

HTML form tag

 [w3schools.com/tags/tag_form.asp](https://www.w3schools.com/tags/tag_form.asp)

Example

An HTML form with two input fields and one submit button:

```
<form action="/action_page.php" method="get">
  <label for="fname">First name:</label>
  <input type="text" id="fname" name="fname"><br><br>
  <label for="lname">Last name:</label>
  <input type="text" id="lname" name="lname"><br><br>
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
```

Definition and Usage

The `<form>` tag is used to create an HTML form for user input.

The `<form>` element can contain one or more of the following form elements:

- `<input>`
- `<textarea>`
- `<button>`
- `<select>`
- `<option>`
- `<optgroup>`
- `<fieldset>`
- `<label>`
- `<output>`

Browser Support

Element

<code><form></code>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
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Attributes

Attribute	Value	Description
<code>accept-charset</code>	<i>character_set</i>	Specifies the character encodings that are to be used for the form submission

<u>action</u>	<i>URL</i>	Specifies where to send the form-data when a form is submitted
<u>autocomplete</u>	on off	Specifies whether a form should have autocomplete on or off
<u>enctype</u>	application/x-www-form-urlencoded multipart/form-data text/plain	Specifies how the form-data should be encoded when submitting it to the server (only for method="post")
<u>method</u>	dialog get post	Specifies the HTTP method to use when sending form-data
<u>name</u>	<i>text</i>	Specifies the name of a form
<u>novalidate</u>	novalidate	Specifies that the form should not be validated when submitted
<u>rel</u>	external help license next nofollow noopener noreferrer opener prev search	Specifies the relationship between a linked resource and the current document
<u>target</u>	_blank _self _parent _top	Specifies where to display the response that is received after submitting the form

Global Attributes

The `<form>` tag also supports the [Global Attributes in HTML](#).

Event Attributes

The `<form>` tag also supports the [Event Attributes in HTML](#).

More Examples

Example

An HTML form with checkboxes:

```
<form action="/action_page.php" method="get">
  <input type="checkbox" name="vehicle1" value="Bike">
  <label for="vehicle1"> I have a bike</label><br>
  <input type="checkbox" name="vehicle2" value="Car">
  <label for="vehicle2"> I have a car</label><br>
  <input type="checkbox" name="vehicle3" value="Boat" checked>
  <label for="vehicle3"> I have a boat</label><br><br>
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
```

Example

An HTML form with radiobuttons:

```
<form action="/action_page.php" method="get">
  <input type="radio" id="html" name="fav_language" value="HTML">
  <label for="html">HTML</label><br>
  <input type="radio" id="css" name="fav_language" value="CSS" checked="checked">
  <label for="css">CSS</label><br>
  <input type="radio" id="javascript" name="fav_language" value="JavaScript">
  <label for="javascript">JavaScript</label><br><br>
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
```

Related Pages

HTML tutorial: [HTML Forms and Input](#)

HTML DOM reference: [Form Object](#)

CSS Tutorial: [Styling Forms](#)

Default CSS Settings

Most browsers will display the `<form>` element with the following default values:

Example

```
form {
  display: block;
  margin-top: 0em;
}
```