## AdaBoost and Exponential Loss

 so AdaBoost is greedy procedure for minimizing exponential loss

$$\prod_{t} Z_{t} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i} \exp(-y_{i}F(x_{i}))$$

where

$$F(x) = \sum_{t} \alpha_t h_t(x)$$

- why exponential loss?
  - intuitively, strongly favors  $F(x_i)$  to have same sign as  $y_i$
  - upper bound on training error
    - smooth and convex (but very loose)
- how does AdaBoost minimize it?