#### AHSANULLAH UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## **Department: Electrical and Electronic Engineering**

**Program: Bachelor of Science in Computer Science and Engineering** 

Semester Final Examination: Fall 2021 Year: 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester: 1<sup>st</sup>

Course Number: EEE 2141

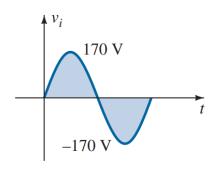
**Course Name: Electronic Devices and Circuits** 

Time: 3 (Three) hours Full Marks: 70

## There are Eight (8) Questions. Answer any Six (6).

# Question 1. [Marks: $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

- a) Explain with proper derivation that, for a decade change in current, the diode voltage drop changes by 2.3nV<sub>T</sub>. [5]
- Sketch the waveform of  $v_0$  for the circuit shown in figure 1(b).



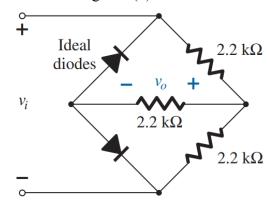


Figure: 1(b)

## Question 2. [Marks: $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

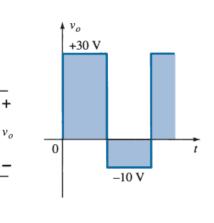
20 V

a) Describe the working principle of a full-wave bridge rectifier, and estimate the [2+3 maximum possible rectification efficiency.

Ideal diodes

Design

b) Find the circuit for the given figure below.





# Question 3. [Marks: $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

-20 V

Use operational amplifier with inputs  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $V_3$ , and  $V_4$  such that  $V_0 = 3V_1 - 5V_2 + 9V_3 - 11V_4$ 

 $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ 

 $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ 

Discuss the working principle of a zero crossing detector using an op-amp and a  $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ triangular input voltage source.

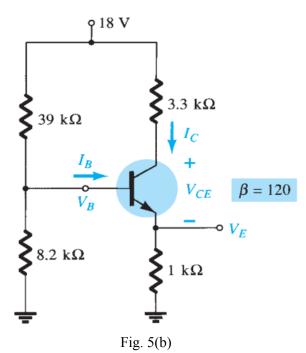
Question 4. [Marks:  $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

- Discuss the steps required for IC fabrication. [5]
- Make a logic circuit with CMOS that gives output based on the following equation. b)  $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ Also, show the timing diagram.

$$Y = ABD + \overline{ACD} + B$$

Question 5. [Marks:  $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

- Describe the output characteristics of a common base configuration of BJT. [5]
- Compute the following parameters from the voltage divider bias circuit in Fig. 5 (b).  $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ b)  $v) V_E$ ii) V<sub>CE</sub> iii) I<sub>B</sub> Repeat the solution using  $\beta = 60$  and comment on the changes.



Question 6. [Marks:  $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

a) Explain the working principle of a depletion type MOSFET with necessary illustrations.

[5] Sketch the approximate hybrid model of the following circuit in Fig. 6 (b) and compute the  $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ b) following parameters:

iii) A<sub>v</sub> iv) A<sub>i</sub> i) Z<sub>i</sub> ii) Z<sub>o</sub>

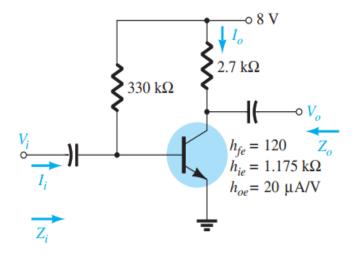


Fig. 6(b)

## Question 7. [Marks: $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

For the summing amplifier circuit in Fig. 7 (a), compute the value of  $v_2$  to make  $v_0=10$  V. [5] Assume the biasing voltage to be  $\pm 20$ V.

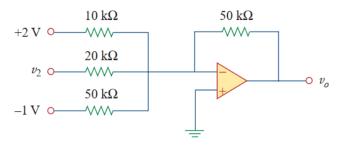


Fig. 7(a)

b) With necessary calculations of different circuit components, illustrate a free running  $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ multivibrator using an operational amplifier that will produce a square wave of frequency 1 kHz and duty ratio, D=60%.

# Question 8. [Marks: $11\frac{2}{3}$ ]

- With necessary calculations of different circuit components, illustrate a first-order active [5] low pass filter with gain of 10 and a corner frequency of 1kHz. Use 0.01 uF capacitor for your design.
- b) Explain the operation of an active Band Pass filter using the cascaded configuration of low  $[6\frac{2}{3}]$ pass and high pass filter. Also, find the corner frequency and passband gain of that filter.