

## Artificial Intelligence Quiz 01

Instructor: Ayesha Enayet

CMS: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Instructions:

- Students are **not allowed to use any device** during the quiz.
  - Only **blue or black ink pens** are allowed.
  - Show essential steps of your reasoning for credit.
- 

### Question 1: 4-Queens via A\*

**Points: 20**

Place 4 queens on a  $4 \times 4$  chessboard so that no two queens attack each other (no two in the same row, column, or diagonal). Use A\* to solve the 4-Queens problem.

- (10 pts) Specify a search formulation: *state*, *actions*, *step cost*, *goal test*, and an *admissible & consistent* heuristic.
- (8 pts) Run A\* and show the sequence of node expansions (with  $g, h, f$ ) *until the first solution is found*, assuming you place queens column-by-column ( $1 \rightarrow 4$ ), try rows  $1 \rightarrow 4$  in order, and break ties by *smaller  $h$*  (i.e., deeper nodes first since  $h$  decreases as you go deeper). **Hint:** Start:  $()$ ,  $g=0, h=4, f=4$ . Expand  $\Rightarrow$  children for col1:  $(1), (2), (3), (4)$ .
- (2 pts) Give the first solution you reach in  $(Q_1, Q_2, Q_3, Q_4)$  form, where  $Q_i$  is the row of the queen in column  $i$ .

**Question 2: BFS vs DFS Expansions on 4-Queens****Points: 20**

Consider the 4-Queens problem under this *standard search setup*:

- **Initial state:** the empty tuple  $()$  (no queens placed).
- **Start rule:** begin by placing one queen in *column 1*; children of  $()$  are  $(1)$ ,  $(2)$ ,  $(3)$ ,  $(4)$ , corresponding to choosing rows 1..4 for column 1.
- **State:** a conflict-free partial placement  $(Q_1, \dots, Q_c)$  of queens in columns 1.. $c$  (one queen per column),  $0 \leq c \leq 4$ .
- **Action:** from column  $c$ , place a queen in column  $c+1$  in any *safe* row (no same-row or diagonal conflicts).
- **Goal:**  $c = 4$  (four queens placed without conflict).
- **Child generation order:** when expanding a node at column  $c$ , try rows  $1 \rightarrow 4$  for column  $c+1$ .
- **BFS:** FIFO by depth; within a depth, use the given child order.
- **DFS:** pre-order (backtracking) using the same child order; backtrack immediately on dead ends.
- **State notation:** write tuples like  $(2, 4, 1)$  to mean  $Q_1=2$ ,  $Q_2=4$ ,  $Q_3=1$ .

**Tasks**

1. (8 pts) Write the *node expansion order* for **BFS** until the first goal is found, starting from  $()$ .

---

---

2. (8 pts) Write the *node expansion order* for **DFS** until the first goal is found, starting from  $()$ .

---

---

3. (4 pts) Report and briefly compare the **total number of nodes expanded** by BFS vs DFS to reach the first solution.

**BFS total:** \_\_\_\_\_ **DFS total:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Question 3: Completeness of A\***

**Points: 10**

A\* search runs with an OPEN list ordered by  $f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$ . **Write down the condition(s)** that must be met to ensure A\* is *complete* (i.e., guaranteed to find a goal if one exists).