

Homework 4

5-1

problem

program

Step 1: understand the problem - data flow diagram

Step 2: design a solution - { data structures
algorithm - pseudo code

Step 3: design test cases

Step 4: implement the solution (i.e., program)

Step 5: test the program

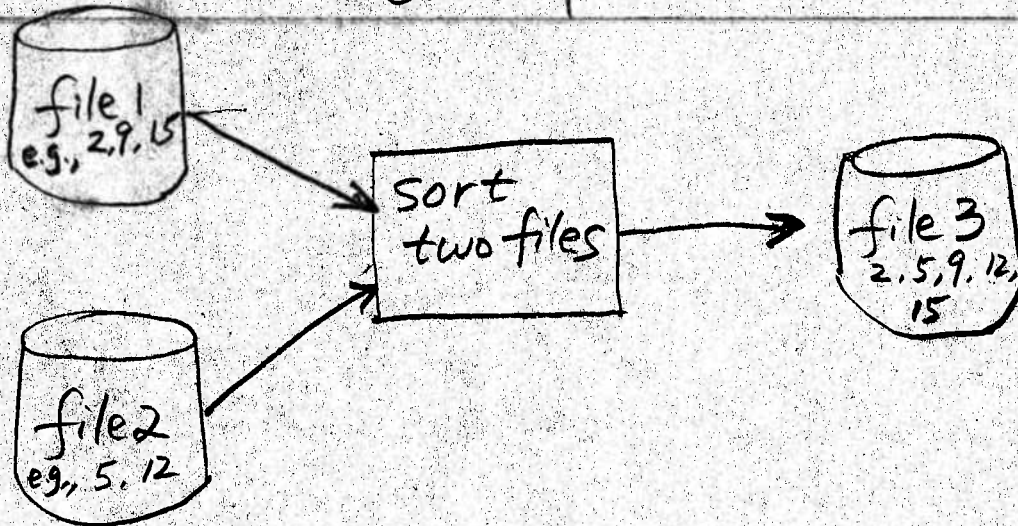
language
dependent

Homework 4

steps 1~2 = 40min - 1h $K=2$

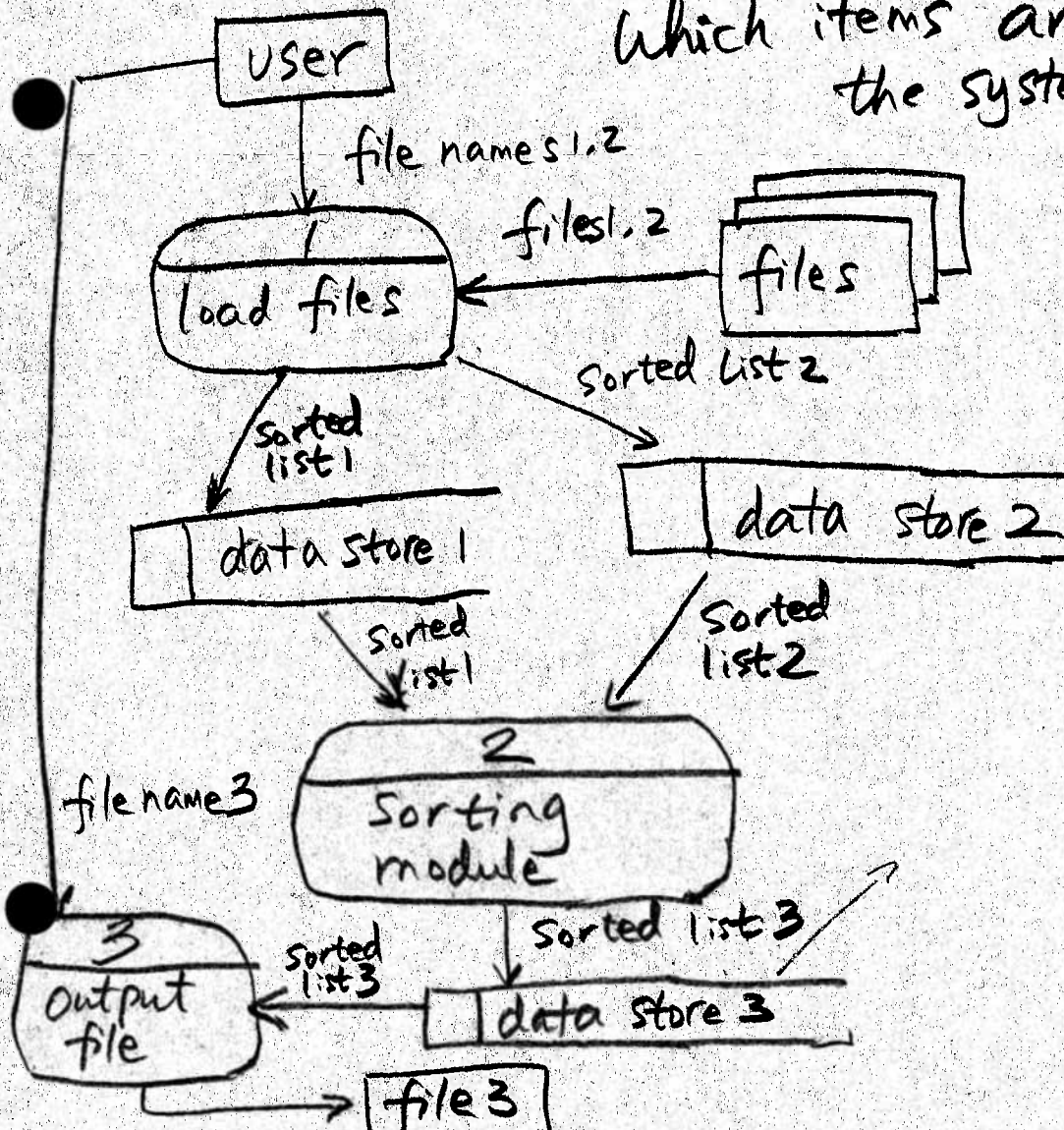
step 1:

core part



Which items are external to the system?

Notation in DFD - Data-Flow Diagram



Step 2:

data structures: Sorted lists — arrays

algorithm:

See basic idea on page 4

(2) repeat (1) until finish one of the two input arrays. How?

index1 \leftarrow 0;

index2 \leftarrow 0;

index3 \leftarrow 0;

while (index1 < ary-size1 && index2 < ary-size2)

(1)
Compare and copy.

}
if (index1 == ary-size1) { /* Copy rest of array 2 into array 3 */
for (i = index2; i < ary-size2; i++) {
array3[index3] = array2[i];
index3++; /* Do NOT forget this! */
}

}
else { /* copy rest of array 1 into array 3 */
for (i = index1; i < ary-size1; i++) {
array3[index3] = array1[i];
index3++;
}

return

ary-size3 = index3;

return ary-size3;

assert (index3 == ary-size1 + ary-size2);

● **Interface** : Input/output of the algorithm :

Input : array 1, ary-size 1
 int array 2, ary-size 2

Output : array 3, ary-size 3

Implementation : (prototype)

int sort_arrays(int array1[], int ary-size1,
 int array2[], int ary-size2,
 int array3[]);

↑
 ary-size3

void sort_arrays(int array1[], int ary-size1, int array2[],
 int ary-size2, int array3[], int &ary-size3);

data type : unsigned int → int

↑
 call by reference