

1. $\int (5x^2 + \cos x \sin x) dx$

$$\frac{5x^3}{3} + \frac{\sin^2 x}{2} + C$$

3. $\int \frac{4^x}{\ln 16} dx$

$$\frac{4^x}{\ln 4 \cdot \ln 16} + C$$

2. $\int \frac{16}{x\sqrt{(4x)^2 - 1}} dx$

$$u = 4x \quad x = u/4 \\ du = 4 dx$$

$$4 \int \frac{du}{x\sqrt{u^2 - 1}}$$

$$16 \int \frac{du}{u\sqrt{u^2 - 1}}$$

$$16 \sec^{-1}(4x) + C$$

4. $\int \frac{x^2 + 3x}{x} dx$

$$\int (x + 3) dx$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} + 3x + C$$

$$5. \int \cos^2\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) dx \quad \frac{\cos(2\theta) + 1}{2} = \cos^2(\theta)$$

$$\int \frac{1 + \cos\left(\frac{2x}{3}\right)}{2} dx$$

$$\frac{x}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \sin\left(\frac{2x}{3}\right) + C$$

$$7. \int \sqrt{x+1} (3x+4) dx \quad u = x+1$$

$$x = u-1 \quad du = dx$$

$$\int u^{\frac{1}{2}} (3(u-1)+4) du$$

$$\int (3u^{\frac{3}{2}} + u^{\frac{1}{2}}) du$$

$$\frac{6}{5} (x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{2}{3} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

$$6. \int_5^6 \frac{3x-7}{(6x^2-28x)^2} dx \quad \begin{matrix} 150-140 \\ 216-168 \end{matrix}$$

$$u = 6x^2 - 28x$$

$$du = (12x - 28) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{4} du = (3x - 7) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int_{10}^{48} \frac{du}{u^2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{4u} \Big|_{10}^{48} = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{48} - \frac{1}{10} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{10-48}{480} \right)$$

$$\frac{19}{960}$$

$$8. \int (3x+1)^2 e^{3x} dx \quad \begin{matrix} (3x+1)^2 & e^{3x} \\ 2 \cdot 3(3x+1) & \frac{e^{3x}}{3} \\ 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 & \frac{e^{3x}}{3 \cdot 3} \\ 0 & \frac{e^{3x}}{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{e^{3x} (3x^2+1)^2}{3} - \frac{2e^{3x} (3x+1)}{3} + \frac{2e^{3x}}{3} + C$$