

תרגיל מס. 2.

עפ"י חלומה 302323001

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1 שאלה 1

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\cos(x)}{\sqrt{2}} & a < x < b \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

נתון:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx &= 1 \\ P\left(x > \frac{\pi}{6}\right) &= \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_a^b \cos(x) dx &= 1 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sin(b) - \sin(a)) &= 1 \\ \sin(b) - \sin(a) &= \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
P\left(x > \frac{\pi}{6}\right) &= \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4} \\
1 - P\left(x < \frac{\pi}{6}\right) &= \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4} \\
1 - \int_a^{\pi/6} f(x) dx &= \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4} \\
\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - \sin(a) \right) &= 1 - \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{4} \\
\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - \sin(a) &= \frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{4} \sqrt{2} \\
-\sin(a) &= \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 2}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \\
\sin(a) &= -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\
a &= \arcsin\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = -\frac{\pi}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\sin(b) - -\frac{\pi}{4} &= \sqrt{2} \\
\sin(b) &= \sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \\
b &= \arcsin\left(\sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

□ 1.1

$$\begin{aligned}
E[x] &= \int_a^b x f(x) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\arcsin(\sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4})} x \cos(x) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [(x \sin(x) + \cos(x))]_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\arcsin(\sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4})} \\
&= -0.0405 \\
E[x^2] &= \int_a^b x^2 f(x) dx \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\arcsin(\sqrt{2} - \frac{\pi}{4})} x^2 \cos(x) dx \\
&= 0.1579 \\
\text{var } x &= E[x^2] - E^2[x] \\
&= 0.156
\end{aligned}$$

שאלה 2

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax + bx^2 & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$E[x] = 0.6 \quad \text{נתון}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx &= 1 \\ \left[\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^3}{3} \right]_0^1 &= 1 \\ \frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{3} &= 1 \\ a &= 2 - \frac{2b}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xf(x) dx &= 0.6 \\ \int_0^1 ax^2 + bx^3 dx &= 0.6 \\ \left[\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^4}{4} \right]_0^1 &= 0.6 \\ \frac{a}{3} + \frac{b}{4} &= 0.6 \\ a + \frac{3b}{4} &= 1.8 \\ 2 - \frac{2b}{3} + \frac{3b}{4} &= 1.8 \\ \frac{b}{12} &= -0.2 \\ b &= -2.4 \\ a &= 3.6 \end{aligned}$$

ב 2.1

$$\begin{aligned} E[x^2] &= \int_0^1 xf(x) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 ax^2 + bx^3 dx \\ &= 0.42 \\ \text{var}[x] &= E[x^2] - E[x]^2 \\ &= 0.06 \end{aligned}$$

שאלה 3

$$X \sim \exp(\lambda)$$

נגדיר $Y = \{X|x > k\}$ ונחשב פונקציית ההתפלגות התצטברת:

$$\begin{aligned} F_Y(y) &= P(x < y | x > k) \\ &= \frac{F_x(y) - F_x(k)}{1 - F_x(k)} \\ &= \frac{1 - e^{-\lambda y} - (1 - e^{-\lambda k})}{1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda k})} \\ &= \frac{-e^{-\lambda y} + e^{-\lambda k}}{e^{-\lambda k}} \\ &= 1 - \frac{e^{-\lambda y}}{e^{-\lambda k}} \\ &= 1 - e^{-\lambda y + \lambda k} \\ &= 1 - e^{\lambda(k-y)} \end{aligned}$$

שאלה 4

$$E[x] = \int_0^\infty (1 - F(x)) dx$$

צ"ל כי

$$\int_0^\infty (1 - F(x)) dx = \int_0^\infty \int_x^\infty f(t) dt dx$$

יודעים כי

$$\begin{aligned}
F(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^x f(x') dx' \\
F(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^x f(x') dx' + \int_x^{\infty} f(x') dx' - \int_x^{\infty} f(x') dx' \\
F(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x') dx' - \int_x^{\infty} f(x') dx' \\
F(x) &= 1 - \int_x^{\infty} f(x') dx' \\
1 - F(x) &= \int_x^{\infty} f(x') dx' \\
\int_0^{\infty} 1 - F(x) dx &= \int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} f(x') dx' dx \\
&= \int_0^{\infty} x' f(x') dx' \\
&= E(x)
\end{aligned}$$

משל

5 שאלה 5

מ"מ מעריכי

$$\begin{aligned}
X &\sim \exp(\lambda) \\
Y &= \sqrt[n]{X}, x > 0 \\
f_y(y) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 1 - e^{-\lambda y^n} \\
&= e^{-\lambda y^n} \cdot \lambda n y^{n-1} \\
F_y(y) &= P(Y \leq y) \\
&= P\left(\sqrt[n]{X} \leq y\right) \\
&= P(X \leq y^n) \\
&= 1 - e^{-\lambda y^n}
\end{aligned}$$