

ASSIGNMENT:02

DAY:01

JAVA SCRIPT

1) Rewrite the following code using a ternary operator:

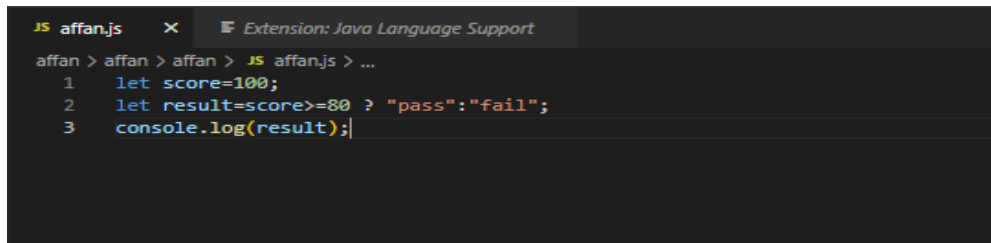
```
let result;
```

```
if (score >= 80) {
```

```
    result = "Pass";} else {
```

```
    result = "Fail";}
```

SOURCE CODE:



```
JS affan.js  x  Extension: Java Language Support
affan > affan > affan > JS affan.js > ...
1  let score=100;
2  let result=score>=80 ? "pass":"fail";
3  console.log(result);
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\affan\affan\affan.js
pass
```

2) How does the optional chaining operator (?.) work, and how can it be used to access nested properties of an object?

SOURCE CODE:



```
JS affan.js  x
JS affan.js > [0] user > address
1  const user = {
2      name: 'Affan',
3      address: {
4          street: '9/27 model colony malir karachi',
5          city: 'karachi',
6          zip: '2468',
7      },
8  };
9
10 const cityWithoutChaining = user.address && user.address.city;
11 console.log('Without optional chaining:', cityWithoutChaining);
12 const cityWithChaining = user.address?.city;
13 console.log('With optional chaining:', cityWithChaining);
14 const nonExistentProperty = user.address?.nonExistentProperty;
15 console.log('Non-existent property:', nonExistentProperty);
```

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OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS

C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\affan.js
Without optional chaining: karachi
With optional chaining: karachi
Non-existent property: undefined
```

3) Compare the for...in loop and the for...of loop in terms of their use cases and the types of values they iterate over.

SOURCE CODE:

For in loop

```
affan > affan > affan > JS affan.js > ...
1  const obj={
2      a:"affan",
3      b:"ahmed",
4      c:"engineer",
5  };
6  for(let key in obj){
7      console.log(key)
8      console.log(obj[key]);
9  }
```

For of loop

```
JS affan.js  x  Extension: Java Language Support

affan > affan > affan > JS affan.js > ...
1  const array=[1,2,3,4]
2  for(let value of array){
3      console.log(value);
4  }
```

OUTPUT: (for in loop)

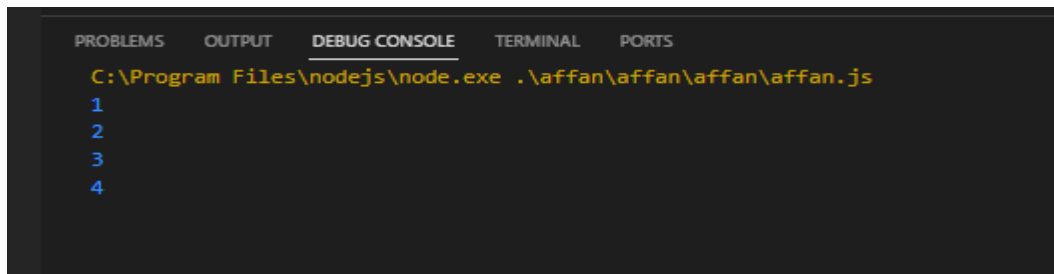
```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS

C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\affan\affan\affan\affan.js
a
affan
b
ahmed
c
engineer
```

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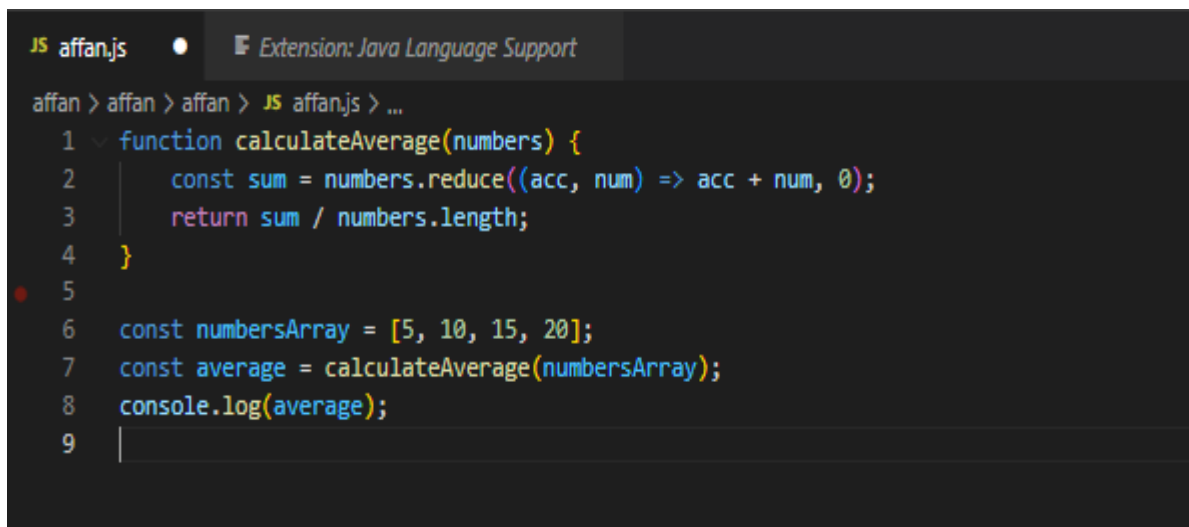
OUTPUT: (for of loop)



```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\affan\affan\affan\affan.js
1
2
3
4
```

4) 4. Define a function `calculateAverage` that takes an array of numbers as an argument and returns the average value.

SOURCE CODE:



```
JS affan.js  Extension: Java Language Support
affan > affan > affan > JS affan.js > ...
1  function calculateAverage(numbers) {
2      const sum = numbers.reduce((acc, num) => acc + num, 0);
3      return sum / numbers.length;
4  }
5
6  const numbersArray = [5, 10, 15, 20];
7  const average = calculateAverage(numbersArray);
8  console.log(average);
9
```

OUTPUT:



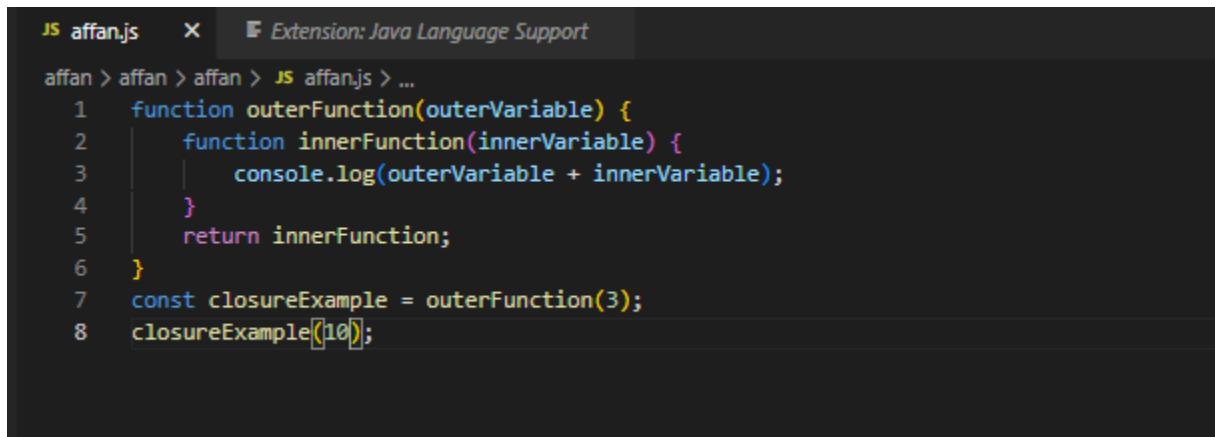
```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\affan\affan\affan\affan.js
12.5
```

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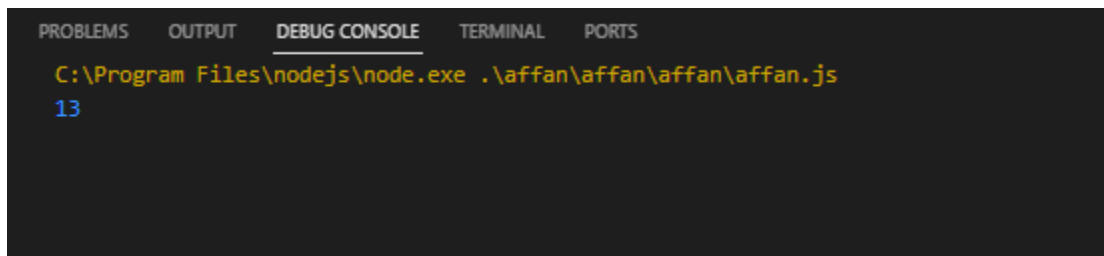
5) Explain the concept of "closures" in JavaScript and provide an example of their practical use.

SOURCE CODE:



```
JS affan.js  X  Extension: Java Language Support
affan > affan > affan > JS affan.js > ...
1  function outerFunction(outerVariable) {
2      function innerFunction(innerVariable) {
3          console.log(outerVariable + innerVariable);
4      }
5      return innerFunction;
6  }
7  const closureExample = outerFunction(3);
8  closureExample(10);
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
C:\Program Files\nodejs\node.exe .\affan\affan\affan\affan.js
13
```