## AP Calculus - Spot Check 3 - Rates of Change CALCULATOR ALLOWED SHOW MATH SETUP

Algebra Mistakes $\left(AM\right)$	0	10	14	23	35	51	53
Stress Level $\left(U\!H^2\right)$	0	4	8	20	40	68	75

- 1. The table above shows the stress level of Mr. Payne and is measured in the number of head shakes and sighs, labeled as  $\left(UH^2\right)$ . Mr. Payne's stress level increases with each Algebra mistake he notices on quizzes he is grading, labeled as  $\left(AM\right)$ .
  - (Part a) Approximate the rate of change of Mr. Payne's stress level at 12 algebra mistakes, show the computations that lead to your answer and indicate units of measure.

$$\frac{4}{2} \frac{1 \text{ unit}}{2 \text{ setup}} = \frac{8-4}{14-10} = \frac{1}{14-10} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{uH}^2}{\text{AM}}$$

(Part b) A student who wanted to be on Mr. Payne's good side suggested the formula of  $S(x) = 0.08x^{1.72}$ , what is S'(12)?

4 2 s' 
$$5' = 0.1376 \times 0.72$$
  
4 2 ANS  $5'(12) = 0.82343 \times 0.72$ 

(Part c) How do part a and part b relate to each other?

2. Given the function position function  $x(t) = t^4 - t^2 + 6t$  is measured in meters when time is measured in seconds.

(Part a) Find the average rate of change from 1 to 2 seconds.

$$\frac{1:x(z)}{1:(x(0))} \frac{x(2)-x(1)}{2-1} = \frac{16-4+12-(1-1+6)}{1} = 18 \text{ m/s}$$
1: Ans

(Part b) Find the time value where the average rate of change is equal to the instantaneous rate of change from 1 to 2 seconds.

5 
$$\frac{3 \times 18}{2 \text{ Ans}}$$
  $\frac{4t^3 - 2t + 6 = 18}{4t^3 - 2t - 12 = 0}$   $2t^3 - t - 6 = 0$   $t = 1.55758$