Week 7 Exercises Part1

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Exercise1: Max Comparator

Starter code:

https://github.com/sandraleeusc/csci104_fall2020_lecture/blob/master/max_comparator.cpp

- Implement a template max function to use a type and comparator: template <typename T, typename comp> T mymax(const T& a, const T& b, comp test);
- 2. Write a comparator to compare the size of 2 vectors of ints and returns true if and only if the first parameter vector is the larger sized vector
- 3. Write a comparator to compares the sum of two vectors of ints and returns true if and only if the first parameter vector is the vector with the larger sum
- 4. Complete main to instantiate your comparators and test your max function

Starter code:

https://github.com/sandraleeusc/csci104_fall2020_lecture/blob/master/CharBlockSort.cpp

- 1. Write a comparator that will return true if and only if the first parameter CharacterBlock has a smaller physical address
- 2. Inside main() sort the CharacterBlocks using your comparator and verify that it worked correctly.

Starter code:

https://github.com/sandraleeusc/csci104_fall2020_lecture/blob/master/selectionsort.h

- 1. selectionsort.h contains the Item struct for a doubly linked list and the functions findmin and LLSelectionSort
- 2. Complete the implementation of findMin and LLSelectionSort in selectionsort.cpp.
- 3. The implementation of LLSelectionSort should be recursive. (It is good practice, but you can try an iterative implementation also.)
- 4. findMin should find the minimum item and remove it from the list and return a shared ptr to it. If you would prefer to only return the pointer and remove it in LLSelectionSort that is also acceptable.
- 5. The main in selectionsort.cpp can be used to test your LLSelectionSort. It has memory leaks that you can fix as an exercise later...

Exercise 4: Quantile

Code:

https://github.com/sandraleeusc/csci104_fall2020_lecture/blob/master/smallest.cpp

- 1. What is the runtime of the quantile function?
- 2. Find the recurrence relation for the runtime.
- 3. Use a recursion tree or unrolling to solve the recurrence.
- 4. Then apply an asymptotic bound on the runtime.