# Week 8 Exercises Submit

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## Exercise1: Using a Priority Queue for Sorting

#### Starter code:

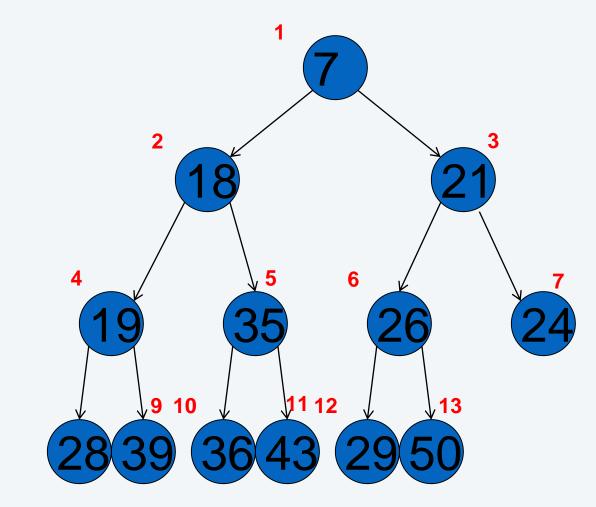
https://github.com/sandraleeusc/csci104\_fall2020\_lecture/blob/master/heapsort.cpp

- 1. Instantiate a priority queue of integers that uses a min heap
- 2. Insert 10 random integers into the min heap
- 3. Then use the priority queue to print the integers in sorted order
- 4. Given a min heap with n integers, what is the runtime to print in sorted order?

# Exercise 2: Tracing Push

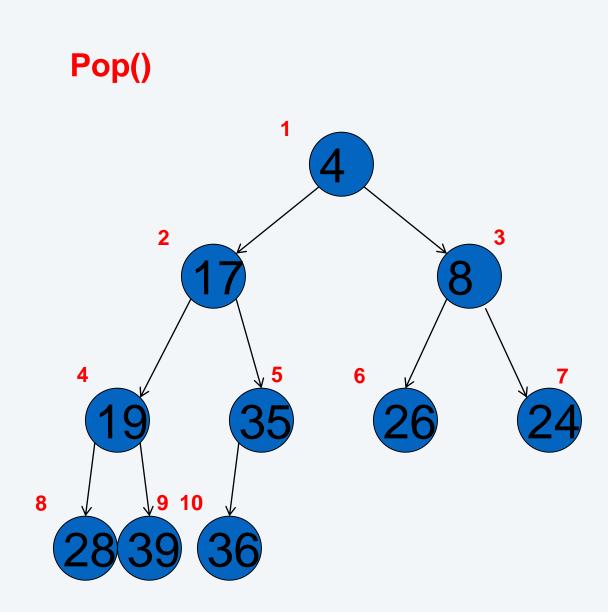
Draw the array and trace for min heap

**Push(23)** 



# Exercise 3: Trace Pop

Draw the array and trace for min heap



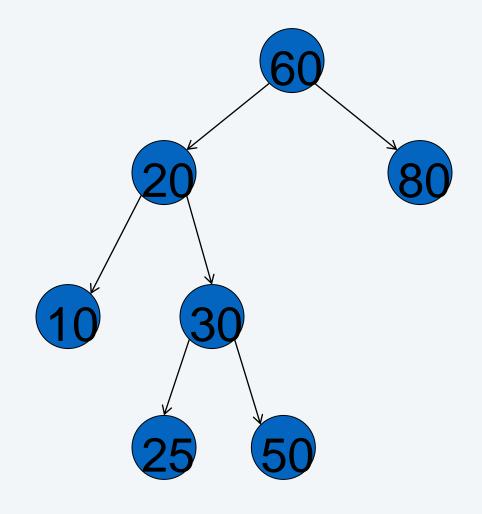
# Exercise 4: Converting An Array to a Min Heap

- I. Draw this array as a complete binary tree. Verify that it is not a min-heap.
- 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 em 28 9 18 10 35 14 7 19 Original Array

- 2. Assume all leaf nodes are valid heaps
- 3. Then from first non-leaf node apply trickleDown or heapify. First non-leaf node is at index 4. (Why?)
- 4. Apply heapify on node at index 3.
- 5. Apply heapify on node at index 2.
- 6. Apply heapify on node at index 1.
- 7. Can you verify that this is a min-heap now?
- 8. Draw the min heap as an array again.
- 9. Can you show that this algorithm is O(n) where is the number of elements in the array?

# Trace the following pseudocode for preorder, in order, and post-order traversal on the tree below.

```
// Node definition
struct TNode
{
  int val;
  shared_ptr<TNode> left;
  shared_ptr<TNode> right;
};
```



```
Preorder(shared_ptr<TNode> t)
{    if t == NULL return
    process(t) // print val.
    Preorder(t->left)
    Preorder(t->right)
}
```

```
Postorder(shared_ptr<Tnode> t)
{    if t == NULL return
    Postorder(t->left)
    Postorder(t->right)
    process(t) // print val.
}
```

```
Inorder(shared_ptr<Tnode> t)
{    if t == NULL return
    Inorder(t->left)
    process(t) // print val.
    Inorder(t->right)
}
```

#### Exercise 6: Recursive Tree Functions

### Starter code:

https://github.com/sandraleeusc/csci104\_fall2020\_lecture/blob/master/recursetree.cpp

- 1. Implement the count function recursively. The function should return the number of nodes in the tree.
- 2. Implement the height function recursively. The function should return the height of the tree.
- 3. Hint: You can use helper functions.