■Carrierwave + Cocoon 多張圖片上傳

桃園Ruby on Rails讀書會 蘇介吾 104/11/06

■目標

做出一個可以多張圖片上傳功能的部落格,圖片可以增刪修。

■環境

假設你已經有 Ubuntu Desktop 或 Mac 的Ruby on Rails 開發環境,如果沒有可參考: http://afgnsu.logdown.com

■指定Ruby on Rails版本

cd
mkdir projects
cd ~/projects
rvm install 2.2.0
rvm use 2.2.0
rvm gemset create rails420
rvm use 2.2.0@rails420

■建立專案

rails _4.2.0_ new lab2 -d mysql <= 指定用 4.2.0版的Rails,並指定用MySQL資料庫 cd lab2

rvm --create --ruby-version 2.2.0@rails420 <= 會產生.ruby-version和.ruby-gemset

vi Gemfile => 加入

gom 'carriorwayo'

gem 'carrierwave'
gem 'mini_magick'
gem 'cocoon'
gem 'mysql2', '0.3.20' <= 只加入版本號
gem 'pry'
gem 'pry-rails'

bundle => 安裝Gem

vi config/database => 修改 mysql 帳密

rake db:create db:migrate => 新增資料庫 (以本例為 lab2_development 和 lab2_test)

■用Scaffold快速建立 blog 資料表 (註: Scaffold可快速產生MVC相關程式,後面名稱為單數)

rails generate (簡寫g) scaffold Blog title:string content:text sudo apt-get install imagemagick <= 安裝相關圖片壓縮套件 rails g uploader Photo => 產生 app/uploaders/photo_uploader.rb

- ■新增 photo 資料表,並且跟 blog 資料表建立關聯 (會產生 blog_id 欄位)
 rails g model Photo photo_name photo_file photo_file_cache blog:references
- ■在 blog 資料表中新增 counter_cache (自動統計圖片張數)
 rails g migration add_photos_count_to_blogs photos_count:integer
 rake db:migrate <= 將新增的資料庫規則套用到所有資料表中

■資料庫檢查

mysql> desc blogs;

| 4 | | | + | + | + | - |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|-----|--|----------------|
| j | Field | Туре | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
| | id title content created_at updated_at photos_count | int(11) varchar(255) text datetime datetime int(11) | NO YES YES NO NO YES | PRI | NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL | auto_increment |

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc photos;

| Field | | | + | | | | - | + |
|---|---|---|---|--------------------------|-----|------------------------------|----------------|---|
| photo_namevarchar(255)YESNULLphoto_filevarchar(255)YESNULLphoto_file_cachevarchar(255)YESNULLblog_idint(11)YESMULNULLcreated_atdatetimeNONULL | _ | Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra | į |
| updated_at | - | photo_file photo_file_cache blog_id | varchar(255) varchar(255) varchar(255) int(11) | YES YES YES YES | | NULL NULL NULL NULL | auto_increment | |

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

■修改模型(Models) 一對多關係 (一篇部落格文章,裡面可以有多張圖片)

vi app/models/photo.rb => 在中間加入

belongs_to :blog, counter_cache: true #文章內的圖片總數會自動統計 validates :filename, presence: true #欄位必填 ===========

■修改視圖(Views)

```
<%= render 'photo_fields', f: photo %>
      <% end %>
     <div class="links">
      <%= link_to_add_association "新增圖片", f, :photos %>
   </div>
 </div>
_____
新增 vi app/views/blogs/_photo_fields.html.erb
<%= f.label '檔案名稱' %>
   <% unless f.object.new_record? %>

<
   <% end %>
 <% unless f.object.new record? %>
    <%= link_to_remove_association "刪除", f %>
   <% end %>
 ______
vi app/views/blogs/index.html.erb
                        ===========
<%= notice %>
<h1>Listing Blogs</h1>
<thead>
   Title
     Content
     Photo
     圖片張數
     操作
   </thead>
 <% @blogs.each do |blog| %>
     <%= blog.title %>
      <%= truncate(blog.content, length: 30, ommision: '...') %><%= blog.photos.present? ? image_tag</td>
(blog.photos.first.photo_file.thumb.url) : image_tag('/default.jpg', style:
<%= link_to 'Show', blog %>
<%= link_to 'Edit', edit_blog_path(blog) %>
<%= link_to 'Destroy', blog, method: :delete, data: { confirm: 'Are you'</pre>
sure?' } %>
     <% end %>
 <br>
```

```
<%= link_to 'New Blog', new_blog_path %>
vi app/views/blogs/show.html.erb 加入
      <strong>Photos:</strong>
 <% unless @blog.photos.blank? %>
  <l
    <% @blog.photos.each do |p| %>
    <%= p.photo_name %><br>
      <%# image_tag p.photo_file.medium.url %>
<%= link_to(image_tag(p.photo_file.url(:small)), p.photo_file.url) %>
    <% end %>
  <% else %>
  <img src="/default.jpg">
<% end %>
■修改控制器 (Controllers)
vi app/controllers/blogs_controller.rb => Strong Parameter 加入四個Hash
     def blog_params
 params.require(:blog).permit(:title, :content, photos_attributes:
[:id, :photo_name, :photo_file, :photo_file_cache, :_destroy])
______
■修改資源(Assets)
修改 app/assets/javascripts/blogs.coffee 加入
               .================
jQuery ($) ->
$(document).on('page:change', ()->
 onAddFile = (event) ->
   file = event.target.files[0]
   url = URL.createObjectURL(file)
   photo_fileContainer = $(this).parent().siblings('div.photo_file')
    if photo_fileContainer.find('img').length == 0
   photo_fileContainer.append('<img src="' + url + '" />')
    else
     photo_fileContainer.find('img').attr('src', url)
  # for redisplayed file inputs and file inputs in edit page
  $('input[type=file]').each(()->
      $(this).change(onAddFile)
 $('#photos').bind('cocoon:before-insert', (e,task_to_be_added) ->
    console.log(task_to_be_added)
    task_to_be_added.fadeIn('slow')
  )
 $('#photos').bind('cocoon:before-remove', (e, task) ->
    $(this).data('remove-timeout', 1000)
    task.fadeOut('slow')
  )
  # register event handler when new cocoon partial is inserted from
link_to_add_association link
```

```
$('body').on('cocoon:after-insert', (e, addedPartial) ->
    $('input[type=file]', addedPartial).change(onAddFile)
______
vi app/assets/javascripts/application.js
//= require cocoon
//= require blogs
//= require_tree . #在這行之上加入2行
■修改 Carrierwave設定 (圖片存放路徑、亂數檔名、預設圖片、縮圖、允許圖片副檔名)
vi app/uploads/photo_uploaders.rb
                                              # encoding: utf-8
class PhotoUploader < CarrierWave::Uploader::Base</pre>
    #指定圖片壓縮程式
    include CarrierWave::MiniMagick
    #儲存方式
    storage :file
    # storage :fog (存到Amazon S3雲端)
    #圖片存放路徑 (範例: ~/projects/lab2/public/uploads/2015/11/xxx.jpg)
    def store_dir
     "uploads/\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\darktarrow\d
    #將檔名更改為雜湊值 (避免上傳檔名重複,範例: f4445e4a4eca1f46284216dfa954da98.jpg)
    def filename
          if original_filename
              @name ||= Digest::MD5.hexdigest(File.dirname(current_path))
"#{@name}.#{file.extension}"
         end
    end
    #預設圖片 (當找不到圖片時就會用這張,檔案路徑: app/assets/images/default.jpg)
    def default_url
          'default.jpg'
    #產生各種縮圖(大、中、小、縮圖)
    version :large do
         process :resize_to_fit => [800, 800]
     version :medium do
         process :resize_to_fit => [400, 400]
    end
     version :small do
         process :resize_to_fit => [200, 200]
    end
     version :thumb do
         process :resize_to_fit => [60, 60]
    #允許上傳圖片副檔名類型
    def extension_white_list
         %w(jpg jpeg gif png)
    end
end
______
```

改好後記得在 app/assets/images/ 和 public/ 目錄下各新增一張預設圖 default.jpg (最好是方的)

■驗收

rails s 打開瀏覽器 http://localhost:3000 => 測試成功!

■參考資料

https://github.com/nathanvda/cocoon
https://github.com/wstevo4891/rails_cocoon_demo/

■範例下載

https://github.com/afgnsu/cocoon