Alignment, Clocking, and Macro Patterns of Episodes in the Life Course

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Sequence analysis for *pathways-to-event* questions can be tricky (Yaoyue Hu presentation, 2017) .

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Idea: Realign sequences on transitions.

Markov matrix expression for average episode count (Dudel & Myrskylä, 2017-).

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. • Question: Are bespoke algebraic derivations necessary?

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- ► What is the distribution of other state episode durations before cancer?
- ► How much of an expectancy is composed of short vs long episodes?
- ► How do parity-specific birth interval distributions vary by completed fertility or in response to birth outcomes?

Problem

Tools for answering such questions are scattered.

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Corollary

Questions are posed less often, and new pattern discovery less frequent.

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Solution

We develop a framework (or grammar) of data operations to flexibly derive aggregate patterns.

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Approach

Clocks are within and between episode time operations.

Alignment is a time structuring operation.

Approach

Clocks

Within episodes of state **s**, count time steps or episode order up or down, or total episode duration conditional on time of episode entry, exit, or neither.

Approach

Alignment

left, right, center, etc. on the first, last, longest, shortest, n^{th} , n^{th} from last episode of state **s**.

Requisites

Trajectory data

A set of either observed or simulated time series of discrete time steps consisting in categories.

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All examples here based on individual multistate (categorical) trajectories in uniform annual time steps

Illustrations

10 lives simulated from Dudel & Myrskylä (2017)

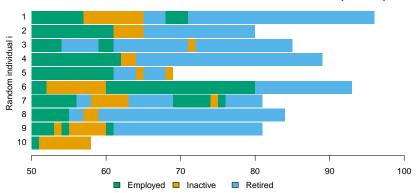


Illustration: Age structured prevalence.

Identity clock in employment state

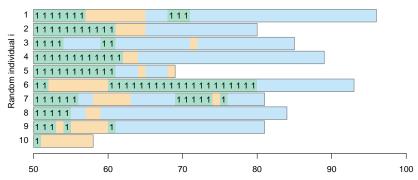


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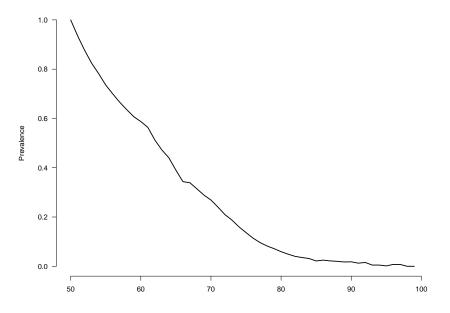


Illustration: Clocks: Duration (unconditional)

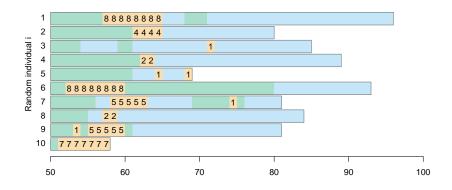


Illustration: Clocks: Duration conditioned on entry

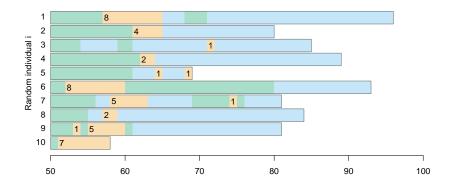


Illustration: Clocks: Duration conditioned on exit

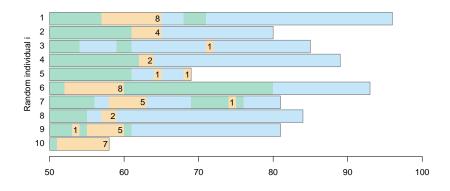


Illustration: Clocks: Order Ascending

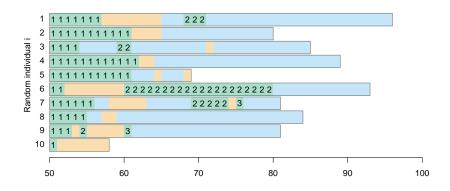


Illustration: Clocks: Order Descending

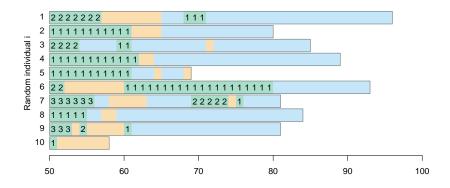


Illustration: Clocks: Steps Ascending

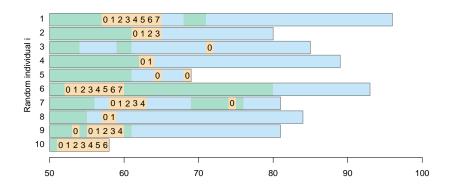


Illustration: Clocks: Steps Descending

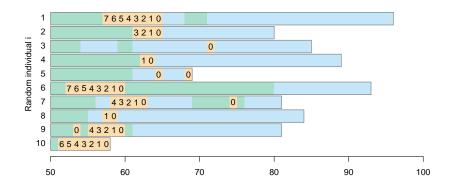


Illustration: Alignment: Age = Birth alignment

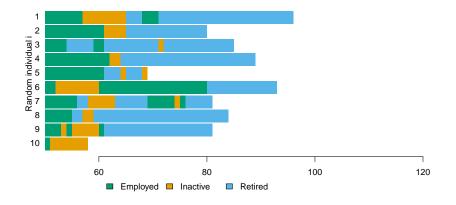


Illustration: Alignment: Death

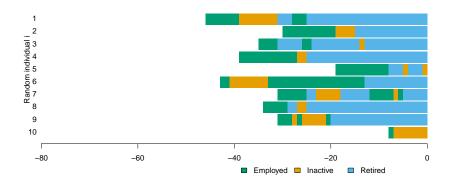


Illustration: Alignment: Entry to first retirement

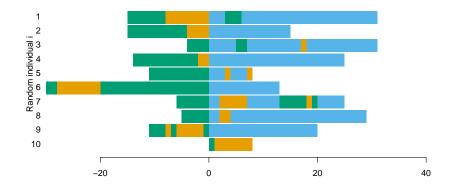


Illustration: Alignment: Exit from first employment

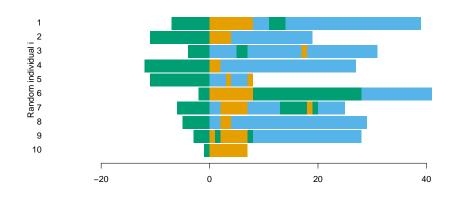


Illustration: Alignment: Exit from longest employment

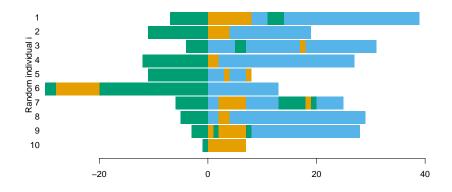
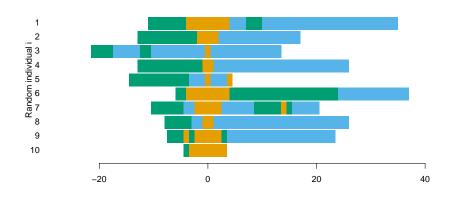


Illustration: Alignment: Centered on longest inactivity



Aggregation

Macro patterns

Combine clocks and alignment to aggregate (e.g. means, quantiles)

Application 1: Health

► Italian SILC data

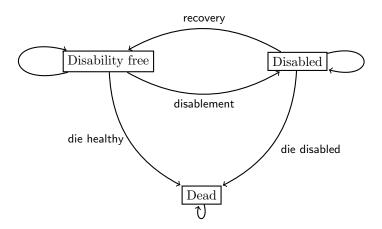
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- ► Ages 20-80

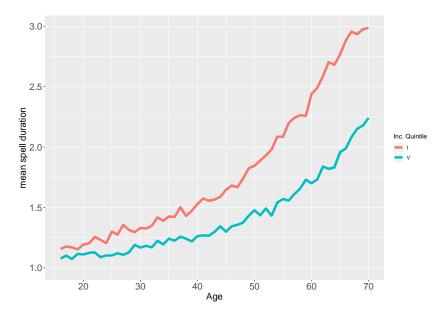
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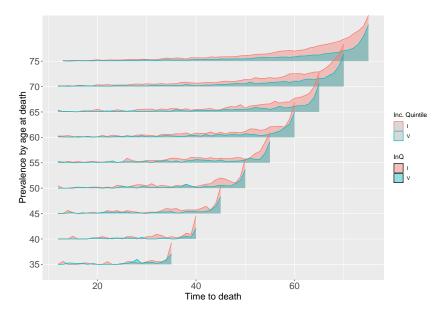
- ► Italian SILC data
- ► Ages 20-80
- ► Income quintiles
- ▶ Multistate model of disability
- ► Simulate discrete life trajectories



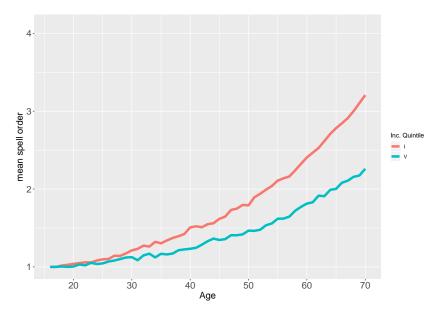
Inequality in disability spell duration



Inequality in end-of-life disability levels and dispersion



How many times have people been disabled?



► Colombian DHS data, all waves

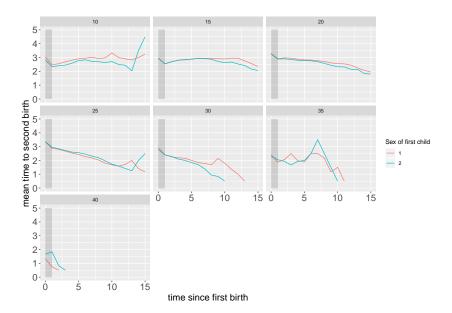
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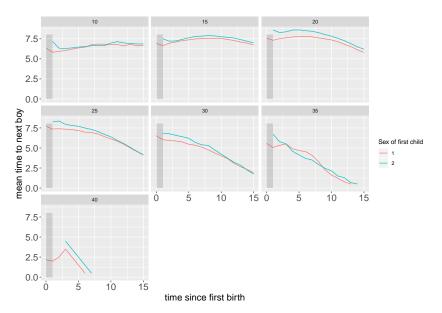
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- ► Combine clocks and alignment

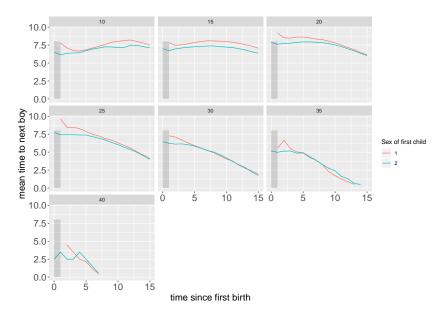
Conditional mean time to second birth



Does a first boy imply a faster next boy?



Does a first girl imply a faster next girl?



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