THE UMALAYATHESIS $ot\!E$ TEX DOCUMENT CLASS

AFFAN ADLY BIN NAZRI

FACULTY OF SCIENCE UNIVERSITI MALAYA KUALA LUMPUR

2025

THE UMALAYATHESIS LATEX DOCUMENT CLASS

AFFAN ADLY BIN NAZRI

THESIS SUBMITTED IN FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS FACULTY OF SCIENCE UNIVERSITI MALAYA KUALA LUMPUR

UNIVERSITI MALAYA

ORIGINAL LITERARY WORK DECLARATION

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Name: Designation:	

THE UMALAYATHESIS LATEX DOCUMENT CLASS

ABSTRACT

An abstract must not exceed 500 words, typed in a single paragraph with double-spacing,

and written in English language. A maximum of five (5) keywords should also be listed

below the abstract.

Keywords: Keyword, keyword, keyword.

iii

KELAS DOKUMEN IATEX UMALAYATHESIS

ABSTRAK

Abstrak Bahasa Malaysia perlu ditulis dalam satu perenggan menggunakan *double-spacing* dan tidak melebihi 500 patah perkataan.

Kata kunci, kata kunci, kata kunci, kata kunci.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Thanks guys, I owe you many.

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LIST OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

 θ_D : Diffraction limit

 α : Spectral index

ALMA : Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array

VLBI : Very Long Baseline Interferometry

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

umalayathesis is a LATEX class for authoring theses that fulfil formatting specifications required by Universiti Malaya, Malaysia. This updated version of the document class is written based on the original umalayathesis written by Lim Lian Tze (which can be accessed on https://github.com/liantze/umalayathesis and https://www.overleaf.com/latex/templates/universiti-malaya-thesis-template/kbdmvkbnjchb),

This version simplified and written to match the Faculty of Science thesis preparation guide as of 2024, which can be accessed at https://fs.um.edu.my/thesis. This version also implements the usage of biblatex which provides various functionalities required for special formatting of the references.

CHAPTER 2: PREAMBLES

2.1 Activation

To 'activate' the class, start with \documentclass{umalayathesis} in the main document file.

2.2 Packages

LATEX packages can be loaded using the usual \usepackage command. Below are a few highly-recommended packages:

```
\usepackage{pdflscape} % landscape pages
\usepackage{graphicx} % advanced graphics options
\usepackage{tabularx} % advanced table options
\usepackage{longtable} % multi-page tables
```

2.3 Author Information

Author information for the thesis has to be provided in the preamble with the following commands:

```
\author{Affan Adly Bin Nazri}
\identification{}
\matric{}
\title{The umalayathesis \LaTeX{} Document Class}
\tajuk{Kelas Dokumen \LaTeX{} umalayathesis}
\fieldofstudy{}

\university{Universiti Malaya}
\department{Department of Physics}
\faculty{Faculty of Science}
\submissionyear{2025}
\degree{Doctor of Philosophy}
```

\identification should be filled with either your I.C. or your passport number. \matric should be filled with either your registration or your matric number. \tajuk can be filled with the Bahasa Malaysia version of your title (to be written above your Bahasa Malaysia abstract), but is not required.

2.4 Bibliography Files

Before entering the main document body, call all bibliography files (.bib files) using the \addbibresource{file.bib}. If there are multiple bibliography files, call the command repeatedly for each file. See Section 5.1 for more information on the preparation of these .bib files.

CHAPTER 3: FRONT MATTER

Once in the main document body i.e. using \begin{document}, setup the front matter using the following commands:

```
\frontmatter
% \makecoverandtitlepage{\mastercoursework}
% \makecoverandtitlepage{\mastermixedmode}
% \makecoverandtitlepage{\masterresearch}
% \makecoverandtitlepage{\doctoralcoursework}
\makecoverandtitlepage{\doctoralresearch}
% \makecoverandtitlepage{\doctoralmixedmode}
\declarationpage
```

Uncomment the correct \makecoverandtitle line to generate the correct statement on the title page based on the thesis type.

3.1 Abstracts

Write the English and Bahasa Malaysia abstracts in the abstract and abstrak environments respectively. If \tajuk is defined, the Bahasa Malaysia abstract title will be prepended with that. A maxmimum of five (5) keywords should be listed below the abstract within their respective environments with the following format:

```
\textbf{Keywords: } Keyword, keyword.
```

3.2 Acknowledgements

Write the acknowledgements as the argument to the \acknowledgements{} command.

3.3 Table of Contents and Lists

The table of contents, list of figures, list of tables, list of symbols and abbreviations, and list of appendices are generated using the following commands:

```
{\clearpage
  \tableofcontents\clearpage
  \listoffigures\clearpage
```

```
\listoftables\clearpage
\begin{listofacronyms}
    ...
\end{listofacronyms}\clearpage
\listofappendices\clearpage
}
```

The listofacronyms environment is a wrapper for the tabular environment, with settings meant for the list of symbols and abbreviations. Each row should be written in alphabetical order in the following format:

```
Symbol/Abbr. & Explanation for the symbol/abbreviation \\
Symbol/Abbr. & Explanation for the symbol/abbreviation
```

Note that the list should not end with double backslashes.

CHAPTER 4: MAIN CHAPTERS

The main chapters of the thesis should start with the \mainmatter command. Then, the usual commands i.e. \chapter, \section, \subsection, \subsubsection can be used. Fifth level headings is also possible using \subsubsubsubsection, but it will not appear in the Table of Contents (and not recommended in general). It is recommended that each chapter/section is split into different tex files and loaded into the main document file using the \input command.

4.1 Figures

Figures can be added as usual using the figure environment. If a figure is too wide, it can be placed in a landscape environment (assuming that pdflscape has been loaded into the preamble). The following is an example command for the figure environment, followed by the output in Figure 4.1:

```
\begin{figure}
  \centering
  \includegraphics[width=0.75\linewidth]{example-image-a}
  \caption{Example figure.}
  \label{fig:a}
\end{figure}
```

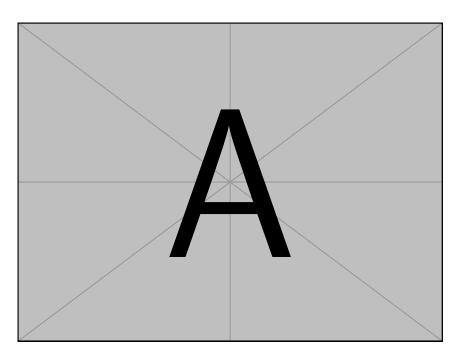


Figure 4.1: Example figure.

Subfigures are also pre-loaded into this class, and they can be invoked by splitting a figure environment using the minipage environment. The following is an example command for the subfigure environment, followed by the output in Figure 4.2:

```
\begin{figure}[h]
    \centering
    \begin{minipage}{0.48\textwidth}
        \centering
        \includegraphics[width=0.95\linewidth]{example-image-b}
        \subcaption{Example subfigure with subcaption.}
    \end{minipage}%
    \begin{minipage}{0.48\textwidth}
        \centering
        \includegraphics[width=0.95\linewidth]{example-image-c}
        \subcaption{}
    \end{minipage}
    \caption{Example subfigures, with the left subfigure with a subcaption,
    \hookrightarrow and the right subfigure without a subcaption, which means it can be
    \hookrightarrow explained in the main caption.}
    \label{fig:subfigures}
\end{figure}
```

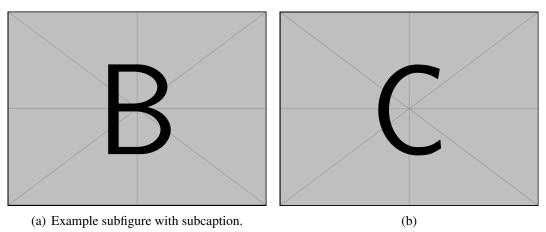


Figure 4.2: Example subfigures, with the left subfigure with a subcaption, and the right subfigure without a subcaption, which means it can be explained in the main caption.

The following is an example command for a landscape figure, and it is rendered in Appendix A:

```
\begin{landscape}
  \begin{figure}[h]
    \centering
    \includegraphics[width=0.7\linewidth]{example-image-a}
    \caption{Example landscape figure.}
    \label{fig:landscapefigure}
  \end{figure}
\end{landscape}
```

4.2 Tables

Tables can also be added as usual using the table and tabular environments. For more advanced customization, the tabularx environment can be used (assuming that it has been loaded into the preamble). Subtables are also possible, the same way as subfigures. The following is an example command for the table and tabular environment, followed by the output in Table 4.1:

```
\begin{table}[h]
  \centering
  \caption{Example table using the tabular environment.}
  \label{tab:table}
  \begin{tabular}{cc}
    \hline
    First header & Second header \\
```

```
\hline
1 & A \\
2 & B \\
3 & C \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
```

Table 4.1: Example table using the tabular environment.

First header	Second header
1	A
2	В
3	C

Similar to figures, if a table is too wide, it can be placed in a landscape environment.

The following is an example command for a landscape table, and it is rendered in Appendix

B:

C:

```
\begin{landscape}
    \begin{table}[h]
        \centering
        \begin{tabular}{ccccccc}
            \hline
            First column & Second column & Third column & Fourth column &
            → Fifth column & Sixth column & Seventh column & Eight column
            \hline
            A & B & C & D & E & F & G & H \\
            1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\
            I & II & III & IV & V & VI & VII & VIII \\
            \hline
        \end{tabular}
        \caption{Example landscape table.}
        \label{tab:landscapetable}
    \end{table}
\end{landscape}
```

If a table is too long to fit in a single page, the table should be created with a longtable environment instead (assuming that it has been loaded into the preamble). The following is an example command for the longtable environment, and it is rendered in Appendix

```
\begin{longtable}{ccc}
    \caption{Example longtable.}\label{tab:longtable} \\
    \hline
    First column & Second column & Third column \\
      (units) & (units) & (units) \\
      \hline
    \endfirsthead
    \caption*{Example longtable (continued \dots)} \\
    \hline
```

```
First column & Second column & Third column \\
   \hline
   \endhead
   \hline
   continued \dots
   \endfoot
   \hline
   \endlastfoot
   ...
\end{longtable}
```

Both environments can also be combined to accommodate a wide and long table, by applying the landscape environment first.

4.3 Code

To display code, the minted package can be used. The minted package should be initialized in the preamble using the following command:

```
\usepackage{minted}
\usemintedstyle{vs}
\setminted{%
    autogobble=true,
    breaklines=true,
    fontsize=\small,
    fontfamily=tt,
    formatcom=\setstretch{1.0},
    frame=single,
    framesep=6pt,
    tabsize=4
}
```

For multi-line code, use the minted environment, with the argument denoting the language of the code. For single line code, the \mint acts as a shortform of the minted environment. For inline code, use the \mintinline command. To read and format entire code files, use the \inputminted command. In all these commands, the formats can be temporarily changed via their optional arguments.

The minted environment can be enclosed within a listing environment, analogous to figure and table environments, with the possibility of adding captions and labels.

4.4 Citations

As this version of the umalayathesis document class utilizes biblatex (See Section 5.1 for more information), biblatex cite commands should be used. All biblatex citation commands take one mandatory arguments i.e. key and two optional arguments i.e. prenote and postnote with the following syntax:

```
\command[prenote][postnote]{key}
```

key corresponds to the entry keys in the bibliography file(s), prenote is printed at the beginning of the citation, and postnote is printed at the end of citation. If the bibliographic entry begins with a lowercase, the citation command can be forced to uppercase using \Command i.e. if the citation begins a sentence (this is overriden if the command has a prenote). Multiple citations can be done by listing all the keys, but unique pre- and/or postnotes for each key can be invoked using \commands with the following syntax:

```
\commands[prenote1][post1]{key1}[prenote2][postnote2]{key2} ...
```

The next subsections will show the common APA in-text citation commands in biblatex, followed by examples of their output (and respective variants). The bibliographic entries used in the examples are:

- Usual: \command{Rosli2023}
- With pre- and postnotes: \command[pre][post]{Zhou2024}
- Forcing uppercase: \Command[pre][post]{vanderTak1999}
- Multiple citations: \command[pre][post]{Nita2010, Umar2012, Abidin2021}
- Unique pre- and postnotes:

```
\commands[pre1][post1]{Burns2017}[pre2][post2]{Sugiyama2022}
```

4.4.1 Citation Commands

\parencite This creates the usual APA style citation in parentheses: (Rosli et al., 2023).

- With pre- and postnotes: (pre Zhou et al., 2024, post)
- Forcing uppercase: (Van der Tak, van Dishoeck, Evans II, Bakker, & Blake, 1999)
- Multiple citations: (pre Nita & Gary, 2010; Umar et al., 2012; Abidin et al., 2021, post)
- Unique pre- and postnotes: (pre1 Burns et al., 2017, post1; pre2 Sugiyama et al., 2022, post2)

\textcite This creates the in-text APA style citation which puts only the year in parentheses, usually for usage in text to refer to the author of a specific reference: Rosli et al. (2023).

- With pre- and postnotes: Zhou et al. (pre 2024, post)
- Forcing uppercase: Van der Tak et al. (1999)
- Multiple citations: Nita and Gary (pre 2010), Umar et al. (2012), and Abidin et al.
 (2021, post)
- Unique pre- and postnotes: Burns et al. (pre1 2017, post1) and Sugiyama et al. (pre2 2022, post2)

\cite This creates APA style citation without parentheses, usually for usage in text to refer to the exact reference: Rosli et al., 2023

- With pre- and postnotes: pre Zhou et al., 2024, post
- Forcing uppercase: Van der Tak et al., 1999
- Multiple citations: pre Nita and Gary, 2010; Umar et al., 2012; Abidin et al., 2021,
 post
- Unique pre- and postnotes: pre1 Burns et al., 2017, post1; pre2 Sugiyama et al.,

4.4.2 Text Commands

These are special commands to place citations in the flow of text. Note that these citations will not appear in the full references as they are excluded in tracking. Pre- and/or postnotes, forcing uppercase, and multiple citations are called as usual (though advanced multiple citations is not possible).

\citeauthor This prints only the author of the reference without brackets for usage in natural textual flow: Rosli et al.

\citeyear This prints only the year of the reference without brackets for usage in natural textual flow: 2023.

4.4.3 Special Commands

These are special commands provided by the core of biblatex. These commands do not have any special variants.

\nocite This forces a specific reference(s) specified by key to appear in citations even if they are not cited in-text. If the key is set to *, all references will appear in the citations (though this is usually not recommended).

\fullcite This prints out the full citation of a specific reference(s) specified by key similar to the bibliography output.

CHAPTER 5: BACK MATTER

After the last chapter and its contents, the remaining components of the thesis are the references and the appendices.

5.1 Bibliography

Unlike the original umalayathesis class, this version utilizes the more modern biblatex for bibliography management which allows for more complex functions. Here, biblatex is utilized for splitting author's own publications (articles and conference proceedings) from the other references, and highlighting author's own name in their own publications list. For more information, refer to https://ctan.org/pkg/biblatex.

5.1.1 Bibliography Files

Bibliography files (.bib files) follow the standard bibtex formatting. For author's own publications, the entries should be modified by the following rules:

• Add the 'keywords' key and set its value to 'own' e.g.

```
@article{...,
    keywords={own},
}
```

 Add the author annotation key (author+an) and set its value to highlight the author's name e.g. if the author's name is the third name in the author list, write

```
@article{...,
    author+an = {3=highlight},
}
```

• If the entry is a conference proceeding, add the keyword 'conf' to the keywords

e.g.

```
@article{...,
    keywords={own,conf},
}
```

5.1.2 References

The reference lists are printed out using the commands \references for all other references and \ownreferences for author's own publications. \ownreferences will split the author's own journal articles (and other types of bibliography) and conference proceedings into two lists. If any of the lists are empty, the list titles will not appear (but warnings will be raised when compiling).

5.2 Appendices

The appendices are written as chapters within an appendices environment, and the list of appendices in the front matter will update accordingly.

REFERENCES

- Abidin, Z. Z., Rosli, Z., Radzi, M. S. M., Shah, N. M., Dahari, M., Ramadhani, F., ... Hashim, N. (2021). Radio quiet and radio notification zones characteristics for radio astronomy in medium densely populated areas and humid tropical countries. *Journal of Astronomical Telescopes, Instruments, and Systems*, 7(02). doi:10.1117/1.jatis.7.2.027001
- Burns, R. A., Handa, T., Imai, H., Nagayama, T., Omodaka, T., Hirota, T., . . . Baan, W. A. (2017). Trigonometric distance and proper motions of H₂O maser bowshocks in AFGL 5142. *Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society*, stx216. doi:10. 1093/mnras/stx216
- Nita, G. M., & Gary, D. E. (2010). The generalized spectral kurtosis estimator. *Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society: Letters*, 406(1), L60–L64. doi:10.1111/j.1745-3933.2010.00882.x
- Sugiyama, K., Jaroenjittichai, P., Leckngam, A., Kramer, B. H., Rujopakarn, W., Soonthornthum, B., . . . Poshyachinda, S. (2022). The 40-m Thai National Radio Telescope with its key sciences and a future South-East Asian VLBI Network. *Proceedings of the International Astronomical Union*, 18(S380), 461–469. doi:10.1017/s1743921323002909
- Umar, R., Abidin, Z. Z., Ibrahim, Z. A., Hassan, M. S. R., Rosli, Z., & Hamidi, Z. S. (2012). Population density effect on radio frequencies interference (RFI) in radio astronomy. In *AIP conference proceedings*. doi:10.1063/1.4730683
- van der Tak, F. F. S., van Dishoeck, E. F., Evans II, N. J., Bakker, E. J., & Blake, G. A. (1999). The impact of the massive young star GL 2591 on its circumstellar material: Temperature, density, and velocity structure. *The Astrophysical Journal*, 522(2), 991–1010. doi:10.1086/307666

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS AND PAPERS PRESENTED

Journal Articles

- 1. Rosli, Z., Burns, R. A., **Nazri**, **A. A.**, Sugiyama, K., Hirota, T., Kim, K.-T., ... Abidin, Z. Z. (2023). Limits of water maser kinematics: Insights from the high-mass protostar AFGL 5142-MM1. *Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society*, 527(4), 10031–10037. doi:10.1093/mnras/stad3767
- 2. Zhou, D., Greve, T. R., Gullberg, B., Lee, M. M., Mascolo, L. D., Dicker, S. R., ... Ibrahim, U. F. S. U. (2024). The RAdio Galaxy Environment Reference Survey (RAGERS): Evidence of an anisotropic distribution of submillimeter galaxies in the 4C 23.56 protocluster at z = 2.48. *Astronomy & Astrophysics*. Accepted on 18 July 2024. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/202348500

APPENDIX A: LANDSCAPE FIGURE EXAMPLE

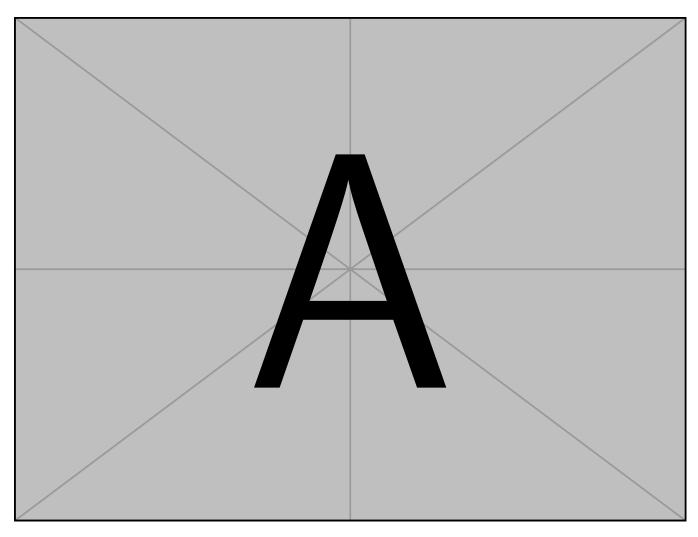


Figure A.1: Example landscape figure.

APPENDIX B: LANDSCAPE TABLE EXAMPLE

First column	Second column	Third column	Fourth column	Fifth column	Sixth column	Seventh column	Eight column
A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII

Table B.1: Example landscape table.

APPENDIX C: LONGTABLE EXAMPLE

Table C.1: Example longtable.

First column	Second column	Third column	
(units)	(units)	(units)	
A	1	I	
В	2	II	
C	3	III	
D	4	IV	
E	5	V	
F	6	VI	
G	7	VII	
Н	8	VIII	
I	9	IX	
J	10	X	
K	11	XI	
L	12	XII	
M	13	XIII	
N	14	XIV	
O	15	XV	
P	16	XVI	
Q	17	XVII	
R	18	XVIII	
S	19	XIX	
T	20	XX	

continued ...

Example longtable (continued \dots)

First column	Second column	Third column
U	21	XXI
V	22	XXII
W	23	XXIII
X	24	XXIV
Y	25	XXV
Z	26	XXVI
A	27	XXVII
В	28	XXVIII
C	29	XXIX
D	30	XXX
E	31	XXXI
F	32	XXXII
G	33	XXXIII
Н	34	XXXIV
I	35	XXXV
J	36	XXXVI
K	37	XXXVII
L	38	XXXVIII
M	39	XXXIX
N	40	XL
O	41	XLI
P	42	XLII

continued . . .

Example longtable (continued \dots)

First column	Second column	Third column
Q	43	XLIII
R	44	XLIV
S	45	XLV
T	46	XLVI
U	47	XLVII
V	48	XLVIII
W	49	XLIX
X	50	L
Y	51	LI
Z	52	LII
A	53	LIII
В	54	LIV
C	55	LV
D	56	LVI
E	57	LVII
F	58	LVIII
G	59	LIX
Н	60	LX
I	61	LXI
J	62	LXII
K	63	LXIII
L	64	LXIV

continued . . .

Example longtable (continued \dots)

First column	Second column	Third column
M	65	LXV
N	66	LXVI
О	67	LXVII
P	68	LXVIII
Q	69	LXIX
R	70	LXX
S	71	LXXI
T	72	LXXII
U	73	LXXIII
V	74	LXXIV
W	75	LXXV
X	76	LXXVI
Y	77	LXXVII
Z	78	LXXVIII

APPENDIX D: BAREBONES UMALAYATHESIS EXAMPLE

```
\documentclass{umalayathesis}
\usepackage{pdflscape}
\usepackage{tabularx}
\usepackage{longtable}
\usepackage{graphicx}
\author{}
\identification{}
\matric{}
\title{The umalayathesis \LaTeX{} Document Class}
\tajuk{Kelas Dokumen \LaTeX{} umalayathesis}
\fieldofstudy{}
\university{Universiti Malaya}
\department{Department of Physics}
\faculty{Faculty of Science}
\submissionyear{2025}
\degree{Doctor of Philosophy}
\addbibresource{...}
\begin{document}
\frontmatter
\makecoverandtitlepage{\doctoralresearch}
\declarationpage
\begin{abstract}
\end{abstract}
\begin{abstrak}
\end{abstrak}
\acknowledgements{}
{\clearpage
\tableofcontents\clearpage
\listoffigures\clearpage
\listoftables\clearpage
\begin{listofacronyms}
\end{listofacronyms}\clearpage
\listofappendices\clearpage
}
\mainmatter
```

```
\chapter{...}
...
\references
\ownreferences
\begin{appendices}
\chapter{...}
...
\end{appendices}
```