```
Create database:
nama database: Tree
copy and paste this code to the sql:
(copy paste for each table, don't copy paste all)
First table:
CREATE TABLE newforestori (
 `Id` int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
 `BlockX` int(10) NOT NULL,
 `BlockY` int(10) NOT NULL,
 `x` int(100) NOT NULL,
 'y' int(100) NOT NULL,
 `TreeNum` varchar(9) NOT NULL COLLATE utf8mb4_general_ci,
 `species` varchar(4) NOT NULL COLLATE utf8mb4_general_ci,
 `spgroup` int(7) NOT NULL,
 `Diameter` float NOT NULL,
 `DiameterClass` int(10) NOT NULL,
 `StemHeight` float NOT NULL,
 `volume` float NOT NULL,
 `production` float NOT NULL,
 `status_tree` varchar(10) COLLATE utf8mb4_general_ci DEFAULT NULL,
 `Cut Angle` int(11) NOT NULL,
 `Cut_tree` varchar(10) NOT NULL COLLATE utf8mb4_general_ci,
 `Damage_crown`int(10) NOT NULL,
 `Damage_stem` int(10) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY ('Id')
) ENGINE=InnoDB DEFAULT CHARSET=utf8mb4 COLLATE=utf8mb4_general_ci;
Second table:
CREATE TABLE scientificname (
SP-Code varchar(5) NOT NULL,
Local-Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
Gen-Code varchar(20) NOT NULL,
SP-Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
Royal-Class varchar(20) NOT NULL
);
Third Table:
CREATE TABLE speciesname (
species_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, -- Auto-incrementing integer for unique ID
species_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- Stores species name (up to 50 characters)
description TEXT, -- Optional: Detailed description (longer text)
common_name VARCHAR(30) -- Optional: Common name of the species (up to 30 characters)
);
```

```
id INT(10) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
 Cut_tree VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
Victim VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
 Category_Damage INT(2) NOT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
Fifth table:
CREATE TABLE victim (
Victim varchar(10) NOT NULL,
cut_tree varchar(500) NOT NULL,
Category_damage int(2) NOT NULL
);
Next Step:
open table speciesname and import species.csv
Next Step:
open table scientificname import scientifname.Csv
 Step 1: Run create_forest.php
 Refresh it for 4 time to get 10 000 ++ data of tree
 Step 2: Run this sql code
 2. UPDATE newforestori SET Volume = 3.142 * POW((Diameter / 200), 2) * StemHeight *
 0.50
 3. UPDATE newforestori SET TreeNum = CONCAT('T', LPAD(BlockX, 2, '0'), LPAD(BlockY, 2,
 '0'), LPAD(x, 2, '0'), LPAD(y, 2, '0'))
 4. UPDATE newforestori SET status_tree = CASE WHEN spgroup IN (1, 2, 3, 5) AND Diameter
 > 45 THEN 'Cut' WHEN spgroup IN (1, 2, 3, 5) AND Diameter <= 45 THEN 'Keep' ELSE
 status_tree END
 5. UPDATE newforestori SET Cut Angle = CASE WHEN status tree = 'Cut' THEN
 FLOOR(RAND() * 360) + 1 ELSE NULL END
 6. UPDATE newforestori INNER JOIN speciesname ON speciesname.No =
 newforestori.species SET newforestori.species = speciesname.species
 7. UPDATE newforestori
 SET Production = 3.142 * POW((Diameter / 200), 2) * StemHeight * 0.50
 WHERE status_tree = 'cut';
 8. UPDATE newforestori
 SET cut_tree = CONCAT(x, ',', y)
 WHERE status_tree = 'cut';
 Step 4: Run Find_damage.php
```

Fourth table:

CREATE TABLE damagetree (



Step 5: run this sql code:

INSERT INTO victim (Victim, cut_tree, Category_damage) SELECT Victim, cut_tree, Category_damage FROM damagetree;

Step 6:

UPDATE newforestori nf

INNER JOIN (

SELECT Cut_tree,

SUM(CASE WHEN Category_Damage = 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS stem_victim_count, SUM(CASE WHEN Category_Damage = 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS crown_victim_count

FROM damagetree

GROUP BY Cut_tree

) AS dt ON nf.cut_tree = dt.Cut_tree

SET nf.Damage_stem = dt.stem_victim_count,

nf.Damage_crown = dt.crown_victim_count;

