes in the gene set

stats\_vector a vector of DEG statistics for every gene in gene\_list (rank\_vector in the DEG

results); Absolute values of the t-statistics are required for the desired perfor-

mance.

N total number of genes (size of sim\_all)

SEA\_proc\_RC

#### Value

ES: enrichment score

GSEA_proc_R	Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) with a new permutation method – implementation in R

# **Description**

To improve computational efficiency, we devised a new permutation approach by swapping stats\_vector. Here, the gene symbols/names are permutated without changing the ranking vector (stats\_vector).

#### Usage

```
GSEA_proc_R(GSDB, DElist, minSize = 5, nperm = 1000)
```

#### **Arguments**

GSDB	gene set database (a list of gene sets, each of which is comprised of a vector genes)
DElist	a vector of DEG statistics for every gene in gene_list (rank_vector in the DEG results)
minSize	the minimum number of overlapping genes required for each gene set (a gene set filtering parameter, default: 5)
nperm	the number of gene list permutations (default: 1000)

# Value

data.frame(rslt\_mat): a table of GSEA results: tf: TF (gene set name). es: ES score. lens: number of overlapping genes in each gene set. pvals: p-value by counting. z: z-score. qvals: q-value from pvals.

GSEA_proc_RC	Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) with a new permutation method – implementation in R/c++
	-

# Description

To improve computational efficiency, we devised a new permutation approach by swapping stats\_vector. Here, the gene symbols/names are permutated without changing the ranking vector (stats\_vector). A much faster c++ implementation (GSEA\_permute) is used.

# Usage

```
GSEA_proc_RC(GSDB, DElist, minSize = 5, nperm = 1000)
```

GSEA\_score 9

#### **Arguments**

GSDB	gene set database (a list of gene sets, each of which is comprised of a vector genes)
DElist	a vector of DEG statistics for every gene in gene_list (rank_vector in the DEG results)
minSize	the minimum number of overlapping genes required for each gene set (a gene set filtering parameter, default: 5)
nperm	the number of gene list permutations (default: 1000)

#### Value

data.frame(rslt\_mat): a table of GSEA results: tf: TF (gene set name). es: ES score. lens: number of overlapping genes in each gene set. pvals: p-value by counting. z: z-score. qvals: q-value from pvals.

GSEA_score	Compute the enrichment score (ES) from Gene Set Enrichment Analysis

# Description

In this specific implementation, we modified two aspects: (1) the stats\_vector takes the absolute value of the t-statistics; This ensures that the GSEA works for the case where part of genes are up-regulated and others are down-regulated. (2) permutation of the gene symbols of the ranking vector, instead of gene expression values.

#### Usage

```
GSEA_score(gene_list, gene_set, stats_vector)
```

#### **Arguments**

 ${\tt gene\_list} \qquad \quad {\tt a \ vector \ of \ genes \ in \ the \ expression \ data}$ 

gene\_set a vector of genes in the gene set

stats\_vector a vector of DEG statistics for every gene in gene\_list (rank\_vector in the DEG

results) Absolute values of the t-statistics are required for the desired perfor-

mance.

#### Value

ES: enrichment score

10 mDB

hDB

Human transcription factor target regulatory database

#### **Description**

This data contains the literature-derived target genes of transcription factors for human genome. For further details, see the bioRxiv preprint https://doi.org/10.1101/2022.05.06.487898

#### Usage

hDB

#### **Format**

A list of 875 TFs, each element is an array of gene symbols of target genes.

Hill

Hill function for the gene weight

#### **Description**

Hill function for the gene weight

#### Usage

```
Hill(x, ind)
```

#### **Arguments**

x value (adj p-value) ind Hill coefficient

# Value

Hill function of x

 $\mathsf{mDB}$ 

Mouse transcription factor target regulatory database

#### **Description**

This data contains the literature-derived target genes of transcription factors for mouse genome. For further details, see the bioRxiv preprint https://doi.org/10.1101/2022.05.06.487898

# Usage

mDB

#### Format

A list of 895 TFs, each element is an array of gene symbols of target genes.

MicroDegs 11

MicroDegs	Helper Function For DEG Analysis of microArray Data (for all cases, including single and multiple comparisons)

# Description

Helper Function For DEG Analysis of microArray Data (for all cases, including single and multiple comparisons)

#### Usage

```
MicroDegs(eset, compList, qval = 0.05)
```

#### **Arguments**

eset Processed gene expression data in the ExpressionSet format batch & experimen-

tal conditions are provided in pData.

compList a vector of multiple comparisons in the format of contrasts in limma (e.g. c("A-

B", "A-C", "B-C"))

q-value cutoff for DEG analysis (default: 0.05)

#### Value

DEresult: a list of DEG results, including those for each single comparison and those for the overall comparison. Each DEG result is in the format of A list containing: table: table of DEG results. rank\_vector: a vector of t-statistics for every gene. degs: a vector of gene symbols for DEGs.

plot_network	Plotting gene network	

# Description

Plotting gene network

#### Usage

```
plot_network(tf_links = tf_links)
```

# Arguments

tf\_links a data frame of networ interactions

#### Value

visNetwork object

rem\_data

Preprocess\_counts

RNA-seq data pre processing

# Description

NetAct uses edgeR to load the count data and the group information for experimental conditions, It also coverts gene symbols and remove duplicates.

# Usage

```
Preprocess_counts(counts, groups, mouse = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

counts raw count matrix

groups group information for experimental conditions
mouse use mouse genome or not (default: FALSE)

#### Value

x\$counts: processed count matrix

rem\_data

Remove Non-informative genes

# Description

Remove Non-informative genes

#### Usage

```
rem_data(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

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gene expression matrix

#### Value

x: gene expression matrix without containing non-informative genes

Reselect\_TFs 13

Reselect_TFs	Reselecting TFs using gene set enrichement analysis (GSEA) using an
	adjusted set of parameters (work together with TF_Selection)

#### **Description**

Reselecting TFs using gene set enrichement analysis (GSEA) using an adjusted set of parameters (work together with TF\_Selection)

#### Usage

```
Reselect_TFs(GSEArslt, qval = 0.05, combine_TFs = TRUE, ntop = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

**GSEArslt** GSEA results from TF\_Selection q-value cutoff (default: 0.05) qval

combine\_TFs whether combine selected TFs from multiple comparisons or not (default: TRUE) the number of top genes (selection by the top genes) (default: NULL, no selecntop

tion by the top genes)

#### Value

tfs: a vector of selected TFs

RNAseqDegs\_DESeq

Helper Function For DEG Analysis of RNA-seq Data using DESeq

#### **Description**

Helper Function For DEG Analysis of RNA-seq Data using DESeq

# Usage

```
RNAseqDegs_DESeq(counts, phenodata, complist, qval = 0.05)
```

#### **Arguments**

Processed gene expression count data counts

pData that provides batch & experimental conditions phenodata

complist a vector of multiple comparisons in the format of contrasts in limma (e.g. c("A-

B", "A-C", "B-C"))

q-value cutoff for DEG analysis (default: 0.05) qval

#### Value

DEresult: a list of DEG results, including those for each single comparison and those for the overall comparison. Each DEG result is in the format of A list containing: table: table of DEG results. rank\_vector: a vector of t-statistics for every gene. degs: a vector of gene symbols for DEGs. e: expression data (CPM).

14 row\_norm

RNAseqDegs_limma	Helper Function For DEG Analysis of RNA-seq Data using limma + Voom
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#### **Description**

Helper Function For DEG Analysis of RNA-seq Data using limma + Voom

#### Usage

```
RNAseqDegs_limma(counts, phenodata, complist, lfc, qval = 0.05)
```

#### **Arguments**

counts Processed gene expression count data

phenodata pData that provides batch & experimental conditions

complist a vector of multiple comparisons in the format of contrasts in limma (e.g. c("A-

B", "A-C", "B-C"))

1fc (optional) log fold change constraints for DEGs qval q-value cutoff for DEG analysis (default: 0.05)

#### Value

DEresult: a list of DEG results, including those for each single comparison and those for the overall comparison. Each DEG result is in the format of A list containing: table: table of DEG results. rank\_vector: a vector of t-statistics for every gene. degs: a vector of gene symbols for DEGs. e: expression data (CPM). e\_batch: batch corrected expression.

row\_norm Row normalization (standardization)

#### **Description**

Row normalization (standardization)

# Usage

row\_norm(data)

#### **Arguments**

data gene expression matrix

#### Value

norm\_data: standardized gene expression matrix

TF\_Activity 15

TF_Activity In	nference of TF activity
----------------	-------------------------

# Description

Inference of TF activity

# Usage

```
TF_Activity(
  tfs,
  GSDB,
  eset,
  DErslt,
  with_weight = TRUE,
  if_module = FALSE,
  ind = 1/5,
  useCorSign = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

tfs	a vector of selected tfs
GSDB	gene set database (a list of gene sets, each of which is comprised of a vector genes)
eset	expression set of gene expression data or gene expression matrix
DErslt	DEG results
with_weight	whether weighting factors (based on DEG p-values) are used to compute TF activity (default: $TRUE$ )
if_module	whether the grouping scheme (activation or inhibition) depends on module detection algorithm (default: FALSE, no need to change)
ind	Hill coefficient parameter used in the weighting factors (default: 1/5, recommend to use $0 < \text{ind} < 1/4$ )
useCorSign	allow the option to use the TF gene expression correlation to flip signs (default: $\ensuremath{TRUE})$

# Value

a list of results: all\_list: grouping scheme of all TF gene sets. all\_activity: matrix of TF activity.

16 TF\_Filter

TF\_Filter

Generate network

# Description

Network calculated using activity and interaction database. Uses mutual information to find possible interactions and keeps the interactions if they are available in the database. Sign of interaction is assigned based on the correlation between the activities.

#### Usage

```
TF_Filter(
   actMat,
   GSDB,
   miTh = 0.4,
   maxTf = 75,
   maxInteractions = 300,
   nbins = 16,
   miMethod = "2d",
   corMethod = "spearman",
   useCor = FALSE,
   removeSignalling = FALSE,
   DPI = FALSE,
   nameFile = NULL,
   ...
)
```

#### Arguments

actMat numeric matrix. Matrix containing the activities
GSDB List of list. Gene set database of interactions
miTh numeric. Mutual information threshold

maxTf integer (optional). Default 75. Maximum number of transcription factors in the

network. If removeSignalling is TRUE the actual number will be less.

maxInteractions

integer (optional). Default 300. Maximum number of interactions in the net-

work.

nbins integer (optional). Number of bins Default 16.

miMethod MI calculation method: "2d": 2D discretization with entropy (default) "1d": 1D

discretization with infotheo

corMethod character (optional). Method to compute correlation.

useCor Logical (optional). Whether to use correlation instead of mutual information to

find possible interactions.

removeSignalling

logical (optional). Whether to remove the Tfs which are not the target of any other Tfs. Default TRUE. It is not recursive and the generated network might

still contain some signalling tfs.

DPI logical (optional). Default FALSE. Whether to apply the data processing in-

equality to remove weak edges from triangles.

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```
nameFile character (optional). Ouput file name. Default NULL (no file output). two additional parameters passed from applyDPI (default: miDiff = 0, minMiTh = 0.5)
```

#### Value

data.frame. Contains the interactions in a dataframe listing. source tf, target tf and interaction type (1-activation, 2-inhibition).

TF\_Filter\_addgene Generate network (an extension of TF\_Filter)

#### **Description**

Network calculated using activity and interaction database. Uses mutual information to find possible interactions and keeps the interactions if they are available in the database. Sign of interaction is assigned based on the correlation between the activities. An extension of TF\_Filter. Add a list of genes of interest.

#### Usage

```
TF_Filter_addgene(
  actMat,
  GSDB,
  genes,
  DEgenes,
  eset,
  miTh = 0.4,
  maxTf = 75,
  maxInteractions = 300,
  nbins = 16,
  miMethod = "e",
  corMethod = "spearman",
  useCor = FALSE,
  removeSignalling = FALSE,
  DPI = FALSE,
)
```

#### Arguments

actMat	numeric matrix. Matrix containing the activities
GSDB	List of list. Gene set database of interactions
genes	vector. a vector of gene symbols of genes of interest
DEgenes	vector. a vector of gene symbols of DE genes
eset	expression set of gene expression data or gene expression matrix
miTh	numeric. Mutual information threshold
maxTf	integer (optional). Default 75. Maximum number of transcription factors in the network. If removeSignalling is TRUE the actual number will be less.

18 TF\_GSEA

maxInteractions

integer (optional). Default 300. Maximum number of interactions in the net-

work.

nbins integer (optional). Number of bins Default 16.

miMethod MI calculation method: e: entropy (default) or i: infotheo corMethod character (optional). Method to compute correlation.

useCor Logical (optional). Whether to use correlation instead of mutual information to

find possible interactions. Default FALSE

removeSignalling

logical (optional). Whether to remove the Tfs which are not the target of any other Tfs. Default FALSE. It is not recursive and the generated network might

still contain some signalling tfs.

DPI logical (optional). Default FALSE. Whether to apply the data processing in-

equality to remove weak edges from triangles.

... two additional parameters passed from applyDPI (default: miDiff = 0, minMiTh

= 0.5)

#### Value

List of data.frame. Contains the interactions in a data frame listing. source tf, target tf and interaction type (1-activation, 2-inhibition). tf\_links: network interactions. new\_links: new interactions associated with the genes of interest.

TF\_GSEA A unified Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) function for three methods

#### **Description**

A unified Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) function for three methods

#### Usage

```
TF_GSEA(GSDB, DErslt, minSize = 5, nperm = 1000, method = "binary")
```

# Arguments

GSDB gene set database (a list of gene sets, each of which is comprised of a vector

genes)

DErslt DEG results

minSize the minimum number of overlapping genes required for each gene set (a gene

set filtering parameter, default: 5)

nperm the number of gene list permutations (default: 1000)

method fast: fgsea; r: R implementation of GSEA with a new permutation method;

binary: R/C++ implementation for fast speed

#### Value

gseaRes: a table of GSEA results: tf: TF (gene set name). es: ES score. lens: number of overlapping genes in each gene set. pvals: p-value by counting. z: z-score. qvals: q-value from pvals.

TF\_Selection 19

TF_Selection	Identifying enriched TFs using Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA)
	– a wrapper function with many options

# Description

Identifying enriched TFs using Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) – a wrapper function with many options

# Usage

```
TF_Selection(
  GSDB,
  DErslt,
  minSize = 5,
  nperm = 5000,
  method = "binary",
  qval = 0.05,
  compList = NULL,
  ntop = NULL,
  nameFile = NULL
)
```

# **Arguments**

GSDB	gene set database (a list of gene sets, each of which is comprised of a vector genes)
DErslt	DEG results
minSize	the minimum number of overlapping genes required for each gene set (a gene set filtering parameter, default: 5)
nperm	the number of gene list permutations (default: 1000)
method	fast: fgsea; R: r implementation of GSEA with a new permutation method; binary: $R/C++$ implementation for fast speed
qval	q-value cutoff (default: 0.05)
compList	a vector of comparisons, it needs to be consistent with DErslt from MicroDegs, RNAseqDegs_limma, and RNAseqDegs_DESeq. GSEA is applied to each comparison
ntop	the number of top genes (selection by the top genes) (default: NULL, no selection by the top genes)
nameFile	file name to save the GSEA results (default: NULL, no output to a file). The saved results can be reused later to adjust the TF selection parameters $\frac{1}{2}$

# Value

a list of results: GSEArslt: a dataframe of GSEA results (see TF\_GSEA). tfs: a vector of selected TFs.

20 toCPM

toCPM

convert to log10 (CPM) measurement in the RNA-Seq matrix

# Description

convert to log10 (CPM) measurement in the RNA-Seq matrix

# Usage

toCPM(ctMat)

# Arguments

ctMat

Matrix of gene expression counts

#### Value

mat: Matrix of CPM gene expression

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