

## תרגיל מס. 8.

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### 1 שאלה 1

א 1.1

$$\begin{aligned}g(x, y) &= \left[ \text{rect}\left(\frac{x}{a/2}\right) \cdot \text{rect}\left(\frac{y}{b/2}\right) \right] * (\delta(x-d, y) \cdot \delta(x+d, y)) \\ \mathcal{F}\left(\text{rect}\left(\frac{x}{a/2}\right) \cdot \text{rect}\left(\frac{y}{b/2}\right) \cdot \right) &= |ab| \text{sinc}(a/2 k_x, b/2 k_y) \\ \mathcal{F}(\delta(x-d, y) + \delta(x+d, y)) &= 2 \cos(k_x d) \\ a(k_x, k_y) &= 2|ab| \cos(k_x d) \text{sinc}\left(\frac{a}{2} k_x, \frac{b}{2} k_y\right)\end{aligned}$$

ב 1.2

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 + m \cos(2\pi f_0 x))\right) &= \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{4} e^{i2\pi f_0 x} + \frac{m}{4} e^{-i2\pi f_0 x}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \delta(k_x, k_y) + \frac{m}{4} \delta(k_x - 2\pi f_0) + \frac{m}{4} \delta(k_x + 2\pi f_0) \\ \mathcal{F}\left(\text{rect}\left(\frac{x}{l}\right) \text{rect}\left(\frac{y}{l}\right)\right) &= 4l^2 \text{sinc}(lk_x) \text{sinc}(lk_y) \\ \mathcal{F}(g(x, y)) &= (4l^2 \text{sinc}(lk_x) \text{sinc}(lk_y)) * \left(\frac{1}{2} \delta(k_x, k_y) + \frac{m}{4} \delta(k_x - 2\pi f_0) + \frac{m}{4} \delta(k_x + 2\pi f_0)\right) \\ &= 2l^2 \text{sinc}(lk_y) \left[ \text{sinc}(lk_x) + \frac{m}{2} \text{sinc}(l(k_x - 2\pi f_0)) + \frac{m}{2} \text{sinc}(l(k_x + 2\pi f_0)) \right]\end{aligned}$$

### 2 שאלה 2

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{S} &= \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \\ I &= \frac{n\varepsilon_0 c}{2} |E|^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\vec{E} &= E_0 \cos(\omega t - \vec{k}\vec{r}) \\
\vec{B} &= B_0 \cos(\omega t - \vec{k}\vec{r}) (-\cos\theta\hat{x} + \sin\theta\hat{z}) \\
|B_0| &= \frac{n}{c}E_0 \\
S &= \frac{1}{\mu_0} \frac{n}{c} E_0^2 \cos^2(\omega t - \vec{k}\vec{r}) \\
\langle |S| \rangle &= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T \frac{1}{\mu_0} E_0^2 \frac{n}{c} \cos^2(\omega t - \vec{k}\vec{r}) dt \\
&= \frac{1}{\mu_0} \frac{n}{c} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{nE_0^2}{2\mu_0 c} \\
c^2 &= \frac{1}{\mu_0 \varepsilon_0} \\
\langle S \rangle &= \frac{nE_0^2}{2c} \varepsilon_0 c^2 = \frac{1}{2} cn \varepsilon_0 |E_0|^2 \\
I &= \langle S \rangle
\end{aligned}$$