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ФАКУЛЬТЕТ _	«Информатика и системы управления»
КАФЕДРА	«Теоретическая информатика и компьютерные технологии»

Домашняя работа № 4 по курсу «Теория искусственных нейронных сетей»

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1 Цель работы

- 1. Сравнительный анализ современных методов оптимизации (SGD, NAG, Adagrad, ADAM) на примере многослойного персептрона.
- 2. Использование генетического алгоритма для оптимизации гиперпараметров многослойного персептрона.

2 Реализация

В реализации используется каркас многослойного персептрона, разработанный в домашнем задании №2. Программа написана на языке C++.

В листингах 1, 2 приводится исходный код функций активации и стоимости. В листингах 3, 4 приводится исходный код загрузки датасета MNIST. В листингах 5 и 6 приводится исходный код каркаса многослойного персептрона и методов оптимизации: SGD, NAG, Adagrad, Adam.

В листингах 7 и 8 приводятся классы хромосомы, используемые генетическим алгоритмом. В листингах 9 и 10 приводятся классы функции приспособленности. В качестве значения приспособленности используются обратные значения функций стоимости на тестовых данных. В листингах 11 и 12 приводится реализация генетического алгоритма. Отбор производится по методу рулетки. При скрещивании потомки в разных пропорциях получают родительские характеристики, а при мутации случайным образом изменяется некоторый ген хромосомы (в частности, алгоритм параметризуется долями хромосом, подвергающихся скрещиванию и мутации).

В листинге 13 приводится исходный код таіп-файла программы.

Листинг 1: Файл activation function.h

```
#pragma once

#include <Eigen/Dense>
#include <iostream>

namespace nn {
```

```
class IActivationFunction {
8
     public:
9
      virtual ~IActivationFunction() = default;
10
11
     public:
12
      virtual Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) = 0;
13
     virtual Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) = 0;
14
    };
15
16
    class Linear final: public IActivationFunction {
17
     public:
18
      Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override { return z; }
19
20
      Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
21
       return Eigen::MatrixXd::Identity(z.rows(), z.cols());
22
      }
23
    };
24
25
    class ReLU final : public IActivationFunction {
26
     public:
27
     Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
28
       return z.array().\max(0.0);
29
      }
30
31
      Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
32
       return z.array().cwiseTypedGreaterOrEqual(0.0).matrix().asDiagonal();
     }
34
    };
35
36
    class LeakyReLU final : public IActivationFunction {
37
     std::function<double(double)> f_, f_prime_;
38
39
     public:
40
     LeakyReLU(const double alpha)
41
         : f ([alpha](const double x) { return x >= 0 ? x : alpha * x; }),
42
          f prime_([alpha](const double x) { return x \ge 0 ? 1 : alpha; }) {}
43
     Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
45
       return z.unaryExpr(f );
46
      }
47
```

```
48
      Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
49
       return z.unaryExpr(f prime ).asDiagonal();
50
      }
    };
52
53
    class Sigmoid final: public IActivationFunction {
54
     public:
55
      Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
       return 1.0 / (1.0 + (-z).array().exp());
57
      }
58
59
      Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
60
       const auto sigmoid = Apply(z);
61
       return (sigmoid.array() * (1 - sigmoid.array())).matrix().asDiagonal();
62
      }
63
    };
64
65
    class Tanh final: public IActivationFunction {
66
     public:
67
      Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
68
       const auto e z = z.array().exp();
69
       const auto e neg z = (-z).array().exp();
70
       return (e z - e neg z) / (e z + e neg z);
71
      }
72
73
      Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
74
       const auto tanh = Apply(z);
75
       return (1 - tanh.array().square()).matrix().asDiagonal();
76
     }
77
    };
78
79
    class Softmax final : public IActivationFunction {
80
     public:
81
      Eigen::VectorXd Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
       const auto e_z = z.array().exp();
83
       return e z / e z.sum();
      }
85
86
      Eigen::MatrixXd Jacobian(const Eigen::VectorXd &z) override {
87
```

Листинг 2: Файл cost function.h

```
#pragma once
1
2
    #include <Eigen/Dense>
3
    namespace nn {
5
    class ICostFunction {
     public:
8
     virtual ~ICostFunction() = default;
10
     public:
11
     virtual double Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &y, const Eigen::VectorXd &a) = 0;
12
     virtual Eigen::VectorXd GradientWrtActivations(const Eigen::VectorXd &y,
13
                                          const Eigen::VectorXd &a) = 0;
14
    };
15
16
    class MSE final : public ICostFunction {
17
     public:
18
     double Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &y, const Eigen::VectorXd &a) override {
19
       return 0.5 * (y - a).squaredNorm();
20
     }
21
22
     Eigen::VectorXd GradientWrtActivations(const Eigen::VectorXd &y,
23
                                    const Eigen::VectorXd &a) override {
24
       return a - y;
25
26
    };
27
28
    class CrossEntropy final : public ICostFunction {
29
     public:
30
     double Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &y, const Eigen::VectorXd &a) override {
31
```

```
{\rm return} \cdot (y.array() * a.array().log()).sum();
32
      }
33
34
      Eigen::VectorXd GradientWrtActivations(const Eigen::VectorXd &y,
35
                                     const Eigen::VectorXd &a) override {
36
       return -y.array() / a.array();
37
      }
38
    };
39
40
    class KLDivergence final : public ICostFunction {
41
     public:
42
      double Apply(const Eigen::VectorXd &y, const Eigen::VectorXd &a) override {
43
       return (y.array() * (y.array() / a.array()).log()).sum();
      }
45
46
      Eigen::VectorXd GradientWrtActivations(const Eigen::VectorXd &y,
47
                                     const Eigen::VectorXd &a) override {
48
       return -y.array() / a.array();
49
      }
50
    };
51
52
       // namespace nn
```

Листинг 3: Файл data_supplier.h

```
#pragma once
1
2
    #include <Eigen/Dense>
3
    #include <memory>
    #include <vector>
5
    #include "perceptron.h"
    namespace nn {
9
10
    struct Data final : nn::IData {
11
     Eigen::VectorXd x, y;
12
     std::string label;
13
14
     const Eigen::VectorXd &GetX() const override { return x; }
15
```

```
const Eigen::VectorXd &GetY() const override { return y; }
16
     std::string view ToString() const override { return label; }
17
    };
18
19
    class DataSupplier final : public nn::IDataSupplier {
20
     std::vector<std::shared_ptr<const nn::IData>> train_, test_, validation_;
21
22
     public:
23
     DataSupplier(const std::string &train path, const std::string &test path,
               const double false_score, const double true_score);
25
     std::size t GetInputLayerSize() const override;
27
     std::size t GetOutputLayerSize() const override;
28
29
     std::vector<std::shared ptr<const nn::IData>> GetTrainData() const override;
30
     std::vector<std::shared ptr<const nn::IData>> GetValidationData()
31
         const override;
32
     std::vector<std::shared ptr<const nn::IData>> GetTestData() const override;
33
    };
34
35
       // namespace nn
36
```

Листинг 4: Файл data_supplier.cc

```
#include "data supplier.h"
1
2
    #include <spdlog/spdlog.h>
4
    #include <boost/algorithm/string/classification.hpp>
    #include <boost/algorithm/string/split.hpp>
6
    #include <cassert>
    #include <fstream>
8
    #include <iterator>
9
    #include <stdexcept>
10
    #include <string>
11
12
    #include "perceptron.h"
13
14
    namespace nn {
15
16
```

```
namespace {
17
18
    constexpr std::size t kDigitsNumber = 10;
19
    constexpr std::size t kScanSize = 784;
20
    constexpr std::size t kColumnsCount = kScanSize + 1;
21
22
    std::vector<std::shared ptr<const nn::IData>> ReadMnistCsv(
23
       const std::string &filename, const double false score,
24
       const double true score) {
25
     static constexpr std::size_t kShadesCount = 255;
26
27
      auto file = std::ifstream(filename);
28
     if (!file.is open()) {
       throw std::runtime error("Failed to open MNIST CSV file " + filename);
30
      }
31
32
      auto instances = std::vector<std::shared ptr<const nn::IData>>{};
33
      auto line = std::string\{\};
34
      while (std::getline(file, line)) {
35
       auto result = std::vector < std::string > \{\};
36
       result.reserve(kColumnsCount);
37
       boost::split(result, line, boost::is any of(","));
38
39
       assert(result[0].size() == 1);
40
       assert('0' \le result[0][0] \&\& result[0][0] \le '9');
41
       auto data = Data\{\};
43
       data.label = result[0];
45
       data.y = Eigen::VectorXd(kDigitsNumber);
46
       data.y.setConstant(false score);
47
       data.y(data.label[0] - '0') = true score;
48
49
       data.x = Eigen::VectorXd(kScanSize);
50
       for (std::size t i = 1; i < kColumnsCount; ++i) {
51
         data.x[i - 1] = std::stod(result[i]) / kShadesCount;
52
       }
53
54
       instances.push back(std::make shared<const Data>(std::move(data)));
55
56
```

```
57
     return instances;
58
59
60
    } // namespace
61
62
    DataSupplier::DataSupplier(const std::string &train path,
63
                         const std::string &test path,
64
                         const double false score, const double true score) {
65
      static constexpr std::size_t kTrainInitialSize = 60 '000;
66
      static constexpr std::size t kValidationSize = 10'000;
67
      static constexpr std::size t kTestSize = 10'000;
68
69
      spdlog::info("Parsing train data...");
70
      train_ = ReadMnistCsv(train_path, false_score, true_score);
71
      assert(train .size() == kTrainInitialSize);
72
73
      validation =
74
         std::vector(std::make move iterator(train .rbegin()),
75
                  std::make move iterator(train .rbegin() + kValidationSize));
76
      train .resize(kTrainInitialSize - kValidationSize);
77
78
      spdlog::info("Parsing test data...");
79
      test = ReadMnistCsv(test path, false score, true score);
80
      assert(test\_.size() == kTestSize);
81
83
    std::size t DataSupplier::GetInputLayerSize() const { return kScanSize; }
84
    std::size t DataSupplier::GetOutputLayerSize() const { return kDigitsNumber; }
85
86
    std::vector<std::shared ptr<const nn::IData>> DataSupplier::GetTrainData()
87
       const {
88
     return train;
89
90
91
    std::vector<std::shared_ptr<const nn::IData>> DataSupplier::GetValidationData()
92
       const {
93
     return validation;
94
95
96
```

Листинг 5: Файл perceptron.h

```
#pragma once
1
2
    #include < Eigen/Dense >
3
    #include <memory>
    #include <random>
    #include "activation function.h"
    #include "cost function.h"
8
    namespace nn {
10
11
    class IData {
12
     public:
13
     virtual ~IData() = default;
14
15
     public:
16
     virtual const Eigen::VectorXd &GetX() const = 0;
17
     virtual const Eigen::VectorXd &GetY() const = 0;
18
     virtual std::string view ToString() const = 0;
19
    };
20
21
    class IDataSupplier {
22
     public:
23
     virtual ~IDataSupplier() = default;
24
25
     public:
26
     virtual std::size t GetInputLayerSize() const = 0;
27
     virtual std::size t GetOutputLayerSize() const = 0;
28
29
     virtual std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> GetTrainData() const = 0;
30
     virtual std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> GetTestData() const = 0;
31
```

```
virtual std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> GetValidationData()
32
        const = 0;
33
    };
34
35
    struct SgdConfiguration final {
36
     std::size_t epochs;
37
     std::size t mini batch size;
38
     double learning rate;
30
     bool monitor train cost;
40
     bool monitor_train_accuracy;
41
     bool monitor test cost;
42
     bool monitor_test_accuracy;
43
    };
45
    struct Metric final {
46
     std::vector<double> train cost, train accuracy;
47
     std::vector<double> test cost, test accuracy;
48
    };
49
50
    class Perceptron final {
51
     std::random_device device_;
52
     std::default random_engine generator_;
     std::unique ptr<ICostFunction> cost function ;
54
     std::size t layers number, connections number;
55
     std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> weights ;
56
     std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> biases ;
     std:: vector < std:: unique\_ptr < IActivationFunction >> activation\_functions\_;
58
59
     public:
60
     Perceptron(
61
        std::unique ptr<ICostFunction> &&cost function,
62
        std::vector<std::unique ptr<IActivationFunction>> &&activation functions,
63
        const std::vector<std::size t> &layers sizes);
64
     Eigen::VectorXd Feedforward(const Eigen::VectorXd &x) const;
66
67
     Metric Sgd(const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
68
              const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
69
              const SgdConfiguration &cfg);
70
71
```

```
Metric SgdNag(const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
72
                const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
73
                const SgdConfiguration &cfg, const double gamma);
74
75
     Metric SgdAdagrad(const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
76
                   const std::vector<std::shared_ptr<const IData>> &test,
77
                   const SgdConfiguration &cfg, const double epsilon);
78
79
     Metric SgdAdam(const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
80
                 const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
81
                const SgdConfiguration &cfg, const double beta1,
                 const double beta2, const double epsilon);
83
     private:
85
      // TODO: Use concepts
     template < typename Iter>
87
     void UpdateSgd(const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
88
                 const std::size t mini batch size, const double learning rate);
89
90
      // EMA means Exponential Moving Average
91
     template < typename Iter>
92
     void UpdateSgdNag(std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &delta weights ema,
93
                   std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &delta biases ema,
94
                   const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
                   const std::size t mini batch size,
96
                   const double learning rate, const double gamma);
98
     template <typename Iter>
      void UpdateSgdAdagrad(
100
        std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &weights gradient squares sum,
101
        std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &biases gradient squares sum,
102
        const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
103
        const std::size t mini batch size, const double learning rate);
104
105
     template <typename Iter>
106
      void UpdateSgdAdam(std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &weights gradient ema,
107
                   std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &biases gradient ema,
108
                   std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &weights squared gradient ema,
109
                   std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &biases squared gradient ema,
110
                    const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
111
```

```
const std::size_t mini_batch_size, const std::size_t epoch,
112
                     const double learning rate, const double beta1,
113
                     const double beta2);
114
115
     private:
116
      struct Parameters {
117
       std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> weights;
118
        std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> biases;
119
      };
120
121
      Parameters CreateParameters (const double initial value) const;
122
123
      template <typename Iter>
      Parameters GradientWrtParameters(const Iter mini batch begin,
125
                                const Iter mini batch end,
                                const std::size t mini batch size) const;
127
128
      Parameters Backpropagation(const Eigen::VectorXd &x,
129
                           const Eigen::VectorXd &y) const;
130
131
      std::pair<std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd>, std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd>>
132
      FeedforwardDetailed(const Eigen::VectorXd &x) const;
133
134
      Metric CreateMetric(const SgdConfiguration &cfg) const;
135
136
      void WriteMetric (Metric & metric, const std::size t epoch,
                   const std::vector<std::shared_ptr<const IData>> &train,
138
                   const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
139
                   const SgdConfiguration &cfg) const;
140
141
      template < typename Iter>
142
      std::size t CalculateAccuracy(const Iter begin, const Iter end) const;
143
144
      template <typename Iter>
145
      double CalculateCost(const Iter begin, const Iter end) const;
146
    };
147
148
       // namespace nn
149
```

Листинг 6: Файл perceptron.cc

```
#include "perceptron.h"
2
    #include <spdlog/spdlog.h>
    #include <cassert>
    #include <cmath>
6
    #include <iostream>
    #include <iterator>
    #include <sstream>
9
10
    namespace nn {
11
12
    Perceptron::Perceptron(
13
       std::unique ptr<ICostFunction> &&cost function,
14
       std::vector<std::unique ptr<IActivationFunction>> &&activation functions,
15
       const std::vector<std::size_t> &layers_sizes)
16
       : generator (device ()),
17
        cost function (std::move(cost function)),
        layers number (layers sizes.size()),
19
        connections number (layers number - 1),
20
        activation functions (std::move(activation functions)) {
21
     if (layers_number_< 2) {
22
       throw std::runtime error("Perceptron must have at least two layers");
23
24
     if (activation functions .size() != connections number ) {
25
       throw std::runtime error(
26
          "Activation functions number must be equal to layers number minus one");
     }
28
29
     weights .reserve(connections number );
30
     biases .reserve(connections number );
31
     for (std::size_t i = 0; i < connections_number_; ++i) {
32
       weights .push back(
33
          Eigen::MatrixXd::Random(layers sizes[i + 1], layers sizes[i]));
34
       biases .push back(Eigen::VectorXd::Random(layers sizes[i + 1]));
35
     }
36
    }
37
38
    Eigen::VectorXd Perceptron::Feedforward(const Eigen::VectorXd &x) const {
39
```

```
auto activation = x;
40
     for (std::size t i = 0; i < connections number ; ++i) {
41
       activation =
42
          activation_functions_[i]->Apply(weights_[i] * activation + biases_[i]);
43
44
     return activation;
45
46
47
    Metric Perceptron::Sgd(const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
48
                      const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
49
                      const SgdConfiguration &cfg) {
50
     const auto train size = train.size();
51
     const auto whole mini batches number = train size / cfg.mini batch size;
52
      const auto remainder mini batch size = train size % cfg.mini batch size;
53
54
      auto train shuffled = std::vector(train.begin(), train.end());
55
      auto metric = CreateMetric(cfg);
56
     for (std::size t i = 1; i \le cfg.epochs; ++i) {
57
       std::shuffle(train shuffled.begin(), train shuffled.end(), generator );
58
       auto it = train shuffled.begin();
59
       for (std::size\_t j = 0; j < whole\_mini\_batches\_number; ++j) {
60
         auto end = it + cfg.mini batch size;
61
         UpdateSgd(it, end, cfg.mini batch size, cfg.learning rate);
62
        it = std::move(end);
63
       }
64
       if (remainder mini batch size != 0) {
66
         UpdateSgd(it, it + remainder mini batch size, remainder mini batch size,
67
                cfg.learning rate);
68
69
       WriteMetric(metric, i, train, test, cfg);
70
      }
71
72
     return metric;
73
74
75
    Metric Perceptron::SgdNag(
76
       const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
77
       const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
78
       const SgdConfiguration &cfg, const double gamma) {
79
```

```
if (gamma < 0 || gamma > 1) {
80
       throw std::runtime error("Gamma must belong to [0, 1]");
81
82
83
      const auto train size = train.size();
84
      const auto whole _mini _batches _number = train _size / cfg.mini _batch _size;
85
      const auto remainder mini batch size = train size % cfg.mini batch size;
86
87
      auto [delta weights ema, delta biases ema] = CreateParameters(0);
      auto train shuffled = std::vector(train.begin(), train.end());
89
      auto metric = CreateMetric(cfg);
      for (std::size t i = 1; i \le cfg.epochs; ++i) {
91
       std::shuffle(train shuffled.begin(), train shuffled.end(), generator );
92
       auto it = train shuffled.begin();
93
       for (std::size\_t j = 0; j < whole\_mini\_batches\_number; ++j) {
94
         auto end = it + cfg.mini batch size;
95
         UpdateSgdNag(delta weights ema, delta biases ema, it, end,
96
                   cfg.mini batch size, cfg.learning rate, gamma);
97
         it = std::move(end);
98
       }
99
100
       if (remainder mini batch size != 0) {
101
         UpdateSgdNag(delta weights ema, delta biases ema, it,
102
                   it + remainder mini batch size, remainder mini batch size,
103
                   cfg.learning rate, gamma);
104
       WriteMetric(metric, i, train, test, cfg);
106
      }
107
108
      return metric;
109
110
111
    Metric Perceptron::SgdAdagrad(
112
       const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
113
       const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
114
       const SgdConfiguration &cfg, const double epsilon) {
115
      if (epsilon \leq 0) {
116
       throw std::runtime error("Epsilon must be strictly greater than 0");
117
118
119
```

```
const auto train size = train.size();
120
      const auto whole mini batches number = train size / cfg.mini batch size;
121
      const auto remainder mini batch size = train size % cfg.mini batch size;
122
123
      auto [weights gradient squares sum, biases gradient squares sum] =
124
         CreateParameters(epsilon);
125
      auto train shuffled = std::vector(train.begin(), train.end());
126
      auto metric = CreateMetric(cfg);
127
      for (std::size t i = 1; i \le cfg.epochs; ++i) {
128
       std::shuffle(train shuffled.begin(), train shuffled.end(), generator );
129
       auto it = train shuffled.begin();
       for (std::size t i = 0; i < whole mini batches number; <math>++i) {
131
         auto end = it + cfg.mini batch size;
132
         UpdateSgdAdagrad(weights gradient squares sum,
133
                      biases gradient squares sum, it, end,
                      cfg.mini batch size, cfg.learning rate);
135
         it = std::move(end);
136
137
138
       if (remainder mini batch size != 0) {
139
         UpdateSgdAdagrad(weights_gradient_squares_sum,
140
                      biases gradient squares sum, it,
141
                      it + remainder mini batch size,
142
                      remainder mini batch size, cfg.learning rate);
143
       }
144
       WriteMetric(metric, i, train, test, cfg);
      }
146
147
      return metric;
148
149
150
    Metric Perceptron::SgdAdam(
151
       const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
152
       const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
153
       const SgdConfiguration &cfg, const double beta1, const double beta2,
154
       const double epsilon) {
155
      if (beta1 < 0 || beta1 > 1) {
156
       throw std::runtime error("Beta1 must belong to [0, 1]");
157
158
      if (beta2 < 0 || beta2 > 1) {
159
```

```
throw std::runtime error("Beta2 must belong to [0, 1]");
160
161
      if (epsilon \leq 0) {
162
        throw std::runtime error("Epsilon must be strictly greater than 0");
      }
164
165
      const auto train size = train.size();
166
      const auto whole mini batches number = train size / cfg.mini batch size;
167
      const auto remainder mini batch size = train size \% cfg.mini batch size;
168
169
      auto [weights gradient ema, biases gradient ema] = CreateParameters(0);
170
      auto [weights squared gradient ema, biases squared gradient ema] =
171
         CreateParameters(epsilon);
      auto train shuffled = std::vector(train.begin(), train.end());
173
      auto metric = CreateMetric(cfg);
174
      for (std::size t i = 1; i \le cfg.epochs; ++i) {
175
        std::shuffle(train shuffled.begin(), train shuffled.end(), generator );
176
        auto it = train shuffled.begin();
177
        for (std::size \mathbf{t} \mathbf{j} = 0; \mathbf{j} < \text{whole mini batches number}; ++\mathbf{j}) {
178
         auto end = it + cfg.mini batch size;
179
         UpdateSgdAdam(weights gradient ema, biases gradient ema,
180
                    weights squared gradient ema, biases squared gradient ema,
181
                    it, end, cfg.mini batch size, i, cfg.learning rate, beta1,
182
                    beta2);
183
         it = std::move(end);
184
        }
186
        if (remainder mini batch size != 0) {
187
         UpdateSgdAdam(weights gradient ema, biases gradient ema,
188
                    weights squared gradient ema, biases squared gradient ema,
189
                    it, it + remainder mini batch size,
190
                    remainder mini batch size, i, cfg.learning rate, beta1,
191
                    beta2);
192
193
        WriteMetric(metric, i, train, test, cfg);
194
      }
195
196
      return metric;
197
198
199
```

```
template < typename Iter>
200
    void Perceptron::UpdateSgd(const Iter mini batch begin,
201
                         const Iter mini batch end,
202
                         const std::size t mini batch size,
                         const double learning rate) {
204
      const auto [weights_gradient, biases_gradient] =
205
         GradientWrtParameters(mini_batch_begin, mini_batch_end, mini_batch_size);
206
207
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < connections number ; ++i) {
208
       weights [i] -= learning rate * weights gradient[i];
209
       biases [i] -= learning rate * biases gradient[i];
      }
211
    }
213
    template < typename Iter>
214
    void Perceptron::UpdateSgdNag(std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &delta weights ema,
215
                           std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &delta biases ema,
216
                           const Iter mini batch begin,
217
                           const Iter mini batch end,
218
                           const std::size t mini batch size,
219
                           const double learning_rate, const double gamma) {
220
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < connections number ; ++i) {
221
       weights_[i] -= gamma * delta_weights ema[i];
222
       biases_[i] -= gamma * delta_biases_ema[i];
223
224
      auto [weights gradient, biases gradient] =
226
         GradientWrtParameters(mini batch begin, mini batch end, mini batch size);
227
228
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < connections number ; ++i) {
229
       const auto saved delta weights ema = gamma * delta weights ema[i];
230
       delta weights ema[i] =
231
          saved delta weights ema + learning rate * weights gradient[i];
232
       weights [i] += saved delta weights ema - delta weights ema[i];
233
234
       const auto saved delta biases ema = gamma * delta biases ema[i];
235
       delta biases ema[i] =
236
          saved delta biases ema + learning rate * biases gradient[i];
237
       biases [i] += saved delta biases ema - delta biases ema[i];
239
```

```
}
240
241
          template < typename Iter>
242
          void Perceptron::UpdateSgdAdagrad(
243
                 std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &weights gradient squares sum,
244
                 std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &biases_gradient_squares_sum,
245
                 const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
246
                 const std::size t mini batch size, const double learning rate) {
247
             auto [weights gradient, biases gradient]
248
                    GradientWrtParameters(mini batch begin, mini batch end, mini batch size);
249
250
             for (std::size\_t i = 0; i < connections\_number\_; ++i) {
251
                 weights gradient squares sum[i] +=
                       weights gradient[i].array().pow(2).matrix();
253
                weights\_[i] -= learning\_rate \ / \ weights\_gradient\_squares\_sum[i].lpNorm<2>() \ * learning\_rate \ / \ weights\_gradient\_squares\_sum[i].lpNor
                                          weights gradient[i];
255
256
                 biases gradient squares sum[i] +=
257
                       biases gradient[i].array().pow(2).matrix();
258
                 biases_[i] -= learning_rate / biases gradient squares sum[i].lpNorm<2>() *
259
                                        biases gradient[i];
260
             }
261
          }
262
263
         template < typename Iter>
264
          void Perceptron::UpdateSgdAdam(
                 std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &weights gradient ema,
266
                 std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &biases gradient ema,
267
                 std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd> &weights squared gradient ema,
268
                 std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> &biases squared gradient ema,
269
                 const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
270
                 const std::size t mini batch size, const std::size t epoch,
271
                 const double learning rate, const double beta1, const double beta2) {
272
             auto [weights gradient, biases gradient] =
273
                    GradientWrtParameters(mini batch begin, mini batch end, mini batch size);
274
275
             for (std::size t i = 0; i < connections number ; ++i) {
276
                 weights gradient ema[i] =
277
                       beta1 * weights gradient ema[i] + (1 - beta1) * weights gradient[i];
278
                 biases gradient ema[i] =
279
```

```
beta1 * biases gradient ema[i] + (1 - beta1) * biases gradient[i];
280
281
       const auto adjusted weights gradient ema =
282
          weights gradient ema[i] / (1 - std::pow(beta1, epoch));
       const auto adjusted biases gradient ema =
284
          biases_gradient_ema[i] / (1 - std::pow(beta1, epoch));
285
286
       weights squared gradient ema[i] =
287
          beta2 * weights squared gradient ema[i] +
288
          (1 - beta2) * weights gradient[i].array().pow(2).matrix();
289
       biases squared gradient ema[i] =
          beta2 * biases squared gradient ema[i] +
291
          (1 - beta2) * biases gradient[i].array().pow(2).matrix();
293
       const auto adjusted weights squared gradient ema =
          weights squared gradient ema[i] / (1 - std::pow(beta2, epoch));
295
       const auto adjusted biases squared gradient ema =
          biases squared gradient ema[i] / (1 - std::pow(beta2, epoch));
297
298
       weights_[i] -= learning rate /
299
                   adjusted_weights_squared_gradient ema.lpNorm<2>() *
300
                   adjusted weights gradient ema;
301
       biases [i] -= learning rate /
302
                  adjusted biases squared gradient ema.lpNorm<2>() *
303
                  adjusted biases gradient ema;
304
    }
306
307
    Perceptron::Parameters Perceptron::CreateParameters(
308
       const double initial value) const {
309
      auto weights = std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd>{};
310
      weights.reserve(weights .size());
311
      for (auto &&w: weights) {
312
       auto m = Eigen::MatrixXd(w.rows(), w.cols());
313
       m.setConstant(initial value);
314
       weights.push back(std::move(m));
315
      }
316
317
      auto biases = std::vector < Eigen::VectorXd > \{\};
318
      biases.reserve(biases .size());
319
```

```
for (auto &&b: biases) \{
320
        auto v = Eigen::VectorXd(b.size());
321
        v.setConstant(initial value);
322
        biases.push back(std::move(v));
324
325
      return {std::move(weights), std::move(biases)};
326
327
328
    template < typename Iter>
329
    Perceptron::Parameters Perceptron::GradientWrtParameters(
330
        const Iter mini batch begin, const Iter mini batch end,
331
        const std::size t mini batch size) const {
      auto [weights gradient, biases gradient] = CreateParameters(0);
333
334
      for (auto it = mini batch begin; it != mini batch end; ++it) {
335
        const auto &data = **it;
336
        const auto [weights gradient contribution, biases gradient contribution] =
337
           Backpropagation(data.GetX(), data.GetY());
338
        for (std::size t i = 0; i < connections number ; ++i) {
339
         weights_gradient[i] += weights_gradient_contribution[i];
340
         biases gradient[i] += biases gradient contribution[i];
341
342
      }
343
344
      const auto factor = 1.0 / mini batch size;
      for (std::size_t i = 0; i < connections_number_; ++i) {
346
        weights gradient[i] *= factor;
        biases gradient[i] *= factor;
348
      }
349
350
      return {std::move(weights gradient), std::move(biases gradient)};
351
352
353
    Perceptron::Parameters Perceptron::Backpropagation(
354
        const Eigen::VectorXd &x, const Eigen::VectorXd &y) const {
355
      const auto [linear values, activations] = FeedforwardDetailed(x);
356
      assert(linear values.size() == connections number );
357
      assert(activations.size() == layers number );
358
359
```

```
auto delta = static cast<Eigen::VectorXd>(
360
         activation functions .back()->Jacobian(linear values.back()).transpose() *
361
         cost function ->GradientWrtActivations(y, activations.back()));
362
      auto nabla weights reversed = std::vector<Eigen::MatrixXd>{};
364
      nabla_weights_reversed.reserve(connections_number_);
365
      nabla weights reversed.push back(
366
         delta * std::prev(activations.cend(), 2)->transpose());
367
368
      auto nabla biases reversed = std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd>{};
369
      nabla biases reversed.reserve(connections number );
370
      nabla biases reversed.push back(delta);
371
372
      for (int i = connections number -2; i >= 0; --i) {
373
       delta =
374
          (weights [i + 1] * activation functions [i]->Jacobian(linear values[i]))
375
              .transpose() *
376
          delta;
377
       nabla weights reversed.push back(delta * activations[i].transpose());
378
       nabla biases reversed.push back(delta);
379
      }
380
381
      return {{std::make move iterator(nabla weights reversed.rbegin()),
382
             std::make move iterator(nabla weights reversed.rend())},
383
            {std::make move iterator(nabla biases reversed.rbegin()),
384
             std::make move iterator(nabla biases reversed.rend())}};
    }
386
    std::pair<std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd>, std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd>>
388
    Perceptron::FeedforwardDetailed(const Eigen::VectorXd &x) const {
389
      std::vector<Eigen::VectorXd> linear values, activations;
390
      linear values.reserve(connections number );
391
      activations.reserve(layers_number_);
392
393
      auto activation = x;
394
      for (std::size_t i = 0; i < connections_number_; ++i) {
395
       auto linear value =
396
          static cast<Eigen::VectorXd>(weights [i] * activation + biases [i]);
397
       activations.push back(std::move(activation));
398
       activation = activation functions [i]->Apply(linear value);
399
```

```
linear values.push back(std::move(linear value));
400
401
      activations.push back(std::move(activation));
402
403
      return {std::move(linear values), std::move(activations)};
404
     }
405
406
    Metric Perceptron::CreateMetric(const SgdConfiguration &cfg) const {
407
      auto metric = Metric\{\};
408
      if (cfg.monitor train cost) {
409
       metric.train cost.reserve(cfg.epochs);
411
      if (cfg.monitor train accuracy) {
        metric.train accuracy.reserve(cfg.epochs);
413
      }
414
      if (cfg.monitor test cost) {
415
       metric.test cost.reserve(cfg.epochs);
416
417
      if (cfg.monitor test accuracy) {
418
        metric.test accuracy.reserve(cfg.epochs);
419
420
      return metric;
421
422
423
    void Perceptron::WriteMetric(
424
        Metric &metric, const std::size t epoch,
        const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &train,
426
        const std::vector<std::shared ptr<const IData>> &test,
427
        const SgdConfiguration &cfg) const {
428
      std::stringstream oss;
429
      oss << "Epoch " << epoch << "/" << cfg.epochs << ";";
430
      if (cfg.monitor train cost) {
431
        const auto train cost = CalculateCost(train.begin(), train.end());
432
        metric.train cost.push back(train cost);
433
        oss << " train cost: " << train cost << ";";
434
435
      if (cfg.monitor train accuracy) {
        const auto train accuracy = CalculateAccuracy(train.begin(), train.end());
437
        metric.train accuracy.push back(train accuracy);
438
        oss << "train accuracy: " << train accuracy << "/" << train.size() << ";";
439
```

```
440
      if (cfg.monitor test cost) {
441
        const auto test cost = CalculateCost(test.begin(), test.end());
442
        metric.test cost.push back(CalculateCost(test.begin(), test.end()));
        oss << " test cost: " << test cost << ";";
444
445
      if (cfg.monitor test accuracy) {
446
        const auto test accuracy = CalculateAccuracy(test.begin(), test.end());
447
        metric.test accuracy.push back(test accuracy);
448
        oss << " test accuracy: " << test accuracy << "/" << test.size() << ";";
449
      spdlog::info(oss.str());
451
452
453
    template < typename Iter>
454
    std::size t Perceptron::CalculateAccuracy(const Iter begin,
455
                                      const Iter end) const {
456
      std::size\_t right\_predictions = 0;
457
      for (auto it = begin; it != end; ++it) {
458
        const IData & instance = **it;
459
        Eigen::Index max activation expected, max activation actual;
460
        instance.GetY().maxCoeff(&max activation expected);
461
        Feedforward(instance.GetX()).maxCoeff(&max activation actual);
462
        if (\max \ activation \ expected == \max \ activation \ actual) {
463
         ++right_predictions;
464
        }
466
      return right predictions;
467
468
469
    template <typename Iter>
470
    double Perceptron::CalculateCost(const Iter begin, const Iter end) const {
471
      double cost = 0;
472
      std::size t instances count = 0;
473
      for (auto it = begin; it != end; ++it, ++instances count) {
474
        const IData & instance = **it;
475
        const auto activation = Feedforward(instance.GetX());
476
        cost += cost function ->Apply(instance.GetY(), activation);
477
478
      return cost / instances count;
479
```

```
480 | }
481 | 482 | } // namespace nn
```

Листинг 7: Файл chromosome.h

```
#pragma once
2
    #include <memory>
3
    #include <vector>
    #include "fitness function.h"
    namespace nn {
8
    enum class ChromosomeSubclass {
10
     kSgdHyperparametersKit,
11
    };
12
13
    class IChromosome {
14
     public:
15
     static std::shared ptr<IChromosome> Create(std::vector<double>&& genes,
16
                                      const ChromosomeSubclass subclass);
17
18
     public:
19
     virtual ~IChromosome() = default;
20
21
     virtual std::string ToString() const = 0;
22
23
     public:
24
     const std::vector<double>& get genes() const;
25
26
     protected:
27
     IChromosome(std::vector<double>&& genes);
28
29
     std::vector<double> genes ;
30
    };
31
32
    class SgdHyperparametersKit final : public IChromosome {
33
     enum Index : std::size t {
34
```

```
kLearningRate,
35
       kEpochs,
36
       kMiniBatchSize,
37
       kHiddenLayers,
       kNeuronsPerHiddenLayer,
39
     };
40
41
     static constexpr std::size t kHyperparametersNumber = 5;
42
43
     public:
44
     SgdHyperparametersKit(std::vector<double>&& hyperparameters);
46
     double get learning rate() const;
     std::size t get epochs() const;
48
     std::size_t get_mini_batch_size() const;
49
     std::size t get hidden layers() const;
50
     std::size t get neurons per hidden layer() const;
51
52
     std::string ToString() const override;
53
    };
54
55
      // namespace nn
```

Листинг 8: Файл chromosome.cc

```
#include "chromosome.h"
1
2
    #include <sstream>
3
    #include <stdexcept>
5
   namespace nn {
   std::shared ptr<IChromosome> IChromosome::Create(
       std::vector<double>&& genes, const ChromosomeSubclass subclass) {
9
     switch (subclass) {
10
       case ChromosomeSubclass::kSgdHyperparametersKit:
11
        return std::make shared < SgdHyperparametersKit > (std::move(genes));
12
13
    }
14
15
```

```
const std::vector<double>& IChromosome::get genes() const { return genes ; }
16
17
    IChromosome::IChromosome(std::vector<double>&& genes)
18
       : genes (std::move(genes)) {}
19
20
    SgdHyperparametersKit::SgdHyperparametersKit(
21
       std::vector<double>&& hyperparameters)
22
       : IChromosome(std::move(hyperparameters)) {
23
     if (genes .size() != kHyperparametersNumber) {
24
       throw std::runtime error(
25
          "Got " + std::to string(genes .size()) + " SGD hyperparameters, " +
          std::to string(kHyperparametersNumber) + " expected");
27
     }
28
    }
29
30
    double SgdHyperparametersKit::get learning rate() const {
31
     return genes .at(Index::kLearningRate);
32
33
34
    std::size t SgdHyperparametersKit::get epochs() const {
35
     return genes_.at(Index::kEpochs);
36
    }
37
38
    std::size t SgdHyperparametersKit::get mini batch size() const {
39
     return genes .at(Index::kMiniBatchSize);
40
42
    std::size_t SgdHyperparametersKit::get_ hidden layers() const {
43
     return genes .at(Index::kHiddenLayers);
44
    }
45
46
    std::size t SgdHyperparametersKit::get neurons per hidden layer() const {
47
     return genes .at(Index::kNeuronsPerHiddenLayer);
48
49
50
    std::string SgdHyperparametersKit::ToString() const {
51
     auto oss = std::ostringstream\{\};
     oss << "- Learning rate: " << get learning rate()
53
        << ";\n- Epochs: " << get epochs()
54
        << ";\n- Mini-batch size: " << get mini batch size()</pre>
55
```

Листинг 9: Файл fitness function.h

```
#pragma once
1
2
    #include <memory>
3
    #include "perceptron.h"
5
    namespace nn {
8
    class IChromosome;
10
    class IFitnessFunction {
11
     public:
12
     virtual ~IFitnessFunction() = default;
13
14
     virtual double Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const = 0;
15
    };
16
17
    class ISgdFitness: public IFitnessFunction {
18
     public:
19
     virtual ~ISgdFitness() = default;
20
21
      ISgdFitness(std::unique ptr<IDataSupplier>&& data supplier);
22
23
     protected:
24
     std::unique ptr<IDataSupplier> data supplier ;
25
    };
26
27
    class SgdFitness final: public ISgdFitness {
28
     public:
29
     using ISgdFitness::ISgdFitness;
30
31
```

```
double Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const override;
32
    };
33
34
    class \operatorname{SgdNagFitness} final : public \operatorname{ISgdFitness} {
35
     public:
36
      using ISgdFitness::ISgdFitness;
37
38
      double Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const override;
39
    };
40
41
    class SgdAdagradFitness final : public ISgdFitness {
42
43
      using ISgdFitness::ISgdFitness;
45
      double Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const override;
46
    };
47
48
    class SgdAdamFitness final : public ISgdFitness {
49
     public:
50
      using ISgdFitness::ISgdFitness;
51
52
      double Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const override;
    };
54
55
       // namespace nn
56
```

Листинг 10: Файл fitness_function.cc

```
#include "fitness_function.h"

#include <cassert>

#include "chromosome.h"

#include "cost_function.h"

#include "perceptron.h"

mamespace nn {

namespace {
```

```
double CostToFitness(const double value) {
13
     return std::\exp(1 / (\text{value} + 1\text{e-8}));
14
15
16
    } // namespace
17
18
    ISgdFitness::ISgdFitness(std::unique ptr<IDataSupplier>&& data supplier)
19
       : data supplier (std::move(data supplier)) {}
20
21
    double SgdFitness::Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const {
22
     const auto kit = static cast<const SgdHyperparametersKit&>(chromosome);
23
24
     auto cost function = std::make unique < CrossEntropy > ();
25
26
     auto activation functions =
27
         std::vector<std::unique ptr<IActivationFunction>>{};
28
      const auto hidden layers = kit.get hidden layers();
29
      activation functions.reserve(hidden layers + 1);
30
     for (std::size t i = 0; i < hidden layers; ++i) {
31
       activation functions.push back(std::make unique < LeakyReLU > (0.01));
32
33
     activation functions.push back(std::make unique < Softmax > ());
34
35
     auto layers sizes = std::vector < std::size t > \{\};
36
     layers sizes.reserve(hidden layers + 2);
37
     layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetInputLayerSize());
      const auto neurons_per_hidden_layer = kit.get_neurons_per_hidden_layer();
39
     for (std::size_t i = 0; i < hidden_layers; ++i) {
40
       layers sizes.push back(neurons per hidden layer);
41
42
     layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetOutputLayerSize());
43
44
     auto perceptron = Perceptron(std::move(cost function),
45
                            std::move(activation_functions), layers sizes);
46
      const auto cfg = SgdConfiguration{
47
         .epochs = kit.get\_epochs(),
48
         .mini batch size = kit.get mini batch size(),
         .learning rate = kit.get learning rate(),
50
         .monitor train cost = true,
51
         .monitor train accuracy = true,
52
```

```
.monitor\_test\_cost = true,
53
        .monitor test accuracy = true,
54
     };
55
56
     const auto train data = data supplier ->GetTrainData();
57
     const auto test_data = data_supplier_->GetTestData();
58
59
     auto metrics = perceptron.Sgd(train data, test data, cfg);
60
     return CostToFitness(metrics.test cost.back());
61
62
    double SgdNagFitness::Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const {
64
     constexpr double kGamma = 0.9;
65
66
     const auto kit = static cast<const SgdHyperparametersKit&>(chromosome);
67
68
     auto cost function = std::make unique < CrossEntropy > ();
69
70
     auto activation functions =
71
        std::vector<std::unique ptr<IActivationFunction>>{};
72
     const auto hidden layers = kit.get hidden layers();
73
     activation functions.reserve(hidden layers + 1);
74
     for (std::size t i = 0; i < hidden layers; ++i) {
75
       activation functions.push back(std::make unique < LeakyReLU > (0.01));
76
77
     activation functions.push back(std::make unique < Softmax > ());
79
     auto layers sizes = std::vector < std::size t > \{\};
     layers sizes.reserve(hidden layers + 2);
81
     layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetInputLayerSize());
82
     const auto neurons per hidden layer = kit.get neurons per hidden layer();
83
     for (std::size t i = 0; i < hidden layers; ++i) {
84
       layers sizes.push back(neurons per hidden layer);
85
86
     layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetOutputLayerSize());
87
88
     auto perceptron = Perceptron(std::move(cost function),
                           std::move(activation functions), layers sizes);
90
     const auto cfg = SgdConfiguration{}
91
        .epochs = kit.get_epochs(),
92
```

```
.mini batch size = kit.get mini batch size(),
93
         .learning rate = kit.get learning rate(),
94
         .monitor train cost = true,
95
         .monitor train accuracy = true,
         .monitor test cost = true,
97
         .monitor\_test\_accuracy = true,
98
      };
99
100
      const auto train data = data supplier ->GetTrainData();
101
      const auto test data = data supplier ->GetTestData();
102
103
      auto metrics = perceptron.SgdNag(train data, test data, cfg, kGamma);
104
      return CostToFitness(metrics.test cost.back());
105
106
107
    double SgdAdagradFitness::Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const {
108
      constexpr double kEpsilon = 1e-8;
109
110
      const auto kit = static cast<const SgdHyperparametersKit&>(chromosome);
111
112
      auto cost_function = std::make_unique < CrossEntropy > ();
113
114
      auto activation functions =
115
         std::vector<std::unique ptr<IActivationFunction>>{};
116
      const auto hidden layers = kit.get hidden layers();
117
      activation functions.reserve(hidden layers + 1);
      for (std::size\_t i = 0; i < hidden\_layers; ++i) 
119
       activation functions.push back(std::make unique < LeakyReLU > (0.01));
120
121
      activation functions.push back(std::make unique < Softmax > ());
122
123
      auto layers sizes = std::vector < std::size t > \{\};
124
      layers sizes.reserve(hidden layers + 2);
125
      layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetInputLayerSize());
126
      const auto neurons per hidden layer = kit.get neurons per hidden layer();
127
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < hidden layers; ++i) {
128
       layers sizes.push back(neurons per hidden layer);
129
130
      layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetOutputLayerSize());
131
132
```

```
auto perceptron = Perceptron(std::move(cost function),
133
                            std::move(activation functions), layers sizes);
134
      const auto cfg = SgdConfiguration{}
135
         .epochs = kit.get epochs(),
         .mini batch size = kit.get mini batch size(),
137
         .learning_rate = kit.get_learning_rate(),
138
         .monitor train cost = true,
139
         .monitor\_train\_accuracy = true,
140
         .monitor test cost = true,
141
         .monitor\_test\_accuracy = true,
142
      };
143
144
      const auto train data = data supplier ->GetTrainData();
      const auto test data = data supplier ->GetTestData();
146
147
      auto metrics = perceptron.SgdAdagrad(train data, test data, cfg, kEpsilon);
148
      return CostToFitness(metrics.test cost.back());
149
150
151
    double SgdAdamFitness::Assess(const IChromosome& chromosome) const {
152
      constexpr double kEpsilon = 1e-8;
153
      constexpr double kBeta1 = 0.9;
154
      constexpr double kBeta2 = 0.999;
155
156
      const auto kit = static cast<const SgdHyperparametersKit&>(chromosome);
157
      auto cost function = std::make unique < CrossEntropy > ();
159
160
      auto activation functions =
161
         std::vector<std::unique ptr<IActivationFunction>>{};
162
      const auto hidden layers = kit.get hidden layers();
163
      activation functions.reserve(hidden layers + 1);
164
      for (std::size_t i = 0; i < hidden_layers; ++i) {
165
        activation functions.push back(std::make unique < LeakyReLU > (0.01));
166
167
      activation_functions.push_back(std::make_unique<Softmax>());
168
169
      auto layers sizes = std::vector < std::size t > \{\};
170
      layers sizes.reserve(hidden layers + 2);
171
      layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetInputLayerSize());
172
```

```
const auto neurons_per_hidden_layer = kit.get_neurons_per_hidden_layer();
173
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < hidden layers; ++i) {
174
       layers sizes.push back(neurons per hidden layer);
175
      }
176
      layers sizes.push back(data supplier ->GetOutputLayerSize());
177
178
      auto\ perceptron = Perceptron(std::move(cost\ function),
179
                            std::move(activation functions), layers sizes);
180
      const auto cfg = SgdConfiguration{}
181
         .epochs = kit.get epochs(),
182
         .mini batch size = kit.get mini batch size(),
183
         .learning rate = kit.get learning rate(),
184
         .monitor train cost = true,
185
         .monitor train accuracy = true,
186
         .monitor\_test\_cost = true,
         .monitor test accuracy = true,
188
      };
189
190
      const auto train data = data supplier ->GetTrainData();
191
      const auto test data = data supplier ->GetTestData();
192
193
      auto metrics =
194
         perceptron.SgdAdam(train_data, test_data, cfg, kBeta1, kBeta2, kEpsilon);
195
      return CostToFitness(metrics.test cost.back());
196
197
       // namespace nn
199
```

Листинг 11: Файл genetic_algorithm.h

```
#pragma once

pragma once

#include <memory>
#include <random>
#include <vector>

#include "chromosome.h"

#include "fitness_function.h"

namespace nn {
```

```
11
    class Segment final {
12
      double left, right;
13
14
     public:
15
      Segment(const double left, const double right);
16
17
      double get left() const;
18
      double get right() const;
19
    };
20
21
    class GeneticAlgorithm final {
22
     public:
23
      // TODO: Validate the configuration
24
     struct Configuration final {
25
       std::size t populations number;
26
       std::size_t population_size;
27
       double crossover_proportion;
28
       double mutation proportion;
29
      };
30
31
     private:
32
     std::mt19937 engine {std::random device{}()};
33
      std::unique ptr<IFitnessFunction> fitness function ;
35
      ChromosomeSubclass chromosome subclass;
      std::vector < std::uniform\_real\_distribution < \frac{double}{>>} genes\_distributions\_;
37
      std::vector<std::shared ptr<IChromosome>> population ;
      Configuration cfg;
39
      std::size_t genes_number_;
40
41
     public:
42
      GeneticAlgorithm(std::unique_ptr<IFitnessFunction>&& fitness_function,
43
                   const ChromosomeSubclass subclass,
44
                   const std::vector<Segment>& segments,
45
                   const Configuration& cfg);
46
      std::shared ptr<IChromosome> Run();
48
     private:
50
```

```
std::vector<std::shared_ptr<IChromosome>> RouletteWheelSelection();
void Crossover(std::vector<std::shared_ptr<IChromosome>>& population);
void Mutate(std::vector<std::shared_ptr<IChromosome>>& population);

std::vector<double> CalculateFitnessValue() const;

std::vector<double> CalculateFitnessValue() const;

};

// namespace nn
```

Листинг 12: Файл genetic_algorithm.cc

```
#include "genetic algorithm.h"
1
2
    #include <spdlog/spdlog.h>
3
    #include <algorithm>
    #include <cassert>
6
    #include <cmath>
    #include <map>
8
    #include <numeric>
9
    #include <random>
10
    #include <stdexcept>
11
12
    #include "chromosome.h"
13
14
    namespace nn {
15
16
    Segment::Segment(const double left, const double right)
17
       : left (left), right (right) {
18
     if (left_ > right_) {
19
       throw std::runtime_error(
20
          "The left border must be less or equal than the right one");
21
22
    }
23
24
    double Segment::get left() const { return left ; }
25
    double Segment::get_right() const { return right_; }
26
27
    GeneticAlgorithm::GeneticAlgorithm(
28
       std::unique ptr<IFitnessFunction>&& fitness function,
29
```

```
const ChromosomeSubclass subclass, const std::vector<Segment>& segments,
30
       const GeneticAlgorithm::Configuration& cfg)
31
       : fitness function (std::move(fitness function)),
32
        chromosome subclass (subclass),
        cfg (cfg),
34
        genes_number_(segments.size()) {
35
     genes distributions .reserve(genes number );
36
     for (auto&& segment : segments) {
37
       genes distributions .push back(std::uniform real distribution<>(
          segment.get left(), segment.get right()));
39
      }
41
     population .reserve(cfg.population size);
42
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < cfg.population size; ++i) {
43
       auto genes = std::vector < double > \{\};
44
       genes.reserve(genes number);
45
       for (auto&& distribution : genes distributions ) {
46
        genes.push back(distribution(engine ));
47
48
       population .push back(
49
          IChromosome::Create(std::move(genes), chromosome subclass ));
50
     }
51
    }
52
53
    std::shared ptr<IChromosome> GeneticAlgorithm::Run() {
54
     for (std::size t i = 0; i < cfg .populations number; ++i) {
       spdlog::info("Population {}/{}:", i, cfg_.populations_number);
56
       for (std::size t j = 0; j < cfg .population size; ++j) {
57
        spdlog::info("Chromosome {}/{}:\n{}", j + 1, cfg .population size,
58
                  population [j]->ToString());
59
       }
60
61
       auto new population = RouletteWheelSelection();
62
       Crossover(new population);
63
       std::shuffle(new population.begin(), new population.end(), engine );
64
       Mutate(new_population);
65
       std::shuffle(new population.begin(), new population.end(), engine );
66
67
       population = std::move(new population);
68
69
```

```
70
      spdlog::info("Population {}/{}:", cfg .populations number,
71
                cfg .populations number);
72
      for (std::size\_t j = 0; j < cfg\_.population\_size; ++j) {
73
       spdlog::info("Chromosome {}/{}:\n{}", j + 1, cfg_.population_size,
74
                 population_[j]->ToString());
75
      }
76
77
      const auto fitness values = CalculateFitnessValue();
78
      const auto fittest chromosome index = std::distance(
79
         fitness values.cbegin(),
         std::max element(fitness values.cbegin(), fitness values.cend()));
81
82
      spdlog::info("Chromosome {} (the fittest one):\n{}",
83
                fittest chromosome index +1,
84
                population [fittest chromosome index]->ToString());
85
      return population [fittest chromosome index];
86
87
88
    std::vector<std::shared ptr<IChromosome>>
89
    GeneticAlgorithm::RouletteWheelSelection() {
90
      auto fitness values = CalculateFitnessValue();
91
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < cfg .population size; ++i) {
92
       if (!std::isfinite(fitness values[i])) {
93
         fitness values[i] = 0;
94
      }
96
      auto partial sum = std::vector<double>(cfg .population size);
98
      std::partial sum(fitness values.cbegin(), fitness values.cend(),
                   partial sum.begin());
100
101
      auto partial sum to chromosome =
102
         std::map<double, std::shared ptr<IChromosome>>{};
103
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < cfg .population size; ++i) {
104
       partial_sum_to_chromosome.insert({partial_sum[i], population_[i]});
105
      }
106
107
      auto selected chromosomes = std::vector<std::shared ptr<IChromosome>>{};
108
      selected chromosomes.reserve(cfg .population size);
109
```

```
auto distribution =
110
         std::uniform real distribution < double > {0, partial sum.back()};
111
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < cfg .population size; ++i) {
112
       const auto value = distribution(engine );
113
       const auto it = partial sum to chromosome.upper bound(value);
114
       assert(it != partial_sum_to_chromosome.end());
115
       selected chromosomes.push back(it->second);
116
117
118
      return selected chromosomes;
119
    }
120
121
    void GeneticAlgorithm::Crossover(
122
       std::vector<std::shared ptr<IChromosome>>& population) {
123
      static const auto parents number = static cast<std::size t>(
124
         cfg_.crossover_proportion * cfg .population size);
125
      static auto distribution = std::uniform real distribution <> \{0.0, 1.0\};
126
      for (std::size t i = 0; i + 1 < parents number; i += 2) {
127
       const auto alpha = distribution(engine );
128
129
       const auto& parent1 genes = population[i]->get genes();
130
       const auto & parent2 genes = population[i + 1]->get genes();
131
132
       auto offspring1 genes = std::vector < double > \{\};
133
       offspring1 genes.reserve(genes number );
134
       for (std::size t = 0; j < genes number ; ++j) {
         offspring1_genes.push_back(alpha * parent1_genes[j] +
136
                              (1 - alpha) * parent2 genes[j]);
137
       }
138
139
       auto offspring2 genes = std::vector < double > \{\};
140
       offspring2 genes.reserve(genes number );
141
       for (std::size\_t j = 0; j < genes\_number\_; ++j) {
142
         offspring2 genes.push back((1 - alpha) * parent1 genes[j] +
143
                              alpha * parent2 genes[j]);
144
       }
145
146
       population[i] =
147
           IChromosome::Create(std::move(offspring1 genes), chromosome subclass );
148
       population[i + 1] =
149
```

```
IChromosome::Create(std::move(offspring2_genes), chromosome_subclass_);
150
      }
151
    }
152
153
    void GeneticAlgorithm::Mutate(
154
       std::vector<std::shared_ptr<IChromosome>>& population) {
155
      static const auto mutants number =
156
         static cast<std::size t>(cfg .mutation proportion * cfg .population size);
157
      static auto distribution =
158
         std::uniform_int_distribution<>{0, static_cast<int>(genes_number_) - 1};
159
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < mutants number; ++i) {
160
       const auto mutated gene index = distribution(engine);
161
162
       auto genes = population[i]->get genes();
163
       genes[mutated gene index] =
164
          genes distributions [mutated gene index](engine);
165
       population[i] = IChromosome::Create(std::move(genes), chromosome subclass);
166
167
    }
168
169
    std::vector<double> GeneticAlgorithm::CalculateFitnessValue() const {
170
      auto fitness values = std::vector<double>{};
171
      fitness values.reserve(cfg .population size);
172
      for (std::size t i = 0; i < cfg .population size; ++i) {
173
       fitness values.push back(fitness function -> Assess(*population [i]));
174
       spdlog::info("Chromosome {}/{}) fittness value: {}", i + 1,
                 cfg_.population_size, fitness_values.back());
176
177
      return fitness values;
178
179
180
       // namespace nn
181
```

Листинг 13: Файл main.cc

```
#include <matplot/matplot.h>
#include <spdlog/common.h>
#include <spdlog/spdlog.h>

#include <memory>
```

```
6
    #include "chromosome.h"
7
    #include "data supplier.h"
8
    #include "fitness function.h"
    #include "genetic algorithm.h"
10
11
    namespace {
12
13
    const std::string kDefaultTestPath = "../../datasets/MNIST CSV/test.csv";
14
    const std::string kDefaultTrainPath = "../../datasets/MNIST CSV/train.csv";
15
16
    void RunGeneticAlgorithmSgd() {
17
18
      * Train cost: 0.0964943;
19
      * Train accuracy: 48532/50000;
20
      * Test cost: 0.14492;
21
      * Test accuracy: 9580/10000;
22
23
      * Learning rate: 0.0959074;
24
      * Epochs: 100;
25
      * Mini-batch size: 100;
26
      * Hidden layers: 1:
      * Neurons per hidden laver: 28
28
30
     auto data supplier = std::make unique < nn::DataSupplier > (
31
         kDefaultTrainPath, kDefaultTestPath, 0.0, 1.0);
32
     auto fitness function =
33
         std::make unique<nn::SgdFitness>(std::move(data supplier));
34
     const auto segments = std::vector<nn::Segment>{
35
         {0.001, 1}, // kLearningRate
36
         \{100, 100\}, // \text{ kEpochs}
37
         {100, 100}, // kMiniBatchSize
38
                // kHiddenLayer
         \{0, 4\},\
39
         {10, 40}, // kNeuronsPerHiddenLayer
40
41
     const auto cfg = nn::GeneticAlgorithm::Configuration{
         .populations number = 10,
43
         .population\_size = 60,
44
         .crossover proportion = 0.4,
45
```

```
.mutation proportion = 0.15,
46
     };
47
     auto genetic algorithm = nn::GeneticAlgorithm(
48
         std::move(fitness function),
49
         nn::ChromosomeSubclass::kSgdHyperparametersKit, segments, cfg);
50
     genetic algorithm.Run();
51
    }
52
53
    void RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdNag() {
55
      * Train cost: 0.0957484;
      * Train accuracy: 48562/50000;
57
      * Test cost: 0.146654;
      * Test accuracy: 9565/10000;
59
60
      * Learning rate: 0.0100863;
61
      * Epochs: 100;
62
      * Mini-batch size: 100;
63
      * Hidden layers: 1;
      * Neurons per hidden layer: 28
65
66
67
     auto data supplier = std::make unique < nn::DataSupplier > (
68
         kDefaultTrainPath, kDefaultTestPath, 0.0, 1.0);
69
     auto fitness function =
70
         std::make unique<nn::SgdNagFitness>(std::move(data supplier));
71
      const auto segments = std::vector<nn::Segment>{
72
         {0.001, 1}, // kLearningRate
73
         \{100, 100\}, // \text{ kEpochs}
74
         {100, 100}, // kMiniBatchSize
75
         \{0, 4\}, // kHiddenLayer
76
         {10, 40}, // kNeuronsPerHiddenLayer
77
78
     const auto cfg = nn::GeneticAlgorithm::Configuration{
79
         .populations number = 10,
80
         .population size = 60,
81
         .crossover proportion = 0.4,
         .mutation proportion = 0.15,
83
84
      auto genetic_algorithm = nn::GeneticAlgorithm(
85
```

```
std::move(fitness function),
86
         nn::ChromosomeSubclass::kSgdHyperparametersKit, segments, cfg);
87
      genetic algorithm.Run();
88
    }
90
    void RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdAdagrad() {
91
92
       * Train cost: 0.181089;
93
       * Train accuracy: 47361/50000;
       * Test cost: 0.214604;
95
       * Test accuracy: 9395/10000;
97
       * Learning rate: 0.936544;
       * Epochs: 100;
       * Mini-batch size: 100;
100
       * Hidden layers: 1:
101
       * Neurons per hidden laver: 36
102
103
104
      auto data supplier = std::make unique<nn::DataSupplier>(
105
         kDefaultTrainPath, kDefaultTestPath, 0.0, 1.0);
106
      auto fitness function =
107
         std::make unique<nn::SgdAdagradFitness>(std::move(data supplier));
108
      const auto segments = std::vector<nn::Segment>{
109
         {0.001, 1}, // kLearningRate
110
         \{100, 100\}, // \text{ kEpochs}
         {100, 100}, // kMiniBatchSize
112
         \{0, 4\},\
                 // kHiddenLayer
113
         \{10, 40\},\
                   // kNeuronsPerHiddenLayer
114
      };
115
      const auto cfg = nn::GeneticAlgorithm::Configuration{
116
         populations number = 10,
117
         population size = 60,
118
         .crossover proportion = 0.4,
119
         .mutation proportion = 0.15,
120
      };
121
      auto genetic algorithm = nn::GeneticAlgorithm(
122
         std::move(fitness function),
123
         nn::ChromosomeSubclass::kSgdHyperparametersKit, segments, cfg);
124
      genetic algorithm.Run();
125
```

```
}
126
127
    void RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdAdam() {
128
129
       * Train cost: 0.0886979:
130
       * Train accuracy: 48692/50000;
131
       * Test cost: 0.143935;
132
       * Test accuracy: 9620/10000;
133
134
       * Learning rate: 0.0462101;
135
       * Epochs: 100;
       * Mini-batch size: 100;
137
       * Hidden layers: 3;
       * Neurons per hidden laver: 35
139
140
141
      auto data supplier = std::make unique < nn::DataSupplier > (
142
         kDefaultTrainPath, kDefaultTestPath, 0.0, 1.0);
143
      auto fitness function =
144
         std::make unique<nn::SgdAdamFitness>(std::move(data supplier));
145
      const auto segments = std::vector<nn::Segment>{
146
         {0.001, 1}, // kLearningRate
147
         {100, 100}, // kEpochs
148
         {100, 100}, // kMiniBatchSize
149
         \{0, 4\}, // kHiddenLayer
150
         {10, 40}, // kNeuronsPerHiddenLayer
      };
152
      const auto cfg = nn::GeneticAlgorithm::Configuration{
153
         .populations number = 10,
154
         .population size = 60,
155
         .crossover proportion = 0.4,
156
         .mutation proportion = 0.15,
157
158
      auto genetic algorithm = nn::GeneticAlgorithm(
159
         std::move(fitness function),
160
         nn::ChromosomeSubclass::kSgdHyperparametersKit, segments, cfg);
161
      genetic algorithm.Run();
162
163
164
       // namespace
```

```
int main() {

RunGeneticAlgorithmSgd();

RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdNag();

RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdAdagrad();

RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdAdagrad();

RunGeneticAlgorithmSgdAdam();

}
```

3 Результаты сравнения

Оптимальные гиперпараметры для обучения многослойного персептрона с различными оптимизаторами определялись с помощью генетического алгоритма. Фиксированными были количество эпох обучения (100) и размер пакета данных (100). Коэффициент обучения определялся в промежутке [0.001, 1], количество скрытых слоёв — от 0 до 4, количество нейронов в скрытых слоях — от 10 до 40. Параметры генетического алгоритма:

- количество популяций: 10;
- размер популяции: 60;
- доля особей, подвергающихся скрещиванию: 40%;
- доля особей, подвергающихся мутации: 15%.

Функции активации скрытых слоёв персептрона — Leaky ReLU, выходного слоя — Softmax. Функция стоимости — перекрёстная энтропия.

3.1 SGD

Для SGD-оптимизатора определены следующие оптимальные гиперпараметры:

- коэффициент обучения: 0.0959074;
- количество скрытых слоёв: 1;

• количество нейронов в скрытых слоях: 28.

Точность работы пересептрона с указанными гиперпараметрами на тренировочных данных составляет 97.06%, на тестовых данных — 95.80%.

3.2 NAG

Для NAG-оптимизатора с коэффициентом $\gamma=0.9$ определены следующие оптимальные гиперпараметры:

- коэффициент обучения: 0.0100863;
- количество скрытых слоёв: 1;
- количество нейронов в скрытых слоях: 28.

Точность работы пересептрона с указанными гиперпараметрами на тренировочных данных составляет 97.12%, на тестовых данных — 95.65%.

3.3 Adagrad

Для Adagrad-оптимизатора с $\varepsilon=10^{-8}$ определены следующие оптимальные гиперпараметры:

- коэффициент обучения: 0.936544;
- количество скрытых слоёв: 1;
- количество нейронов в скрытых слоях: 36.

Точность работы пересептрона с указанными гиперпараметрами на тренировочных данных составляет 94.72%, на тестовых данных — 93.95%.

3.4 Adam

Для Аdam-оптимизатора с $\varepsilon=10^{-8}, \beta_1=0.9, \beta_2=0.999$ определены следующие оптимальные гиперпараметры:

• коэффициент обучения: 0.0462101;

- количество скрытых слоёв: 3;
- количество нейронов в скрытых слоях: 35.

Точность работы пересептрона с указанными гиперпараметрами на тренировочных данных составляет 97.38%, на тестовых данных — 96.20%.

4 Вывод

Наилучший результат в 96.20% точности на тестовых данных был достигнут с оптимизатором Adam, который сочетает в себе идеи оптимизаторов NAG и Adagrad. Благодаря использованию генетического алгоритма удалось автоматически определить оптимальные гиперпараметры для обучения персептрона с различными оптимизаторами.