notes

disable warnings in gcc

```
#pragma GCC system_header
```

works great for generated code.

cgdb, highlight current line

:hi SelectedLineNr cterm=reverse

printing all the gcc defines

```
gcc -dM -E - < /dev/null</pre>
```

foldr map and curry in the C preprocessor language

Might as well do scheme next :).

```
//compile assert macro
#define C ASSERT(test) \
    switch(0) {\
     case 0:\
     case test:;\
// ... means any number of arguments a1 -> a2 -> a3 ... -> an
// so (...) is (a1 -> a2 -> a3 ... -> an) or a list
// but i will use haskells [a] types to express lists
// where lists are expected explicitly
//count arguments
//COUNT ARGS :: ... -> Int
#define COUNT_ARGS(...) COUNT_ARGS_(,##__VA_ARGS__,6,5,4,3,2,1,0)
#define COUNT ARGS (z,a,b,c,d,e,f,cnt,...) cnt
//call an object
//CALL :: (... -> a) -> (...) -> a
\#define CALL(x,y) x y
//HEAD :: [a] -> a
```

```
#define HEAD(args) CALL(HEAD , args)
#define HEAD (a,...) a
//TAIL :: [a] -> [a]
#define TAIL(args) (CALL(TAIL , args))
#define TAIL (a,...) VA ARGS
//UNPACK :: (...) -> ...
#define UNPACK(args) CALL(UNPACK ,args)
#define UNPACK (...) VA ARGS
#define ISEMPTY(ls) PASTE(ISEMPTY, CALL (COUNT ARGS, PASTE(ISEMPTY, CALL
#define CALL (f,a) f(a)
#define ISEMPTY 0 a,b
#define ISEMPTY 2 1
#define ISEMPTY 1 0
//JOIN :: (...) -> (...) -> (...)
#define JOIN(11,12) PASTE(JOIN , PASTE(ISEMPTY(11), ISEMPTY(12)))(11,12)
#define JOIN 00(11,12) (UNPACK(11), UNPACK(12))
#define JOIN 10(11,12) 12
#define JOIN 01(11,12) 11
#define JOIN 11(11,12) ()
//curry a function to it arguments
#define CURRY(f,args) JOIN(f,args)
//evaluate a function object
#define EVAL(f) EVAL f
#define EVAL (f,...) f( VA ARGS )
//PASTE :: a -> b -> c
//this is really in the preprocessor domain, so hard to type
#define PASTE(aa,bb) PASTE (aa,bb)
#define PASTE (aa,bb) aa ## bb
//FOLDR :: (a -> b -> b) -> b -> [a] -> b
#define FOLDR(func,accum,lst) PASTE(FOLDR_,CALL(COUNT_ARGS,lst))(
#define FOLDR 4(func,accum,lst) EVAL FR(CURRY(func,(HEAD(lst),FOLDR
//the map needs a different eval then the foldr
//i dont fully grok this part yet
#define EVAL FR(f) EVAL FR f
#define EVAL_FR_(f,...) f( VA ARGS )
//MAP :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> b
#define MAP(func,lst) FOLDR((MAP_,func),(),lst)
#define MAP (func,aa,acc) JOIN((EVAL MP(CURRY(func,(aa)))), acc)
#define EVAL MP(f) EVAL MP f
```

```
#define EVAL MP (f, ...) f ( VA ARGS )
int main(void) {
  C ASSERT(0 == COUNT ARGS());
   C ASSERT(1 == COUNT ARGS(1));
   C ASSERT(2 == COUNT ARGS(1,2));
   C ASSERT(3 == COUNT ARGS(1,2,3));
   C ASSERT (12 == PASTE(1,2));
   C ASSERT(1 == HEAD((1,2,3)));
   C ASSERT(2 == HEAD(TAIL((1,2,3))));
   C_ASSERT(3 == HEAD(TAIL(TAIL((1,2,3,4)))))
   C_ASSERT(1 == ISEMPTY(()))
   C ASSERT(0 == ISEMPTY((1)))
   C ASSERT(0 == ISEMPTY((1,2)))
   C_ASSERT(0 == ISEMPTY((1,2,3)))
   C ASSERT(1 == ISEMPTY(JOIN((),())))
   C 	ext{ ASSERT (1 == HEAD (JOIN ((), (1))))}
   C_ASSERT(1 == HEAD(JOIN((1), ())))
   C ASSERT(1 == HEAD(JOIN((1,2),())))
   C ASSERT (1 == HEAD(JOIN((1), (2))))
   C ASSERT(2 == HEAD(JOIN((2), (1))))
   C ASSERT(1 == HEAD(JOIN((1,2),(3,4))))
   C ASSERT(2 == HEAD(TAIL(JOIN((1,2),(3,4)))))
   C_ASSERT(3 == HEAD(TAIL(TAIL(JOIN((1,2),(3,4)))))
   C ASSERT(4 == \text{HEAD}(\text{TAIL}(\text{TAIL}(\text{JOIN}((1,2),(3,4))))))
   C ASSERT(1 == EVAL(CURRY((HEAD),((1,2)))))
   C ASSERT(12 == EVAL(CURRY((PASTE), (1,2))))
   C ASSERT (12 == EVAL (CURRY ((PASTE, 1), (2))))
   C ASSERT(123 == FOLDR((PASTE),, (1,2,3)))
   \#define ID(x) x
   C ASSERT(1 == HEAD(MAP((ID), (1,2,3))))
   C ASSERT(1 == HEAD(MAP((ID), MAP((ID), (1,2,3)))))
   C ASSERT(1 == HEAD(MAP((ID), MAP((ID), MAP((ID), (1, 2, 3)))))))
   return 0;
```

counting args with C macros

```
/**
 * we need a comma at the start for ##_VA_ARGS__ to consume then
 * the arguments are pushed out in such a way that 'cnt' ends up with
 * the right count.
```

```
#/
#define COUNT_ARGS(...) COUNT_ARGS_(,##__VA_ARGS__,6,5,4,3,2,1,0)
#define COUNT_ARGS_(z,a,b,c,d,e,f,cnt,...) cnt

#define C_ASSERT(test) \
    switch(0) {\
        case 0:\
        case test:;\
    }

int main() {
        C_ASSERT(0 == COUNT_ARGS());
        C_ASSERT(1 == COUNT_ARGS(a));
        C_ASSERT(2 == COUNT_ARGS(a,b));
        C_ASSERT(3 == COUNT_ARGS(a,b,c));
        C_ASSERT(4 == COUNT_ARGS(a,b,c,d));
        C_ASSERT(5 == COUNT_ARGS(a,b,c,d,e));
        C_ASSERT(6 == COUNT_ARGS(a,b,c,d,e,f));
    return 0;
}
```

compile time assert

```
#define C_ASSERT(test) \
    switch(0) {\
    case 0:\
    case test:;\
}
```

make repl, sort of

```
#run make '$(expression)' to see what make thinks the expression evalua
$$%:;@$(call true)$(info $(call or,$$$*))
```

make + cabal

```
#run make T=target to trigger the build for target exe
O=dist/build
D=dist/setup-config
A=#

ifneq ($(strip $T),)
A=$0/$T/$T
endif

all:$A
```

```
$0/%:$(shell find . -not -path "*dist/build/*" -iname "*.hs") $D
    cabal build
    touch $@

clean:
    cabal clean

$D:$(wildcard *.cabal)
    cabal install --only-dependencies --enable-executable-profiling --e
    cabal configure
    touch $@
```

.vimrc

```
"remembering cursor position between sessions
:set viminfo='10,\"100,:20,%,n~/.viminfo
function! ResCur()
  if line("'\"") <= line("$")
   normal! g`"
    return 1
  endif
endfunction
augroup resCur
  autocmd!
  autocmd BufWinEnter * call ResCur()
augroup END
:syntax on
:set nowrapscan
:set autoindent
:set expandtab
:set tabstop=3
:set ruler
:set shiftwidth=3
:set ignorecase
:set smartcase
:set tags=./tags;
:set noswapfile
:map <tab> <C-w><C-w>
:set wildmode=longest, list, full
:set wildmenu
"underline spell check
:hi clear SpellBad
:hi SpellBad cterm=underline
"sane highlights for vimdiff
highlight DiffAdd term=reverse cterm=bold ctermbg=green ctermfg=white
highlight DiffChange term=reverse cterm=bold ctermbg=cyan ctermfg=black
highlight DiffText term=reverse cterm=bold ctermbg=gray ctermfg=black
highlight DiffDelete term=reverse cterm=bold ctermbg=red ctermfg=black
```

```
"use tabs in linux kernel code
:au BufNewFile,BufRead /*kernel* set tabstop=8
:au BufNewFile,BufRead /*kernel* set shiftwidth=8
:au BufNewFile,BufRead /*kernel* set noexpandtab
```