# **Precise Positions of Methanol Masers**

J. L. Caswell

ATNF, CSIRO, PO Box 76, Epping, NSW 2121. Email: james.caswell@csiro.au

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**Abstract:** The Australia Telescope Compact Array (ATCA) has been used to determine positions for many southern methanol maser sites, with accuracy better than 1 arcsec. The results are presented here as a catalogue of more than 350 distinct sites, some of them new discoveries, and many others with positional precision 10-times better than existing published values. Clusters of 2 or 3 sites are occasionally found to account for single previously listed sources. This in turn reveals that the velocity range for each individual site is sometimes smaller than that of the originally tabulated (blended) source. Only a handful of examples then remain with a velocity range of more than  $16 \, \mathrm{km \, s^{-1}}$  at a single compact (less than 2 arcsec) site. The precise methanol positions now allow apparent coincidences with OH masers to be confidently accepted or rejected; this has led to the important conclusion that, where a 1665-MHz OH maser lies in a massive star formation region, at more than 80 percent of the OH sites there is a precisely coincident methanol maser. The methanol precision achieved here will also allow clear comparisons with likely associated IR sources when the next generation of far-IR surveys produce precise positions.

**Keywords:** ISM: molecules — masers — methanol — stars: formation

### 1 Introduction

Over the past decade, methanol maser emission at the 6668-MHz transition has become recognised as a valuable tracer of young stellar objects — the sites where massive stars have recently formed but are not directly detectable owing to their obscuring mantle of dust and molecules.

Existing work has discovered a large number of methanol masers in our Galaxy by an inhomogeneous mixture of targeted searches (especially towards OH masers, and IR sources, e.g. Caswell et al. 1995a), and unbiased surveys towards some portions of the Galactic plane (e.g. Ellingsen et al. 1996). However, there is a need to consolidate this work and provide accurate positions for the known sources in preparation for a new sensitive search for methanol masers that is currently being conducted with the Parkes Radio Telescope (Green et al. 2009a).

#### 2 Observations and Data Reduction

The methanol maser observations described here were obtained with the ATCA in many sessions since 1993 February, chiefly in any of the four standard '6-km' configurations (instantaneously yielding 15 baselines ranging from 76 to 6000 m). The correlator was configured to give a 2048-channel spectrum across a 4-MHz bandwidth for each of the 2 orthogonal linear polarizations. Typically, a target was observed for at least four periods of several minutes each, within a 10-hour timespan. Targets selected for study included methanol sites with positions known only approximately from single dish observations, and the positions of some new OH masers (chiefly from Caswell

1998) not previously searched for methanol. Some new serendiptious discoveries, made while investigating the chosen targets, are also reported. The masers selected for observation lie primarily in the Galactic longitude range 232° through 360° to 16° which is the region covered by extensive southern observations of OH masers (Caswell 1998). Indeed, a major objective was to ensure that the precise position was obtained for all methanol masers that appeared to have a nearby maser counterpart of OH at either (or both) 1665 (or 1667) MHz and 6035 MHz. The region investigated was expanded to include some additional targets that lie between longitudes 16° and 50°, and between 188° and 232°; these extensions were prompted by the absence until recently of a northern hemisphere instrument able to efficiently perform such measurements. The procedures for observing and data reduction closely follow those of Caswell (1996a, 1996b, 1997).

#### 3 Results

The synthesised beamsize of approximately 2 arcsec enables not only an accurate position measurement for the brightest maser feature in the spectrum of the target, but also enables mapping of the maser spot distribution. Past studies have shown that the maser spots are generally confined to groups with typical maximum extent of less than 1 arcsec (Caswell 1997; Forster & Caswell 1989). Where distances are known, the calculated linear extent rarely exceeds 30 mpc (= 6000 au). Sometimes the maps of maser spot positions show a cluster of two or more maser groups, with separations clearly exceeding group sizes. It is likely that each compact maser group within

such a cluster has an embedded embryonic massive star as its source of excitation.

For the current analysis. we do not list each detected maser spot, but we do list, as separate, the site of each compact group of maser spots that is separated more than a few arcsec from any other group in the same cluster. In a few rare cases there is a cluster of three or more groups; somewhat more commonly there is a pair, and the majority of sites are single.

The emphasis of the current work is to provide a catalogue of precise positions. In order to increase its usefulness, Table 1 lists not only our new previously unpublished positions, but also: the 19 sources earlier listed only with 1950 coordinates by Caswell, Vaile & Forster (1995b), results from Caswell (1996a,b, 80 sources), and results from Caswell (1997, 42 sources). In addition, some of our new positions, although not published in tabular form, have been referred to in source notes concerning related OH masers at 1665 MHz (Caswell 1998) and at 6035 MHz (Caswell 2003). For some sources, we made new measurements confirming or replacing the previous published values. The present positions are recommended for future studies and, unless otherwise noted, have RMS uncertainties of 0.4 arcsec. These errors arise chiefly from residual atmospheric phase instabilities between calibration measurements as discussed by Caswell (1997).

The peak intensity and its velocity at our observing epoch is shown in Columns 4 and 5 of Table 1. However, variability occurs in many sources, primarily on timescales of months to years (see e.g. Caswell, Vaile & Ellingsen 1995c). Consequently, the peak intensity at our observing epoch is often different from that of published spectra (and sometimes a different velocity peak is stronger). Earlier published spectra (e.g. Caswell et al. 1995a) sometimes have a better signal-to-noise ratio than our measurements, and show features over a larger velocity range. In Column 6 we quote the larger ranges in such cases if there is no evidence that any emission comes from an offset position. The resulting velocity ranges are approximate, and are generally underestimated for weak sources with low signal-to-noise ratio, but occasionally overestimated if two sources are blended. A better assessment of velocity ranges will be possible from spectra being obtained in a new methanol multibeam survey, which is now well under way (Green et al. 2009a).

The Table assigns a name to each maser based on its Galactic coordinates (to the nearest millidegree). Where separations of approximately 2 arcsec occur, it is not clear whether the features represent distinctly separate maser sites, or an unusually extended one. The difficult cases are discussed for individual sources in the next section.

The methanol masers listed here include the results of searches towards a comprehensive list of southern OH masers (Caswell 1998) in the Galactic longitude range 232° through 360° to 16°. Some of the methanol masers detected towards OH targets are coincident with the OH and others are not. Coincidences are identified in the column 'OH?' by citing a reference to the OH data; most

references are to Caswell (1998), but there are others positioned more recently. Some associations require more extensive comment, and 'text' in the 'OH?' column refers to notes in section 4. The resulting detection statistics of methanol masers towards 1665-MHz masers are discussed later in the paper.

The final column of the Table identifies the epoch of our methanol position measurement or, where the measurement has been discussed in an earlier publication, a reference is given. Published positions have sometimes been improved by additional data at a later epoch.

There are, of course, multiple individual publications on many previously reported sources but we have not attempted to cite these since they are of varying quality and are mostly included in a comprehensive compilation of older methanol maser data (Pestalozzi, Minier & Booth 2005). Many of the positions listed here supersede the earlier approximate positions, and others confirm independently obtained positions of high accuracy. Amongst the positions in the Pestalozzi compilation with accuracy comparable to ours, those obtained by Walsh et al. (1998) were derived from ATCA observations in 1994 and 1995, and used a strategy similar to the present one (but with lower spectral resolution). For most of those sources, the strongest features, tabulated by Pestalozzi et al. (2005) from the full Walsh et al. (1998) dataset, are in agreement with our values to within 0.4 arcsec and provide a useful corroboration of both datasets.

Some northern sources have recently been measured with the Arecibo telescope, with an RMS position uncertainty of 7 arcsec (Pandian, Goldsmith & Deshpande 2007). Comparison with our data confirms this precision, but also reveals a bias in the Arecibo Right Ascensions, suggesting that the values should be reduced by an average of 0.6 s (9 arcsec).

## 4 Discussion

## 4.1 Notes on Some Individual Sources

We first draw attention to corrections needed for earlier published data. A source listed by Caswell (1996a) as 335.603–0.078 is now believed to be spurious and is accounted for as a weak distant side-lobe of another maser. The site listed here as 0.475–0.010 is the corrected value for a source listed by Caswell (1996b) as 0.393–0.034.

Problems of this type can occur when sparse antenna arrays are used to observe weak sources for only short periods, but such errors are rare and it is expected that no similar examples remain in the current catalogue.

The remaining notes draw attention to some anomalies regarding the information on a few of the sites, and draw attention to sites with neighbours less than 20 arcsec away, which mostly represent individual stars within a cluster. A few of the sites are as close as a few arcsec and the alternative interpretations of two close separate sites, or a single site of larger extent, are discussed.

Table 1. Positions of methanol masers

Galactic name ( <i>l</i> , <i>b</i> )	RA(2000) (h m s)	Dec(2000) (deg arcmin arcsec)	I(pk) (Jy)	v(pk)  (km s <sup>-1</sup> )	$\nu({\rm range})$ (km s <sup>-1</sup> )	OH;	Refs, epoch <sup>a</sup>
188.946+0.886	06 08 53.32	+21 38 29.1	495	+11	-4, +12		99feb
189.030 + 0.783	06 08 40.65	+21 31 07.0	17	6+	+8,+10		69feb
189.778+0.345	06 08 35.28	+20 39 06.7	15	9+	+2,+6		99feb
192.600 - 0.048	06 12 53.99	+17 59 23.7	72	+5	+2,+6		69feb
196.454-1.677	06 14 37.03	+13 49 36.6	61	+15	+13, +16		69feb
213.705-12.597	06 07 47.85	-062255.2	337	+12	+8,+13		69feb
232.621 + 0.996	07 32 09.79	-165812.4	162	+22.7	+21, +24	860	96dec
263.250+0.514	08 48 47.84	-42 54 28.4	09	+12.3	+11, +15	860	96dec
264.289 + 1.469	08 56 26.80	$-43\ 05\ 42.1$	0.4	+9.2	+6, +10		99may
269.153-1.128	09 03 33.46	$-48\ 28\ 02.6$	1.6	+16.0	+7, +16		99may
270.255+0.835	09 16 41.51	-475612.1	9.0	+3.9	+3, +5		99oct
284.352-0.419	10 24 10.89	-57 52 38.8	1.7	+3.3	+3, +11		C97
285.337-0.002	10 32 09.64	$-58\ 02\ 05.2$	10	+0.5	-8, +3		93nov
287.371 + 0.644	10 48 04.40	$-58\ 27\ 01.7$	80	-1.8	-3,0	860	93nov
290.374 + 1.661	11 12 18.10	-58 46 21.5	9.0	-24.2	-28, -22	860	69feb
291.274-0.709	11 11 53.35	-61 18 23.7	100	-29.6	-31, -28	c04	C04
291.270-0.719	11 11 49.44	-61 18 51.9	4	-26.5	-32, -26		C04
291.579—0.431	11 15 05.76	-61 09 40.8	0.7	+14.5	+11, +16	860	C04
291.582-0.435	11 15 06.61	-610958.3	1.7	+10.5	+8, +11		C04
294.511-1.621	11 35 32.25	-63 14 43.2	12	-10.2	-14, -9	860	C97
294.990-1.719	11 39 22.88	$-63\ 28\ 26.4$	18	-12.3	-13, -11		99oct
296.893-1.305	11 56 50.07	$-63\ 32\ 05.5$	2.5	+22.2	+21, +23		99oct
298.213-0.343	12 09 55.18	-625001.1	1.4	+37.2	+33, +39		97may
299.013+0.128	12 17 24.60	-62 29 03.7	7	+18.4	+18, +20	860	99may
300.504 - 0.176	12 30 03.58	-62 56 48.7	4.7	+7.5	+4, +11	860	99may
300.969 + 1.148	12 34 53.29	-613940.0	5.5	-37.2	-40, -35	860	C97
301.136-0.226	12 35 35.14	-63 02 32.6	1.2	-39.8	-41, -37	860	69feb
302.032-0.061	12 43 31.92	-625506.7	11	-35.3	-43, -33		99oct, 00jun
305.200 + 0.019	13 11 16.93	$-62\ 45\ 55.1$	44	-33.1	-38, -29	860	C97
305.199+0.005	13 11 17.20	$-62\ 46\ 46.0$	2.3	-42.8	-45, -38		C97
305.202 + 0.208	13 11 10.49	$-62\ 34\ 38.8$	20	-43.9	-47, -43	860	CVF95
305.208 + 0.206	13 11 13.71	$-62\ 34\ 41.4$	320	-38.3	-42, -34	860	CVF95
305.248 + 0.245	13 11 32.47	$-62\ 32\ 09.1$	4	-32.0	-36, -28		99oct
305.362 + 0.150	13 12 35.86	$-62\ 37\ 17.9$	3	-36.5	-38, -35	860	99may
305.366 + 0.184	13 12 36.74	$-62\ 35\ 14.7$	2.5	-33.8	-35, -33		99may
305.799 - 0.245	13 16 43.23	-62 58 32.9	0.7	-39.5	-40, -36	c98	69feb
305.887+0.017	13 17 15.53	-62 42 23.0	5.5	-34.0	-35, -33		99oct
306.322-0.334	13 21 23.01	-63 00 29.5	1.2	-24.4	-25, -22	860	69feb
308.754+0.549	13 40 57.60	$-61\ 45\ 43.4$	5	-51.0	-52, -39	c04	C04
308.918+0.123	13 43 01.85	$-62\ 08\ 52.2$	54	-54.7	-56, -52	860	96dec
309.384 - 0.135	13 47 23.98	$-62\ 18\ 12.0$	-1	-49.6	-51, -49	860	69feb
309.921 + 0.479	13 50 41.78	-613510.2	635	-59.8	-65, -54	860	C97
310.144+0.760	13 51 58.43	$-61\ 15\ 41.3$	120	-55.6	-59, -54	860	96dec, 99oct
311.643 - 0.380	14 06 38.77	-615823.1	11.6	32.5	+31, +36	860	C97
311.947 + 0.142	14 07 49.72	-61 23 08.3	9.0	-38.3	-39, -38	text	99feb

99oct 99feb 90fab	99may	96oct	96dec 06dec	96dec	96oct	96dec	96dec	96dec	96dec	96dec	99may 00eet	99feb	CVF95	99may	96dec	99may	96dec	96dec	96dec	CVF95, 99oct	C9/	CVF95	99160 06dec 00mar	00mar	96dec	96dec	00mar	97may	96dec	00mar	99may	00mar	00mar	00mar	CVF95	CVF95	C97	C97	CVF95	CVF95	CVF95 90fab	77170
860	c98	860	865 807	22	860	860		860	865	860	80%	863	863	860		c98	860		860	865	698 -08	865 90	0.630					860	c98		865				c98	860	863	860	860	865	865 807	272
-54, -49 -69, -64	-0.1, -0.5 -13, -3	-54, -46	-46, -41	-37, -33 -46, -40	-59, -43	+1, +8	-6, +1	-7, -2	-25, -15	-49, -42 46, 40	-46, -40	-5946	-39, -31	-14, -9	-12, -9	-71, -58	-68, -56	-69, -54	-67, -65	-66, -51	-69, -66	-58, -45 -51 45	-51, -45	-51, -57 -44, -43	-46, -36	-42, -38	-60, -57	-90, -83	-44, -36	60, -19	-90, -80	-87, -85	-99, -97	-52, -51	-47, -31	-51, -36	-47, -42	-45, -43	-42, -34	-49, -42	-46, -43 -60 -50	00, 00
-50.0 -67.9	-0.00 -0.4	-47.9	-41.5 -54.6	-41.2	-43.7	+3.5	-0.7	-5.7	-19.8	-46.3	-45.0	-46.5	-34.7	-9.1	-10.1	-62.0	-66.5	-61.6	-66.1	-63.3	6.09	-51.1	-40.0 - 38.3	-58.5	-42.8	-38.6	-58.0	-87.0	-36.8	0.450	-82.6	-86.2	9.76-	-51.6	-44.5	-37.5	-43.8	-44.2	-37.4	-45.5	-43.8 -55.7	1,00
15 9	16	70	1.2	7	24	52	38	6	09	10	6 4	10	069	0.4	2.5	21	9	50	7.5	225	2.600	3000	· 9	2.5	16	7	10	85	2.5		7.7	3.2	3.1	6.9	360	440	240	53	138	11	20	71
-61 13 25.1 -61 16 53.6 -61 16 57.7	-605147.3	-604200.8	-610827.1	-614450.3	-60 38 31.3	$-60\ 17\ 13.3$	-60 17 37.4	$-60\ 13\ 00.9$	-59 55 11.5	-59 49 16.3	-39 17 02.1 60 38 35 5	-59 08 52.4 -59 08 52.4	-58 58 52.8	$-58\ 33\ 00.0$	$-58\ 40\ 18.0$	$-58\ 25\ 38.5$	$-58\ 11\ 18.0$	$-58\ 11\ 07.7$	$-58\ 09\ 50.2$	-56.38.25.3	-36 31 22.8	-56 30 50.1	-33 27 23.0 -54 07 14 6	-54 07 35.5 -54 07 35.5	-54 05 31.5	$-54\ 09\ 03.1$	$-54\ 58\ 04.8$	-535238.4	-54 37 06.5	-33 37 00.3 53 53 03 5	-53 57 07:3 -53 45 13 9	-54 03 18.7	$-54\ 03\ 00.5$	$-53\ 50\ 44.3$	-53 59 23.0	-535800.8	-524306.6	$-52\ 43\ 05.5$	$-53\ 12\ 49.6$	$-53\ 12\ 27.3$	-53 16 02.6 -53 11 43 3	0.0T 11 DO
14 08 49.31 14 13 15.03	14 19 40.94	14 20 08.58	14 22 34.82	14 25 04.78	14 26 26.20	14 43 11.20	14 43 24.21	14 43 23.34	14 44 18.45	14 45 26.43	14 51 11.09	14 53 08:01	15 00 55.39	15 06 54.65	15 10 00.17	15 09 51.94	15 15 51.79	15 15 52.63	15 16 48.39	15 18 34.64	15 29 19.33	15 31 45.45	15 34 37.47	15 43 18.90	15 44 33.33	15 45 02.95	15 51 14.19	15 47 32.73	15 53 07.70	15 50 30 06	15 20 20:00	15 52 36.82	15 52 50.22	15 54 33.91	15 57 58.31	15 57 59.78	15 55 48.45	15 55 48.70	16 00 31.80	16 00 30.32	16 01 09.93	10.17 10.01
312.108+0.262 312.598+0.045 312.507+0.045	$313.469 \pm 0.190$	313.577+0.325	313.705 - 0.190	313.774 - 0.863	314.320 + 0.112	316.359-0.362	316.381 - 0.379	316.412-0.308	316.640 - 0.087	316.811 - 0.057	317.701+0.110	318.050 + 0.087	318.948-0.196	319.836-0.197	320.123-0.504	320.231 - 0.284	321.030-0.485	321.033-0.483	321.148 - 0.529	322.158+0.636	323.459-0.079	323.740—0.263	324.710±0.342 326.475±0.703	$326.476 \pm 0.695$	326.641+0.611	326.662 + 0.521	326.859-0.677	327.120+0.511	327.291-0.578	327.392+0.199	327 402+0 444	327.590-0.094	327.618-0.111	327.945-0.115	328.237-0.547	328.254-0.532	328.808 + 0.633	328.809 + 0.633	329.029-0.205	329.031 - 0.198	329.066 - 0.308	T1770 C01.77C

Table 1. (Continued)

Galactic name (1,b)	RA(2000) (h m s)	Dec(2000) (deg arcmin arcsec)	I(pk) (Jy)	v(pk) (km s <sup>-1</sup> )	v(range) (km s <sup>-1</sup> )	ОНЗ	Refs, epoch <sup>a</sup>
329.339+0.148	16 00 33.13	-52 44 39.8	18	-106.6	-108, -105	c01	00mar
329.405-0.459	16 03 32.16	-53 09 30.5	33	-70.5	-73, -63	c98	98nov
329.407 - 0.459	16 03 32.65		72	<i>L</i> .99–			98nov
329.469+0.502	15 59 40.76	-52 23 27.7	∞ ;	-72.0	-74, -65		99oct
329.610+0.114	16 02 03.14		30	0.09—	-69, -59		99oct
329.622+0.138	16 02 00.33	-52 33 59.4	1.9	_84.8 	-86, -83		99oct
330.070+1.064	16 00 15.43	-51 34 25.6	<b>∞</b>	-38.8	-56, -37	;	99oct
330.878-0.367	16 10 19.79	-520607.8	9.0	-59.3	-60, -58	c98	97may
330.875-0.383	16 10 23.09	-52 06 58.7	0.4	-56.5	-72, -56		97may
330.953-0.182	16 09 52.37	-515457.6	7	-87.6	-90, -87	c01	97may
331.120 - 0.118	16 10 23.05	-514520.1	9.4	-93.2	-95, -90		C96a
331.132-0.244	16 10 59.76	-515022.6	40	-84.3	-92, -81	c98	97may
331.278 - 0.188	16 11 26.59	-514156.7	190	-78.2	-87, -77	86°	CVF95, C96a
331.342-0.346	16 12 26.45	-514616.4	99	-67.4	-70, -62	c98	99may
331.425+0.264	16 10 09.33	$-51\ 16\ 04.3$	18	-88.7	-91, -78		00mar
331.442-0.187	16 12 12.49	$-51\ 35\ 10.1$	81	-88.4	-93, -84	c98	C96a
331.542-0.066	16 12 09.02	-512547.6	7	-85.9	-87, -85	c98	C96a, C97
331.543-0.066	16 12 09.14	-51 25 45.3	11.6	-84.1	-85, -83	c98	C96a, C97
331.556-0.121	16 12 27.21	-512738.2	35	-103.4	-105, -96	c98	C96a, C97
332.094 - 0.421	16 16 16.45	$-51\ 18\ 25.7$	11	-58.6	-62, -58		00mar
332.295+2.280	16 05 41.72	-49 11 30.3	113	-24.0	-27, -20	c98	97may
332.295 - 0.094	16 15 45.38	-50553.4	6.3	-47.0	-48, -42		95jul
332.351-0.436	16 17 31.51		2.6	-53.2	-55, -52		00mar
332.352-0.117	16 16 07.08		1	-41.8		c98	94may, 95jul
332.560 - 0.148	16 17 12.11		5.1	-55.6			C96a
332.604 - 0.167	16 17 29.31	-504612.5	8.9	-50.9			C96a
332.653 - 0.621	16 19 43.51	$-51\ 03\ 36.9$	7.1	-50.6	٠.		99may
332.701 - 0.587	16 19 47.42	$-51\ 00\ 09.5$	2.1	-62.7	٠.		99may
332.726 - 0.621	16 20 03.00		2.7	-49.5		c98	99may
332.826 - 0.549	16 20 10.85		1.6	-61.7			97may
332.942 - 0.686	16 21 19.00	-505410.2	10.3	-52.8			00mar
332.963—0.679	16 21 22.92	-50 52 58.5	35	-45.8	٠.		00mar
333.029-0.015	16 18 44.18	-502150.6	3.6	-55.2	'.		C96a
333.029—0.063	16 18 56.73	-502354.1	3.9	-40.4	٠.		C96a
333.068-0.44/	16 20 48.95	-50 38 40.2	14.1	C.4C-	'.		(6)
333.121-0.434	16 20 39.66	-30.33.31.9	18.9	6.64	٠.		(9)
333.126—0.440 323-128-0-440	16.21.02.01	-30 33 34.7 50 35 40 4	9.5 2.5	-43.9 44.6			(9)
333.128-0.440	10 21 03.20	-30 33 49.4	5.0	0.44-0			63
333.128-0.300	10 21 33.38	-30 40 36.3 -50 40 51 0	14.3 71	-56.8 -56.8	-61, -52 -64 -56		00mar
333 135 0.335 333 135 0 431s	16 21 02 82	-50.35.12.0	-	-53.0		865	767
333.163—0.101	16 19 42.67		7.7	-95.3			C96a
333.184-0.091	16 19 45.62	-50 18 35.0	7.1	-84.7			C96a
333.234 - 0.062	16 19 51.25	-50.15.14.1	1.9	-91.9	. '.		C96a
333.315+0.105	16 19 29.01	-50 04 41.3	9.6	-45.0	-51, -40	862	C96a

95jul C96a C96a C96a O0mar C96a C96a	97may 96oct CVF95, C96a CVF95, C96a CVF95, C96a	CV F-95, C'96a CV F-95, C'96a 97may C'96a 96dec 96dec	Cy6a Cy6a Cy6a Cy6a Cy6a Cy6a Cy6a Gy7may Cy6a, Cy7	C96a C96a CVF95, C96a C96a O0jun C96a 99feb	C96a C96a C96a C96a C96a 99feb 99feb C96a C96a
860	860 860 860	863 863	865 865 865 865 865 865	863 863 863	860 860 860 860 860
-75, -60 -49, -37 -45, -33 -89, -82 -8, 0 -39, -36 -31, -27	-48, -25 -119, -110 -51, -43 -56, -50 -48, -45	-55, -43 -59, -45 -55, -39 -82, -72 -95, -86 -25, -19	- 76, - 70 - 78, - 70 - 83, - 73 - 79, - 64 - 82, - 78 - 127, - 118 - 74, - 64 - 74, - 67 - 43, - 37 - 54, - 38 - 64, - 54	-76, -74 -52, -43 -57, -49 -74, -72 -41, -36 -61, -54 -65, -43	-42, -35 -59, -56 -44, -38 -34, -27 -57, -49 -35, -29 -80, -73 -66, -59
- 73.9 - 42.5 - 35.8 - 87.3 - 5.3 - 36.7 - 19.5	-47.0 -116.4 -49.3 -51.4 -47.3	- 44.4 - 53.4 - 73.6 - 73.6 - 85.6 - 93.3 - 23.9	- 76.7 - 76.1 - 67.3 - 80.8 - 125.8 - 64.7 - 69.3 - 39.7 - 42.0	- 74.9 - 44 - 54.6 - 72.6 - 60.4 - 53.0	- 58.2 - 56.8 - 39.3 - 30.2 - 50.4 - 40.8 - 41.4 - 62.3
3.4 63 46.7 2.9 20 10.9 36.4	20 23 19.8 31 108	78 300 18.3 8 8 11	3.5 3.5 3.3 1.8.8 2.8.2 9.4 1.5 1.5 1.3.7	2.1 6 145 28 10.6 18.8	3.5 4.8 11.9 49.6 74 0.7 3.5 6.1 19.4
-50 04 46.5 -50 09 48.6 -49 59 48.0 -49 52 45.9 -50 12 08.6 -49 48 48.9 -49 13 37.4	-49 12 27.1 -48 45 50.2 -48 43 39.7 -48 43 50.7 -48 43 53.4	-48 17 53.2 -48 15 51.7 -48 46 47.4 -48 03 43.9 -48 06 32.2 -48 05 32.2 -48 05 33.2	-47 36 32.2 -47 52 31.1 -47 38 45.4 -47 37 88.2 -47 31 11.7 -47 22 26.4 -47 28 00.2 -47 04 59.9 -47 04 53.3	-46 53 47.6 -47 00 43.2 -47 00 35.5 -46 54 40.8 -47 07 02.5 -46 53 34.5 -46 41 23.1	-46 41 33.1 -46 11 03.3 -46 27 37.1 -46 23 37.0 -46 33 18.4 -46 12 35.4 -46 11 25.8 -46 19 12.8 -46 09 12.8 -45 41 37.1
16 20 07.59 16 21 20.18 16 21 08.80 16 21 09.14 16 23 29.78 16 23 14.83 16 25 45.73	16 29 23.13 16 29 23.13 16 30 55.98 16 30 58.67 16 30 58.79	16 29 27.37 16 29 47.33 16 35 09.26 16 33 29.17 16 34 13.20 16 34 38.02	10 34 26.19 16 36 26.19 16 35 55.19 16 35 12.41 16 35 33.98 16 36 18.84 16 36 56.32 16 38 50.52 16 38 90.54 16 38 19.12	16 37 35.42 16 38 29.12 16 38 29.63 16 37 53.41 16 41 06.05 16 40 01.09 16 39 39.07	16.39.39.81 16.38.09.08 16.40.00.13 16.40.49.79 16.42.15.50 16.39.58.91 16.40.37.96 16.41 07.03 16.40.33.53
333.387+0.032 333.466-0.164 333.562-0.025 333.646+0.058 333.683-0.437 333.931-0.135 334.635-0.015	335.060-0.427 335.566-0.307 335.585-0.285 335.585-0.289 335.585-0.290	335.726+0.191 335.789+0.174 336.018-0.827 336.358-0.137 336.409-0.257 336.433-0.262 336.496-0.271	336.324+0.028 336.864+0.005 336.941-0.156 336.994-0.027 337.176-0.032 337.258-0.101 337.404-0.402 337.613-0.060	337.686+0.137 337.703-0.053 337.705-0.053 337.710+0.089 337.900-0.456 337.907+0.136 338.075+0.012	338.075+0.009 338.280+0.542 338.287+0.120 338.432+0.058 338.412-0.245 338.472+0.289 338.561+0.218 338.566+0.110 338.575-0.084

Table 1. (Continued)

Galactic name	RA(2000)	Dec(2000)	I(pk)	$\nu(pk)$	v(range)	0H3	Refs, epoch <sup>a</sup>
(2,7)	(e III II)	(deg arcillili aresec)	(66)	( SIIIA)	(KIIIS)		
338.920+0.550	16 40 34.01	-454207.1	55	-61.4	-68, -59		97may
338.935-0.062	16 43 16.01	-46 05 40.2	22.6	-41.9	-44, -41		C96a
339.053-0.315	16 44 48.99	-46 10 13.0	141	-111.6	-114, -111	860	C96a
339.064+0.152	16 42 49.56	-45 51 23.8	6.9	-85.6	-90, -83		C96a
339.282+0.136	16 43 43.11	-45 42 08.0	8.8	-69.1	-72, -68	c98	C96a
339.294+0.139	16 43 44.95	-45 41 28.0	5	-74.6	-76, -65		C96a
339.477+0.043	16 44 50.98	-45 36 56.1	2	-9.3	-11, -5		C96a
339.582-0.127	16 45 58.82	-45 38 47.2	8.7	-31.3	-32, -29		C96a
339.622-0.121	16 46 05.99	-45 36 43.3	95	-32.8	-39, -32	c98	
339.681 - 1.208	16 51 06.21	$-46\ 16\ 02.9$	41	-21.5	-39, -20		CVF95, 97may
339.682-1.207	16 51 06.23	-46 15 58.1	5.8	-34.0	-35, -33	c98	97may
339.762+0.054	16 45 51.56	-45 23 32.6	12.9	-51.0	-52, -49		C96a
339.884 - 1.259	16 52 04.66	-46 08 34.2	1650	-38.7	-41, -27	c98	CVF95, 97may
340.054 - 0.244	16 48 13.89	-45 21 43.5	40	-59.7	-63, -46	c98	97may
340.518-0.152	16 49 31.36	-44 56 54.6	6.4	-48.2	-51, -43		00mar
340.785-0.096	16 50 14.84	-44 42 26.3	144	-105.1	-110, -86	c98	C97
341.218-0.212	16 52 17.84	-44 26 52.1	137	-37.9	-50, -35	c98	CVF95
341.276 + 0.062	16 51 19.41	-44 13 44.5	4	-73.8	-77, -66	860	99feb
342.484+0.183	16 55 02.30	-43 12 59.8	101	-41.8	-45, -38		00mar
343.929 + 0.125	17 00 10.91	-42 07 19.3	12	14.3	+9,+19	860	C97
344.227 - 0.569	17 04 07.78	-42 18 39.5	06	-19.8	-33, -16	860	CVF95
344.419 + 0.044	17 02 08.62	-41 47 10.3	1.5	-63.5	-66, -63	860	98nov
344.421 + 0.045	17 02 08.77	-41 46 58.5	14	-71.5	-73, -70		98nov
344.581 - 0.024	17 02 57.71	-41 41 53.8	3	+1.4	-6, +3	c98	99feb
345.003 - 0.223	17 05 10.89	-412906.2	240	-22.5	-25, -20		C97
345.003 - 0.224	17 05 11.23	-412906.9	73	-26.2	-34, -25	860	C97
345.010+1.792	16 56 47.58	-40 14 25.8	410	-18	-24, -16	860	C97
345.012+1.797	16 56 46.82	-40 14 08.9	31	-12.7	-16, -10		C97
345.407 - 0.952	17 09 35.42	-413557.1		-14.4	-15, -14	860	98nov
345.424 - 0.951	17 09 38.56	-413504.6	1.8	-13.5	-19, -13		98nov
345.498+1.467	16 59 42.84	-40 03 36.1	2.4	-14.2	-15, -13	865 §	97may
345.505+0.348	17 04 22.91	-40 44 21.7	130	-17.7	-23, -11	262	CV F95, 990ct
343.48/+0.314 346.481 - 0.133	17 04 28.24	-40 46 28./ 40 05 25 6	5.1	0.77-	13 5	000	990ct
340.461+0.13 <i>z</i> 346.480+0.331	17 08 22:72	40.03.23.0	1.9	18.0	20 12	0.23	99IIIay, 990ct 00fab 00mar
346.460±0.221 346.517±0.117	17.08.33.20	-40 0z 13.3 -40 04 14 3	30	-10.9	-20, -14		991eb, 00111at 99oct
346 522 ± 0.085	17 08 42 29	-40.05.07.8	0.6	+5.5	+ -; + -; +		99oct
347.583+0.213	17 11 26.72	$-39\ 09\ 22.5$	2.5	-102.5	-103 - 96		C97
347.628+0.149	17 11 50.92	<u>39 09 29.2</u>	13.5	9.96-	-98, -95	860	C97
347.631 + 0.211	17 11 36.05	-39 07 07.0	11.2	-91.9	-94, -89		C97
347.817+0.018	17 12 58.05	-39 04 56.1	3.4	-25.6	-26, -23		96dec
347.863 + 0.019	17 13 06.23	-39 02 40.0	7.2	-29.3	-38, -28		96dec
347.902 + 0.052	17 13 05.11	-38 59 35.5	5.3	-27.8	-31, -27		96dec
348.550-0.979	17 19 20.41	-390351.6	37	-10.0	-19, -7	c98	CVF95, C97
348.550-0.979n	17 19 20.45	-39 03 49.4	32	-20.0	-23, -14		CVF95, C97

96oct 96dec 96dec 99feb 99oct, 00jun 99feb	96dec 96dec 99feb, 99may 99may 96oct 96oct 96oct	97may 99oct, 00jun C97 C97 C97 C97	CVF95, C97 99may 99may 99oct 97may	97111ay 96dec 96dec 96dec CVF95, C97 97may CVF95, C97 C97	C97 99feb 97may 97may 99oct 97may 97may C96b, C97 C96b C96b
86 86 86 86	865 865 865	865 865 865 869	860 860	860 860 860 860 860	860 860 860 860 860 860 860
-16, -14 -17, -3 -12, -6 -77, -73 +1, +2 +6, +16	-78, -74 -83, -78 -28, -25 -37, -29 -76, -61 -69, -67 -67, -61 -66, -59	-15, -13 -7, -2 -12, -6 -12, -7 -14, +1 -97, -92 -100 -88	-9, +3 -68, -64 -61, -53 -19, -6 -52, -49	-02, -03, -02, -03, -03, -03, -03, -03, -03, -03, -03	+9, +11 -57, -44 -6, 0 -9, +3 +1, +6 -1, +13 -7, -5 -7, -5 -7, -1 -53, -45 -58, -54 +14, +27
-15 -3.3 -7.6 -76.2 +1.4 +6.9	-76.5 -80.4 -25.8 -31.7 -74.0 -68.0 -62.1 -65.5	-13.8 -5.2 -10.4 -11.2 -9.4 -91.4	1.3 -66.0 -54.8 -16.0 -51.2	1.53.0 1.53.0 1.50.7 1.50.7 1.50.7 1.50.7 1.50.7 1.50.7 1.50.7	+10.0 -53.9 -3.2 -8.8 +4.9 +1.0 -5.0 -5.0 -5.2 +22.5
0.5 60 90 5 2 1.9	30 6 0.4 3.2 16 2.5 1.8 26	19 2500 1600 120 44	230 1.7 8 8 17.2 6.3	0.7.7 160 35 24 86.8 18 151 16 7.6	9.2 35 1.5 10 29 2.5 15.6 89 89
-39 00 24.2 -38 58 30.9 -38 57 09.1 -38 10 12.4 -38 19 28.9 -38 05 14.3	-37 59 47.2 -37 59 45.8 -38 04 00.7 -37 03 11.9 -37 10 53.3 -37 10 53.1 -37 10 18.8 -36 59 59.9 -36 58 00.1	-37 01 48.8 -35 57 52.8 -35 47 01.2 -35 46 59.3 -35 45 08.6 -36 12 46.1	-36 09 17.6 -35 30 18.6 -35 28 38.4 -36 05 00.2 -35 19 32.3	-35 19 15.5 -35 44 08.7 -35 44 47.7 -34 15 14.6 -34 14 5.6 -34 08 25.7 -33 13 55.1 -32 17 58.6 -32 47 58.6	-32 47 49.0 -31 54 38.8 -30 45 06.9 -30 45 14.4 -31 29 18.0 -30 34 10.7 -29 39 17.3 -29 28 12.5 -29 23 30.0
17 19 10.61 17 20 04.06 17 20 06.54 17 15 50.13 17 17 00.23 17 16 50.74	17 16 24.74 17 16 24.59 17 25 06.54 17 17 45.45 17 19 27.01 17 19 26.68 17 19 28.83 17 19 50.87 17 20 00.03	17 23 28.63 17 19 57.50 17 20 53.37 17 20 53.18 17 20 54.61 17 25 25.12	17 26 42.57 17 24 41.22 17 24 43.56 17 29 22.32 17 27 11.34	17.27 15.42 17.31 15.31 17.30 15.31 17.30 26.18 17.26 51.53 17.30 17.09 17.31 15.55 17.33 29.07	17 33 28.92 17 38 29.16 17 41 20.26 17 41 20.14 17 49 37.63 17 43 31.95 17 43 37.83 17 44 40.21 17 45 39.09
348.579—0.920 348.703—1.043 348.727—1.037 348.884+0.096 348.892—0.180 349.067—0.017	349.092+0.105 349.092+0.106 350.011-1.342 350.015+0.433 350.105+0.083 350.104+0.084 350.116+0.084 350.299+0.122 350.344+0.116	350.686-0.491 351.160+0.697 351.417+0.645 351.417+0.646 351.581-0.353 351.581-0.353	351.775-0.536 352.083+0.167 352.111+0.176 352.13-0.944 352.517-0.155 352.57-0.158	352.52 -0.13 352.630 -1.067 353.273 +0.641 353.410 -0.360 353.464+0.562 354.615+0.472 354.724+0.300 355.344+0.147	355.346+0.149 356.662-0.263 357.967-0.163 357.965-0.164 358.263-2.061 358.371-0.468 358.386-0.483 359.436-0.104 359.436-0.102 359.615-0.243

Table 1. (Continued)

Galactic name (1.b)	RA(2000) (h m s)	Dec(2000) (deg arcmin arcsec)	I(pk) (Jv)	$\nu(pk)$ (km s <sup>-1</sup> )	ν(range) (km s <sup>-1</sup> )	OH?	Refs, epoch <sup>a</sup>
		(			(		
359.970-0.457	17 47 20.17	$-29\ 11\ 59.4$	1.3	+23.0	+20, +24	c98	C96b
0.212 - 0.001	17 46 07.63	-284520.9	3.5	+49.2	+41, +50		C96b
0.315-0.201	17 47 09.13	-284615.7	41.2	+18	+14, +27		C96b
0.316-0.201	17 47 09.33	-284616.0	1.3	+21	+20, +22		C96b
0.376+0.040	17 46 21.41	-283540.0	0.7	+37.1	+35, +40	c98	99feb
0.475-0.010	17 46 47.05	$-28\ 32\ 07.1$	2.9	+28.7	+23, +30		C96b
0.496 + 0.188	17 46 03.96	-28 24 52.8	10	+0.8	-12, +2	c98	C96b
0.546 - 0.852	17 50 14.35	-285431.1	50	+13.8	+8,+20	862	97may
0.645 - 0.042	17 47 18.67	-28 24 24.8	92	+49.1	+46, +53		C96b
0.647-0.055	17 47 22.07	-28 24 42.3	3.4	+51.0	+49, +52		C96b
0.651 - 0.049	17 47 21.13	$-28\ 24\ 18.1$	31.7	+48.0	+46, +49		C96b
0.657 - 0.041	17 47 20.08	$-28\ 23\ 47.1$	3	+52.0	+48, +56	text	C96b
0.665 - 0.036	17 47 20.04	$-28\ 23\ 12.8$	2.1	+60.4	+58, +62	text	C96b
0.666 - 0.029	17 47 18.64	$-28\ 22\ 54.6$	33.7	+72.2	+68, +73	text	C96b, C97
0.672 - 0.031	17 47 20.03	$-28\ 22\ 41.7$	4.5	+58.2	+55, +59	text	C96b
0.677-0.025	17 47 19.29	$-28\ 22\ 14.6$	4.4	+73.4	+70, +77		C96b
0.695 - 0.038	17 47 24.76	-282143.2	26	+68.5	+64, +75		C96b
0.836 + 0.184	17 46 52.86	-28 07 34.8	8.1	+3.5	+2,+5		C96b
2.143+0.009	17 50 36.14	$-27\ 05\ 46.5$	9	+62.7	+55, +65	862	96dec
2.536+0.198	17 50 46.47	-263945.3	40	+3.2	+2, +20		00mar
3.910+0.001	17 54 38.75	-25 34 44.8	2.4	+17.8	+17, +24	862	97may
5.900-0.430	18 00 40.86	$-24\ 04\ 20.8$	5.3	+10.0	+4, +11		99oct
6.539-0.108	18 00 50.86	$-23\ 21\ 29.8$	6.0	+13.4	+13, +14		00mar
6.610 - 0.082	18 00 54.03	$-23\ 17\ 02.1$	10.8	+0.7	0, +1		00mar
6.795-0.257	18 01 57.75	$-23\ 12\ 34.9$	37	+26.6	+12, +31	c98	96dec
8.139+0.226	18 03 00.75	$-21\ 48\ 09.9$	3.5	+20.0	+19, +21		00mar
8.669-0.356	18 06 18.99	$-21\ 37\ 32.2$	8.5	+39.3	+39, +40		96dec
8.683-0.368	18 06 23.49	$-21\ 37\ 10.2$	70	+42.9	+40, +46		96dec
9.621+0.196	18 06 14.67	$-20\ 31\ 32.4$	5000	+1.3	-4, +9	c98	96dec
9.619+0.193	18 06 14.92	-203144.3	72	+5.5	+5, +7		96dec
9.986-0.028	18 07 50.12	-201856.5	28	+47.1	+40, +52		00mar
10.287-0.125	18 08 49.36	-200559.0	27	+5.0	+4,+6		00mar
10.299—0.146	18 08 55.54	-200557.5	3.5	+20.0	+19, +21		00mar
10.320-0.259	18 09 23.30	-20.0806.9	7.5	+38.8	+35, +40		00mar <sub>0.0</sub>
10.323-0.160	18 09 01.46	-20 05 07.8	126	+10.0	+4, +14		00mar 88
10.342 - 0.142	18 08 59.99	$-20\ 03\ 35.4$	12	+14.8	+6, +18		00mar
10.444-0.018	18 08 44.88	-19 54 38.3	14.8	+/3.2	+68, +/9		CVF95
10.473+0.027	18 08 38.20	-19 51 50.1	120	+75.0	+58,+77	865 90-	CVF95
10.480+0.033	18 08 37.88	-19 31 16.0	7.6	+63.0	+38, +60	698	CVF93
10.62/-0.384	18 10 29.22	-195541.1	3.1	+4.6	-6,+/		98nov
10.629-0.333	18 10 17.98	-19 54 04.8	2.7	€/- €/-	-13, +1		98nov
10.958+0.022	18 09 39.32	-19 26 28.0	16.4	+24.4	+23, +26		00mar 96
11.034+0.062	18 09 39.84	-192120.3	0.5	+20.6	+15, +21	c98	98nov
11.497–1.485	18 16 22.13	-194127.1	167	+6.7	+4, +17		00mar 22-
11.904-0.141	18 12 11.44	-18 41 28.6	56	+42.8	+40, +45	262	C97
11.903 - 0.102	18 12 02.70	-184024.7	1.8	+36.0	+32, +37		C97

C97 00mar 00mar 97may 97may 97may 97may 97may 97may 97may	97may 05mar 00mar C97 2003mar 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 95oct 05oct	99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct 99oct
text text text c98 c98	c98 text c03 c03	text text
+47, +50 +30, +44 +105, +112 +16, +22 +26, +37 +20, +31 +48, +53 +58, +70 +21, +28 +50, +61 +21, +28 +20, +61 +21, +28 +21, +28	+35, +47 +47, +53 +4, +17 +20, +24 +20, +24 +10, +22 +17, +23 +19, +25 +19, +12 +68, +78 +66, +71 +35, +40 +72, +83 +101, +108 +94, +100 +109, +116	+99, +105 +94, +100 +2, +16 +29, +37 +13, +37 +13, +37 +7, +21 -2, 0 +3, +43 +55, +89 +65, +87 +49, +51 +47, +52 +47, +52 +47, +52 +47, +52 +47, +52 +53, +61 +55, +61
+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 101.2 + 98.9 + 115.7 + 13.1.1 + 20.2 + 20.2 + 20.2 + 456.4 + 656.4 + 64.0 + 64.0 + 50.0 + 50.0 + 50.0 + 50.0 + 50.0
1.9 41 85 85 9.2 1.7 2.4 1.35 12.5 6 6 72 450 27	300 146 146 146 177 125 300 43 43 43 43 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	61 13.5 12.5 18.26 2.4 50 6.1 10 0.84 4.1 6.1 7.7 7.7
-18 40 02.6 -18 53 26.6 -18 31 55.7 -18 24 17.9 -18 24 17.9 -18 24 17.5 -18 26 21.9 -18 25 0.9 -18 19 52.3 -17 59 57.6 -17 59 57.6 -17 59 57.6 -17 59 57.6	-17 52 00.0 -17 22 12.5 -16 39 09.4 -16 11 34.6 -13 30 12.1 -11 52 34.5 -11 52 22.6 -11 52 22.6 -11 14 54.2 -11 14 54.2 -17 25 51.7 -09 29 33.3 -09 29 33.2 -09 20 38.3 -07 35 03.6	-04 15 36.5 -04 13 56.2 +06 59 10.5 +06 46 36.5 +09 06 11.9 +09 06 11.9 +09 05 50.6 +09 35 53.5 +11 10 43.0 +11 12 15.7 +11 13 06.2 +14 29 59.4 +14 29 59.4 +14 29 59.4 +14 29 59.4 +14 29 59.4 +14 29 59.4 +14 29 33.6 +14 30 05.4 +14 30 05.4
18 12 17.29 18 14 00.89 18 12 01.86 18 12 39.92 18 12 42.93 18 12 40.24 18 12 23.44 18 12 23.44 18 13 11.30 18 13 54.75 18 13 54.75	18 14 39.53 18 17 24.27 18 15 45.81 18 20 24.78 18 25 24.70 18 25 54.49 18 26 09.16 18 27 44.95 18 37 44.95 18 37 44.95 18 34 39.25 18 34 39.25 18 35 08.09 18 36 09.16 18 37 39.40 18 37 39.18 18 36 09.18	18 4 2 4 2.59 18 4 2 58.08 19 02 01.63 19 10 11.06 19 10 12.89 19 10 15.39 19 14 24.15 19 14 11.35 19 14 11.35 19 23 37.90 19 23 37.90
11.936–0.150 11.936–0.616 12.025–0.031 12.209–0.102 12.203–0.107 12.181–0.123 12.199–0.034 12.265–0.051 12.681–0.182 12.889+0.489	12,909-0.260 13,657-0.599 14,101+0.087 15,034-0.677 17,638+0.157 19,472+0.170 19,486+0.151 19,496+0.115 20,237+0.065 20,237+0.065 22,235-0.155 22,335-0.169 23,410-0.411 23,437-0.184 23,440-0.182 24,439-0.039	28.146-0.005 28.201-0.049 40.425+0.700 40.623-0.138 43.149+0.013 43.165+0.013 43.165+0.013 43.167-0.004 43.167-0.004 43.796-0.127 45.467+0.053 45.473+0.134 45.495+0.069 49.470-0.371 49.471-0.369 49.482-0.402 49.489-0.369

<sup>a</sup>Refs abbreviated in the following format: CVF95 is Caswell, Vaile & Forster 1995; C97 is Caswell 1997 etc. Epochs abbreviated as year and month.

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**291.579–0.431** and **291.582–0.435.** As noted previously (Caswell 2004a) these two sites, with separation nearly 20 arcsec, are sufficiently close to lie within the same star cluster, but are quite distinct, with one site accompanied by water, and the other accompanied by both water and OH.

**311.947+0.472.** This has a possibly associated OH maser but the OH position still has an uncertainty larger than 10 arcsec (Caswell 1998).

**312.598+0.045** and **312.597+0.045**. The first of these sites is stronger and coincides with an OH maser. The second methanol site is offset 6 arcsec and appears to be distinct, and has no detected OH counterpart.

**319.836–0.197.** The apparent OH counterpart is offset 3 arcsec, but is weak, and its position uncertainty may account for the discrepancy; we provisionally regard the two species of maser as coincident.

**321.030–0.485 and 321.033–0.483.** The separation is more than 10 arcsec and only the first, weaker, site has a detected OH counterpart.

**327.392+0.199** and **327.395+0.197**. The separation of these sources is 14 arcsec and neither has a detected OH counterpart.

**328.808+0.633** and **328.809+0.633**. These were treated by Caswell (1997) as possibly separate sites, partly on the basis of an overlay with continuum emission, and despite their small separation of only 2.4 arcsec. The spectral features of the second source lie within the velocity range of those from the first source, but we retain them as distinct sources pending more evidence.

**329.339+0.148.** The discovery of the 1665-MHz maser at this site was reported by Caswell (2001) and it turns out to be an especially interesting distant site with OH maser emission also at 1720 MHz (Caswell 2004b) and 13441 MHz (Caswell 2004c).

**329.405–0.459 and 329.407–0.459.** The separation of the sites is 5.7 arcsec and only the first site coincides with an OH maser.

**330.953–0.182.** As noted by Caswell (2001), the methanol coincides with an OH 6035-MHz maser site, but the major OH 1665- and 1667-MHz masers are offset 3 arcsec.

**331.542–0.066** and **331.543–0.066**. The separation is only 3 arcsec, but at a likely distance of 6 kpc this correponds to 90 mpc, and there is further evidence that they represent two distinct sites since there is no obvious velocity overlap, and each has an OH counterpart (Caswell 1997, 1998).

**333.126–0.440 and 333.128–0.440.** The separation is 7 arcsec and OH emission has not been detected at either site

**333.135–0.431s.** The suffix denoting south was added by Caswell (1997) to distinguish this site from another site, offset nearly 3 arcsec, which has OH without methanol.

**333.128–0.560** and **333.130–0.560**. The sites are distinct with separation more than 6 arcsec and neither has a detected OH counterpart.

335.585–0.289 and 335.585–0.290. These appear to represent two distinct sites, but with a separation of barely 3 arcsec, this is uncertain. The first site has coincident OH. The second is a single strong feature at an offset velocity and without OH emission.

**337.703–0.053 and 337.705–0.053.** Only the second, stronger, maser of this pair has a detected OH counterpart.

**338.075+0.012** and **338.075+0.009**. Only the first, stronger, maser of this pair has a detected OH counterpart.

339.681–1.208 and 339.682–1.207. As noted by Caswell (1998) there is an OH counterpart to the second site straddling the methanol position. The first methanol site which lies more than 3 arcsec south is stronger, has a wide velocity range encompassing the small range of the second source and although it seems to be spatially distinct, this is not certain.

**344.419+0.044** and **344.421+0.045.** These are clearly distinct and only the first, weaker, methanol site has an OH counterpart.

**345.003–0.223 and 345.003–0.224.** The second of these agrees well in position with an OH counterpart at both the 1665- and 6035-MHz transitions. The velocity ranges of the two sources do not noticeably overlap and an overlay on continuum emission argues strongly that the two sites are quite distinct despite their small separation of only 3 arcsec (Caswell 1997).

**345.010+1.792** and **345.012+1.797.** These are clearly distinct and only the first has a detected OH counterpart.

**348.550–0.979** and **348.550–0.979n**. The first of these has a continuum and OH counterpart at both the 1665- and 6035-MHz transitions. There is evidence (Caswell 1997) that the second source (offset 2.2 arcsec to the north), detected only on the methanol transition, is quite likely a site with its own source of excitation. The sites have overlapping velocity ranges.

**349.092+0.105** and **349.092+0.106**. The second source coincides with an OH maser. The first source, with no OH, has a clearly distinct velocity range and seems to be a separate site despite the smallness of its offset, slightly more than 2 arcsec, from the second.

**350.105+0.083** and **350.104+0.084**. Separated nearly 4 arcsec, neither site has an OH counterpart. The small velocity range of the second source lies wholly within the range of the first.

**351.417+0.645** and **351.417+0.646.** The separation of these sites is more than 3 arcsec. The first one coincides with the well-known H II region NGC6334F and its OH maser emission. The second lies clearly offset and appears to be a distinct separate site (Caswell 1997).

**351.581–0.353.** Caswell (1997) queried whether there was an additional distinct source to the north (351.581–0.353n). The separation of slightly less than 1.8 arcsec leaves this unclear, and the extra maser spots have velocities within the range of the main site. We list the positions of both sites, but note that the 1665-MHz OH counterpart and a compact H II region lie between

the positions, which hints that we are more likely dealing with an extended single site. Recent recognition that the site is most likely in the near portion of the expanding 3-kpc arm (Green et al. 2009b) would imply a distance of 5.3 kpc, and thus a linear extent of 45 mpc which, for a single site, is large but not exceptional.

**353.273+0.641.** This strong methanol maser was first detected 1993 but was reported only recently (Caswell & Phillips 2008) when an association with a remarkable water maser was confirmed. No OH maser has been detected at the site.

355.344+0.147, 355.343+0.148 and 355.346+0.149. The third maser is quite distinct spatially, with an offset of 10 arcsec from the other sites. The first two sites have no overlap in velocity but are separated spatially only 3.7 arcsec, and the likelihood that they are distinct sites depends on an estimate of their distance. Crovisier, Fillit & Kazes (1973) argue, on the basis of intervening absorption features near  $+100 \,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$ , that the radio continuum emission and the OH 1665-MHz maser emission are at a distance beyond the Galactic Centre. This evidence subsequently passed unnoticed in the literature, attracting no relevant citations, and in particular was overlooked by Caswell (1997) and Forster & Caswell (1989, 1999, 2000) who assigned the complex to a distance of only 2 kpc. If we reject the nearby location, the alternative distances then include: outside the solar circle and thus beyond 17 kpc; near the Galactic Centre at 8.5 kpc which might account for unusual velocities; or (perhaps most likely) a location in the far-side counterpart to the 3kpc expanding arm at 11.5 kpc (Dame & Thaddeus 2008; Green et al. 2009b). At any distance beyond 8.5 kpc, the separation of 3.7 arcsec then corresponds to more than 150 mpc, indicative of clearly distinct sites for all three methanol masers.

**357.967–0.163 and 357.965–0.164.** Two clearly distinct sites, separated 7.6 arcsec, of which only the first has an OH counterpart.

**359.436–0.104** and **359.436–0.102**. Clearly distinct and separated 6 arcsec, the first has a well-known OH counterpart (Caswell 1998) and the second also now has a more recently reported OH maser counterpart (Argon, Reid & Menten 2000).

**0.315–0.201** and **0.316–0.201**. These are separated by 2.5 arcsec and listed as distinct sites by Caswell (1996b), despite the weak features of the second lying wholly within the range of the first source. At neither position is there any detected OH counterpart. Pending further evidence, we list both sites, but caution that they may in fact be components of a more than usually extended single site.

**0.475–0.010.** This source was discovered as a new source in the Galactic centre survey by Caswell (1996b) but was incorrectly reported as 0.393–0.034. Re-analysis of the data showed that the position error arose because the sparse uv-coverage caused a side-lobe to be of comparable amplitude to the main lobe and was incorrectly interpreted as the source position. The source is closer to

the target pointing than first estimated, and so its flux density correction for the offset is not as large, and the new estimate of peak flux density is therefore lower, 2.9 Jy.

**0.645–0.042** to **0.695–0.038.** These nine sites within the Sgr B2 complex were distinguished by both Houghton and Whiteoak (1995) and Caswell (1996b); they are all clearly distinct sites. Existing OH 1665 and 1667-MHz observations towards Sgr B2 remain incomplete, and those by Argon et al. (2000) are some of the best currently available. The detailed information in their datasets show counterparts at 1665 and 1667 MHz for 0.657–0.041 and 0.672–0.031, and an OH 1720 MHz counterpart for 0.665–0.036. One of the other methanol sites, 0.666–0.029, is accompanied by a 6035-MHz maser (Caswell 1997).

Two weak additional methanol sites in the Sgr B2 complex were reported by Houghton and Whiteoak (1995) and are believed reliable but were too weak to confirm in the present observations. They are omitted from the present listing which is intended to present only the results of our independent observations.

**9.621+0.196** and **9.619+0.193**. The first of these is the strongest known methanol maser, and the second is a clearly distinct site offset more than 10 arcsec. Both have OH counterparts and ucH II regions (Forster & Caswell 2000).

**11.034+0.062.** Note that the weak feature seen on the spectrum of Caswell et al. (1995a) at velocity  $24.4 \,\mathrm{km \, s^{-1}}$  is a side-lobe of 10.958+0.022.

**12.025–0.031.** There is an OH 1665–MHz maser counterpart at 18<sup>h</sup>12<sup>m</sup>01.88<sup>s</sup>, -18°31′55.6″ (Caswell unpublished; this is a precise position for a source previously listed as 12.03–0.04 by Caswell 1998) and it is thus now confirmed to coincide with the methanol.

**12.209–0.102.** A 1665-MHz OH maser counterpart lies at this position (Argon et al. 2000; Caswell unpublished).

**12.889+0.489.** Spectral features over the velocity range 28 to  $42 \,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$  mostly lie within 0.5 arcsec of the tabulated position, but a single strong feature at velocity  $+33.5 \,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$  is offset 2 arcsec northeast, at  $18^{\mathrm{h}}11^{\mathrm{m}}51.49^{\mathrm{s}}$ ,  $-17^{\circ}31'28.0''$ . The OH counterpart is offset from both methanol features by slightly more than 1 arcsec and we treat this as a single site.

**13.657–0.609.** This source was first reported by MacLeod et al. (1998) but is not in the compilation of Pestalozzi et al. (2005). As also noted by MacLeod et al., there is associated OH emission at 1665 and 1667 MHz which new observations (Caswell in preparation) show to be at  $18^{\rm h}17^{\rm m}24.27^{\rm s}$ ,  $-17^{\circ}22'13.4''$ , effectively coincident with the methanol.

**19.472+0.170** and **19.472+0.170sw.** The second source is offset 3.7 arcsec south-west from the first, and offset to smaller velocity. No other maser is known at these positions so it is not clear whether the sites are distinct, or simply a larger than usual single site.

**20.237+0.065** and **20.239+0.065**. The two sites are separated more than 7 arcsec. The first coincides

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with OH maser emission at 1665 MHz, 6035 MHz and 1720 MHz (Caswell 2003, 2004b), whereas the second is solitary.

23.437-0.184 and 23.440-0.182. The clear separation of more than 10 arcsec establishes these as distinct sites with distinct velocity ranges.

**28.146–0.005** and **28.201–0.049**. The proximity of these sources to declination zero causes the beamsize in declination to be large, and the declinations to have larger than usual uncertainties, estimated to be 1 arcsec. The correspondence in each case with an OH maser (Argon et al. 2000) to better than 2 arcsec suggests that our errors are indeed no greater than 2 arcsec.

**43.149+0.013 to 49.161+0.004.** These four sites are part of the W49 complex and were noted as distinct in the single dish observations of Caswell et al. (1995a). Pandian et al. (2007) detect all four, plus an additional weak one which has a peak less than 1 Jy.

**49.470–0.371 to 49.490–0.388.** These five sites are part of the complex W51. Caswell et al. (1995a) recognised that there were at least three sites here and Pandian et al. (2007) recognised four. Our higher resolution now distinguishes five sites with clearly defined separate positions, although the velocity ranges of weak features are uncertain owing to side-lobe confusion.

## 4.2 Association with OH Masers

The precise methanol maser positions reported here allow an improved study of the association of methanol masers and 1665-MHz OH masers in regions of Massive Star Formation. However, beyond the 16 degree Galactic longitude limit of the Caswell (1998) catalogue, the OH information is incomplete, although some individual sources can be studied using the OH positions available in Forster & Caswell (1989, 1999) and in Argon et al. (2000).

Therefore, for statistical purposes in the evaluation of the discovery statistics of methanol towards OH masers, we consider only the Galactic longitude range 232° through 360° to 16°, covered by the OH catalogue of Caswell (1998). A preliminary analysis was performed by Caswell (1998), but accurate positions for some of the methanol masers were not known and some of the possible associations were therefore uncertain. Furthermore, there are several more recent OH results in this region as noted in section 4.1. We find that for the (updated) list of 207 star-formation-region OH masers with precise positions known in this longitude range, 168 (81 percent) possess a methanol counterpart. Of course, the interpretation of methanol and OH associations in terms of common conditions and evolutionary stages for methanol and OH co-existence requires a closer inspection of line ratios and investigation of co-propagation.

However, a practical consequence of this 81 percent statistic is that when a new, deep, unbiased survey for methanol masers has been completed (Green 2009a), and the positions used as targets for an OH search, we may

expect the results to be a useful proxy for a deep unbiased survey for OH, and perhaps to recover at least 80 percent of the full OH population.

#### 4.3 Unusually Wide Velocity Spreads

We have explored the velocity widths of the methanol masers and find that only 10 of our sample have velocity widths exceeding  $16\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ . The largest are 24 and  $23\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ , shown by  $340.785{-0.096}$  and  $335.060{-0.427}$ . For both sites, red-shifted emission is weaker, most noticeably for  $340.785{-0.096}$  (Caswell et al. 1995a; Caswell 1997). The two sources with extent  $17\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$  ( $344.227{-0.569}$  and  $340.054{-0.244}$ ) also have only weak emission at one of their extreme velocities, one blue, the other red. The six sources with velocity ranges of 18 or  $19\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$  ( $339.681{-1.208}$ ,  $330.070{+1.064}$ ,  $10.473{+0.027}$ ,  $2.536{+0.198}$ ,  $6.795{-0.257}$  and  $22.435{-0.155}$ ) have somewhat stronger emission near both extremes of velocity, the intensity ratio of blue to red ranging from 1.8 to 0.1.

Since velocity extents greater than  $16\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$  are rare (less than 3 percent of the total), this lends validity to the practice of using methanol velocities (e.g. the mid-values of the range) as the systemic velocity, with the expectation that the uncertainty is rarely as large as  $10\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ , and most commonly less than  $5\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ .

The systemic velocity is dominated by Galactic rotation for the Galactic disk population of young massive stars, and is thus suitable for estimating kinematic distances. Velocity ranges of individual sources often match those of OH counterparts quite well, and confirm the likely systemic velocities.

# 5 Conclusion

The precise positions reported here confirm that more than 80 percent of OH masers in regions of massive star formation have associated methanol masers.

We have also explored the velocity widths of the methanol masers and find that values greater than  $16\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$  are rare (less than three percent of the total), in marked contrast to water masers where more than half the sources have velocity widths exceeding  $20\,\mathrm{km\,s^{-1}}$ .

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