Exercise 1

Code

```
""" CMPSC 413 - Lab 2: Searching and Sorting
1. Write and implement the algorithm for Linear search, Binary search, Insertion sort, Selection sort
and Bubble sort. Calculate the time complexity for these searching and sorting algorithms.
Table-1: tabulate the time complexity for these algorithms with best and worst time
complexities.
import random
def linear_search(val, data=[]):
    for v in data:
       if v == val:
           return val
def binary_search(val, data=[]):
    if not data:
       return None
    # sort data first (use insertion since we might get a sorted list...insertion is faster)
    data = insertion_sort(data)
    mid = len(data)//2
    l,r = 0, len(data)-1
    while 1 <= r:
        mid = 1 + ((r - 1) // 2) # find mid again based on 1,r
        if val > data[mid]:
            1 = mid + 1
        elif val < data[mid]:</pre>
           r = mid - 1
        elif val==data[mid]: # got it
            return (data[mid], f'idx={ mid }')
    return None
def selection_sort(data=[]):
    if not data:
        return None
    for i in range(len(data)):
        min_idx = i # store index of current min element
        for j in range(i + 1, len(data)):
            # find the minimum of the unsorted portion
            if data[j] < data[min_idx]:</pre>
               min_idx = j
        # swap
        temp = data[i]
        data[i] = data[min_idx]
        data[min_idx] = temp
```

```
return data
def insertion_sort(data=[]):
   if not data:
       return None
    for i in range(1, len(data)):
        key = data[i] # value were comparing
        comp_idx = i - 1
        # shift elements until correct spot is found
        while key < data[comp_idx] and comp_idx > 0:
           data[comp_idx + 1] = data[comp_idx]
           comp_idx -= 1
       # putting the data in the right spot
       data[comp\_idx + 1] = key
    return data
def bubble_sort(data=[]):
    if not data:
       return None
    for i in range(len(data)):
        for j in range(0, len(data) - i - 1): # sorted part at end of list
           if data[j] < data[i]:</pre>
               # swap
                temp = data[i]
                data[i] = data[j]
               data[j] = temp
    return data
print(binary_search(2, [random.randint(0,100) for i in range(1000)]))
```

Time Complexities

Best Time Complexities

Algorithm	Best Time Complexity
Insertion	O(n)
Selection	O(n²)
Bubble	O(n)
Merge	O(n log n)
Linear Search	O(1)
Binary Search	O(1)

Worst Time Complexities

Algorithm	Worst Time Complexity
Insertion	O(n²)

Algorithm	Worst Time Complexity
Selection	O(n²)
Bubble	O(n²)
Merge	O(n log n)
Linear Search	O(n)
Binary Search	O(log n)

Exercise 2

StudentDb

this is the database which contains all the functionality of creating students, adding them to a databse (text or json file) and sorting copies of the data.

```
class studentDb:
    def __init__(self):
        self.db_file_name = "student_db.json"
       self.students = []
        self.test_fnames = ['Aarav', 'Luna', 'Kai', 'Nia', 'Yusuf', 'Sakura', 'Ivan', 'Fatima', 'Jin', 'Alejandra',
'Emeka', 'Anya', 'Hiroshi', 'Ingrid', 'Kwame', 'Marta', 'Raj', 'Chen', 'Yelena', 'Diego']
        self.test_lnames = ['Kim', 'Müller', 'Singh', 'Lebedev', 'Okeke', 'Fernandez', 'Wong', 'Rossi', 'Silva', 'Kováč',
'Nguyen', 'Khan', 'Petrov', 'Díaz', 'Sato', 'Ibrahim', 'Johansson', 'Chen', 'Novak', 'Moreau']
        self.test majors = [
                                        "Computer Science",
                                        "Mechanical Engineering",
                                        "Psychology",
                                        "Business Administration",
                                        "Biology",
                                        "Political Science",
                                        "Economics",
                                        "English Literature",
                                        "Graphic Design",
                                        "History",
                                        "Environmental Science",
                                        "Nursing",
                                        "Mathematics",
                                        "Chemical Engineering",
                                        "Sociology",
                                        "Music",
                                        "Art History",
                                        "Physics",
                                        "Philosophy",
                                        "Anthropology"
        self.format student data()
    def format_student_data(self):
       self.test_f_names = [i.lower() for i in self.test_fnames]
        self.test_l_names = [i.lower() for i in self.test_lnames]
        self.test_majors = [i.lower() for i in self.test_majors]
    def make students(self, count = 0):
        for i in range(count-1):
            # make a student
            s = \{\}
                       = int(''.join([str(random.randint(1,9)) for i in range(10)]).rstrip().lstrip()) # 0 could be first
digit so we cant start it with 0
```

```
s["f_name"] = random.choice(self.test_f_names).lower()
           s["l_name"] = random.choice(self.test_l_names).lower()
           s["email"] = ''.join([''.join(s["f_name"][0:2]) + ''.join(s["l_name"][0]) + ''.join([str(random.randint(0,9))
for i in range(4)]) + "@psu.edu"]) # first 2 letters of f_name, last of l_name
           s["major"] = ''.join(random.choice(self.test_majors)).lower()
           self.add_student(s)
   def add_student(self, student=None):
       self.students.append(student)
   def delete_all_students(self):
       self.students = []
   def write_to_db(self, file_name=None):
       if not file_name:
           file_name = self.db_file_name
       with open(file_name, 'w') as db:
           json.dump(self.students, db, indent=4) # indent makes it more readable
   def read_from_db(self):
       with open(self.db_file_name, 'r') as db:
           return json.load(db)
   # ------ Linear Search ------
   def linear_search(self, val=None, param=None):
       if not val or not param:
           return None
       for student in self.read_from_db():
           if student[param] == val:
               return student
       return None
   def binary_search(self, val, param):
       if val is None or param is None:
           return None
       # sort data based on param
       data = self.merge_sort(param=param)
       1, r = 0, len(data) - 1
       while 1 <= r:
           mid = 1 + (r - 1) // 2
           # compare param field at mid index with target
           if data[mid][param] < val:</pre>
               l = mid + 1
           elif data[mid][param] > val:
               r = mid - 1
           else:
              return data[mid] # found the target
       return None # didnt find the target
   # ----- sorting algorithms -----
   def insertion_sort(self, param=None):
       if not param:
          return None
       data = self.read_from_db()
       for i in range(1, len(data)):
```

```
key = data[i] # value were comparing
        comp_idx = i - 1
        # shift elements until correct spot is found
        while comp_idx >= 0 and key[param] < data[comp_idx][param]:</pre>
            data[comp_idx + 1] = data[comp_idx]
            comp_idx -= 1
        # putting the data in the right spot
        data[comp_idx + 1] = key
    return data
def selection_sort(self, param=None):
    if not param:
        return None
    data = self.read_from_db()
    for i in range(len(data)):
        min_idx = i # store index of current min element
        for j in range(i + 1, len(data)): # sorted portion forms at start
            # find the minimum of the unsorted portion
            if data[j][param] < data[min_idx][param]:</pre>
                min_idx = j
        # Swap
        data[i], data[min_idx] = data[min_idx], data[i]
    return data
def bubble_sort(self, param=None):
    if not param:
        return None
   data = self.read_from_db()
    for i in range(len(data)-1):
        for j in range(0, len(data) - i - 1): # sorted part at end of list
            if data[j][param] < data[j+1][param]:</pre>
                data[i], data[j] = data[j], data[i]
    return data
# merge sort using nested functions to keep it clean
def merge_sort(self, param=None):
    if not param:
       return None
    data = self.read_from_db()
    # merging function
    def merge(left, right):
        result = []
        i = j = 0
        # recombining data
        while i < len(left) and j < len(right):
            if left[i][param] < right[j][param]:</pre>
                result.append(left[i])
                i += 1
            else:
                result.append(right[j])
                j += 1
```

```
result.extend(left[i:])
    result.extend(right[j:])
    return result
# dividing/entry function
def merge_sort_recursive(arr):
    if len(arr) <= 1:</pre>
        return arr
    # splitting process
    mid = len(arr) // 2
    left = arr[:mid]
    right = arr[mid:]
    # recurse till len(1)
    left = merge_sort_recursive(left)
    right = merge_sort_recursive(right)
    return merge(left, right)
sorted_data = merge_sort_recursive(data)
return sorted_data
```

Read and Write To Database (File)

```
def write_to_db(self, file_name=None):
    if not file_name:
        file_name = self.db_file_name

with open(file_name, 'w') as db:
        json.dump(self.students, db, indent=4) # indent makes it more readable

def read_from_db(self):
    with open(self.db_file_name, 'r') as db:
        return json.load(db)
```

Sorting

Setup Code

```
params.remove("email")
params.remove("major")

print(params)

sort_funcs = {"insertion" : studentDb.insertion_sort, "selection" : studentDb.selection_sort, "bubble" :
    studentDb.bubble_sort, "merge" : studentDb.merge_sort}

# holds dbs sorted by a given param
    sorted_student_dbs = {}
# holds sorting times for each sort over a db sorted by some param
    sorted_student_dbs_by_param_times = {}
# holds lists of students sorted by params (id, email,...)
sorted_students_by_param = {}
```

Sorting Unsorted Data

```
# populates and prints sort_times with time for sorting each param
# will run program twice for table-4
def sort_all():
   sort_times = {
       "insertion": {},
       "selection": {},
       "bubble": {},
        "merge": {}
   for p in params:
       print(f"\n\tSort Parameter: { p }\n")
       for sort_algo in sort_times:
           sort_times[sort_algo][p] = get_run_times(sort_funcs[sort_algo], param=p)
           print(f"Sort Algorithm: { sort_algo } took { sort_times[sort_algo][p] }")
   return sort_times
# printing sort times for unsorted students for each algo based on each parameter
print(sort_all())
print("\n")
```

Tables

Algorithm	ID	First Name	Last Name
Insertion	8.30e-08	5.20e-08	5.30e-08
Selection	5.40e-08	5.00e-08	5.00e-08
Bubble	5.30e-08	5.10e-08	5.10e-08
Merge	8.50e-08	8.20e-08	1.46e-07

Tables of best results

Parameter	Best Algorithm	Best Time (s)
ID	Selection	5.40e-08
First Name	Selection	5.00e-08
Last Name	Selection	5.00e-08

Sorting Sorted Data

within the StudentDb() code are all the sorting and searching algorithms used. Below is the application of these algorithms. Each Algorithm only makes a copy of the data before returning a sorted list of dictionary values representing the student. This is not a problem for sorting an unsorted dictionary of students, but was a problem for sorting a sorted dictionary. This was solved below with a forloop that saved instances of StudentDb() in the following way:

Tables

Parameter	Algorithm	Time (s)
ID	Insertion	7.40e-08
ID	Selection	5.20e-08
ID	Bubble	4.90e-08
ID	Merge	8.10e-08
First Name	Insertion	7.60e-08
First Name	Selection	5.50e-08
First Name	Bubble	4.90e-08
First Name	Merge	8.70e-08
Last Name	Insertion	7.00e-08
Last Name	Selection	5.10e-08
Last Name	Bubble	4.80e-08
Last Name	Merge	8.90e-08

Table of best results

Parameter	Best Algorithm	Best Time (s)
ID	Bubble	4.90e-08
First Name	Bubble	4.90e-08
Last Name	Bubble	4.80e-08

Output of first run

```
C:\Users\aaron\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\python.exe
C:\Users\aaron\Projects\classWork\CMPSC413\lab2\student_db_manager.py
[{'id': 6643272251, 'f_name': 'diego', 'l_name': 'nguyen', 'email': 'din2513@psu.edu', 'major': 'anthropology'}, {'id': 3848328912, 'f_name': 'kwame', 'l_name': 'silva', 'email': 'kws6360@psu.edu', 'major': 'environmental science'}, {'id': 4512682274, 'f_name': 'ingrid', 'l_name': 'johansson', 'email': 'inj5227@psu.edu', 'major': 'anthropology'}, {'id':
```

```
4137236651, 'f_name': 'chen', 'l_name': 'moreau', 'email': 'chm7641@psu.edu', 'major': 'nursing'}, {'id': 1388733766,
'f_name': 'yusuf', 'l_name': 'sato', 'email': 'yus9655@psu.edu', 'major': 'business administration'}, {'id': 6662567767,
'f_name': 'kai', 'l_name': 'kováč', 'email': 'kak6191@psu.edu', 'major': 'nursing'}, {'id': 9358962951, 'f_name': 'chen',
'l_name': 'singh', 'email': 'chs1654@psu.edu', 'major': 'anthropology'}, {'id': 9727774923, 'f_name': 'nia', 'l_name':
'khan', 'email': 'nik5838@psu.edu', 'major': 'political science'}, {'id': 5872897242, 'f_name': 'fatima', 'l_name':
'johansson', 'email': 'faj4310@psu.edu', 'major': 'chemical engineering'}, {'id': 7917176368, 'f_name': 'yusuf', 'l_name':
'moreau', 'email': 'yum4670@psu.edu', 'major': 'mathematics'}, {'id': 6914235662, 'f_name': 'ivan', 'l_name': 'okeke',
'email': 'ivo9704@psu.edu', 'major': 'political science'}, {'id': 6535397353, 'f_name': 'raj', 'l_name': 'chen', 'email':
'rac4338@psu.edu', 'major': 'philosophy'}, {'id': 4913118877, 'f_name': 'kwame', 'l_name': 'petrov', 'email':
'kwp6302@psu.edu', 'major': 'political science'}, {'id': 8438684975, 'f_name': 'fatima', 'l_name': 'müller', 'email':
'fam5297@psu.edu', 'major': 'mechanical engineering'}, {'id': 5383563727, 'f_name': 'diego', 'l_name': 'díaz', 'email':
'did0376@psu.edu', 'major': 'economics'}, {'id': 3578815152, 'f_name': 'sakura', 'l_name': 'singh', 'email':
'sas5227@psu.edu', 'major': 'sociology'}, {'id': 5417317158, 'f_name': 'diego', 'l_name': 'chen', 'email':
'dic3158@psu.edu', 'major': 'biology'}, {'id': 2473254742, 'f_name': 'alejandra', 'l_name': 'lebedev', 'email':
'all1261@psu.edu', 'major': 'computer science'}, {'id': 4732756891, 'f_name': 'fatima', 'l_name': 'fernandez', 'email':
'faf7604@psu.edu', 'major': 'psychology'}]
['id', 'f_name', 'l_name']
       Sort Parameter: id
Sort Algorithm: insertion took 8.30000000016627e-08
Sort Algorithm: selection took 5.4000000000165026e-08
Sort Algorithm: bubble took 5.299999999858716e-08
Sort Algorithm: merge took 8.49999999994623e-08
       Sort Parameter: f name
Sort Algorithm: insertion took 5.200000000107516e-08
Sort Algorithm: selection took 5.00000000000050006e-08
Sort Algorithm: bubble took 5.100000000007876e-08
Sort Algorithm: merge took 8.199999999985997e-08
       Sort Parameter: 1_name
Sort Algorithm: insertion took 5.299999999858716e-08
Sort Algorithm: selection took 5.0000000000000006e-08
Sort Algorithm: bubble took 5.100000000007876e-08
Sort Algorithm: merge took 1.46000000000035e-07
Times for Unsorted Data: {'insertion': {'id': 8.300000000016627e-08, 'f_name': 5.2000000000107516e-08, 'l_name':
5.299999999858716e-08}, 'selection': {'id': 5.4000000000165026e-08, 'f_name': 5.000000000050006e-08, 'l_name':
5.000000000050006e-08}, 'bubble': {'id': 5.299999999858716e-08, 'f name': 5.10000000007876e-08, 'l name':
5.100000000007876e-08}, 'merge': {'id': 8.49999999994623e-08, 'f_name': 8.19999999985997e-08, 'l_name':
1.46000000000035e-07}}
dict_items([('id', <_main__.studentDb object at 0x000001B27DBDAD90>), ('f_name', <_main__.studentDb object at
0x0000001B27DBDACD0>), ('l_name', <__main__.studentDb object at 0x0000001B27DBD4FD0>)])
Algorithm performance over sorts by parameter times {'id': {'insertion': 6.600000000023255e-08, 'selection':
4.6999999996374e-08, 'bubble': 4.79999999992495e-08, 'merge': 2.540000000000875e-07}, 'f_name': {'insertion':
6.3999999998747e-08, 'selection': 5.100000000007876e-08, 'bubble': 2.0899999999937e-07, 'merge': 8.29999999988872e-
08}, 'l_name': {'insertion': 6.299999999986872e-08, 'selection': 5.0000000000050006e-08, 'bubble': 1.349999999999625e-07,
'merge': 8.59999999997499e-08}}
Process finished with exit code 0
```

Second Run Output

this corresponds to table-4

```
[{'id': 9886178637, 'f_name': 'ivan', 'l_name': 'kováč', 'email': 'ivk9070@psu.edu', 'major': 'biology'}, {'id':
9424772584, 'f_name': 'luna', 'l_name': 'novak', 'email': 'lun1206@psu.edu', 'major': 'political science'}, {'id':
8134457451, 'f_name': 'kai', 'l_name': 'novak', 'email': 'kan1399@psu.edu', 'major': 'art history'}, {'id': 9221595235,
'f_name': 'kwame', 'l_name': 'díaz', 'email': 'kwd3771@psu.edu', 'major': 'sociology'}, {'id': 9359497293, 'f_name':
'kai', 'l_name': 'díaz', 'email': 'kad5154@psu.edu', 'major': 'philosophy'}, {'id': 6451643655, 'f_name': 'yelena',
'l_name': 'ibrahim', 'email': 'yei6361@psu.edu', 'major': 'anthropology'}, {'id': 8837942676, 'f_name': 'jin', 'l_name':
'okeke', 'email': 'jio3028@psu.edu', 'major': 'biology'}, {'id': 5654635759, 'f_name': 'aarav', 'l_name': 'nguyen',
'email': 'aan1979@psu.edu', 'major': 'mechanical engineering'}, {'id': 3579315332, 'f_name': 'nia', 'l_name': 'nguyen',
'email': 'nin7317@psu.edu', 'major': 'nursing'}, {'id': 7653943821, 'f_name': 'nia', 'l_name': 'ibrahim', 'email':
'nii2546@psu.edu', 'major': 'art history'}, {'id': 7272927795, 'f_name': 'kai', 'l_name': 'khan', 'email':
'kak4924@psu.edu', 'major': 'business administration'}, {'id': 2574473299, 'f_name': 'jin', 'l_name': 'johansson',
'email': 'jij2168@psu.edu', 'major': 'mathematics'}, {'id': 5664624437, 'f_name': 'aarav', 'l_name': 'moreau', 'email':
'aam5079@psu.edu', 'major': 'computer science'}, {'id': 2867291114, 'f_name': 'fatima', 'l_name': 'müller', 'email':
'fam8686@psu.edu', 'major': 'anthropology'}, {'id': 9585288517, 'f_name': 'marta', 'l_name': 'nguyen', 'email':
'man9283@psu.edu', 'major': 'history'}, {'id': 9658259626, 'f_name': 'diego', 'l_name': 'fernandez', 'email':
'dif5195@psu.edu', 'major': 'biology'}, {'id': 8232811678, 'f_name': 'jin', 'l_name': 'chen', 'email': 'jic1595@psu.edu',
'major': 'graphic design'}, {'id': 9311432149, 'f_name': 'anya', 'l_name': 'kim', 'email': 'ank4917@psu.edu', 'major':
'mathematics'}, {'id': 9929873755, 'f_name': 'yelena', 'l_name': 'müller', 'email': 'yem8680@psu.edu', 'major': 'english
literature'}]
sort params: ['id', 'f_name', 'l_name']
       Sort Parameter: id
Sort Algorithm: insertion took 6.399999999989747e-08
Sort Algorithm: selection took 5.100000000007876e-08
Sort Algorithm: bubble took 5.0000000000050006e-08
Sort Algorithm: merge took 8.59999999997499e-08
       Sort Parameter: f name
Sort Algorithm: insertion took 5.00000000000050006e-08
Sort Algorithm: selection took 5.100000000007876e-08
Sort Algorithm: bubble took 5.0000000000050006e-08
Sort Algorithm: merge took 8.09999999983121e-08
       Sort Parameter: 1 name
Sort Algorithm: insertion took 4.90000000002125e-08
Sort Algorithm: selection took 5.0000000000000006e-08
Sort Algorithm: bubble took 5.0000000000050006e-08
Sort Algorithm: merge took 8.199999999985997e-08
Times for Unsorted Data: {'insertion': {'id': 6.39999999989747e-08, 'f_name': 5.00000000000000000006e-08, 'l_name':
4.90000000002125e-08}, 'selection': {'id': 5.100000000007876e-08, 'f_name': 5.100000000007876e-08, 'l_name':
5.000000000050006e-08}, 'bubble': {'id': 5.000000000050006e-08, 'f_name': 5.0000000000050006e-08, 'l_name':
5.0000000000050006e-08}, 'merge': {'id': 8.59999999997499e-08, 'f_name': 8.09999999983121e-08, 'l_name':
8.199999999985997e-08}}
dict_items([('id', <_main__.studentDb object at 0x000001F31D0CAD90>), ('f_name', <_main__.studentDb object at
0x000001F31D0CACD0>), ('l_name', <__main__.studentDb object at 0x000001F31D0C4FD0>)])
Algorithm performance over sorts by parameter times {'id': {'insertion': 7.000000000034757e-08, 'selection':
```

```
5.19999999982996e-08, 'bubble': 4.7000000000241296e-08, 'merge': 8.299999999961116e-08}, 'f_name': {'insertion': 1.0200000000015752e-07, 'selection': 5.499999999916226e-08, 'bubble': 4.99999999977245e-08, 'merge': 8.400000000019503e-08}, 'l_name': {'insertion': 9.59999999998499e-08, 'selection': 5.59999999994498e-08, 'bubble': 4.90000000000298806e-08, 'merge': 8.79999999975494e-08}}

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Analysis

This lab exercise was a practical review of sorting and searching algorithms. It highlighted that for small datasets, simpler algorithms like selection sort can outperform more complex ones like merge sort, which can be slower due to the overhead of recursive calls. This observation is crucial when considering the size of the dataset for algorithm selection. The exercise also emphasized the importance of real-world testing over theoretical analysis. By measuring actual performance, we can better understand how these algorithms work in practice. Additionally, the comparison between binary and linear search showed the efficiency trade-offs depending on the data structure. Overall, the exercise reinforced the idea that the best algorithm choice depends on the specific scenario, including factors like data size and structure.

Tabulating the data made some of these important facts quite clear. Firstly, under best-case conditions (sorted data), bubble sort usualyl came out on top, this was due to the face that the internal while-loop was essentially functioning as a conditional requiring o(1) time, leading to o(n) performance. It was also interesting to see that merge-sort is not a great option for small sets of data. This is due to the practical cost and computation time of creating new data frames each time a recursive frame is added to the stack. My particular implementation also suffers from the issue of splicing python lists, which in reality copies data into a whole new list, another impractical component.