

**Example 1: Print the first 10 natural numbers using for loop.**

```
# between 0 to 10
# there are 11 numbers
# therefore, we set the value
# of n to 11
n = 11

# since for loop starts with
# the zero indexes we need to skip it and
# start the loop from the first index
for i in range(1,n):
    print(i)
```

**Example 2: Python program to print all the even numbers within the given range.**

```
# if the given range is 10
given_range = 10

for i in range(given_range):

    # if number is divisible by 2
    # then it's even
    if i%2==0:

        # if above condition is true
        # print the number
        print(i)
```

**Example 3: Python program to calculate the sum of all numbers from 1 to a given number.**

```
# if the given number is 10
given_number = 10

# set up a variable to store the sum
# with initial value of 0
sum = 0

# since we want to include the number 10 in the sum
# increment given number by 1 in the for loop
for i in range(1,given_number+1):
    sum+=i

# print the total sum at the end
print(sum)
```

**Example 4: Python program to calculate the sum of all the odd numbers within the given range.**

```
# if the given range is 10
given_range = 10

# set up a variable to store the sum
# with initial value of 0
sum = 0
```

```
for i in range(given_range):
```

```
    # if i is odd, add it
    # to the sum variable
    if i%2!=0:
        sum+=i
```

```
# print the total sum at the end
print(sum)
```

**Example 5: Python program to print a multiplication table of a given number**

```
# if the given range is 10
given_number = 5
```

```
for i in range(11):
    print (given_number, " x", i, " =", 5*i)
```

Example 6: Python program to display numbers from a list using a for loop.

```
# if the below list is given
```

```
list = [1,2,4,6,88,125]
```

```
for i in list:
```

```
    print(i)
```

**Example 7: Python program to count the total number of digits in a number.**

```
# if the given number is 129475
```

```
given_number = 129475
```

```
# since we cannot iterate over an integer
```

```
# in python, we need to convert the
```

```
# integer into string first using the
```

```
# str() function
```

```
given_number = str(given_number)
```

```
# declare a variable to store
```

```
# the count of digits in the
```

```
# given number with value 0
```

```
count=0
```

```
for i in given_number:
```

```
    count += 1
```

```
# print the total count at the end
```

```
print(count)
```

**Example 8: Python program to check if the given string is a palindrome.**

```
# given string
```

```
given_string = "madam"
```

```
# an empty string variable to store
```

```
# the given string in reverse
```

```
reverse_string = ""
```

```
# iterate through the given string
```

```
# and append each element of the given string
```

```
# to the reverse_string variable
```

```

for i in given_string:
    reverse_string = i + reverse_string

# if given_string matches the reverse_string exactly
# the given string is a palindrome
if(given_string == reverse_string):
    print("The string", given_string,"is a Palindrome.")

# else the given string is not a palindrome
else:
    print("The string",given_string,"is NOT a Palindrome.")

```

**Example 9: Python program that accepts a word from the user and reverses it.**

```

# input string from user
given_string = input()

# an empty string variable to store
# the given string in reverse
reverse_string = ""

# iterate through the given string
# and append each element of the given string
# to the reverse_string variable
for i in given_string:
    reverse_string = i + reverse_string

# print the reverse_string variable
print(reverse_string)

```

**Example 10: Python program to check if a given number is an Armstrong number**

```

# the given number
given_number = 153

# convert given number to string
# so that we can iterate through it
given_number = str(given_number)

# store the length of the string for future use
string_length = len(given_number)

# initialize a sum variable with
# 0 value to store the sum of the product of
# each digit
sum = 0

# iterate through the given string
for i in given_number:
    sum += int(i)**string_length

# if the sum matches the given string
# its an armstrong number
if sum == int(given_number):
    print("The given number",given_number,"is an Armstrong number.")

# if the sum do not match with the given string
# its an armstrong number

```

else:

```
print("The given number",given_number,"is Not an Armstrong number.")
```

**Example 11: Python program to count the number of even and odd numbers from a series of numbers.**

# given list of numbers

```
num_list = [1,3,5,6,99,134,55]
```

# iterate through the list elements

# using for loop

```
for i in num_list:
```

```
    # if divided by 2, all even
```

```
    # number leave a remainder of 0
```

```
    if i%2==0:
```

```
        print(i,"is an even number.")
```

```
    # if remainder is not zero
```

```
    # then it's an odd number
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print(i,"is an odd number.")
```

**Example 12: Python program to display all numbers within a range except the prime numbers.**

# import the math library

```
import math
```

# function to print all

# non-primes in a range

```
def is_not_prime(n):
```

```
    # flag to track
```

```
    # if no. is prime or not
```

```
    # initially assume all numbers are
```

```
    # non prime
```

```
    flag = False
```

```
    # iterate in the given range
```

```
    # using for loop starting from 2
```

```
    # as 0 & 1 are neither prime
```

```
    # nor composite
```

```
    for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n)) + 1):
```

```
        # condition to check if a
```

```
        # number is prime or not
```

```
        if n % i == 0:
```

```
            flag = True
```

```
    return flag
```

# lower bound of the range

```
range_starts = 10
```

# upper bound of the range

```
range_ends = 30
```

```
print("Non-prime numbers between",range_starts,"and", range_ends,"are:")
```

```
for number in filter(is_not_prime, range(range_starts, range_ends)):
```

```
print(number)
```

**Example 13: Python program to get the Fibonacci series between 0 to 50.**

```
# given upper bound
num = 50

# initial values in the series
first_value, second_value = 0, 1

# iterate in the given range
# of numbers
for n in range(0, num):

    # if no. is less than 1
    # move to next number
    if(n <= 1):
        next = n

    # if number is within range
    # execute the below code block
    if nextnum:
        break
    # print each element that
    # satisfies all the above conditions
    print(next)
```

**Example 14: Python program to find the factorial of a given number.**

```
# given number
given_number = 5

# since 1 is a factor
# of all number
# set the factorial to 1
factorial = 1

# iterate till the given number
for i in range(1, given_number + 1):
    factorial = factorial * i

print("The factorial of ", given_number, " is ", factorial)
```

**Example 15: Python program that accepts a string and calculates the number of digits and letters.**

```
# take string input from user
user_input = input()

# declare 2 variable to store
# letters and digits
digits = 0
letters = 0

# iterate through the input string
for i in user_input:

    # check if the character
    # is a digit using
    # the isdigit() method
```

```

if i.isdigit():

    # if true, increment the value
    # of digits variable by 1
    digits=digits+1

# check if the character
# is an alphabet using
# the isalpha() method
elif i.isalpha():

    # if true, increment the value
    # of letters variable by 1
    letters=letters+1

print(" The input string",user_input, "has", letters, "letters and", digits,"digits.")

```

**Example 16: Write a Python program that iterates the integers from 1 to 25.**

```

# given range
given_range = 25

# iterate using a for loop till the
# given range
for i in range(given_range+1):

    # if no. is multiple of 4 and 5
    # print fizzbuzz
    if i % 4 == 0 and i % 5 == 0:
        print("fizzbuzz")

    # continue with the loop
    continue

    # if no. is divisible by 4
    # print fizz and no by 5
    if i % 4 == 0 and i%5!=0:
        print("fizz")

    # continue with the loop
    continue

    # if no. is divisible by 5
    # print buzz and not by 4
    if i % 5 == 0 and i % 4!= 0:
        print("buzz")

else:

    # else just print the no.
    print(i)

```

**Example 17: Python program to check the validity of password input by users.**

```

# input password from user
password = input()

# set up flags for each criteria
# of a valid password

```

```

has_valid_length = False
has_lower_case = False
has_upper_case = False
has_digits = False
has_special_characters = False

# first verify if the length of password is
# higher or equal to 8 and lower or equal to 16
if (len(password) >= 8) and (len(password)<=16):

    has_valid_length = True

# iterate through each characters
# of the password
for i in password:

    # check if there are lowercase alphabets
    if (i.islower()):
        has_lower_case = True

    # check if there are uppercase alphabets
    if (i.isupper()):
        has_upper_case = True

    # check if the password has digits
    if (i.isdigit()):
        has_digits = True

    # check if the password has special characters
    if(i=="@" or i=="$" or i=="_" or i=="#" or i=="^" or i=="&" or i=="*"):
        has_special_characters = True

if (has_valid_length==True and has_lower_case ==True and has_upper_case == True and has_digits == True and
has_special_characters == True):
    print("Valid Password")
else:
    print("Invalid Password")

```

**Example 18: Python program to convert the month name to a number of days.**

```

# given list of month name
month = ["January", "April", "August", "June", "Dovember"]

# iterate through each mont in the list
for i in month:
    if i == "February":
        print("The month of February has 28/29 days")
    elif i in ("April", "June", "September", "November"):
        print("The month of",i,"has 30 days.")
    elif i in ("January", "March", "May", "July", "August", "October", "December"):
        print("The month of",i,"has 31 days.")
    else:
        print(i,"is not a valid month name.")

```