

# Copyright Notice

These slides are distributed under the Creative Commons License.

[DeepLearning.AI](#) makes these slides available for educational purposes. You may not use or distribute these slides for commercial purposes. You may make copies of these slides and use or distribute them for educational purposes as long as you cite [DeepLearning.AI](#) as the source of the slides.

For the rest of the details of the license, see <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.0/legalcode>



deeplearning.ai

# Part of Speech Tagging

# Outline

- What is part of speech tagging?
- Markov chains
- Hidden Markov models
- Viterbi algorithm
- Example
- Coding assignment!

# What is part of speech?

Why not learn something ?

adverb

adverb

verb

noun

punctuation  
mark,  
sentence  
closer

# Part of speech (POS) tagging

Part of speech tags:

lexical term	tag	example
noun	NN	something, nothing
verb	VB	learn, study
determiner	DT	the, a
w-adverb	WRB	why, where
...	...	

Why not learn something ?

**WRB** **RB** **VB** **NN** .

# Applications of POS tagging



Named entities



Co-reference resolution



Speech recognition



deeplearning.ai

# Markov Chains

# Example

Why not learn  ...

**verb**   **verb?**  
          **noun?**  
          ... ?



# Part of Speech Dependencies

Why not learn  ...

verb verb?  
└─> **noun?**  
...?

# The Most Likely Next Word

Why not learnswimming?

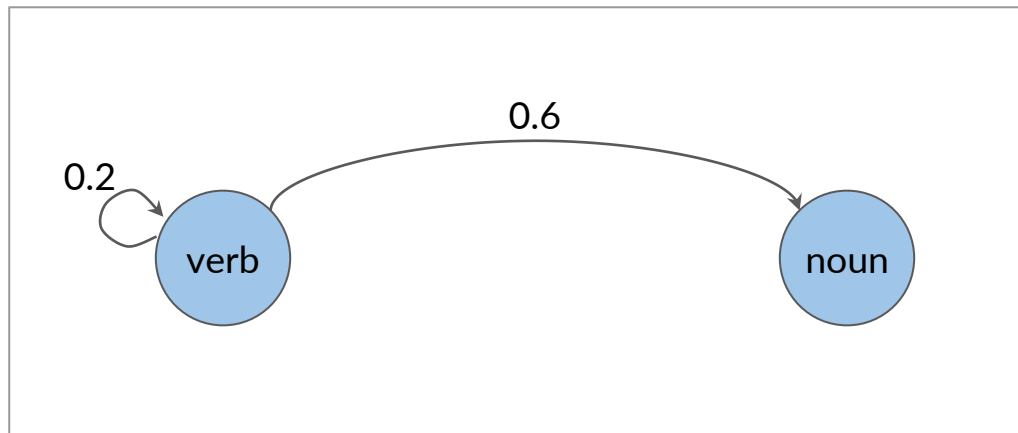
verb **noun**

# Less Likely Words

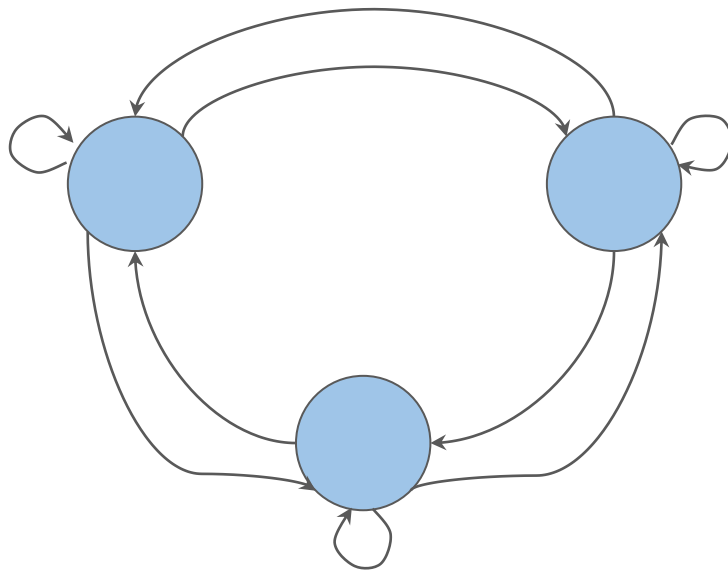
Why not learnswim?

**verb verb**

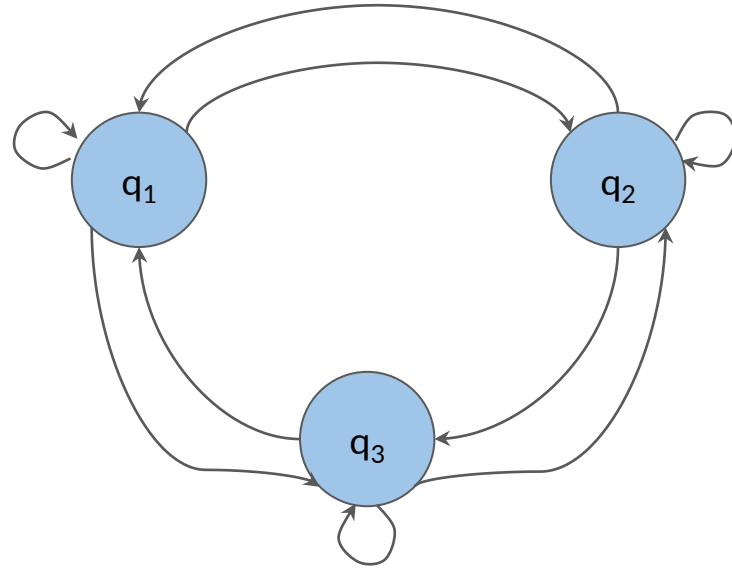
# Visual Representation



# What are Markov chains?



# States



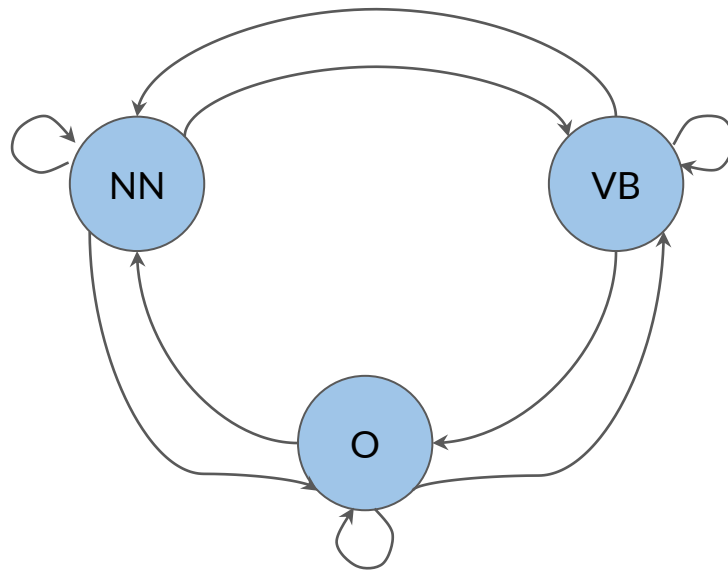
$$Q = \{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$$



deeplearning.ai

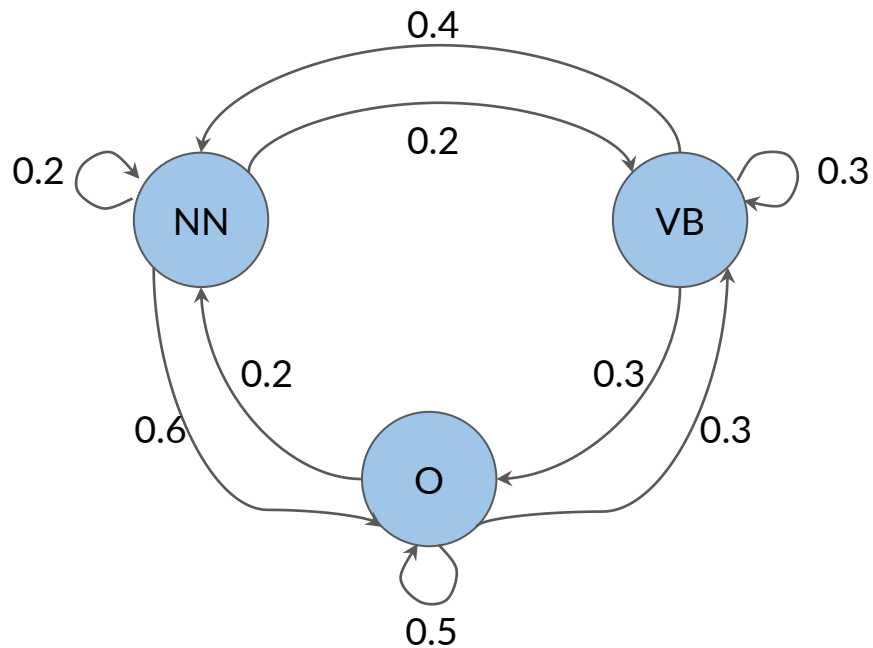
# Markov Chains and POS Tags

# POS tags as States

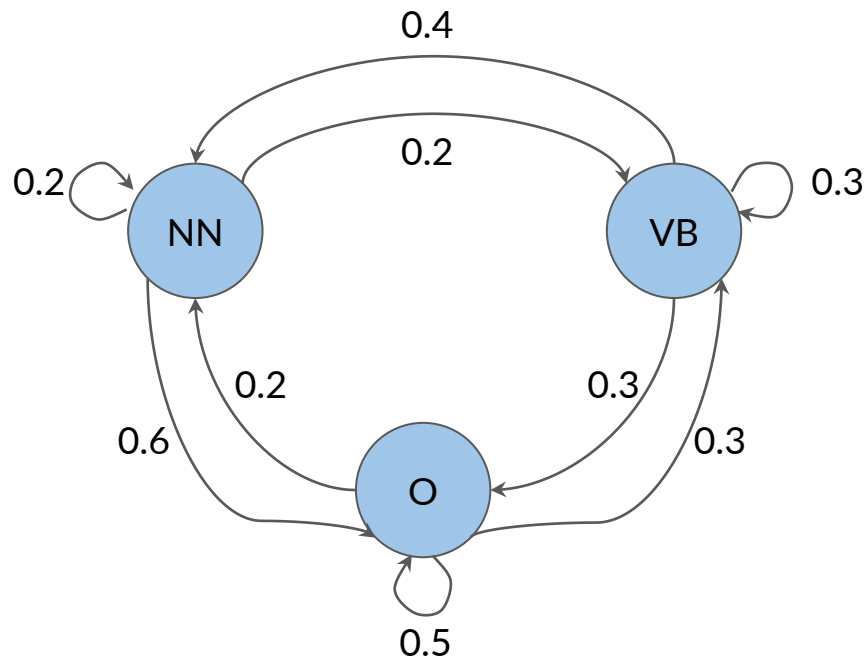




# Transition probabilities

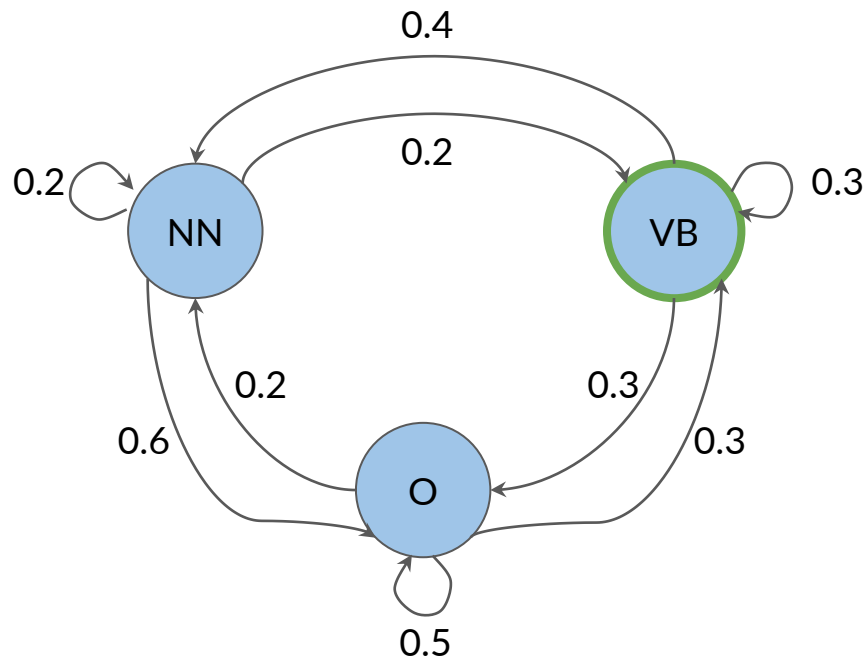


# Transition probabilities



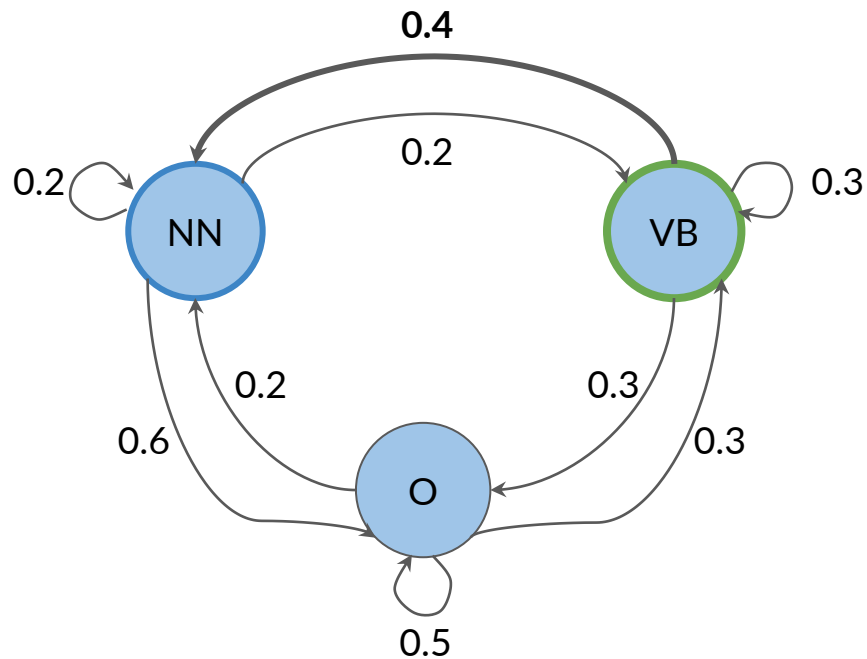
Why not **learn** something ?

# Transition probabilities



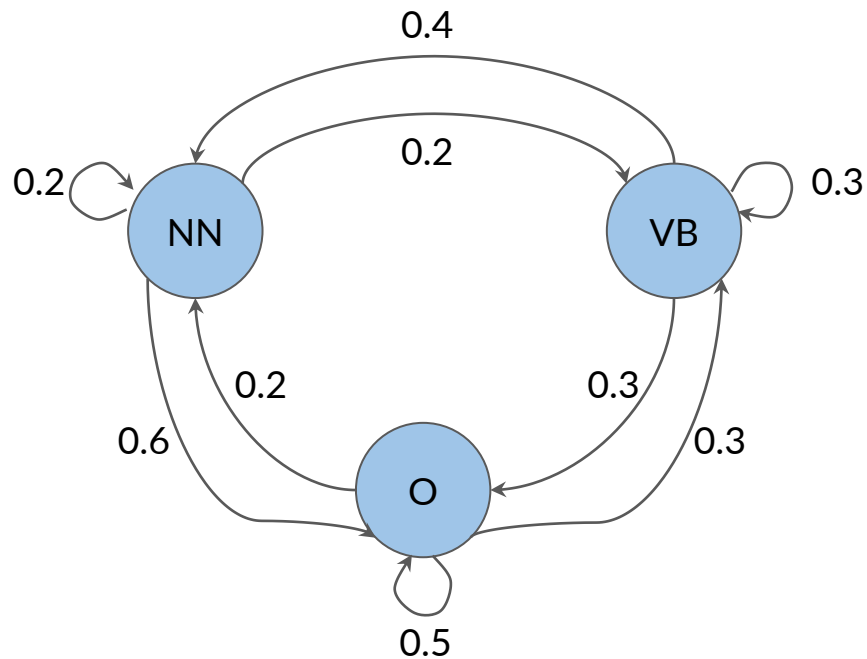
Why not **learn** something ?

# Transition probabilities



Why not learn something ?

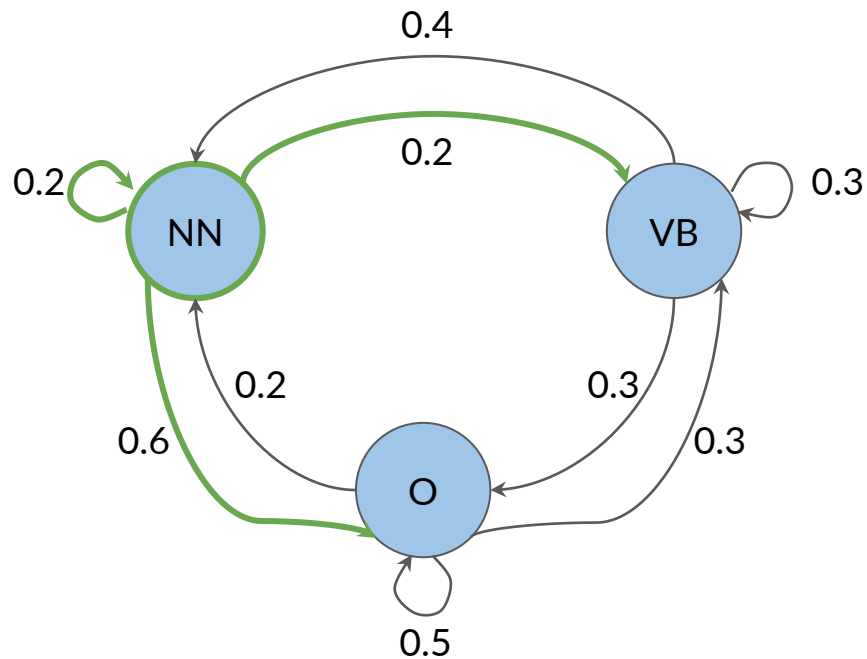
# The transition matrix



$A =$

	NN	VB	O
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

# The transition matrix

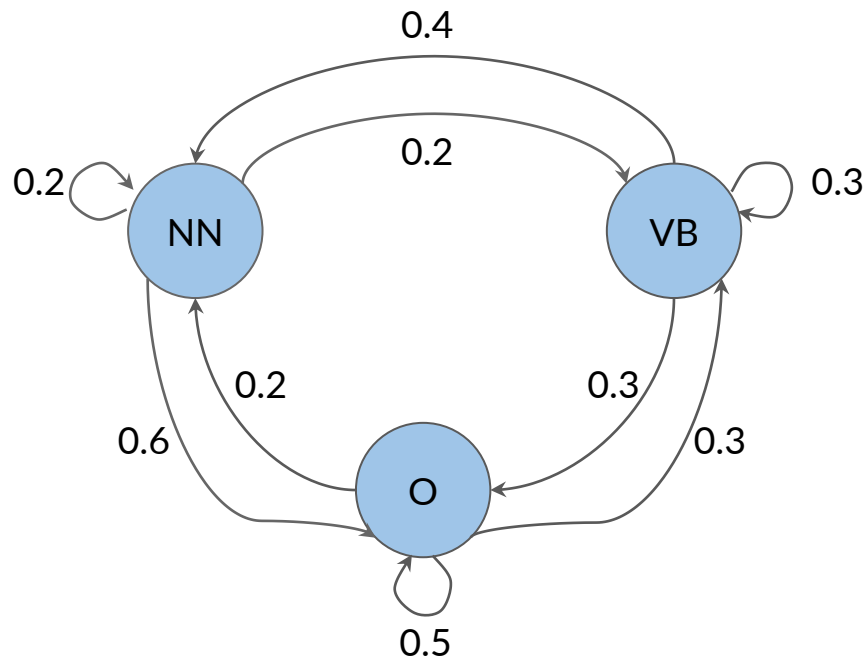


$A =$

	NN	VB	O
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

$$\sum_{j=1}^N a_{ij} = 1$$

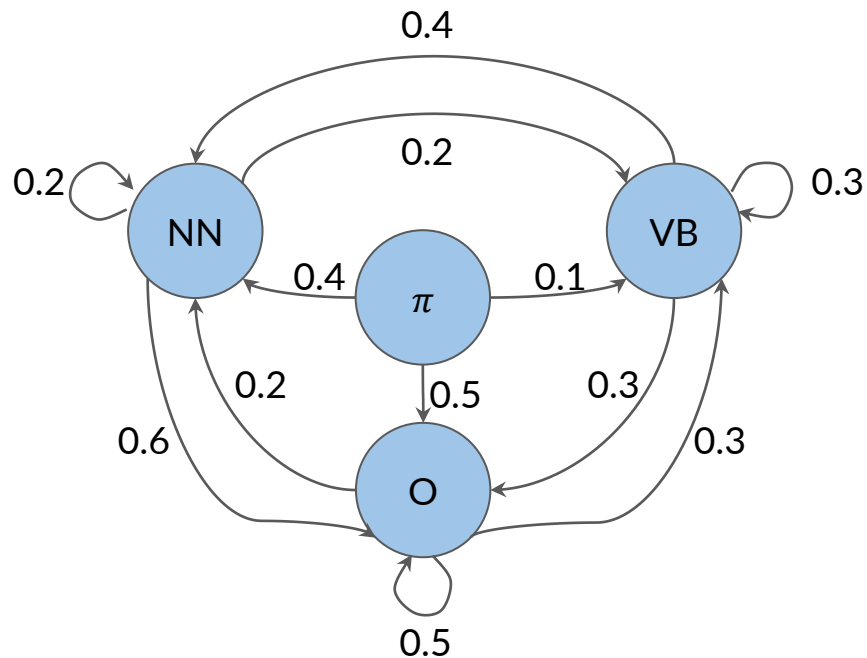
# The first word



Why not learn something ?

**NN?**  
**VB?**  
**O?**

# Initial probabilities



$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$ (initial)	0.4	0.1	0.5
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5



# Transition table and matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$ (initial)	0.4	0.1	0.5
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & 0.1 & 0.5 \\ 0.2 & 0.2 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.3 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Summary

States

$$Q = \{q_1, \dots, q_N\}$$

Transition matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,N} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{N+1,1} & \dots & a_{N+1,N} \end{pmatrix}$$

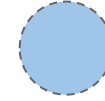
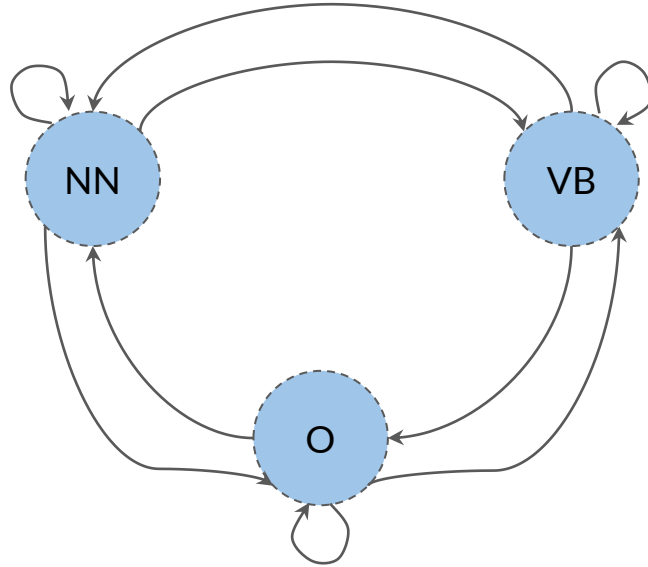


deeplearning.ai

# Hidden Markov Models

---

# Hidden Markov Model



hidden states

you



jump = verb

machine



jump = ?

you



jump =  
verb  
run = verb  
fly = verb

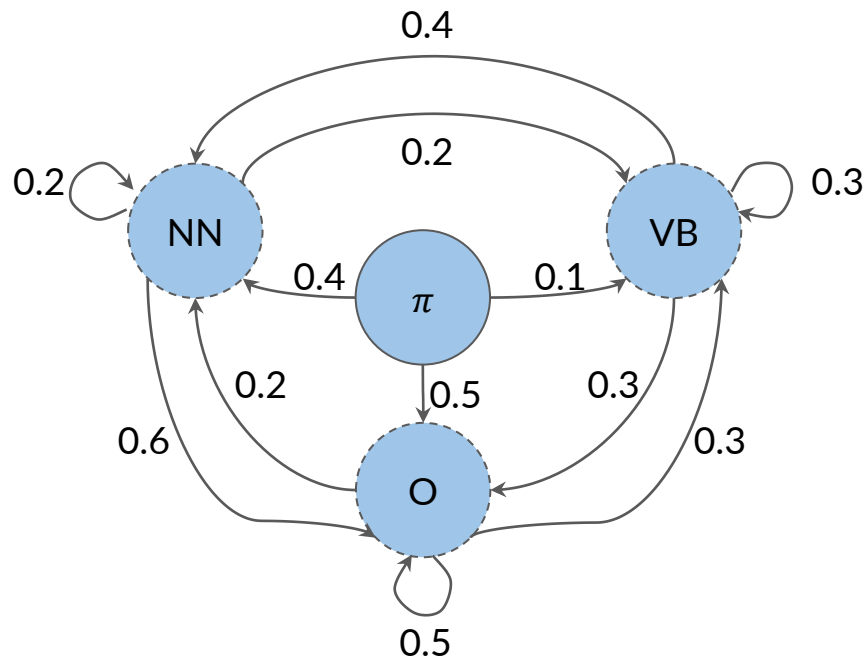
machine



jump\*  
run  
fly

\*observable

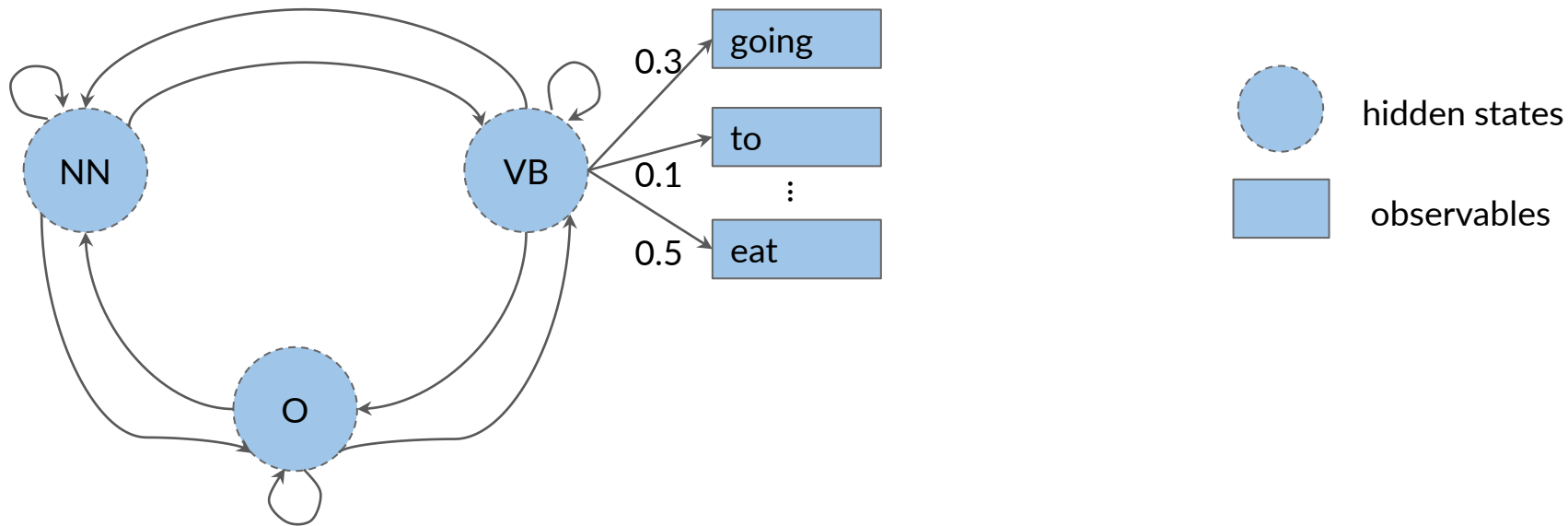
# Transition probabilities



$A =$

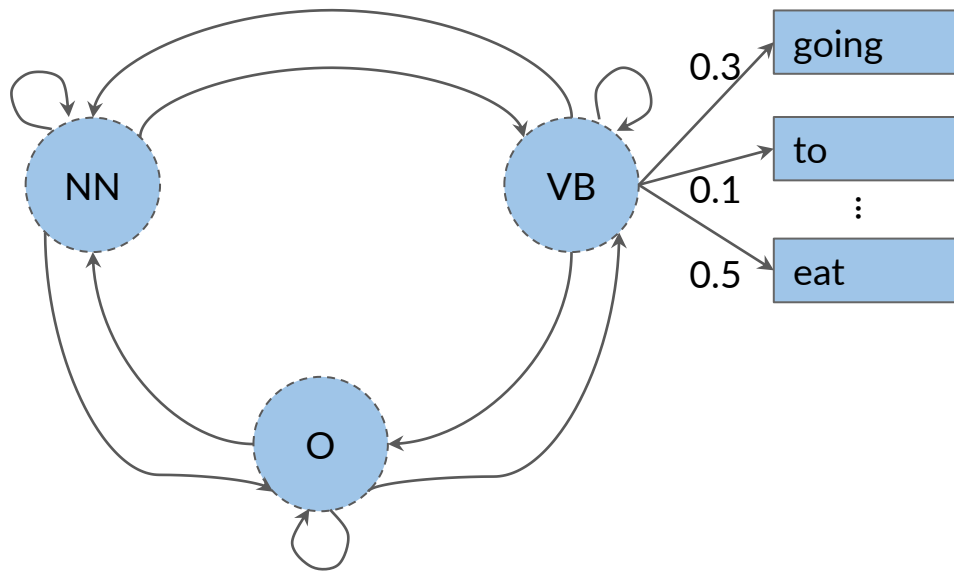
	NN	VB	O
$\pi$ (initial)	0.4	0.1	0.5
NN (noun)	0.2	0.2	0.6
VB (verb)	0.4	0.3	0.3
O (other)	0.2	0.3	0.5

# Emission probabilities





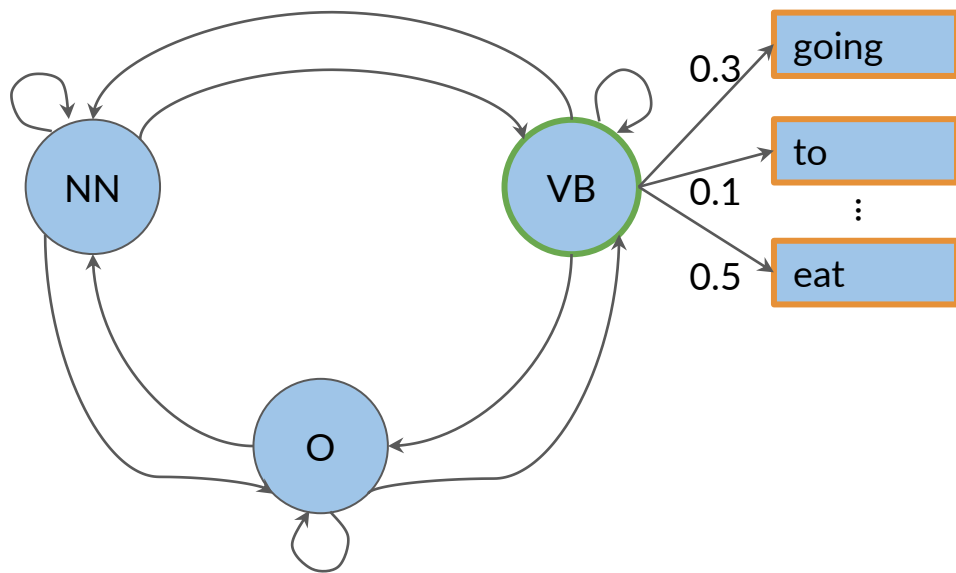
# Emission probabilities



$B =$

	going	to	eat	...
NN (noun)	0.5	0.1	0.02	
VB (verb)	0.3	0.1	0.5	
O (other)	0.3	0.5	0.68	

# Emission probabilities



$B =$

	going	to	eat	...
NN (noun)	0.5	0.1	0.02	
VB (verb)	0.3	0.1	0.5	
O (other)	0.3	0.5	0.68	

# The emission matrix

$B =$

	going	to	eat	...
NN (noun)	0.5	0.1	0.02	
VB (verb)	0.3	0.1	0.5	
O (other)	0.3	0.5	0.68	

$$\sum_{j=1}^V b_{ij} = 1$$

He lay on his back.

I'll be back.

# Summary

States

$$Q = \{q_1, \dots, q_N\}$$

Transition matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & \dots & a_{1,N} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{N+1,1} & \dots & a_{N+1,N} \end{pmatrix}$$

Emission matrix

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} b_{11} & \dots & b_{1V} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ b_{N1} & \dots & b_{NV} \end{pmatrix}$$

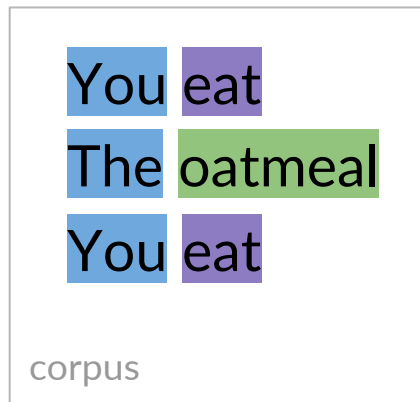


deeplearning.ai

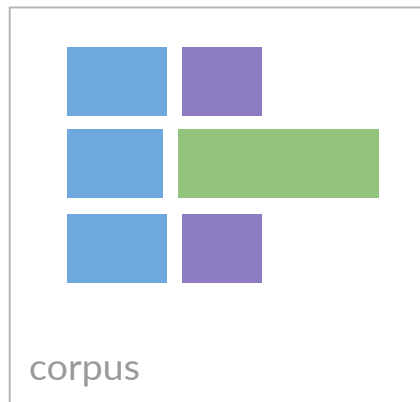
# Calculating Probabilities

---

# Transition probabilities



# Transition probabilities

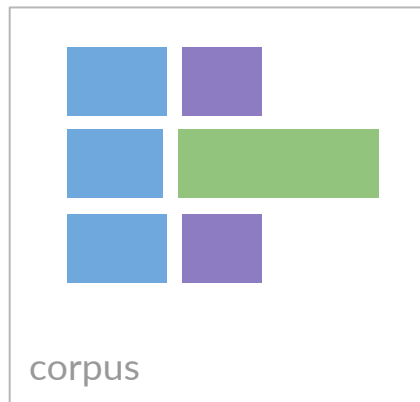


Count: 2



Count: 3

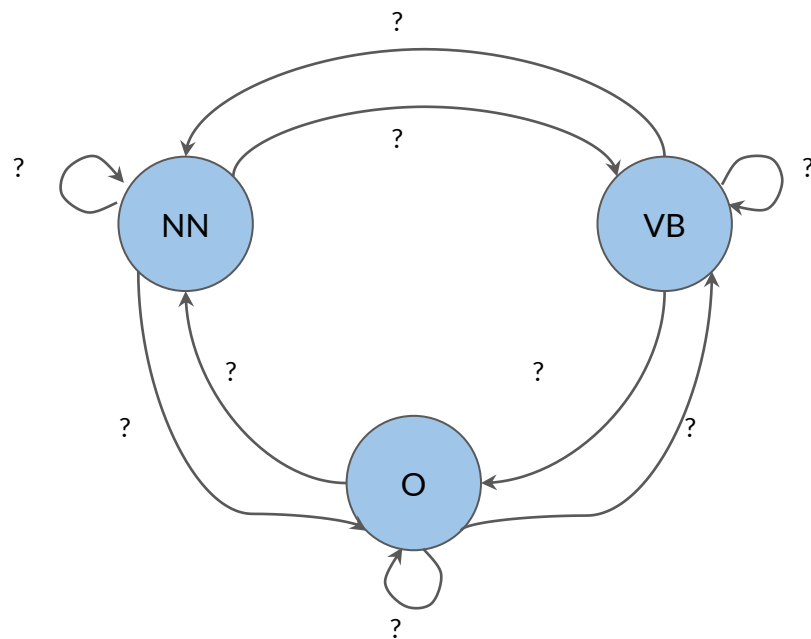
# Transition probabilities



transition probability:  +  =  $\frac{2}{3}$



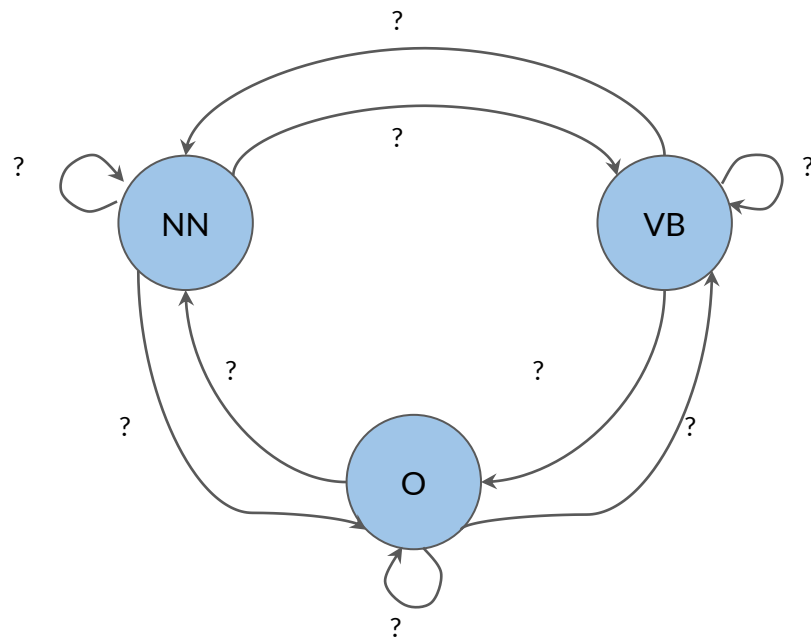
# Transition probabilities



1. Count occurrences of tag pairs

$$C(t_{i-1}, t_i)$$

# Transition probabilities



1. Count occurrences of tag pairs

$$C(t_{i-1}, t_i)$$

1. Calculate probabilities using the counts

$$P(t_i | t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j)}$$

# The corpus

In a Station of the Metro  
The apparition of these faces in the crowd :  
Petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Preparation of the corpus

<s> In a Station of the Metro

<s> The apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:

<s> Petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Preparation of the corpus

<s> in a station of the metro  
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:  
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913



deeplearning.ai

# Populating the Transition Matrix

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$			
NN (noun)			
VB (verb)			
O (other)			

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$			
NN (noun)			
VB (verb)			
O (other)			

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913



# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	$C(\pi, NN)$		
NN (noun)	$C(NN, NN)$		
VB (verb)	$C(VB, NN)$		
O (other)	$C(O, NN)$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1		
NN (noun)	$C(\text{NN}, \text{NN})$		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{NN})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{NN})$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1		
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{NN})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{NN})$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1		
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	$C(O, NN)$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1		
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	6		

<s> in a station of the metro  
<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:  
<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1		
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	6		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1	0	
NN (noun)	0	0	
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1	0	2
NN (noun)	0	0	
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913



# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1	0	2
NN (noun)	0	0	6
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

...

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1	0	2
NN (noun)	0	0	6
VB (verb)	0	0	0
O (other)	6	0	8

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	1	0	2
NN	0	0	6
VB	0	0	0
O	6	0	8

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j)}$$

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
$\pi$	1	0	2	3
NN	0	0	6	6
VB	0	0	0	0
O	6	0	8	14

$$P(\text{NN}|\pi) = \frac{C(\pi, \text{NN})}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(\pi, t_j)} = \frac{1}{3}$$

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
$\pi$	1	0	2	3
NN	0	0	6	6
VB	0	0	0	0
O	6	0	8	14

$$P(\text{NN}|\text{O}) = \frac{C(\text{O}, \text{NN})}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(\text{O}, t_j)} = \frac{6}{14}$$

# Populating the transition matrix

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
$\pi$	1	0	2	3
NN	0	0	6	6
VB	0	0	0	0
O	6	0	8	14

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i)}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j)}$$

# Smoothing

$A =$

	NN	VB	O	
$\pi$	$1+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$2+\epsilon$	$3+3^*\epsilon$
NN	$0+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$6+\epsilon$	$6+3^*\epsilon$
VB	$0+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$0+3^*\epsilon$
O	$6+\epsilon$	$0+\epsilon$	$8+\epsilon$	$14+3^*\epsilon$

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i) + \boxed{\epsilon}}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j) + \boxed{N} * \boxed{\epsilon}}$$

# Smoothing

$A =$

	NN	VB	O
$\pi$	0.3333	0.0003	0.6663
NN	0.0001	0.0001	0.9996
VB	0.3333	0.3333	0.3333
O	0.4285	0.0000	0.5713

$$P(t_i|t_{i-1}) = \frac{C(t_{i-1}, t_i) + \epsilon}{\sum_{j=1}^N C(t_{i-1}, t_j) + N * \epsilon}$$

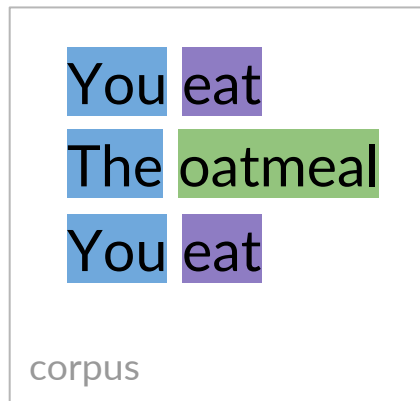




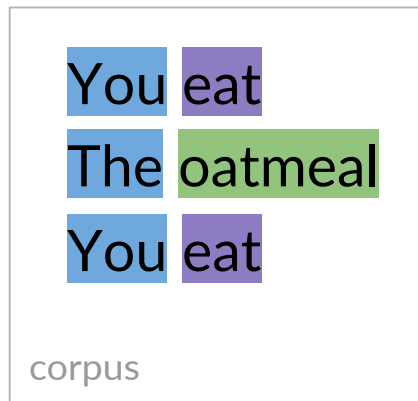
deeplearning.ai

# Populating the Emission Matrix

# Emission probabilities



# Transition probabilities

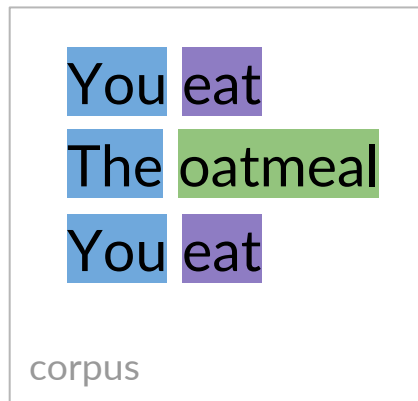


You

Count: 2

Count: 3

# Transition probabilities



emission probability: You =  $\frac{2}{3}$

# The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)			
VB (verb)			
O (other)			

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	$C(\text{NN}, \text{in})$		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{in})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{in})$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	$C(\text{VB}, \text{in})$		
O (other)	$C(\text{O}, \text{in})$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd

:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	$C(O, in)$		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913



# The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	0		
VB (verb)	0		
O (other)	2		

<s> in a station of the metro

<s> the apparition of these faces in the crowd  
:

<s> petals on a wet , black bough .

Ezra Pound –  
1913

# The emission matrix

$B =$

	in	a	...
NN (noun)	0	...	...
VB (verb)	0	...	...
O (other)	2	...	...

$$\begin{aligned} P(w_i|t_i) &= \frac{C(t_i, w_i) + \epsilon}{\sum_{j=1}^V C(t_i, w_j) + N * \epsilon} \\ &= \frac{C(t_i, w_i) + \epsilon}{C(t_i) + N * \epsilon} \end{aligned}$$

# Summary

1. Calculate transition and emission matrix
1. How to apply smoothing



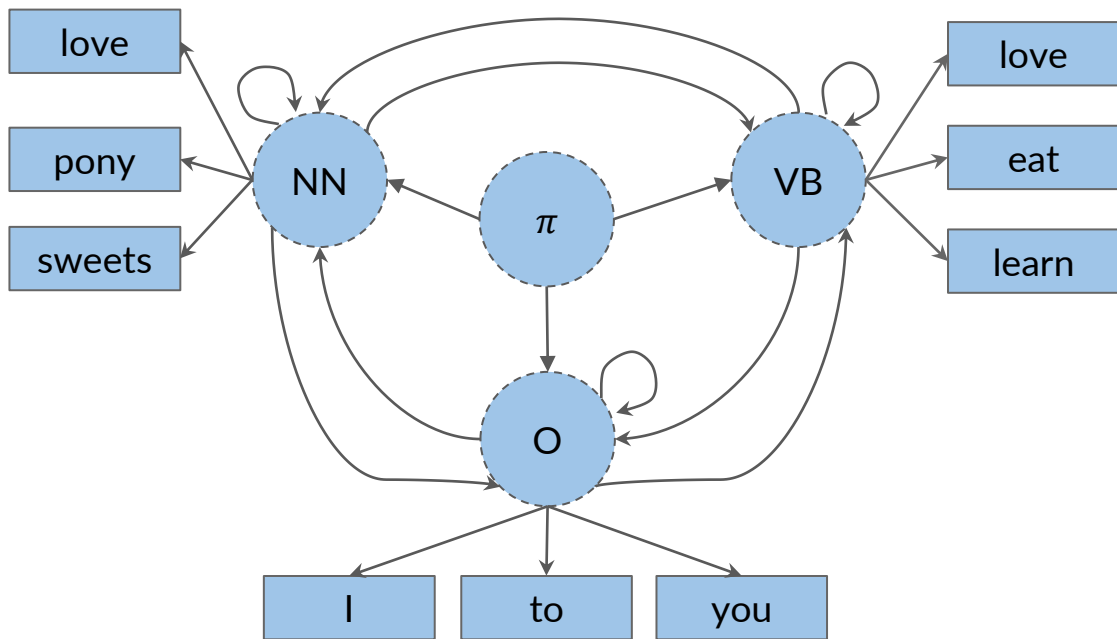
deeplearning.ai

# The Viterbi Algorithm

Why not learn something ?

? ? ? ? ?

# Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm

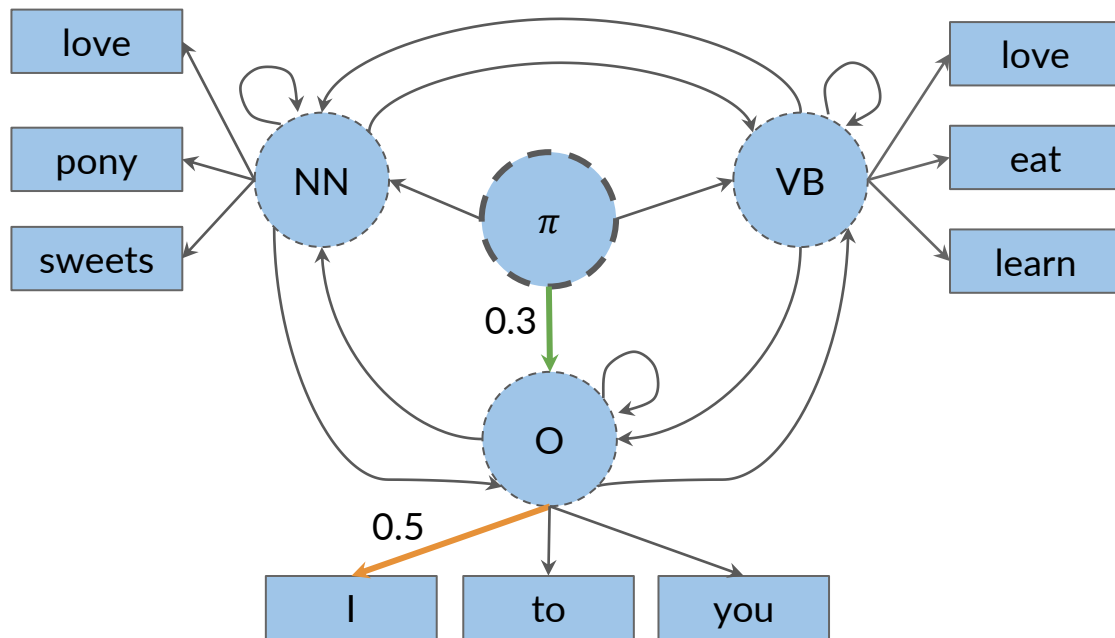


<s>

I  
to

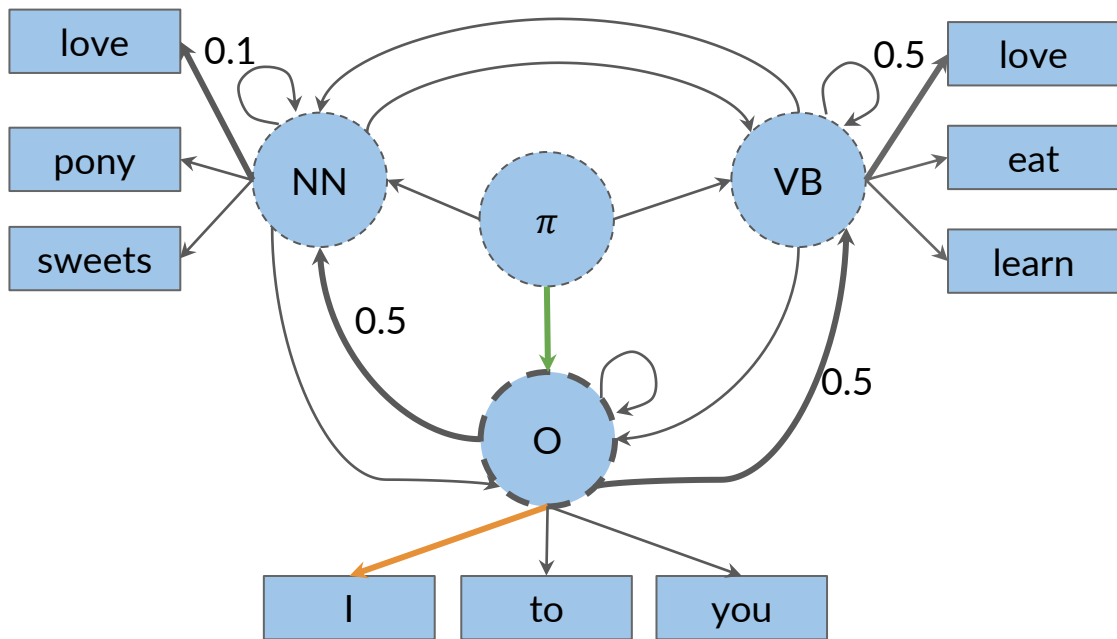
love  
learn

# Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



<s>	I	love
	to	learn
$\pi$	O	
	0.15	

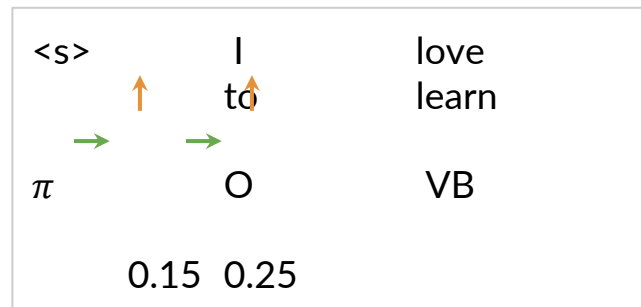
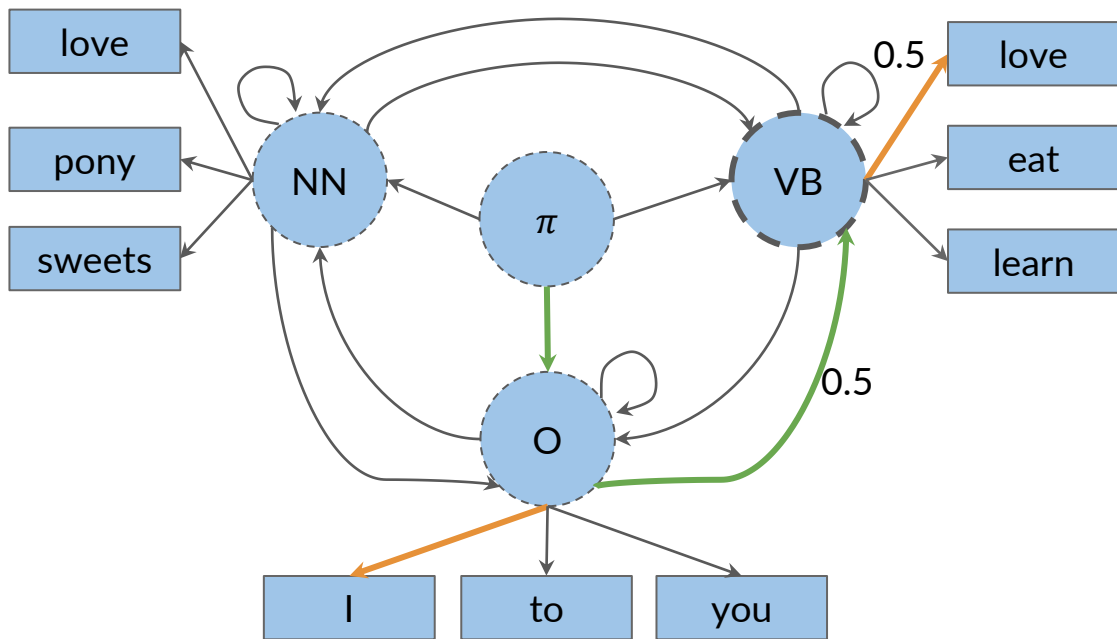
# Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



<s>	I	love
	to	learn
$\pi$	O	
	0.15	

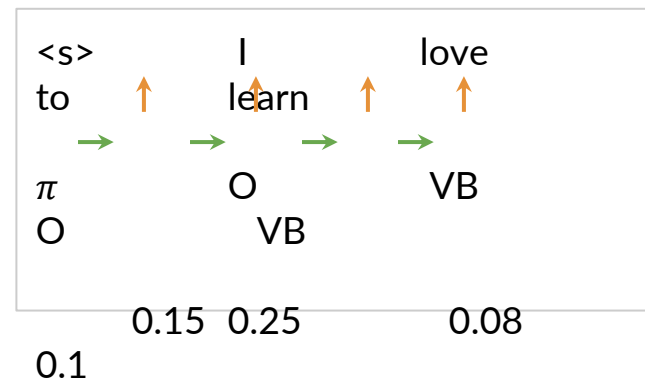
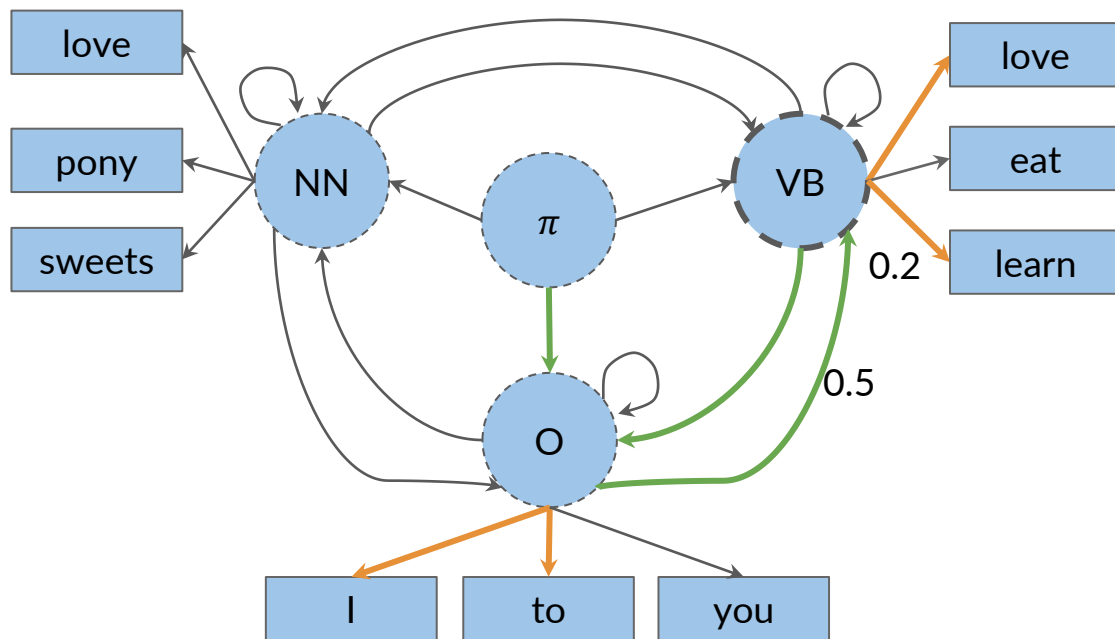


# Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm

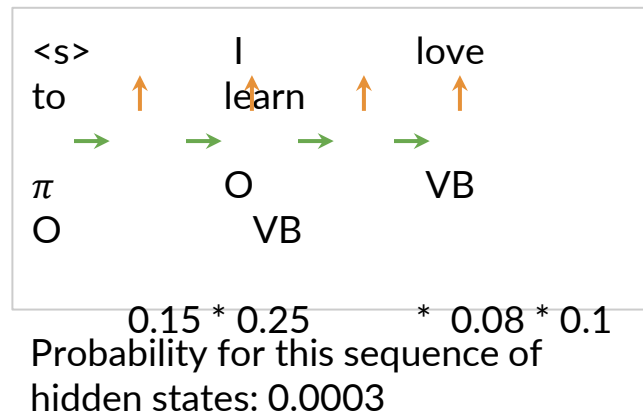
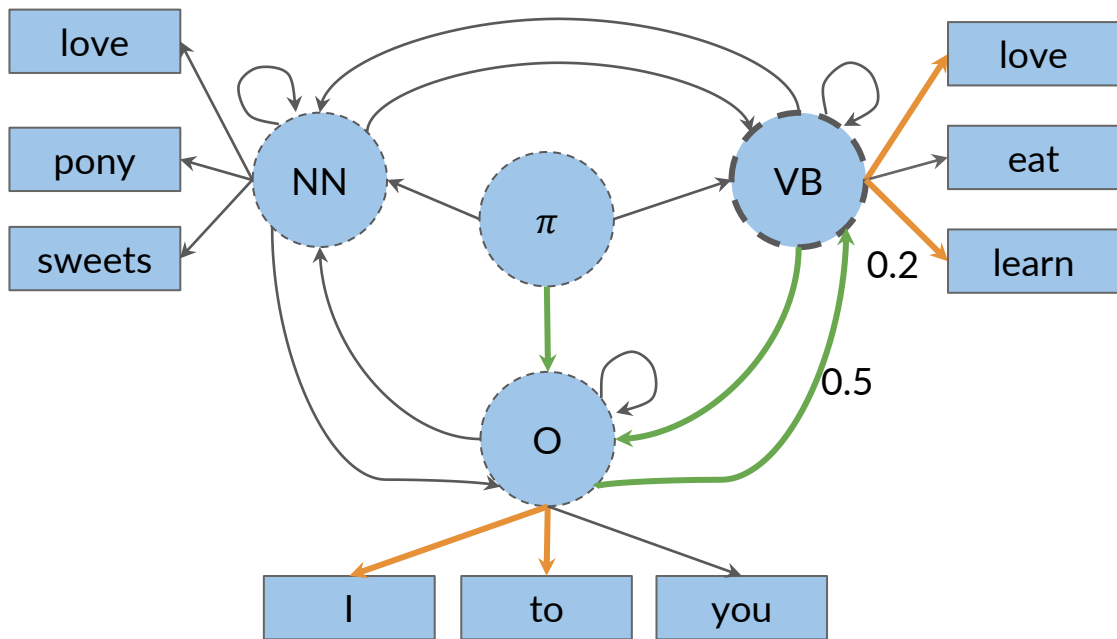




# Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



# Viterbi algorithm – a graph algorithm



# Viterbi algorithm – Steps

1. Initialization step
2. Forward pass
3. Backward pass

$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$				
...				
$t_N$				

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$				
...				
$t_N$				



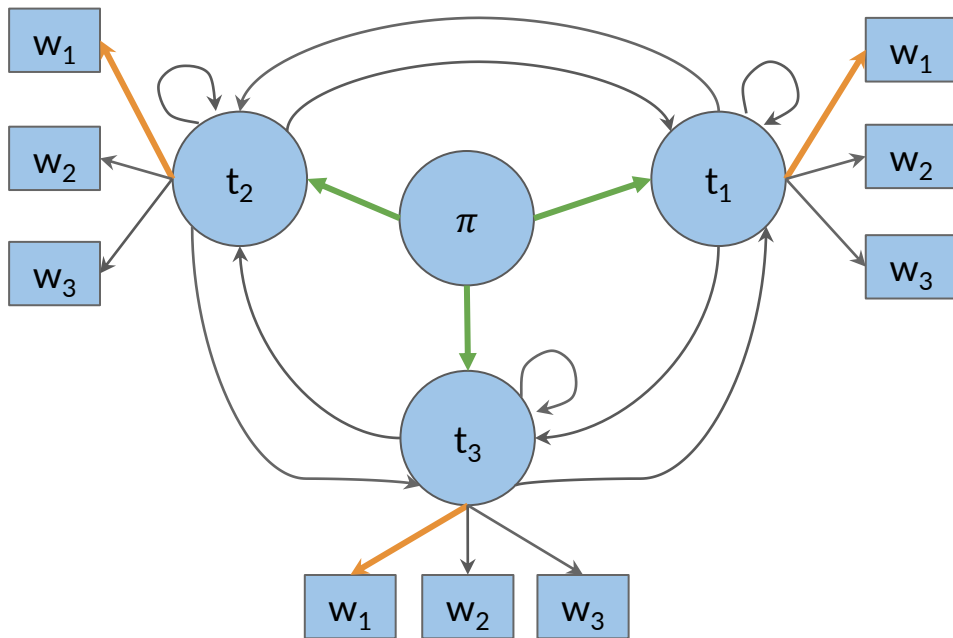
deeplearning.ai

# Viterbi: Initialization

# Viterbi algorithm – Steps

1. Initialization step

# Initialization step



$C =$

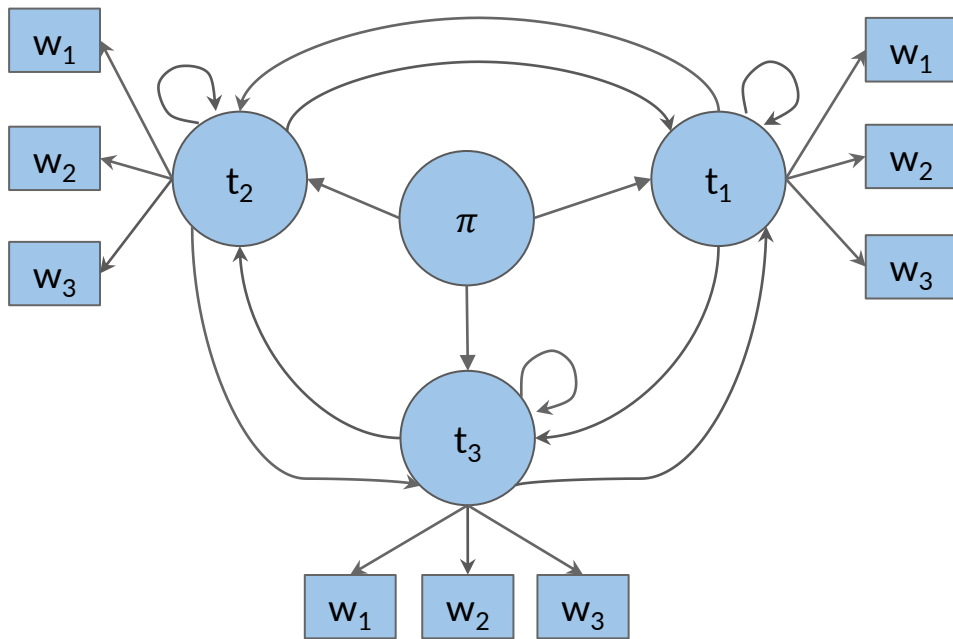
	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$c_{1,1}$			
...				
$t_N$	$c_{N,1}$			

$$c_{i,1} = \pi_i * b_{i, \text{index}(w_1)}$$

$$= a_{1,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_1)}$$



# Initialization step



$$D =$$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$d_{1,1}$			
...				
$t_N$	$d_{N,1}$			

$$d_{i,1} = 0$$



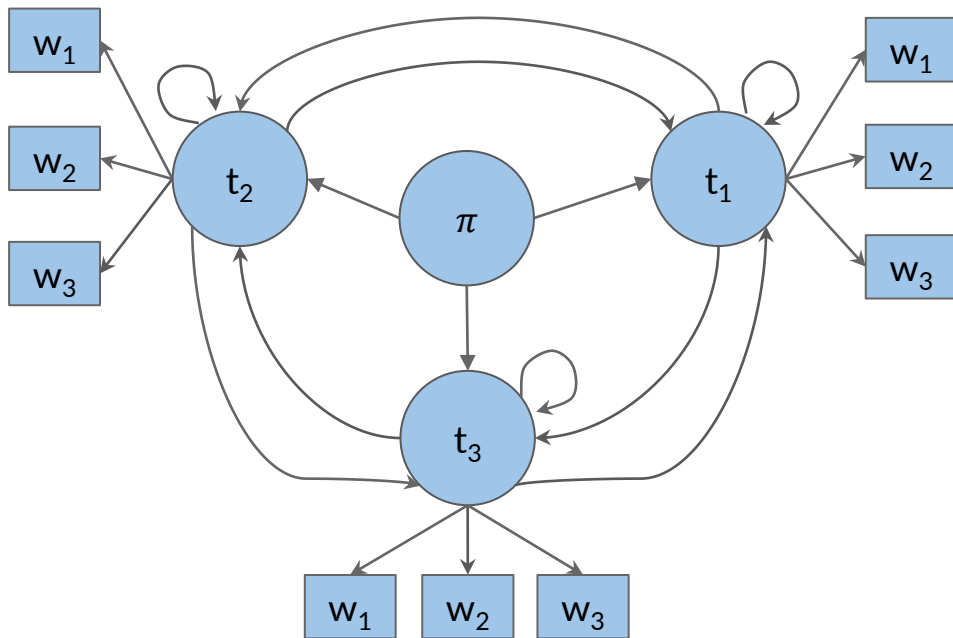
deeplearning.ai

# Viterbi: Forward Pass

# Viterbi algorithm – Steps

## 2. Forward pass

# Forward pass

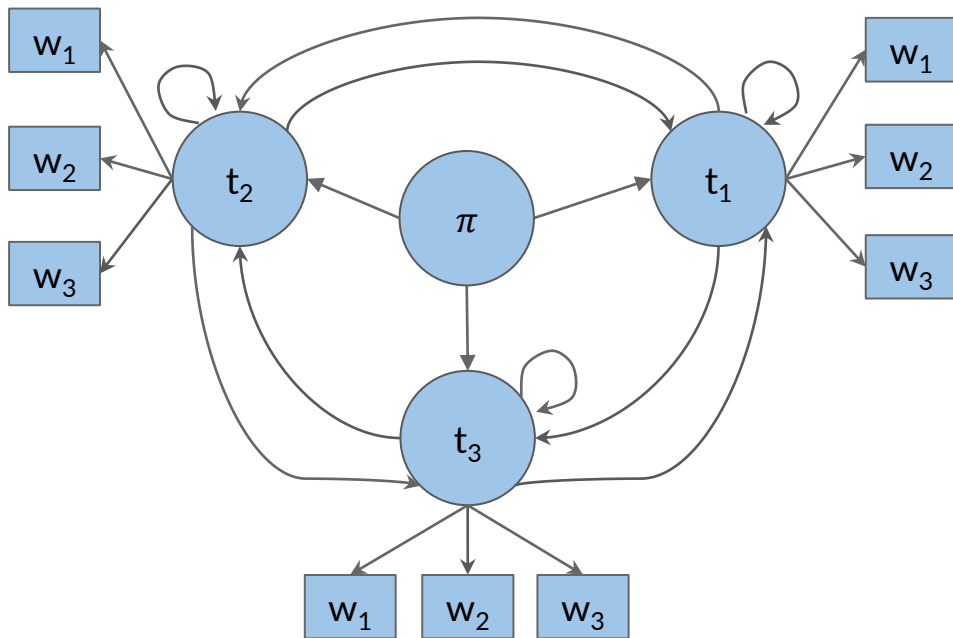


$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{i,j} = \max_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$

# Forward pass

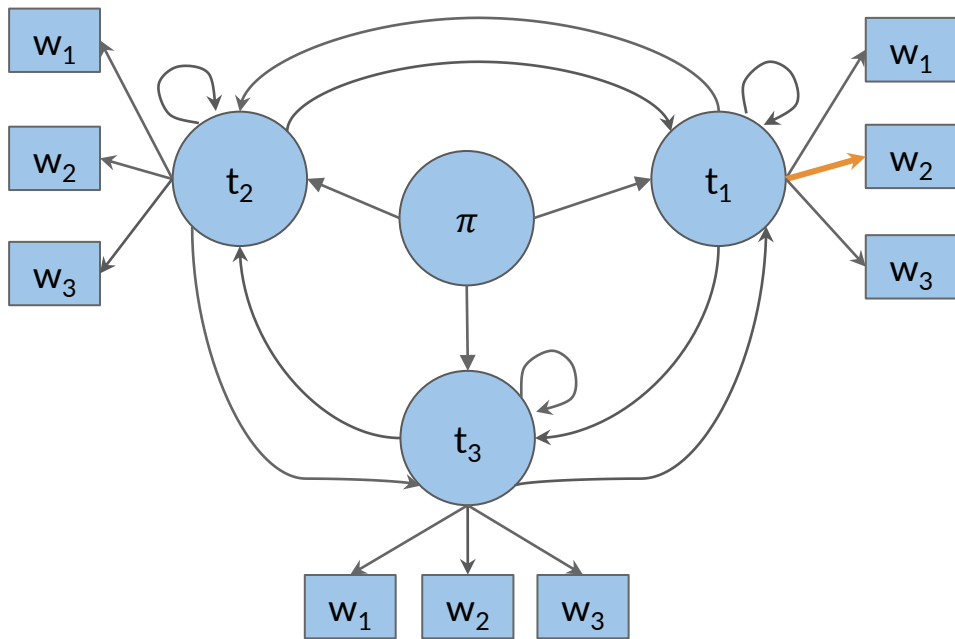


$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{index}(w_2)}$$

# Forward pass

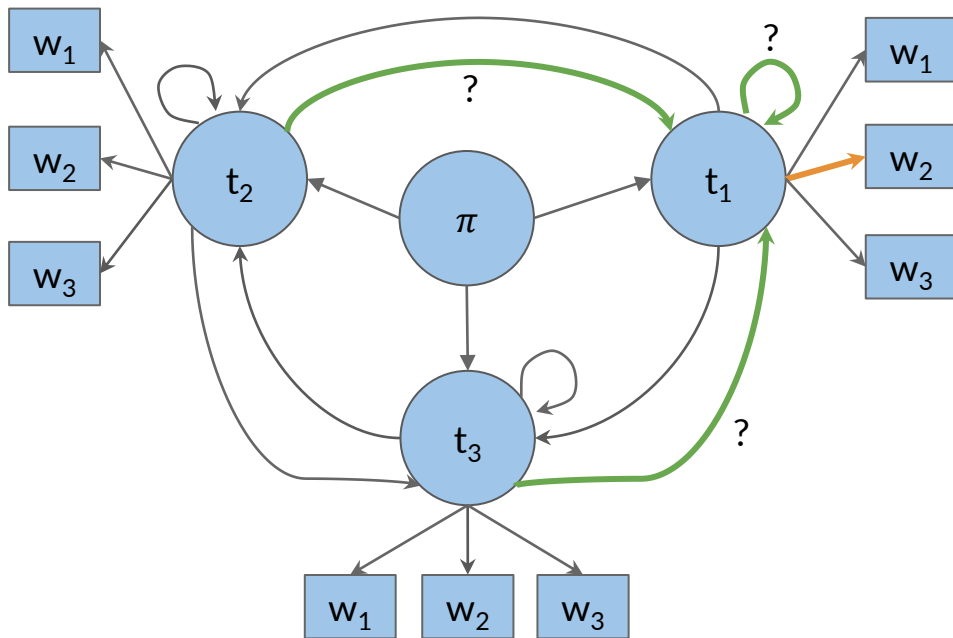


$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

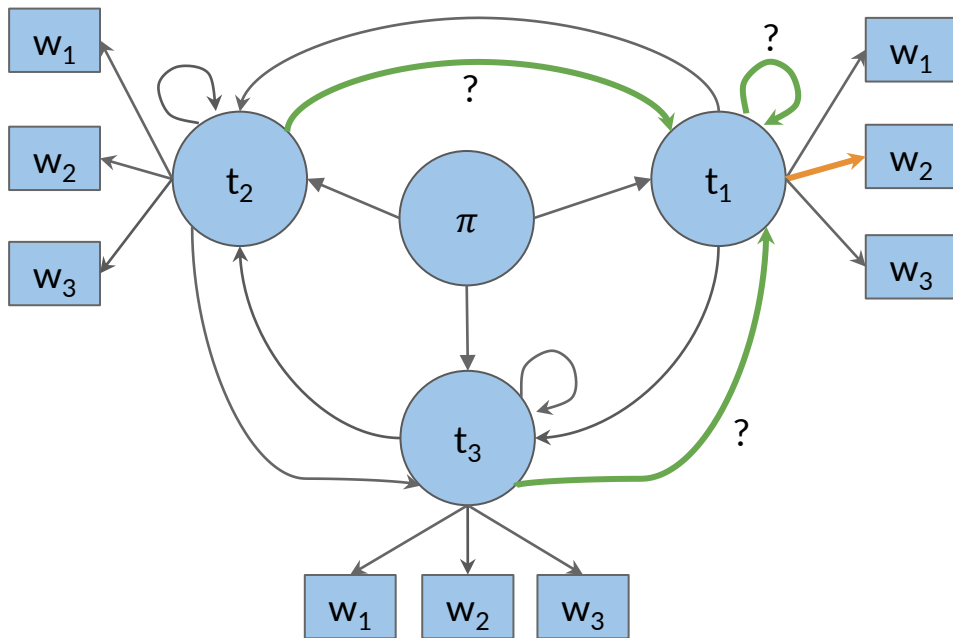
$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{index}(w_2)}$$

# Forward pass


$$C = \begin{array}{ccccc} & w_1 & w_2 & \dots & w_K \\ t_1 & c_{1,1} & c_{1,2} & & c_{1,K} \\ \dots & & & & \\ t_N & c_{N,1} & c_{N,2} & & c_{N,K} \end{array}$$

$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{index}(w_2)}$$

# Forward pass



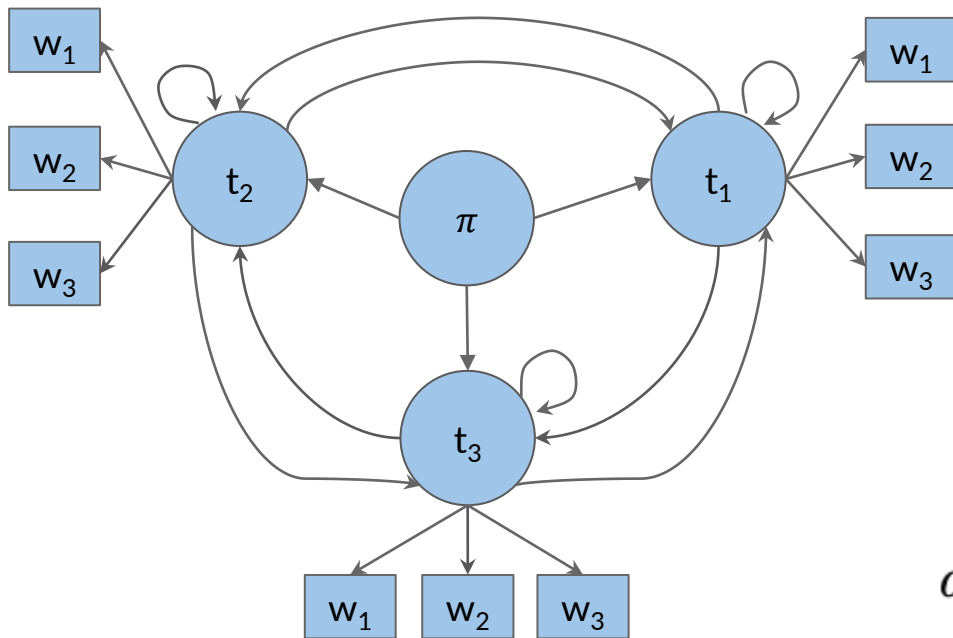
$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$c_{1,2} = \max_k c_{k,1} * a_{k,1} * b_{1, \text{index}(w_2)}$$



# Forward pass



$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$d_{1,1}$	$d_{1,2}$		$d_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$d_{N,1}$	$d_{N,2}$		$d_{N,K}$

$$c_{i,j} = \max_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$

$$d_{i,j} = \operatorname{argmax}_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$



deeplearning.ai

# Viterbi: Backward Pass

# Viterbi algorithm – Steps

3. Backward pass

# Backward pass

$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$c_{1,1}$	$c_{1,2}$		$c_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$c_{N,1}$	$c_{N,2}$		$c_{N,K}$

$$s = \operatorname{argmax}_i c_{i,K}$$

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	...	$w_K$
$t_1$	$d_{1,1}$	$d_{1,2}$		$d_{1,K}$
...				
$t_N$	$d_{N,1}$	$d_{N,2}$		$d_{N,K}$

# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

$<s>$	$w_1$	$w_2$
	$w_3$	$w_4$
	$w_5$	

# Backward pass

$C =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0.25	0.125	0.025	0.0125	0.01
$t_2$	0.1	0.025	0.05	0.01	0.003
$t_3$	0.3	0.05	0.025	0.02	0.0000
$t_4$	0.2	0.1	0.000	0.0025	0.0003

$$s = \underset{i}{\operatorname{argmax}} c_{i,K} = 1$$

# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

$s = \operatorname{argmax}_i c_{i,K} = 1$

$\langle s \rangle$	$w_1$	$w_2$
	$w_3$	$w_4$
	$w_5$	

# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

$<s>$	$w_1$	$w_2$
	$w_3$	$w_4$
	$w_5$	

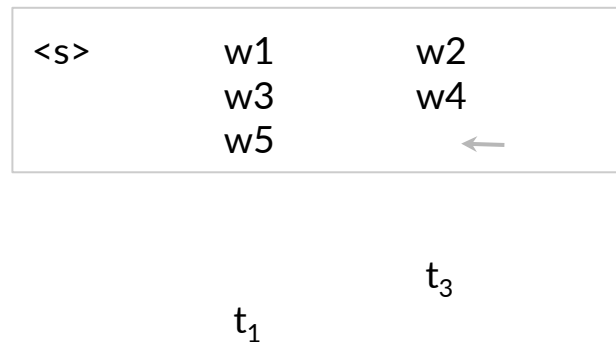
$t_1$



# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1



# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

<s>

$w_1$   
 $w_3$   
 $w_5$

$w_2$   
 $w_4$



$t_1$   
 $t_1$

$t_3$

# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

<s>

$w_1$   
 $w_3$   
 $w_5$

$w_2$   
 $w_4$



$t_1$   
 $t_1$

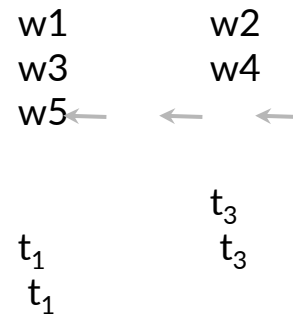
$t_3$

# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

<s>

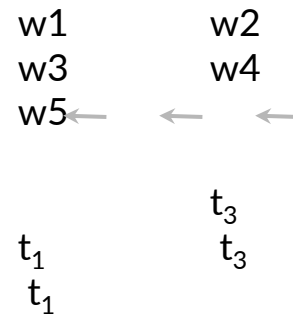


# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1

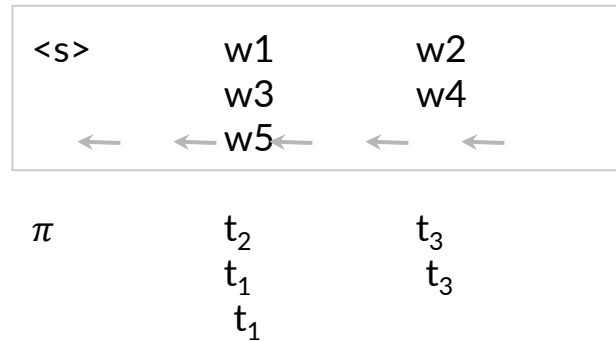
<s>



# Backward pass

$D =$

	$w_1$	$w_2$	$w_3$	$w_4$	$w_5$
$t_1$	0	1	3	2	3
$t_2$	0	2	4	1	3
$t_3$	0	2	4	1	4
$t_4$	0	4	4	3	1



# Implementation notes

1. In Python index starts with 0!
2. Use log probabilities

$$c_{i,j} = \max_k c_{k,j-1} * a_{k,i} * b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)}$$



$$\log(c_{i,j}) = \max_k \log(c_{k,j-1}) + \log(a_{k,i}) + \log(b_{i, \text{index}(w_j)})$$

# Summary

1. From word sequence to POS tag sequence
2. Viterbi algorithm
3. Log probabilities