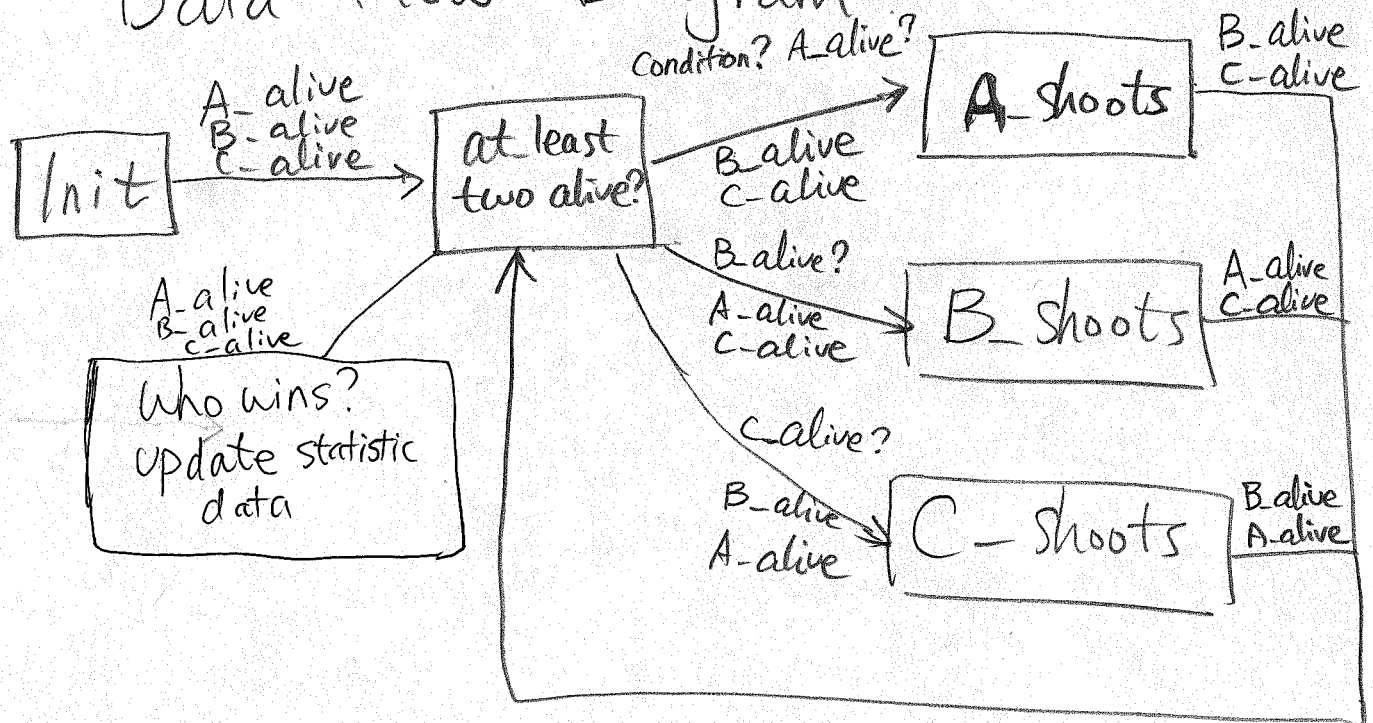


HW3

Data Flow Diagram

P1



Now what is the algorithm?

HW 3 Algorithm

P2

$\left. \begin{array}{l} A_win \\ B_win \\ C_win \end{array} \right\} = 0$

init rand generator;

```

for ( i = 0 ; i < 10,000 ; i++ ) {
    while ( A_alive, B_alive, C_alive < true;
           at-least-two-alive ) {
        if ( A_alive )
            A_shoots ;
        if ( B_alive )
            B_shoots ;
        if ( C_alive ) ;
            C_shoots ;
    }
}

```

```

if ( A_alive )
    A_win ++ ;
if ( B_alive )
    B_win ++ ;
if ( C_alive )
    C_win ++ ;

```

```

} /* end for */
print report

```

P3

- How to implement at-least-two-alive?

```

bool at-least-two-alive(A_alive, B_alive, C_alive)
{
    if (A_alive && (!B_alive) && (!C_alive))
        return false;
    if ((!A_alive) && B_alive && (!C_alive))
        return false;
    if ((!A_alive) && (!B_alive) && (C_alive))
        return false;

```

How about?

```

    (!A_alive) && (!B_alive) && (!C_alive)
    ?
    return true;

```

}



Better Solution

```

if ((A_alive && B_alive) or
    (A_alive && C_alive) or
    (B_alive && C_alive))
    return true;
else
    return false;

```

```

A - shoots ( B alive, C alive ) { P4
    perce shootPoint = Rand() % 100;
    if ( C alive ) {
        if ( shootPoint > 67 ) { /* < 33 */
            print ( C killed );
            C alive = false;
        }
    }
    else if {
        if ( B alive ) {
            if ( shootPoint > 67 ) {
                print
                B alive
            } /*end if */
        } /*end if */
    } /*end else */
}

```