

# תרגיל מס. 1

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## 1 שאלה 1

$$O_\alpha \circ X(t) = X(\alpha t)$$

## 1.1 ליניאריות

$$\begin{aligned} O_\alpha \circ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)(t) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 (O_\alpha \circ x_1)(t) + \alpha_2 (O_\alpha \circ x_2)(t) \\ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)(\alpha t) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 x_1(\alpha t) + \alpha_2 x_2(\alpha t) \\ \alpha_1 x_1(\alpha t) + \alpha_2 x_2(\alpha t) &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} \alpha_1 x_1(\alpha t) + \alpha_2 x_2(\alpha t) \end{aligned}$$

## 1.2 אינוריציה בזמן

$$\begin{aligned} (O_\alpha \circ Sh_\tau \circ f)(t) &\stackrel{?}{=} (Sh_\tau \circ O_\alpha \circ f)(t) \\ \tau &= 2 \\ \alpha &= -2 \\ f(t) &= \begin{cases} 1 & 0.5 < t < 1.5 \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases} \\ (O_\alpha \circ Sh_\tau \circ f)(t) &= \begin{cases} 1 & -3 < t < -1 \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases} \\ (Sh_\tau \circ O_\alpha \circ f)(t) &= \begin{cases} 1 & -1 < t < 1 \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases} \\ (O_\alpha \circ Sh_\tau \circ f)(t) &\neq (Sh_\tau \circ O_\alpha \circ f)(t) \end{aligned}$$

## שאלה 2

$$Sh_\tau \circ x(t) = x(t - \tau) \quad 2.1$$

ליניאריות: 2.1.1

$$\begin{aligned} Sh_\tau \circ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)(t) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 \cdot Sh_\tau \circ x_1(t) + \alpha_2 \cdot Sh_\tau \circ x_2(t) \\ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)(t - \tau) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 \cdot x_1(t - \tau) + \alpha_2 \cdot x_2(t - \tau) \\ \alpha_1 x_1(t - \tau) + \alpha_2 x_2(t - \tau) &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} \alpha_1 \cdot x_1(t - \tau) + \alpha_2 \cdot x_2(t - \tau) \end{aligned}$$

אינווריציה בזמן 2.1.2

$$\begin{aligned} Sh_\alpha \circ Sh_\tau \circ x(t) &\stackrel{?}{=} Sh_\tau \circ Sh_\alpha \circ x(t) \\ x(t - \tau - \alpha) &\stackrel{?}{=} x(t - \alpha - \tau) \\ x(t - \tau - \alpha) &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} x(t - \tau - \alpha) \end{aligned}$$

$$O \circ x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau \quad 2.2$$

ליניאריות 2.2.1

$$\begin{aligned} O \circ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_2 O \circ x_1 + \alpha_2 O \circ x_2 \\ \int_{-\infty}^t (\alpha_1 x_1(\tau) + \alpha_2 x_2(\tau)) d\tau &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_1 d\tau + \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_2(\tau) d\tau \\ \int_{-\infty}^t \alpha_1 x_1(\tau) d\tau + \int_{-\infty}^t \alpha_2 x_2(\tau) d\tau &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_1 d\tau + \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_2(\tau) d\tau \\ \alpha_1 \int_{-\infty}^t x_1(\tau) d\tau + \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_2(\tau) d\tau &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_1 d\tau + \alpha_2 \int_{-\infty}^t x_2(\tau) d\tau \end{aligned}$$

אינווריציה בזמן 2.2.2

$$\begin{aligned} O \circ Sh_\lambda \circ x &\stackrel{?}{=} Sh_\lambda \circ O \circ x \\ O \circ x(\tau - \lambda) &\stackrel{?}{=} Sh_\lambda \circ \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau \\ \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau - \lambda) \cdot 1 d\tau &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau - \lambda) d\tau \end{aligned}$$

$$O \circ x(t) = \begin{cases} \int_0^t x(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \quad 2.3$$

ליניאריות 2.3.1

$$\begin{aligned} O \circ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 O \circ x_1 + \alpha_2 O \circ x_2 \\ \begin{cases} \int_0^t (\alpha_1 x_1(\tau) + \alpha_2 x_2(\tau)) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 \cdot \begin{cases} \int_0^t x_1(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} + \alpha_2 \cdot \begin{cases} \int_0^t x_2(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \\ \begin{cases} \int_0^t \alpha_1 x_1(\tau) d\tau + \int_0^t \alpha_2 x_2(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} &\stackrel{?}{=} \begin{cases} \alpha_1 \cdot \int_0^t x_1(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} + \begin{cases} \alpha_2 \cdot \int_0^t x_2(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \\ \begin{cases} \alpha_1 \int_0^t x_1(\tau) d\tau + \alpha_2 \int_0^t x_2(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} \begin{cases} \alpha_1 \cdot \int_0^t x_1(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} + \begin{cases} \alpha_2 \cdot \int_0^t x_2(\tau) d\tau & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

אינווריאנט 2.3.2

דוגמה נגדית:  $x = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} O \circ Sh_\tau \circ x &= \begin{cases} t & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \\ Sh_\tau \circ O \circ x &= \begin{cases} t - \tau & t - \tau \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$O \circ x(t) = x(t^2) \quad 2.4$$

ליניאריות 2.4.1

$$\begin{aligned} O \circ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)(t) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 O \circ x_1(t) + \alpha_2 O \circ x_2(t) \\ (\alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2)(t^2) &\stackrel{?}{=} \alpha_1 x_1(t^2) + \alpha_2 x_2(t^2) \\ \alpha_1 x_1(t^2) + \alpha_2 x_2(t^2) &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} \alpha_1 x_1(t^2) + \alpha_2 x_2(t^2) \end{aligned}$$

אינווריאנט זמן 2.4.2

$$x(t) = t$$

$$\begin{aligned} Sh_\tau \circ O \circ x(t) &= Sh_\tau \circ x(t^2) \\ &= x(t^2 - \tau) \\ O \circ Sh_\tau \circ x(t) &= O \circ x(t - \tau) \\ &= x((t - \tau)^2) \\ &= x(t^2 - 2\tau t + \tau^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$O \circ x = x \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} \quad 2.5$$

ליניאריות 2.5.1

$$x_1 = t^2, x_2 = \cos(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} O \circ (x_1 + x_2) &\stackrel{?}{=} O \circ x_1 + O \circ x_2 \\ (x_1 + x_2) \frac{\partial (x_1 + x_2)}{\partial t} &\stackrel{?}{=} x_1 \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial t} + x_2 \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial t} \\ (t^2 + \cos(t)) \cdot (2t - \sin(t)) &\stackrel{?}{=} t^2 \cdot 2t + \cos(t) \cdot (-\sin(t)) \\ 2t^3 - t^2 \sin(t) + 2t \cos(t) - \cos(t) \sin(t) &\stackrel{X}{=} 2t^3 - \sin(t) \cos(t) \end{aligned}$$

אינווריציה בזמן 2.5.2

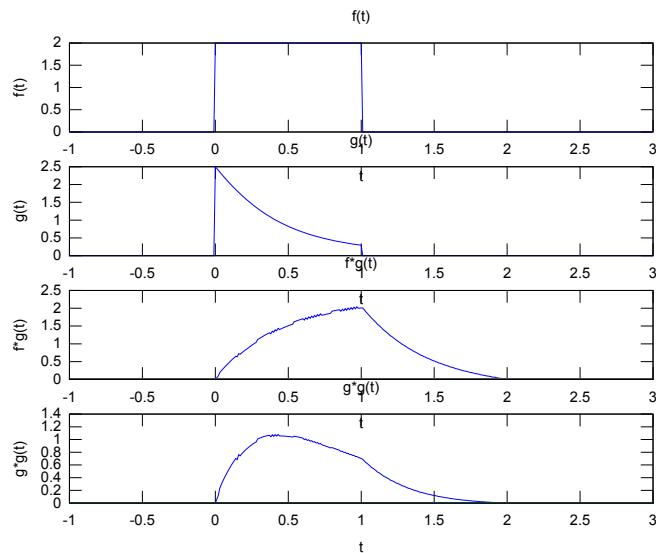
$$\begin{aligned} O \circ Sh_\tau \circ x(t) &\stackrel{?}{=} Sh_\tau \circ O \circ x \\ O \circ x(t - \tau) &\stackrel{?}{=} Sh_\tau \circ x(t) \cdot \frac{\partial x(t)}{\partial t} \\ x(t - \tau) \frac{\partial x(t - \tau)}{\partial t} &\stackrel{\checkmark}{=} x(t - \tau) \cdot \frac{\partial x(t - \tau)}{\partial t} \end{aligned}$$

### שאלה 3 3

$$\begin{aligned} f * g &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\tau) g(t - \tau) d\tau \\ &\stackrel{\underbrace{\tau=t-\alpha}}{=} \int_{\infty}^{-\infty} f(t - \alpha) g(\alpha) (-d\alpha) \\ &= - \int_{\infty}^{-\infty} f(t - \alpha) g(\alpha) d\alpha \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t - \alpha) g(\alpha) d\alpha \\ &= g * f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f * f &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{\tau^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(t-\tau)^2}{2}} d\tau \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{\tau^2}{2} - \frac{(t-\tau)^2}{2}} d\tau \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{4}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\tau^2 + t\tau} d\tau \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\tau^2 + t\tau} d\tau \\
 &= \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} e^{\frac{t^2}{4}}}_{\frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2}} = \tau - t/2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-(\tau - \frac{t}{2})^2} d\tau \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{4}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{\alpha^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} d\alpha \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 1 \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2 \cdot (\sqrt{2})^2}} \\
 \mu &= 0 \\
 \sigma^2 &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

```
#!/bin/usr/env octave
DELTA=0.01;
t=-1:DELTA:3;
f = inline('2*(t>0 & t<=1)');
g = inline('5 ./ ( (t+1).^4 + 1 ) .* (t>0 & t<=1)');
t=-1:DELTA:3;
fg=zeros(length(t));
for i=1:length(t)
fg(i)=sum(f(t).*g(t(i)-t).*DELTA );
end
gg=zeros(length(t));
for i=1:length(t)
gg(i)=sum(g(t).*g(t(i)-t).*DELTA );
end
subplot(4,1,1); plot(t,f(t)); title('f(t)'); xlabel('t'); ylabel('f(t)');
subplot(4,1,2); plot(t,g(t)); title('g(t)'); xlabel('t'); ylabel('g(t)');
subplot(4,1,3); plot(t,fg ); title('f*g(t)'); xlabel('t'); ylabel('f*g(t)');
subplot(4,1,4); plot(t,gg ); title('g*g(t)'); xlabel('t'); ylabel('g*g(t)');
print -dsvg hw1.svg
```



איור 1: תוצאת הרצת התוכנית