



A car is traveling on a straight road with velocity 55 ft/sec at time $t = 0$. For $0 \leq t \leq 18$ seconds, the car's acceleration $a(t)$, in ft/sec^2 , is the piecewise linear function defined by the graph above.

- (a) Is the velocity of the car increasing at $t = 2$ seconds? Why or why not?
- (b) At what time in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$ other than $t = 0$, is the velocity 55 ft/sec? Why?
- (c) On the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$, what is the car's absolute maximum velocity, in ft/sec, and at what time does it occur? Justify your answer.
- (d) At what times in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$, if any, is the car's velocity equal to zero? Justify your answer.