



GNG 1105 – ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Supplemental Examination
February, 2011.

Time: 3 hrs.

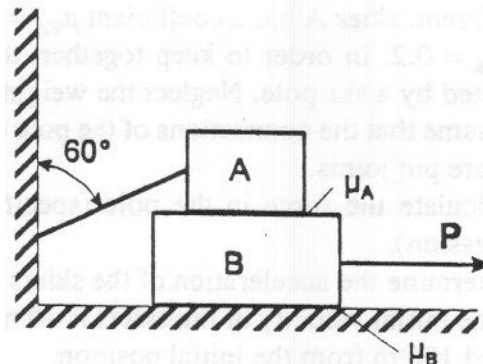
Prof. Skaff, Van Blaeren and Flores-Vera.

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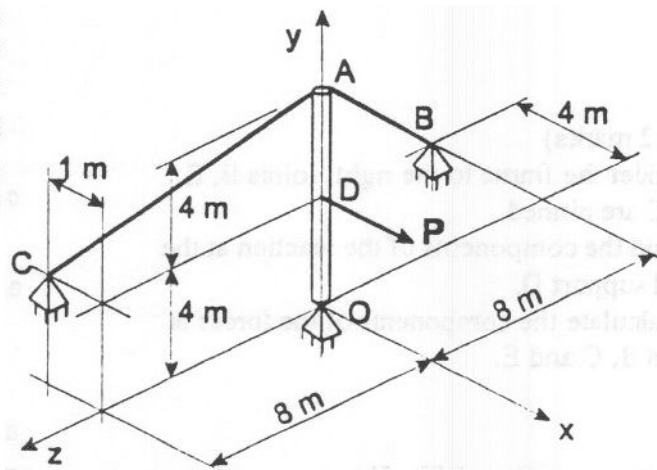
Closed Book Examination. Programmable calculators are not allowed.

Free-body diagrams must be drawn wherever appropriate.

1. (12 marks) Block A in the sketch has a mass of 20 kg and is attached to the wall by means of a cord at an angle of 60° to the vertical, while Block B has a mass of 40 kg. The static friction coefficient between A and B is $\mu_{SA} = 0.2$, while the static friction coefficient between B and the floor is $\mu_{SB} = 0.3$. Determine the minimum force P required to cause Block B to slide.



2. (12 marks) A mast is supported by a frictionless ball and socket joint at O and by two cables AB and AC. Determine the tensions in the two cables if the applied load $P = 20$ kN. Point B lies in the x-z plane, while point C lies 4 m above the x-z plane.



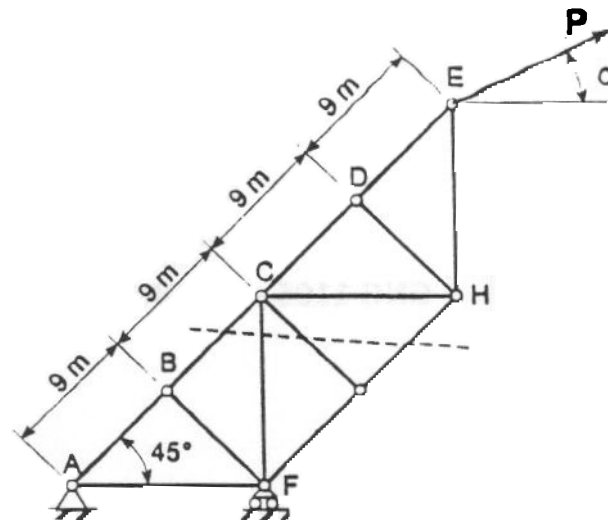
3. (12 marks) The sketch shows a pin-jointed truss, loaded with a single force **P** as shown.

- (a) Identify all zero-force members.
(b) If the force in member GH is 0.6 kN in compression, and the force in member BC is 4.8 kN in tension, calculate the values of P and the angle α . **Hint:** use a section that cuts members BC, CF, CG and GH.


Trigonometric identities:

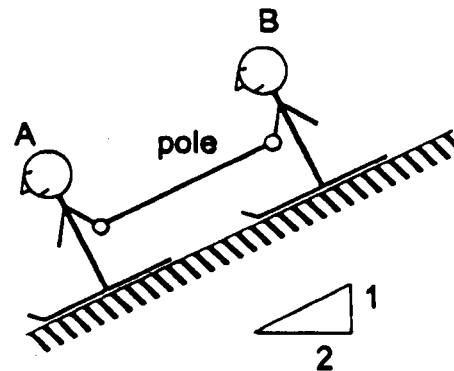
$$\sin(\theta \pm \phi) = \sin\theta\cos\phi \pm \cos\theta\sin\phi$$

$$\cos(\theta \pm \phi) = \cos\theta\cos\phi \mp \sin\theta\sin\phi$$



4. (12 marks) Two skiers, A and B, are skiing down a 1:2 slope. Skier A has a mass of 60 kg and B a mass of 80 kg. Owing to differences in ski wax, the friction coefficients are different: skier A has a coefficient $\mu_{KA} = 0.1$, while B has $\mu_{KB} = 0.2$. In order to keep together, the skiers are connected by a ski pole. Neglect the weight of the pole, and assume that the connections of the pole to the skiers' hands are pin joints.

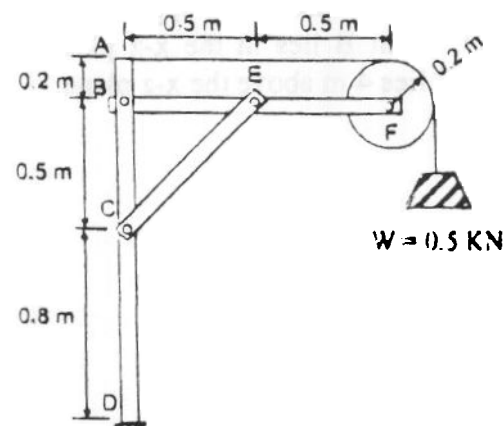
- (a) Calculate the force in the pole (specify tension or compression).
- (b) Determine the acceleration of the skiers.
- (c) If the initial velocity of the skiers is 10 m/s, determine the velocity of the skiers after they have traveled 100 m from the initial position.
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- The diagram shows a ski jump pole on the left, which is a line with diagonal hatching. To its right is a right-angled triangle. The vertical side of the triangle is labeled '1' and the horizontal side is labeled '2'.



5. (12 marks)

Consider the frame to the right. Joints B, E and C are pinned.

- Find the components of the reaction at the fixed support D.
- Calculate the components of the forces at joints B, C and E.



Answers to the problems of the Supplemental Examination of GNG1105 (FALL'2010) – Supplemental Examination Date: February 2011.

Problem 1: $P=228.62\text{ N}$

Problem 2: $T_{ab} = 24\text{ kN}$ and $T_{ac} = 18\text{ kN}$

Problem 3:

- a) Zero-force member are : BF, CG and DH.
- b) $P = 3.91\text{ kN}$ and $\alpha = 40.60\text{ degrees}$.

Problem 4:

- a) $P = 30.60\text{ N (T)}$
- b) $a = 3\text{ m/s}^2$
- c) $v = 26.50\text{ m/s}$

Problem 5:

- a) $M_d = 0.50\text{ kN.m (ccw)}$; $D_x = 0$ and $D_y = 0.50\text{ kN}$
- b) $B_x = 0.50\text{ kN}$; $B_y = 0.51\text{ kN}$ and $F_{ec} = 1.43\text{ kN}$ in direction of the two-force member EC.