

HomeWork 6

December 22, 2021

1 Film Perimit in NYC

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1.2 Question Statement

During the pandemic, film industry in NYC suffered a lot. Here I want to look deeper into this issue and try to answer the following [questions](#):

Which borough or community is the most popular site to shoot films?

How did film permit change across the city during the pandemic?

What kind of film suffered the most in pandemic?

1.3 Hypothesis

Midtown Manhattan might have the highest number of film permits issued.

After the outbreak of the pandemic, I expect to see a decrease in the volume of film permits issued in NYC. The volume of film permits might have a linear relationship with the daily covid cases.

More specifically, I think among all film permit categories, movies should suffer the most because the relatively high cost, other categories like commercials, might not decrease as much.

```
[1]: ## import data
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.io as pio

pio.renderers.default = "notebook_connected+pdf"

fp = pd.read_csv('https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/tg4x-b46p/rows.csv?
↳accessType=DOWNLOAD')
fp.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 72410 entries, 0 to 72409
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   EventID                72410 non-null  int64
```

```

1  EventType          72410 non-null object
2  StartDateTime      72410 non-null object
3  EndDateTime        72410 non-null object
4  EnteredOn          72410 non-null object
5  EventAgency       72410 non-null object
6  ParkingHeld        72410 non-null object
7  Borough            72410 non-null object
8  CommunityBoard(s)  72392 non-null object
9  PolicePrecinct(s)  72392 non-null object
10 Category           72410 non-null object
11 SubCategoryName    72410 non-null object
12 Country            72410 non-null object
13 ZipCode(s)         72392 non-null object
dtypes: int64(1), object(13)
memory usage: 7.7+ MB

```

2 Data Cleaning

There are missing values in CommunityBoard(s), I decide to delete these observations.

I also decide to drop “PolicePrecinct(s)” & “ZipCode(s)”, so that I can use CommunityBoard(s) as the only location variable

```
[2]: fp=fp.sort_values('CommunityBoard(s)').head(72392).reset_index().drop(columns =_
    ↳ ['PolicePrecinct(s)', 'ZipCode(s)'])
```

```
[3]: fp['CommunityBoard(s)'].head(5)
```

```
[3]: 0    0, 1
1    0, 1
2    0, 1
3    0, 1
4    0, 1
Name: CommunityBoard(s), dtype: object
```

Note that in CommunityBoards, some cells have mutiple values, so I split the mutiple values into different rows.

```
[4]: for i in range(len(fp)):
      if ',' in fp.loc[i, 'CommunityBoard(s)']:
          cb = fp.loc[i, 'CommunityBoard(s)'].split(',')
          for k in range(len(cb)):
              new = fp.loc[i]
              new['CommunityBoard(s)']=cb[k]
              fp = fp.append(new, ignore_index=True)
```

```
/opt/conda/envs/python-public-policy/lib/python3.8/site-
packages/pandas/core/series.py:1056: SettingWithCopyWarning:
```

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
[5]: #delete the original rows with multiple "CommunityBoard(s)"
def findcomma(row):
    if ',' in row['CommunityBoard(s)']:
        return 1
    else:
        return 0
fp['comma']=fp.apply(findcomma,axis=1)
fp = fp[fp['comma']==0].reset_index()
```

```
[6]: #drop irrelevant variables
fp=fp.drop(columns=['level_0','index','comma'])
fp.head(5)
```

```
[6]:   EventID  EventType  StartDateTime  EndDateTime \
0   439255  Shooting Permit  08/31/2018 08:00:00 AM  08/31/2018 10:00:00 PM
1   395362  Shooting Permit  02/01/2018 09:00:00 AM  02/02/2018 01:00:00 AM
2   438746  Rigging Permit  08/30/2018 06:00:00 AM  08/30/2018 08:00:00 PM
3   439242  Shooting Permit  08/31/2018 07:00:00 AM  08/31/2018 05:00:00 PM
4   470969  Shooting Permit  03/26/2019 07:00:00 AM  03/26/2019 11:30:00 PM
```

```
      EnteredOn  EventAgency \
0  08/29/2018 11:17:47 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
1  01/29/2018 08:08:14 PM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
2  08/24/2018 07:55:35 PM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
3  08/29/2018 10:28:23 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
4  03/20/2019 11:06:11 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
```

```
      ParkingHeld  Borough \
0  HEYWARD STREET between HARRISON AVENUE and MAR...  Brooklyn
1  HUBERT STREET between COLLISTER STREET and HUD...  Manhattan
2  CALYER STREET between JEWEL STREET and HUMBOLT...  Brooklyn
3  NORMAN AVENUE between SUTTON STREET and KINGSL...  Brooklyn
4  Dupont Street between PROVOST STREET and McGui...  Brooklyn
```

```
      CommunityBoard(s)  Category  SubCategoryName  Country
0                      1      Film      Feature  United States of America
1                      1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
2                      1  Television  Episodic series  United States of America
3                      1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
4                      1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
```

Now each row only has one community board number.

Next I will creat a borough community board variable for the convenience of mapping, and format the time variables to time series so python can recognize them as time.

```
[7]: # Creat Borough Community Board
def recode_borocd_counts(row):
    if 'Manhattan' in row["Borough"]:
        return 100 + int(row["CommunityBoard(s)"])
    elif 'Bronx' in row["Borough"]:
        return 200 + int(row["CommunityBoard(s)"])
    elif 'Brooklyn' in row["Borough"]:
        return 300 + int(row["CommunityBoard(s)"])
    elif 'Queens' in row["Borough"]:
        return 400 + int(row["CommunityBoard(s)"])
    elif 'Staten Island' in row["Borough"]:
        return 500 + int(row["CommunityBoard(s)"])

fp['borocd'] = fp.apply(recode_borocd_counts, axis = 1).astype(str)
fp.head(5)
```

```
[7]:      EventID      EventType      StartDateTime      EndDateTime \
0    439255  Shooting Permit  08/31/2018 08:00:00 AM  08/31/2018 10:00:00 PM
1    395362  Shooting Permit  02/01/2018 09:00:00 AM  02/02/2018 01:00:00 AM
2    438746   Rigging Permit  08/30/2018 06:00:00 AM  08/30/2018 08:00:00 PM
3    439242  Shooting Permit  08/31/2018 07:00:00 AM  08/31/2018 05:00:00 PM
4    470969  Shooting Permit  03/26/2019 07:00:00 AM  03/26/2019 11:30:00 PM
```

```
      EnteredOn      EventAgency \
0  08/29/2018 11:17:47 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
1  01/29/2018 08:08:14 PM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
2  08/24/2018 07:55:35 PM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
3  08/29/2018 10:28:23 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
4  03/20/2019 11:06:11 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
```

```
      ParkingHeld      Borough \
0  HEYWARD STREET between HARRISON AVENUE and MAR...  Brooklyn
1  HUBERT STREET between COLLISTER STREET and HUD...  Manhattan
2  CALYER STREET between JEWEL STREET and HUMBOLT...  Brooklyn
3  NORMAN AVENUE between SUTTON STREET and KINGSL...  Brooklyn
4  Dupont Street between PROVOST STREET and McGui...  Brooklyn
```

```
      CommunityBoard(s)      Category      SubCategoryName      Country \
0                      1          Film          Feature  United States of America
1                      1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
2                      1  Television  Episodic series  United States of America
3                      1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
4                      1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
```

```

borocd
0    301
1    101
2    301
3    301
4    301

```

```

[8]: # creat time series
fp['StartDateTime'] = pd.to_datetime(fp['StartDateTime'], format='%m/%d/%Y %I:
↳%M:%S %p')
fp['EndDateTime'] = pd.to_datetime(fp['EndDateTime'], format='%m/%d/%Y %I:%M:%S
↳%p')
fp.head(5)

```

```

[8]:      EventID      EventType      StartDateTime      EndDateTime \
0    439255  Shooting Permit  2018-08-31 08:00:00  2018-08-31 22:00:00
1    395362  Shooting Permit  2018-02-01 09:00:00  2018-02-02 01:00:00
2    438746   Rigging Permit  2018-08-30 06:00:00  2018-08-30 20:00:00
3    439242  Shooting Permit  2018-08-31 07:00:00  2018-08-31 17:00:00
4    470969  Shooting Permit  2019-03-26 07:00:00  2019-03-26 23:30:00

```

```

      EnteredOn      EventAgency \
0  08/29/2018 11:17:47 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
1  01/29/2018 08:08:14 PM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
2  08/24/2018 07:55:35 PM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
3  08/29/2018 10:28:23 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting
4  03/20/2019 11:06:11 AM  Mayor's Office of Film, Theatre & Broadcasting

```

```

      ParkingHeld      Borough \
0  HEYWARD STREET between HARRISON AVENUE and MAR...  Brooklyn
1  HUBERT STREET between COLLISTER STREET and HUD...  Manhattan
2  CALYER STREET between JEWEL STREET and HUMBOLT...  Brooklyn
3  NORMAN AVENUE between SUTTON STREET and KINGSL...  Brooklyn
4  Dupont Street between PROVOST STREET and McGui...  Brooklyn

```

```

      CommunityBoard(s)      Category      SubCategoryName      Country \
0          1      Film      Feature  United States of America
1          1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
2          1  Television  Episodic series  United States of America
3          1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America
4          1  Television  Cable-episodic  United States of America

```

```

borocd
0    301
1    101
2    301

```

```
3    301
4    301
```

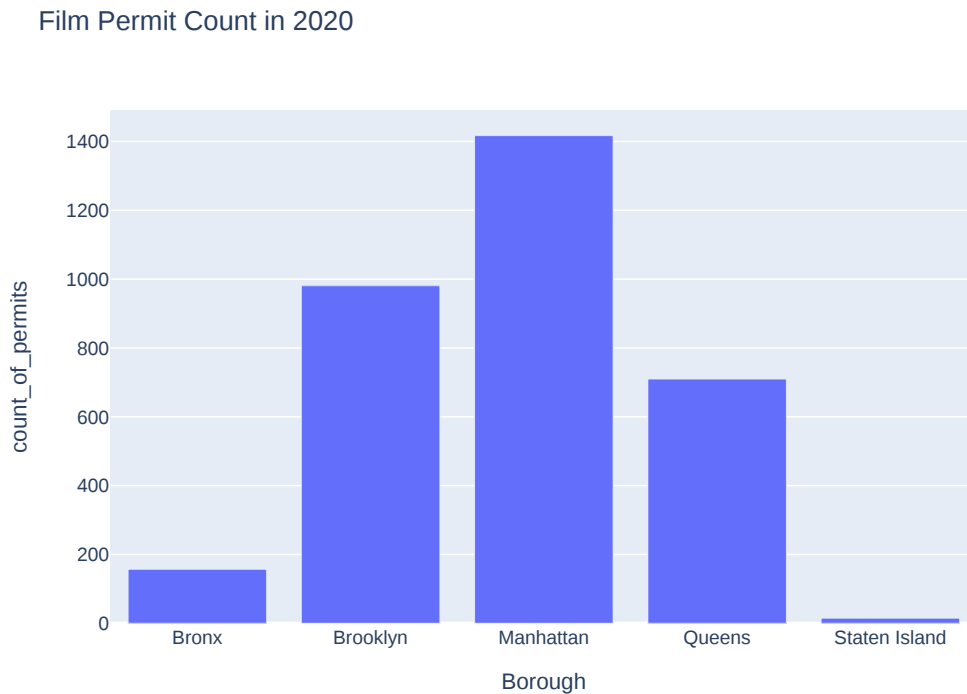
Get the 2020 and 2021 data, because they are the dates of interest.

```
[9]: fp20 = fp[(fp['StartDateTime']>='2020-1-1')&(fp['StartDateTime']<='2020-12-31')]
      fp21 = fp[(fp['StartDateTime']>='2021-1-1')]
```

3 Data Analysis

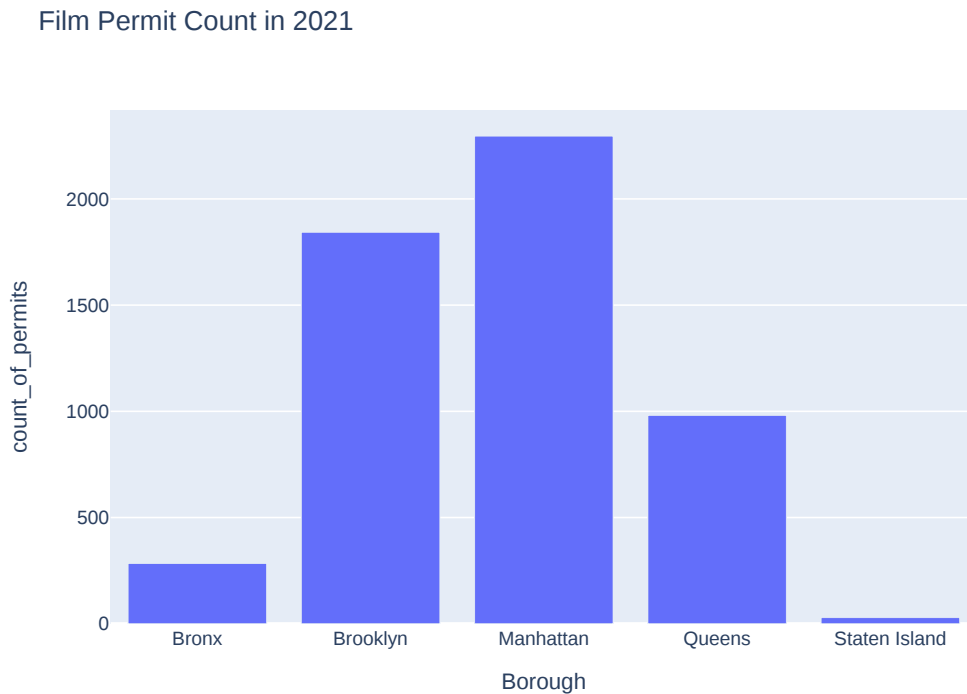
3.1 Film Permits by Borough

```
[10]: borough_counts = fp20.groupby('Borough').size().
      ↪reset_index(name='count_of_permits')
      fig = px.bar(borough_counts, x="Borough", y="count_of_permits", title = 'Film_
      ↪Permit Count in 2020')
      fig.show()
```



```
[11]: borough_counts = fp21.groupby('Borough').size().
      ↪reset_index(name='count_of_permits')
```

```
fig = px.bar(borough_counts, x="Borough", y="count_of_permits", title = 'Film_
↳Permit Count in 2021')
fig.show()
```



3.2 Permit Counts by Community Boards

```
[12]: import requests

geojson_url = 'https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/geospatial/yfnk-k7r4?
↳method=export&format=GeoJSON'

response = requests.get(geojson_url)
geojson_data = response.json()

fp20_by_cd = fp20.groupby('borocd').size().reset_index(name='count of permits')
fp21_by_cd = fp21.groupby('borocd').size().reset_index(name='count of permits')

[13]: fig = px.choropleth_mapbox(fp20_by_cd,
                                geojson=geojson_url,
                                locations='borocd',
                                featureidkey='properties.boro_cd',
```

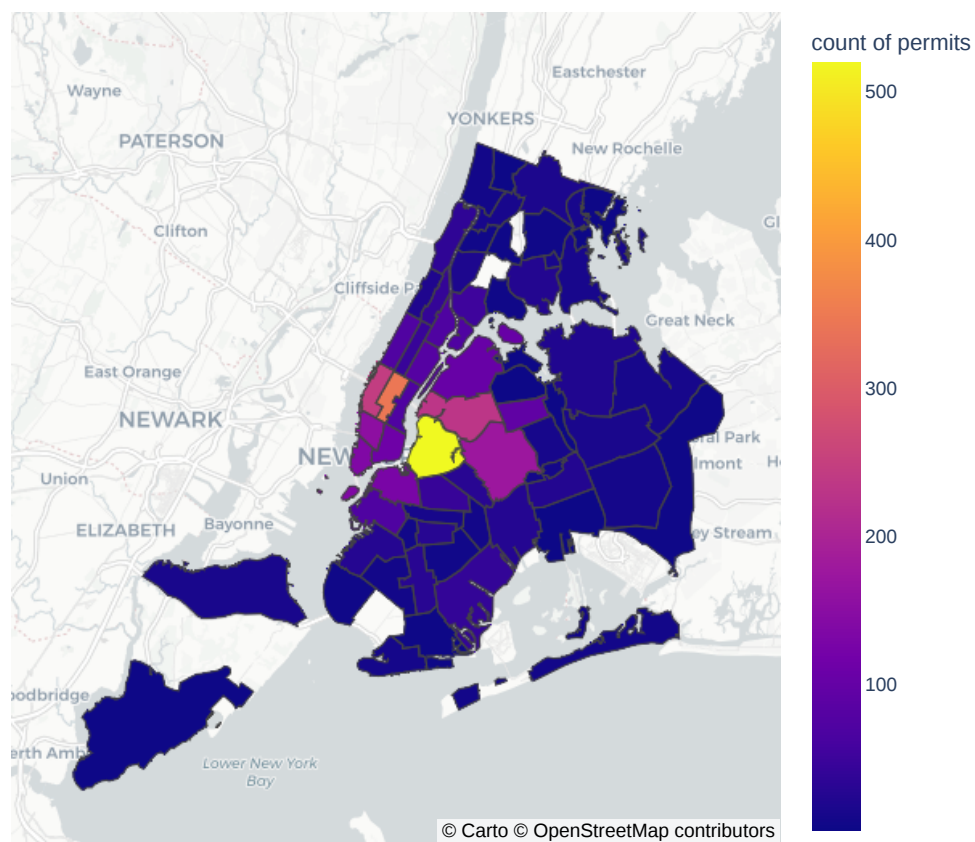
```

color='count of permits',
center = {'lat': 40.73, 'lon': -73.98},
zoom=9,
mapbox_style='carto-positron',
title = 'Film Permit Count in 2020')

fig.update_layout(height=700)
fig.show()

```

Film Permit Count in 2020



```

[14]: fig = px.choropleth_mapbox(fp21_by_cd,
                                geojson=geojson_url,
                                locations='borocd',
                                featureidkey='properties.boro_cd',

```



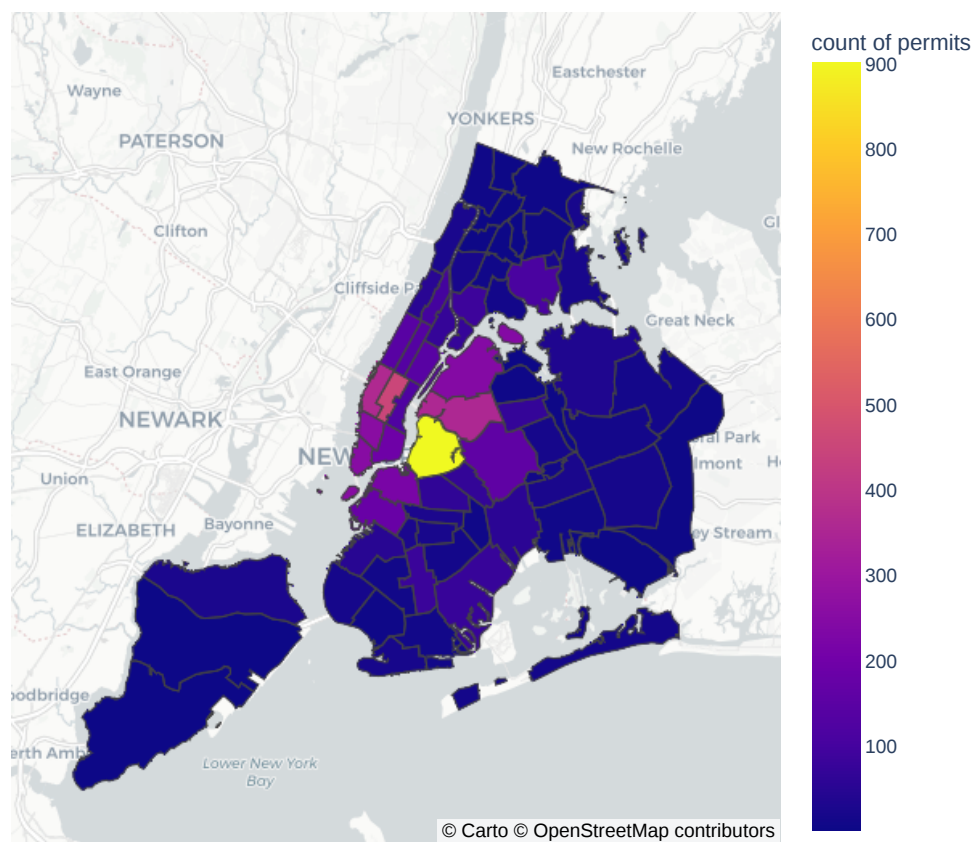
```

color='count of permits',
center = {'lat': 40.73, 'lon': -73.98},
zoom=9,
mapbox_style='carto-positron',
title = 'Film Permit Count in 2021')

fig.update_layout(height=700)
fig.show()

```

Film Permit Count in 2021



3.3 Insight 1

In 2020 and 2021, Manhattan was the borough that issued the most permits, followed by Brooklyn and Queens.

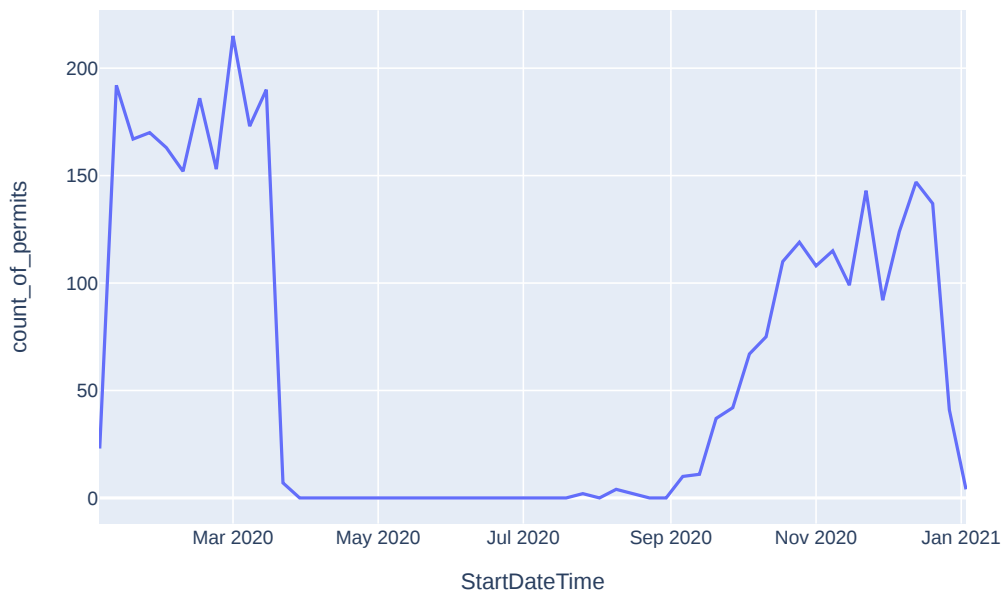
At the level of community board, Williamsburg in Brooklyn issued the most permits in 2020 and 2021.

The distribution of permit counts does not vary much between 2020 and 2021.

3.4 Permit Counts by Time

```
[15]: fp20_time = fp20.groupby([pd.Grouper(key='StartDateTime', freq='W')]).size().  
      ↪reset_index(name='count_of_permits')  
fig = px.line(fp20_time, x="StartDateTime", y="count_of_permits", title = "  
      ↪'Permit Counts in 2020')  
fig.show()
```

Permit Counts in 2020



3.5 Relationship between permit counts and covid cases.

```
[16]: import plotly.graph_objects as go  
      from plotly.subplots import make_subplots  
  
covidurl = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/nychealth/coronavirus-data/master/  
      ↪trends/data-by-day.csv'  
covid_by_day = pd.read_csv(covidurl)
```

```

covid_by_day['date_of_interest'] = pd.
    ↳to_datetime(covid_by_day['date_of_interest'], format='%m/%d/%Y')
covid_by_day =
    ↳covid_by_day[(covid_by_day['date_of_interest']<='2020-12-31')&(covid_by_day['date_of_intere
covid_by_day = covid_by_day.resample('W',on = 'date_of_interest').sum().
    ↳reset_index()

fig2 = make_subplots(specs=[[{"secondary_y": True}]]))
fig2.add_trace(
    go.Scatter(x=covid_by_day['date_of_interest'],
    ↳y=covid_by_day['CASE_COUNT'], name="Case Count"),
    secondary_y=False,
)

fig2.add_trace(
    go.Scatter(x=fp20_time['StartDateTime'], y=fp20_time['count_of_permits'],
    ↳name="Permit Count"),
    secondary_y=True,
)

fig2.update_layout(
    title_text="Film permit count to 311 vs. Covid-19 case counts in NYC"
)

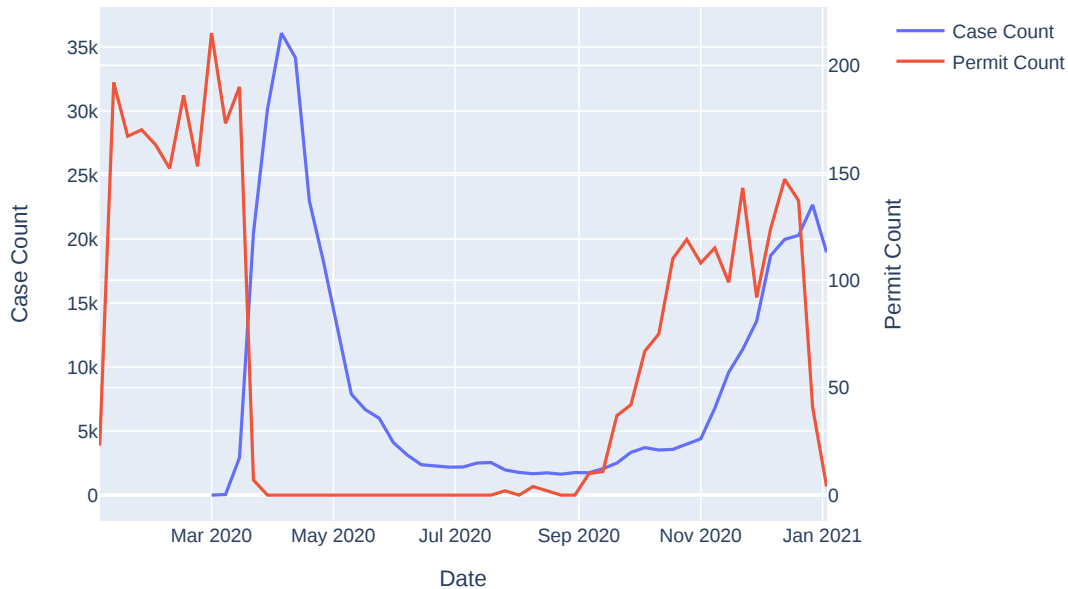
# Set x-axis title
fig2.update_xaxes(title_text="Date")

# Set y-axes titles
fig2.update_yaxes(title_text="Case Count", secondary_y=False)
fig2.update_yaxes(title_text="Permit Count", secondary_y=True)

fig2.show()

```

Film permit count to 311 vs. Covid-19 case counts in NYC



3.6 Insight 2

The Permit Counts dropped significantly in March 2020, when the pandemic started.

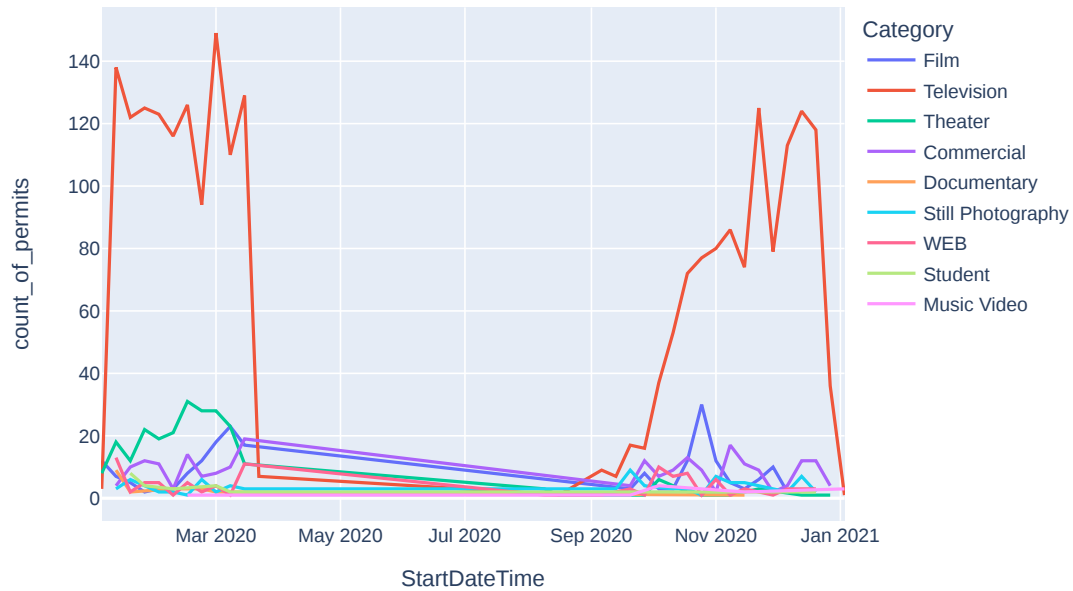
It resumed growth in September 2020.

Film permit counts shared a similar trend with covid case count. In March, increasing covid cases seemed to decrease permit counts, but in September, it seemed to suggest that increasing social activities like shooting films increased the covid cases.

3.7 Categories of Film Permit

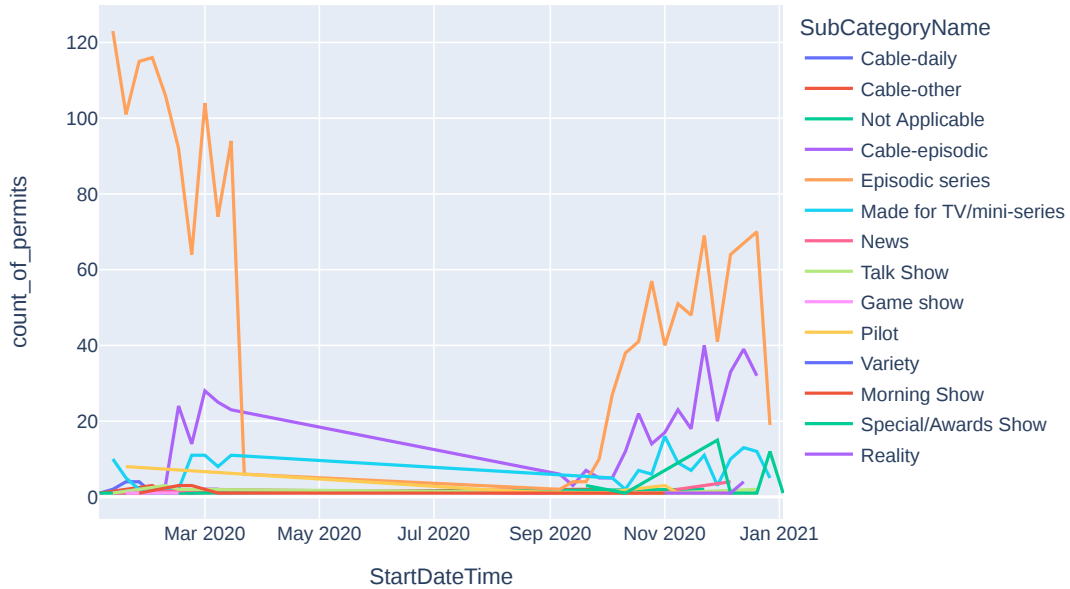
```
[17]: fp20_cate = fp20.groupby([pd.Grouper(key='StartDateTime', freq='W'),  
    ↳ 'Category']).size().reset_index(name='count_of_permits')  
fig = px.line(fp20_cate, x="StartDateTime",  
    ↳ y="count_of_permits",color='Category', title = 'Permit Counts in 2020')  
fig.show()
```

Permit Counts in 2020



```
[18]: tele = fp20[fp20['Category']=='Television']
tele_time = tele.groupby([pd.Grouper(key='StartDateTime', freq='W'),
    ↳ 'SubCategoryName']).size().reset_index(name='count_of_permits')
fig = px.line(tele_time, x="StartDateTime",
    ↳ y="count_of_permits", color='SubCategoryName', title = 'Permit Counts in
    ↳ 2020')
fig.show()
```

Permit Counts in 2020



3.8 Insight 3

Television suffered the most, but mostly because it was the most dominant category before the pandemic.

Among all televisions, episodic series experienced the most dramatic fall during the pandemic.

4 Conclusion

- 4.1 Manhattan is the most popular borough to shoot films, while Williamsburg in Brooklyn is the most popular community board.
- 4.2 Permit Counts dropped significantly during the pandemic in March 2020, but resumed to growth in September, however, the restart of social activities like filming seemed to cause another increase of covid cases.
- 4.3 Television suffered the most during the pandemic, among which the number of episodic series dropped the most. An explanation could be that television was the most dominant category of film shooting in NYC.