

K-means

Input: $d(\cdot, \cdot)$, K-value

$$x_i \in \mathbb{R}^D$$

↓
distances

↓
clusters

$$d(x_i, x_j) = \|x_i - x_j\|^2$$

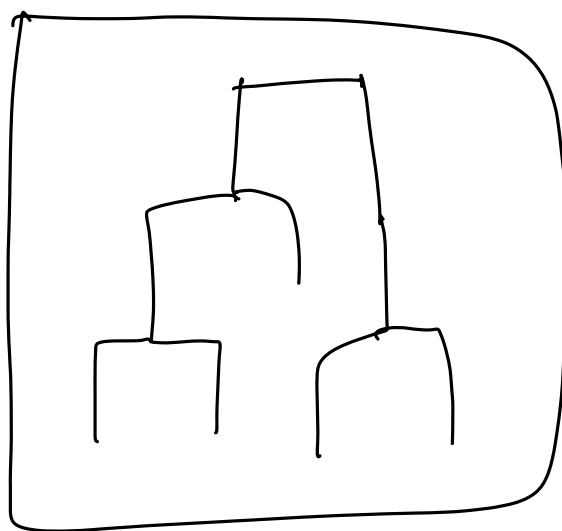
Can use K-means with many different distance measures

Finding closet center μ is the same for all distance measures, just minimize using dist measure

However what changes is how we then update centers

Hierarchical clustering:

It is bottom-up



$n-3$

$n-2$

$n-1$

clusters = n