# SELF MANAGEMENT SKILLS II

### **OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS (SET 01)**

- 1. Which of the following is not a self-management skill?
- (a) Problem solving
- (b) Bargaining
- (c) Understanding self
- (d) Confidence building

Answer: (b) Bargaining

- 2. Grooming is a term associated with
- (a) time management
- (b) problem solving
- (c) neat and clean appearance
- (d) self-management

Answer: (d) self-management

- 3. What steps should one take to build confidence?
- (a) Set goals in life
- (b) Appreciate oneself for all the achievements
- (c) Always think positively
- (d) Talk to people who are confident

Answer: (c) Always think positively

- 4. Which of the following is a quality of a self-confident person?
- (a) Patient
- (b) Compassionate
- (c) Committed
- (d) Passionate

Answer: (c) Committed

- 5. What is the best way to start our day positively?
- (a) Think about all that can go wrong.
- (b) Think about the difficult test you will face during the day.
- (c) Think about all your accomplishment so far and feel good about it.
- (d) Think about the traffic on the road and feel stressed.

Answer: (c) Think about all your accomplishment so far and feel good about it.

- 6. Rahul gets feedback on his project work from his class teacher. Which of these options demonstrates positive attitude in this situation?
- (a) Rahul ignores the feedback.
- (b) Rahul takes the feedback but does not use it.
- (c) Rahul tells others that the teacher is wrong.
- (d) Rahul learns from the feedback and makes his project work better.

Answer: (d) Rahul learns from the feedback and makes his project work better.

- 7. What can you do to get rid of negative thoughts or feelings?
- (a) Meditate to calm down and feel positive.
- (b) Ignore them and move on in life.
- (c) Act based on the negative thoughts or feelings.
- (d) Talk to a friend and share all your negative feelings.

Answer: (a) Meditate to calm down and feel positive.

- 8. Do you think people living in hill stations can skip taking a bath for many days?
- (a) No, irrespective of the climate, one should take a bath regularly.
- (b) Yes, not taking bath for many days is acceptable for people staying in cold climate.
- (c) Yes, if they wipe themselves with a wet cloth, then it is fine.
- (d) None of the above

Answer: (a) No, irrespective of the climate, one should take a bath regularly.

- 9. Radha wants to grow her hair and she applies a lot of hair oil. She does not wash her hair for days and sometimes it smells bad too. What would be your suggestion to her?
- (a) She can leave the oil in her hair, after all it helps her hair to grow.
- (b) She can leave it on at night and wash her hair every day before leaving home.
- (c) She should not apply the oil at all.
- (d) She can apply the oil and pour a little water on her hair before leaving home to reduce the smell. Answer: (b) She can leave it on at night and wash her hair every day before leaving home.
- 10. Dressing and grooming are important because they help us to look\_\_\_\_\_
- (a) smart
- (b) untidy
- (c) shabby
- (d) All of the above

Answer: (d) All of the above

11. The following image is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ shirt



- (a) informal
- (b) formal
- (c) Both of the above
- (d) None of the above

Answer: (a) Formal

12. The following image is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ T-shirt.



- (a) informal
- (b) formal
- (c) Both of the above
- (d) None of the above

Answer: (a) Formal

# **OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS (SET 02)**

<ol> <li>Self-management, also known as, is the ability to effectively control one's emotions, behavior and thoughts.</li> <li>Self – control</li> <li>Self – innovative</li> <li>Self – Design</li> </ol>
d. None of the above
Ans: a. Self – control
2. Self management is also useful in:
a. Reaching your goals
b. Overcoming bad habits
c. Creating positive habits
d. All of the above
Ans: d. All of the above
3term is also referred to self management.
a. Emotions, behavior and thoughts
b. Self regulation
c. Self control
d. All of the above
Ans: d. All of the above
4. In self – management skills you can improve yourself in various skills like
a. Discipline
b. Timeliness
c. Goal-setting
d. All of the above
Ans: d. All of the above
5. When you are under for a prolonged period of time, it can cause health problems and
mental troubles as well.
a. Stress
b. Discipline
c. Timeliness
d. Goal – Setting
Ans: a. Stress
6. Our emotional, mental, physical, and social responses to perceived demands or threats are referred
to as
a. Stress
b. Blood pressure
c. Constipation
d. Heart attack
Ans: a. Stress
7. Stress can be defined as our mental, emotional, physical and social reaction to any perceived
demands or threats. These demands or threats are called
a. Blood pressure

- b. Stress
- c. Stressors
- d. Constipation

Ans: c. Stressors

- 8. What is the reason for stress?
- a. You are too close to the exams but feel unprepared.
- b. You are stressed due to lack of sleep.
- c. You are experiencing a loss of someone close in the family
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above

- 9. \_\_\_\_\_ management helps to balance between life, work, relationships, relaxation and fun.
- a. Blood pressure management
- b. Stress management
- c. Stressors management
- d. Constipation management

Ans: b. Stress management

- 10. How can we manage stress?
- a. Be aware that you are stressed
- b. Identify what is causing you stress
- c. Apply stress management methods.
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above

- 11. What are the stress management techniques?
- a. Time Management
- b. Physical exercise and fresh air
- c. Healthy diet
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above

- 12. If you can become a calm and relaxed person, you will have the ability to work independently, which means.
- a. You are self-aware
- b. You are self monitor
- c. You are self correcting
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above

- 13. How many types of skills are there in emotional intelligence?
- a. Emotional awareness
- b. Harnessing emotions
- c. Managing emotions
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above

- 14. What are the steps to manage emotional intelligence?
- a. Understand your emotions
- b. Rationalize
- c. Practise
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above
15. Analyzing your and helps you to attain success in life.  a. Strengths & Weakness  b. Good & bad habits  c. Both a) and b)  d. None of the above  Ans: a. Strengths & Weakness
<ul><li>16. How can you identify your strength?</li><li>a. Think of anything that you are always successful at.</li><li>b. Think about what others like in you.</li><li>c. Take out time and think about what you do well.</li><li>d. All of the above</li><li>Ans: d. All of the above</li></ul>
17. How can you identify your weaknesses?  a. Point out the areas where you struggle and the things you find difficult to do.  b. Look at the feedback others usually give you.  c. Be open to feedback and accept your weaknesses without feeling low about it.  d. All of the above  Ans: d. All of the above
18. Identifying strengths a. Take time off to think about what you do well b. Think of anything that you are always good at c. Think about what others appreciate about you d. All of the above Ans: d. All of the above
19. Identifying weaknesses a. Point out the areas where you struggle and what you find difficult to do b. Look at the feedback you receive from others c. Be open to feedback and accept your weaknesses d. All of the above Ans: d. All of the above
20. If you are aware of your own values, likes, dislikes, strengths, and shortcomings as an individual. It denotes the fact that you are a. Self-Confident b. Self-Control c. Self Motivated d. Self-Aware Ans: d. Self-Aware
21. A person's is an acquired or natural ability that allows them to execute a specific job or task with a high level of proficiency.  a. Weaknesses b. Strength c. Interest d. Abilities Ans: d. Abilities

22, often known as 'areas for improvement', refers to the	things we don't do well or aren't
very good at.	
a. Weaknesses	
b. Strength	
c. Interest	
d. Abilities	
Ans: a. Weaknesses	
23 helps to achieve our goals, feel happy and improve or	ur quality of life.
a. Self – control	1
b. Self – motivation	
c. Self – awareness	
d. None of the above	
Ans: b. Self – motivation	
24. What are the different types of motivation?	
a. Internal Motivation (Love)	
b. External Motivation (Reward)	
c. Both a) and b)	
d. None of the above	
Ans: c. Both a) and b)	
25. What are the qualities of self-motivated people?	
a. Know what they want from life	
b. Are focused	
c. Know what is important	
d. All of the above	
Ans: d. All of the above	
26. What makes you complete work or studies without others cheering	ng vou?
a. Self-confidence	6,1
b. Communication	
c. Self-motivation	
d. Self-esteem	
Ans: c. Self-motivation	
27. Ravi works hard to get the best student award at the end of year.	What type of motivation is this?
a. Internal	
b. External	
c. Both internal and external	
d. Not any specific type of motivation	
Ans: c. Both internal and external	
28 is all about finding and listing your goals and then pla	anning on how to achieve them.
a. Goal setting	
b. Internal setting	
c. External setting	
d. None of the above	
Ans: a. Goal setting	
29. What are the smart methods to set goals in self – management ski	ills?
a. Specific & Measurable	
b. Achievable & Realistic	
Prepared by: M. S. KumarSwamy, TGT(Maths)	Page - 6 -
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c. Time bound d. All of the above Ans: d. All of the above
30 is the ability to plan and control how you spend the hours of your day well and do all that you want to do. a. Stress Management b. Time Management c. Goal Setting d. None of the above Ans: b. Time Management
31. What different examples of time management? a. Complete tasks on time b. Make a daily timetable c. Submit homework and assignments on time d. All of the above Ans: d. All of the above
OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS (SET 03)
1. Self-management is also referred to as a. Self-Control b. Self-Awareness c. Self-Motivation d. None of these Answer: – a. Self-control  2 is the ability to control one's emotions, thoughts, and behavior effectively in different situations. a. Self-guided b. Self-Awareness c. Self-Motivation d. Self-management Answer: – d. Self-management
3. People with strong skills are better in doing certain things better than others. a. Self-guided b. Self-Awareness c. Self-Motivation d. Self-management Answer: – d. Self-management
<ul> <li>4. Employers too strongly prefer people with good self-management skills.</li> <li>a. True</li> <li>b. False</li> <li>Answer: – a. True</li> </ul>
5. To perform well at work and in life in general, you must be able to manage and improve skills. a. discipline and timeliness b. goal-setting & problem-solving

d. All of these Answer: – d. All of these
6. Gathering insights on your personality, work-specific proficiencies, and knowing about your situation-handling skills is called a. Self-awareness b. Responsibility c. Time Management d. Adaptability Answer: – a. Self-awareness
7. If you have been assigned a task by a teacher; ensure you take complete ownership. Even if you are unable to complete the task on time, you must report it and then correct it. This skill is known as
a. Self-awareness b. Responsibility c. Time Management d. Adaptability Answer: – b. Responsibility
8. Sumit is making his timetable and following it diligently as well as he is removing the waste and redundancy from work. This skill is known as a. Self-awareness b. Responsibility c. Time Management d. Adaptability Answer: – c. Time Management
9. Stay current with best practices and read up on new information always. Prepare yourself for new changes, so that you can transition seamlessly. This skill is known as a. Self-awareness b. Responsibility c. Time Management d. Adaptability Answer: – d. Adaptability
10. Stress can be defined as our reaction to any perceived demands or threats.  a. emotional, b. mental, c. physical and social d. all of these Answer: – d. all of these
<ul> <li>11 are the reason for stress?</li> <li>a. Demands</li> <li>b. Threats</li> <li>c. Stressors</li> <li>d. None of these</li> <li>Answer: - c. Stressors</li> </ul>
12. Which of the following is not a stressor?  a. you are too close to the exams but feel unprepared

b. you are experiencing the loss of someone close in the family
c. you are stressed due to lack of sleep
d. None of these
Answer: – d. None of these
13 is one of the important reasons for low productivity in all stages of life.
a. Stress
b. Threats
c. Stressors
d. None of these
Answer: – a. Stress
14. Stress drains one's and impedes the day-to-day work and peace of mind.
a. happiness
b. sorrow
c. energy
d. None of these
Answer: – c. energy
15. Stress can be a stress, if taken in the right sense, and may help in achieving effective
outcomes.
a. positive/good/eustress
b. negative/bad/distress
c. neutral
d. None of these
Answer: – a. positive/ good/eustress
16. A stress that makes a person worrisome, less productive, and may lead to various
psychosomatic disorders too.
* •
a. positive/good/eustress,
b. negative/bad/distress
c. neutral
d. None of these
Answer: – b. negative / bad / distress
17. Stress has always had a bad effect.
a. True
b. False
Answer: – b. False
Allswer. – U. Taise
18. Ravi was extremely excited to break the good news to his mother of his winning the highest
amount of scholarship. This is an example of
a. Stress
b. Eustress
c. Distress
d. Self-management
Answer: – b. Eustress
Allswer. – 0. Eustress
19 Management refers to focusing human efforts on maintaining a healthy body and mind
capable of better withstanding stressful situations.
a. Stress
b. Time
c. Money

d. Emotion
Answer: – a. Stress
20 stress is an amount debt a most of one? a life
20 stress is an unavoidable part of one's life.
a. Planned b. Occasional
c. Behavior
d. Emotional
Answer: – b. Occasional
21 stress leads to anxiety and sorrow resulting in ill status of mental and physical health
a. Planned
b. Managed
c. Unmanaged
d. None of these
Answer: – c. Unmanaged
22. Which of the following is/are known as Stress Casual Agents'?
a. Mental and Physical
b. Mental, Physical & Social
c. Mental, Physical, Social & Financial
d. None of these
Answer: – c. Mental, Physical, Social & Financial
7 tilswer. C. Wentar, Frysleat, Social & Financial
23. The ultimate goal of Stress Management is to strike a balance between life, work, relationships,
relaxation and
a. fun
b. time
c. Both (a) and (b)
d. None of these.
Answer: – a. fun
24. In the ABC of stress management, A stands for
a. Adversity
b. Advice
c. Awareness
d. None of these.
Answer: – a. Adversity
25. In the ARC of stress management, R stands for
25. In the ABC of stress management, B stands for
a. Balance
b. Beliefs
c. Beware
d. None of these.
Answer: – b. Beliefs
26. In the ABC of stress management, C stands for
a. Consequences
b. Cooperate
c. Collaboration
d. None of these.
Answer: – a. Consequences

27. Identify the Stress Casual Agent's.  Students can be left overwhelmed if they are unable to handle their assignment submission deadlines and examinations grades.  a. Mental b. Physical c. Social d. Financial. Answer: – a. Mental
28. Identify the Stress Casual Agents.  High expectations from self can leave one with chronic anxiety and stress, thus leading tostress. [CBSE SQP Term – I 2021]  a. Mental b. Physical c. Social d. Financial. Answer: – a. Mental
29. Identify the Stress Casual Agents. As children grow up, they may seek more independence, may become critically conscious of their looks and have to cope up with hormonal changes. a. Mental b. Physical c. Social d. Financial. Answer: – b. Physical
30. Identify the Stress Casual Agent's.  Issues related to general well-being and health of an individual can lead to low self-esteem and cause stress.  a. Mental b. Physical c. Social d. Financial. Answer: – b. Physical
31. Identify the Stress Casual Agent's.  Discord amongst family members, peer pressure for doing things that children would generally avoid maintaining balance in relationships amongst friends, and status show off may lead to stress at times. This leading to stress.  a. Mental  b. Physical c. Social d. Financial. Answer: – c. Social
32. Which of the following is NOT a physical sign of stress? [CBSE Sample Question Paper 2022] a) Dry mouth b) Guilt c) Fatigue d) Cold hands Answer: (b) Guilt

33. Managing stress is about making a plan to be able to cope effectively with daily pressures.  Always keep in mind the ABC of stress management. The acronym ABC stands for [ CBSE Term – I 2021]  a. Ability, Burden, Concise  b. Adore, Belief, Cause  c. Adversity, Beliefs, Consequences  d. Adapt, Balance, Cooperate  Answer: – c. Adversity, Beliefs, Consequences
34. It refers to focusing human efforts for maintaining a healthy body and mind capable of better withstanding stressful situations. [CBSE SQP TERM 1 2021] a. Stress Management b. Exercise Management c. Fitness Management d. Personality management Answer: – a. Stress Management
35. Imagined, unreal threats affect us a. Psychologically b. Physically c. Both (a) and (b) d. There is nothing as imagined, unreal threats. Answer: – c. Both (a) and (b)
36. Find the odd stress symptom of the following.  a. Social withdrawal  b. Depression  c. Fatigue  d. Anxiety  Answer: – c. Fatigue
37. Find the odd stress symptom of the following. a. Chest pain b. Angry outburst c. Headache d. Low energy Answer: – b. Angry outburst
38. Impact of stress depends on  a. Age and health  b. Profession c. Living conditions d. All of these  Answer: – d. All of these
39. Sonika gets up at 6 am and goes to her hobby classes. Then she comes back home and finishes her homework before going to school. She does all work by herself. No one tells her to do so. This is called a. Self-Awareness b. Self-Motivation c. Self-Regulation d. Discipline Answer: – b. Self-Motivation

- 40. Ravi is suffering from insomnia due to noisy marketplace in his neighborhood. What remedy do you suggest him?
- a. Change of place
- b. Go on a quieter place during vacations
- c. Take medications for insomnia
- d. Install sound proof windows and doors.

Answer: – b. Go on a quieter place during vacations

# **QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS (SET 01)**

# 1. What do you mean by Self management?

Ans. Self-management, also referred to as 'self-control,' is the ability to control one's emotions, thoughts and behavior effectively in different situations.

# 2. What is Stress?

Ans. Stress can be defined as our emotional, mental, physical and social reaction to any perceived demands or threats.

# 3. Give any two examples where small amount of stress is helpful.

Ans. Two examples where small amount of stress is helpful are:

- 1. A fire alarm is intended to cause stress that alerts you to avoid danger.
- 2. The stress created by a deadline to finish a paper can motivate you to finish it on time.

#### 4. Write the effects of stress on our life.

Ans. It can harm our emotional and physical health, and limit our ability to function well at home, in school and within our relationships.

# 5. What is Stress management?

Ans. Stress management is managing stress by making a plan to be able to cope effectively with daily pressures.

# 6. What are the benefits of Stress management?

Ans. Benefits of Stress management are:

- 1 We have a joyful life.
- 2. We will be more energetic and spend quality time with our friends and family.
- 3. We can complete our task on time

# 7. Write four sign/symptoms of stress.

Ans. Four Symptoms of stress management are:

- a. Headache
- b. Sleeplessness
- c. Sadness
- d. Excessive worrying
- e. Nervousness

#### 8. Name any four stress management techniques.

Ans. Four stress management techniques are:

- a. Time management
- b. Physical exercise and fresh air.
- c. Healthy diet
- d. Holidays with family and friends

# 9. Write four qualities of those person who work independently.

Ans. Four qualities are:

- ➤ They are self-aware, self-monitored and self-correcting.
- They take the initiative rather than being told what to do.
- > They have the ability to learn continuously.
- > They recognize their own mistakes.

### 10. What do you mean by emotional intelligence?

Ans. Emotional intelligence is the ability to identify and manage one's own emotions, as well as the emotions of others.

# 11. Write three steps to manage emotional intelligence.

Ans. Three steps to manage emotional intelligence are:

- 1 Understand your emotions: Observe your behavior and then work on the things you need to improve.
- 2. Rationalize: Do not take decisions abruptly; be rational in your thinking.
- 3. Practice: Do meditation and yoga to keep yourself calm.

# 12. What do you mean by Self awareness?

Ans. Self awareness means knowing your inner strengths, hidden talents, skills and even weaknesses.

#### 13. Differentiate between Interests and Abilities.

Ans.

Z KIIS.	
Interests	Abilities
Things that you like to do in your	An acquired or natural capacity
free time that make you happy.	
Things you are curious to do even if no one	Enable you to perform a particular task
asked you to do it.	with proficiency

# 14. What do you mean by Self motivation?

Ans. Self-motivation is an internal force that pushes us to achieve our goals, feel happy and improve our quality of life.

# 15. Write four Qualities of Self-motivated people.

Ans. Four Qualities of Self-motivated People are:

- 1 They know what they want from life.
- 2. They are focused.
- 3. They know what is important for them.
- 4. They are dedicated to fulfill their dreams.

### 16. Write four steps of Self motivation.

Ans. Four steps of Self motivation are:

- 1 Find out your strengths.
- 2. Focus on your goals.
- 3. Develop a plan to achieve your goals.
- 4. Stay loyal to your goals.

# 17. What do you mean by Goal and Goal Setting?

Ans. Goals: They are a set of dreams with a deadline to get them, for example, saving pocket money to buy a favorite mobile phone by a particular date.

Goal setting: It is all about finding and listing your goals and then planning on how to achieve them

# 18. Ravi is using SMART method to set goals. What is SMART stands for?

Ans. SMART stands for:

Specific

Measurable

Achievable

Realistic

Time bound

# 19. What do you mean by Time management?

Ans. Time management is the ability to plan and control how you spend your day well and do all that you want to do.

# 20. Write the four steps for effective Time management.

Ans. Four Steps for Effective Time Management are:

- a. Organise: We should plan our day-to-day activities.
- b. Pritortise We should make our to-do-list
- c. Control: We should have a control over our activities and time.
- d. Track: We should identify and note where we have spent our time.

# 21. What do you mean by self – management skills?

**Ans** Your ability to regulate and control your actions, feelings, and thoughts is referred to as self-management skills. It also helps to improve personal and academic goals.

Self-management can also helps in the following areas:-

- ➤ Reaching your goals
- > Developing good habits
- Overcoming challenges and difficulties
- Overcoming bad habits

### 22. What are the different practices of self management skills?

**Ans:** Self – management skills are –

- a. Self awareness Ability to control your values, likes, strengths, dislikes and weaknesses, etc.
- b. Self control Holding the ability to control your behavior, discipline, and so on.
- c. Self confidence Believe in yourself and don't be scared to take risks.
- d. Problem solving Understanding a problem and finding the solution.
- e. Self motivation Try to complete your tasks without any external help.
- f. Personal hygiene Be healthy, clean and smart
- g. Positive thinking Expressing certainty or affirmation even in tough situations
- h. Teamwork Work in team to complete the goals
- i. Time management According to your plan, achieve the task on time.
- j. Goal setting Plan and accomplish the goals within a timeframe.

# 23. Write a short note on the factors influencing self – management.

**Ans:** Factors influencing the self – management are patients, cognitive, mental, and behavioral ability to identify disease – related symptoms, seek treatment, and to identify physical, psychological and social changes.

# 24. Write Self – management skills strengths and weaknesses?

**Ans:** Self – management skills strengths and weaknesses –

### Strengths -

- ➤ Think that you are always good at
- > Think about what you do well
- ➤ Think about what others appreciate about you

#### Weaknesses -

- ➤ Identify the areas where you struggle and what you find difficult to do
- ➤ Accept the feedback you receive from others
- > Be positive with feedback and try to improve yourself.

#### 25. Write difference between interests and abilities?

**Ans:** Interests are the things that we enjoy doing ability acquired or natural capacity that enable an individual to perform a particular task with considerable proficiency.

Interest may include -

Activities you like most to do at school or at home that make you happy.

Even if no one asks you to do the activity but you want to do it.

Activities that you like to learn or do in the future.

# 26. Write the Qualities of self – confidence?

**Ans:** Qualities of self – confident people –

- a. Self belief Always believe in yourself and respect the failures, make you successful in life.
- b. Hard Work Work hard to achieve the goal, don't be afraid of failures.
- c. Positive Attitude Positive attitude means focusing on the goal and trying to achieve.

# 27. How to build self – confidence?

**Ans:** There are three steps to build self – confidence are as follows –

- a. Step 1: Appreciate achievements & accept failures.
- b. Step 2: Make a goal and try to achieve.
- c. Step 3: Always look on the positive side and be happy.

### 28. What are the factors that decrease self – confidence?

**Ans:** Some of the factors which decrease self – confidence

- ➤ When we think we are unable to complete a task.
- When you feel bad from the past mistakes, and unmotivated.
- After failure in the first attempt, do not try again to achieve the goal.
- ➤ When we are surrounded by people who have negative thoughts.

### **OUESTIONS AND ANSWERS (SET 02)**

#### 1. What is Self-Management?

Answer: Self-Management refers to management of or by oneself; taking of responsibility for one's own behavior and well-being.

It also means managing yourself with the people and resources around you.

# 2. What is the aim of Self-Management person?

Answer: The aims of Self-Management person are conducting oneself for the greater good of the individual, family and the society.

### 3. Write the qualities of Self-Management person.

Answer: The qualities of Self-Management person are:-

- (a) Self-managed person not only manages himself well but also behaves responsibly towards people around.
- (b) Self- Management is needed by everyone around us and it is needed in all stages and walks of life.
- (c) Self-managed person is like a tree who is taking care of itself and is also helping others to lead a comfortable life.

### 4. What are the reasons for promotion of Self-Management person.

Answer: The reasons behind promotion of self-management are as follows:

- (a) Don't want the individual to be dependent on anybody else.
- (b) to instills self-confidence in individual to deal his or her life
- (c) to provides a long term and sustainable mechanism of handling personal life.

# 5. How is Self-Management exhibited?

Answer: Self-management is exhibited by our habits, manners, knowledge, intentions and our deeds.

# 6. How good habit is useful?

Answer: Good habits like brushing teeth, taking bath, eating balanced diet and getting up and sleeping at right time every day, helps us maintain good health and physique.

# 7. How good knowledge is useful?

Answer: Good knowledge acquisition and learning increases self-esteem and develops an inquisitive mindset and curious approach.

### 8. How good intentions are useful?

Answer: Good intentions guide us to do the right things. They help us identify the right path and right approach to handle situations.

# 9. How a good deed is useful?

Answer: A good deed done to help others is worth more than a million good words spoken.

#### 10. What are the environmental forces for students?

Answer: Environmental forces for students can be the class schedule, assignments, competitions, exams, different students and their behavior.

# 11. What are the benefits of principles of self-management for students?

Answer: Benefits of principle of self-management are

- (a) It guides individuals to self-monitor their conduct and behavior.
- (b) It helps in self-evaluation.
- (c) It leads to self reinforcement of positive behavior.

# 12. What do you mean by self-monitor?

Answer: Self-monitor means, individual can monitor their conduct and behavior. It makes them proactive. It prepares individuals to complete task independently. Instill ownership to the task and the consequences amongst individuals.

### 13. What do you mean by self-evaluation?

Answer: Self-evaluation means, individual can do course correction by themselves if they do not get desired goals. Once the goals are achieved as desired, it also motivates individuals.

# 14. What do you mean by self-reinforcement?

Answer: Self-reinforcement means appropriate behavior of students as per the time, situation and people involved. Self-reinforcement motivates individuals to take up right things and refrains from getting indulged into negative things, keeping long term consequences in focus.

# 15. What are the different types of self-management skills?

Answer: Following are the self-management skills that individuals should possess to enjoy the fruits of self-management.

- (a) Self-confidence
- (b) Stress Management
- (c) Independent Working

- (d) Team Player
- (e) Time Management
- (f) Self-motivation
- (g) Personality management

#### 16. What is Self-confidence?

Answer: Self-confidence refers to trusting one capabilities and potentialities to achieve the necessary goals, objectives and challenges in life and being worthy of leading a happy life.

# 17. What do you mean by stress management?

Answer: Stress management refers to a state of psychological tension and discomfort originating from unforeseen, difficult, confusing and challenging situations.

# 18. What do you mean by Independent Working?

Answer: When an individual is assigned a task(s), he/she takes ownership and doesn't require constant assistance or supervision to complete that task(s). This is called Independence working.

# 19. Who is known as Team player?

Answer: A person who conforms well with norms of a team and contributes to the attainment of the common goals in an efficient and effective way is called as a team player.

#### 20. Who is Time Management?

Answer: Time Management is conscious effort to prioritize task according to the time at hand to increase productivity, efficiency and effectiveness.

### 21. What is Self-Motivation?

Answer: Motivation is defined as a driving force responsible to do something. The students who are motivated to achieve their academic goal, their future is much better than others. This is called Selfmotivation.

# 22. What is Personality management?

Answer: General neatness, grooming, appropriate dressing, apt verbal and non-verbal communication are components of good personality. It is called personality management.

#### 23. What is Self-Confidence?

Answer: General neatness, grooming, appropriate dressing, apt verbal and non-verbal communication are components of good personality. It is called personality management.

#### 24. Who guide the person in day to day life?

Answer: Generally Parents, teachers and guardians are guide them. But in absence of them, principle of self-management guide the individual day in and day out, on how to respond to the environmental forces.