

# SIE 321 - Probabilistic Operations Research

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HW1

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1. A cube has six sides colored red, white, blue, green, yellow, & violet. Assume six sides equally likely to show when the cube is tossed. The cube is tossed once.

a) sample space:

$$S = \{R, W, B, G, Y, V\}$$

$$b) P(X=0) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(X=1) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(X=2) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

X	0	1	2
P(X=x)	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

2. Suppose sample space S consists of four points

$$S = \{w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4\}$$

and the associated prob. over the events:  $P(w_1) = 0.2, P(w_2) = 0.3,$   
Define the RV  $X_1$  by  $P(w_3) = 0.1, P(w_4) = 0.4$

$$X_1(w_1) = 1,$$

$$X_1(w_2) = 4,$$

$$X_1(w_3) = 2,$$

$$X_1(w_4) = 1,$$

a)

$X_1$	1	2	4
P( $X_1$ )	$0.2 + 0.4 = 0.6$	0.1	0.3

and the RV  $X_2$  by

$$X_2(w_1) = 1,$$

$$X_2(w_2) = 5,$$

$$X_2(w_3) = 1,$$

$$X_2(w_4) = 1,$$

b)

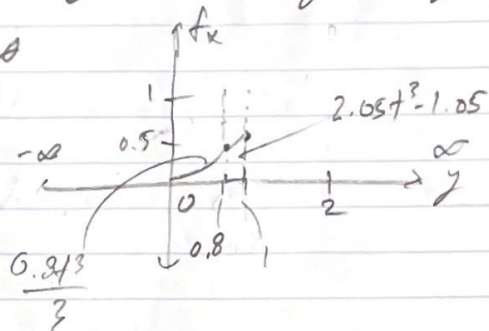
$X_1 + X_2$	$X_2$	
	1	5
$X_1$		
1	$0.6(0.2) = 0.12$	$0.6(0.3) = 0.18$
2	$0.1(0.2) = 0.02$	$0.1(0.3) = 0.03$
4	$0.3(0.2) = 0.06$	$0.3(0.3) = 0.09$

$$P(X_1 + X_2) = 0.12 + 0.02 + 0.06 + 0.18 + 0.03 + 0.09$$

$$P(X_1 + X_2) = 1$$

3. The random Variable (RV)  $X$  has density function  $f$  given by:

$$f_x(y) = \begin{cases} 0.9y^2, & \text{for } 0 < y \leq 0.8 \\ ky^2, & \text{for } 0.8 < y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$



a) Assume  $\theta = 0.8$ , determine  $k$ :

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(y) dy = 1$$

$$\int_{0.8}^1 ky^2 dy = 1$$

$$k \int_{0.8}^1 y^2 dy = 1$$

$$k \left[ \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_{0.8}^1 = 1$$

$$k \left[ \frac{1^3}{3} - \frac{0.8^3}{3} \right] = 1$$

$$k \left[ \frac{1}{3} - \frac{0.512}{3} \right] = 1; \quad 0.488k = 1$$

$$\boxed{k = 6.15}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{0.488} = 6.15$$

b) Find  $F_x(t)$ , the cumulative dist. func. (cdf) of  $X$ :

$$F_x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t f_x(y) dy \quad -\infty < t \leq 0 \quad F_x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t 6.15y^2 dy \quad 0.8 < t \leq 1$$

$$F_x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t 0 dy = 0 \quad -\infty < t \leq 0$$

$$F_x(t) = \int_0^t f_x(y) dy \quad 0 < t \leq [\theta = 0.8]$$

$$F_x(t) = 0.9 \int_0^t y^2 dy = 0.9 \left[ \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^t = 0.9 \left[ \frac{t^3}{3} \right] = \frac{0.9t^3}{3}$$

$$F_x(t) = 6.15 \int_{0.8}^t y^2 dy$$

$$= 6.15 \left[ \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_{0.8}^t$$

$$= 6.15 \left[ \frac{t^3}{3} - \frac{0.8^3}{3} \right] = 2.05t^3 - 1.05$$



$$F_x(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\infty < t \leq 0 \\ 0.9t^{\frac{3}{2}} & 0 < t \leq (\theta = 0.8) \\ 2.05t^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1.05 & (\theta = 0.8) < t \leq 1 \\ 0 & 1 < t \leq \infty \end{cases}$$

c)  $P(0.4 \leq x \leq 0.8)$

$$\int_{0.4}^{0.8} 0.8y^{\frac{3}{2}} dy = 0.8 \int_{0.4}^{0.8} y^{\frac{3}{2}} dy$$

$$= 0.8 \left[ \frac{2}{5} y^{\frac{5}{2}} \right]_{0.4}^{0.8}$$

$P(0.4 \leq x \leq 0.8) = 1.024$

4. Machine turns 2 items during the course of a day (morn. & aft.).

Quality of each item:

Good (G), Mediocre (M), Bad (B)

$P(G) = 0.3$

$P(M) = 0.4$

$P(B) = 0.3$

$S = \{GG, GM, MG, GB, BG, BB, MB, BM\}$

Profit:  $G = \$4, M = \$1, B = \$0$

Calc. prob. of each sample point:

$P(GG) = 0.3(0.3) = 0.09$

$P(GM) = 0.3(0.4) = 0.12$

$P(MG) = 0.4(0.3) = 0.12$

$P(GB) = 0.3(0.3) = 0.09$

$P(BG) = 0.3(0.3) = 0.09$

$P(BB) = 0.3(0.3) = 0.09$

$P(MB) = 0.4(0.3) = 0.12$

$P(BM) = 0.3(0.4) = 0.12$

Calc. profit:

$GG = 4 + 4 = 8$

$GM = 4 + 1 = 5$

$MG = 1 + 4 = 5$

$GB = 4 + 0 = 4$

$BG = 0 + 4 = 4$

$BB = 0 + 0 = 0$

$MB = 1 + 0 = 1$

$BM = 0 + 1 = 1$

Total profit =  $P(X) \cdot X = 0.09(8) + 0.12(5) + 0.12(5) + 0.09(4) + 0.09(4) + 0.09(0) + 0.12(1) + 0.12(1)$

Prob. Profit = 2.38

Total Profit/day = \$2.38