# **HTML Headings**

w3schools.com/html/html headings.asp

HTML headings are titles or subtitles that you want to display on a webpage.

#### **Example**

### **Heading 1**

### **Heading 2**

#### **Heading 3**

#### Heading 4

Heading 5

Heading 6

HTML headings are defined with the <h1> to <h6> tags.

<h1> defines the most important heading. <h6> defines the least important heading.

#### **Example**

<h1>Heading 1</h1>

<h2>Heading 2</h2>

<h3>Heading 3</h3>

<h4>Heading 4</h4>

<h5>Heading 5</h5>

<h6>Heading 6</h6>

**Note:** Browsers automatically add some white space (a margin) before and after a heading.

# **Headings Are Important**

Search engines use the headings to index the structure and content of your web pages.

Users often skim a page by its headings. It is important to use headings to show the document structure.

<h1> headings should be used for main headings, followed by <h2> headings, then the less important <h3>, and so on.

**Note:** Use HTML headings for headings only. Don't use headings to make text **BIG** or **bold**.

### **Bigger Headings**

Each HTML heading has a default size. However, you can specify the size for any heading with the style attribute, using the CSS font-size property:

### **Example**

<h1 style="font-size:60px;">Heading 1</h1>

# **HTML Tag Reference**

W3Schools' tag reference contains additional information about these tags and their attributes.

Tag	Description
<html></html>	Defines the root of an HTML document
<body></body>	Defines the document's body
<h1> to <h6></h6></h1>	Defines HTML headings

For a complete list of all available HTML tags, visit our HTML Tag Reference.

# **Video: HTML Headings**



