Multiclass Classification Problem

we use a one-vs-rest approach

- a binary classification problem is fit for each class, treating that class as a positive class and all other classes as a negative class
- during the prediction, the class with the highest predicted probability among all binary classifiers is chosen as the final prediction

Example - 3 classes

- c1(x) = 0.7
- c2(x) = 0.3
- c3(x) = 0.8

here the third class is selected as it has the largest probability

Multinomial (multiclass) loss

- logistic regression model is optimized for multinomial loss
- the entire probability distribution across all classes is considered jointly during approximation
- the softmax function is used to calculate probabilities across all classes and the model is trained to minimize the multinomial loss

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given some user-supplied wheights, we can find the probability of each class.

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- we label how much each one-hot vector (x) affects each class (weighting)
- then sum over each vector in each class
- pass through soft-max
- select class with highest resultant probability

Cross-Entropy Loss as cost function

how do you measure the "distance" between 2 distributions?

information theoretic measure of distance between two distributions

• if 2 distributions are the same, then 0 while is has a nonnegative value	