



## ASSESSMENT COVERSHEET

Attach this coversheet as the cover of your submission. All sections must be completed.

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Programme	:	BACHELOR OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY
Course Code & Name	:	IBB43203 CLOUD COMPUTING
Course Lecturer(s)	:	ASSOC. PROF. DR. MEGAT NORULAZMI BIN MEGAT MOHAMED NOOR
Submission Title	:	PROJECT AWS SERVICES
Deadline	:	Day      9      Month      1      Year      2025      Time      11:59 PM
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## AWS SERVICES FOR A SIMPLE WEBSITE HOSTING

### INTRODUCTION

This project develops a Local Cafe Directory website using AWS cloud services. The website displays information about cafes in Kuala Lumpur, including cafe name, description, location, contact details and images. The web application is hosted on an AWS virtual server, while cafe images are stored using cloud storage services.

The purpose of this project is to demonstrate the use of AWS cloud services and how different components can be implemented to form a simple web application.

### METHODOLOGY

The website is hosted on an Amazon EC2 instance, which acts as the compute component of the system. EC2 provides a virtual server where the Apache web server is installed to host the website files. Users can access the website through the EC2 public IP address using a web browser.

Cafe images are displayed on the website where they are stored in Amazon S3. S3 is used to store static image files. When a user visits the website, the browser retrieves the images directly from the S3. Cafe information such as name, description, location and contact details is managed using Amazon DynamoDB.

Access control and permissions are managed using AWS Identity and Access Management. IAM is used to create individual users and assign permissions to ensure controlled access. The networking component is handled using the Amazon VPC. Security Groups are configured to allow HTTP traffic for public website access and SSH traffic for server management.

Overall, the integration of IAM, EC2, S3, VOC and DynamoDB enables the website to be securely hosted, publicly accessible with the AWS cloud environment.

## STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE

### A. Creating users using AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM)

1. Log in to the AWS Management Console using the root account.
2. Navigate to the IAM service.
3. Create IAM user groups based on responsibilities.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' section of the AWS IAM console. It lists four users: afiqah-ec2-s3, aisyah-db, shuhadah-vpc, and a fourth user whose name is partially visible. Each user entry includes columns for User name, Path, Group, Last activity, MFA, Password age, and Console last sign-in. All users show '13 days ago' in the last activity column.

4. Attach required permissions for the service access policies you want to assign to the users.

The screenshot shows the 'aifiqah-ec2-s3' user details page. Under the 'Permissions' tab, it lists three attached policies: AmazonEC2FullAccess, AmazonS3FullAccess, and EC2InstanceConnect. The 'Console access' section indicates 'Enabled without MFA' and the 'Last console sign-in' was '13 days ago'. Other tabs include Summary, Groups, Tags, Security credentials, and Last Accessed.

The screenshot shows the 'aisyah-db' user details page. Under the 'Permissions' tab, it lists four attached policies: AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess, AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess, AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess, and AmazonEC2Read... . The 'Console access' section indicates 'Enabled without MFA' and the 'Last console sign-in' was '13 days ago'. Other tabs include Summary, Groups, Tags, Security credentials, and Last Accessed.

Summary				
ARN	<a href="#">arn:aws:iam::398019064969:user/shuhadah-vpc</a>			
Created	December 23, 2025, 00:01 (UTC+08:00)			
Console access	<span>⚠ Enabled without MFA</span>			
Last console sign-in	<span>⌚ 13 days ago</span>			
Permissions	Groups	Tags	Security credentials	Last Accessed
Permissions policies (2)		Permissions are defined by policies attached to the user directly or through groups.		
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Search</a>				
<input type="checkbox"/> Policy name ↴	▲ Type	▼ Attached via ↴		
<input type="checkbox"/>  <a href="#">AmazonEC2ReadonlyAccess</a>	AWS managed	Directly		
<input type="checkbox"/>  <a href="#">AmazonVPCFullAccess</a>	AWS managed	Directly		

5. Users can now log in using the IAM user credentials.
  6. Next, create a role for EC2 access to DynamoDB.

IAM > Roles > Create role

Step 1  
 Select trusted entity [Info](#)

Step 2  
 Add permissions

Step 3  
 Review

Step 4  
 Name, review, and create

### Select trusted entity [Info](#)

**Trusted entity type**

- AWS service
 

Allow AWS services like EC2, Lambda, or others to perform actions in this account.
- AWS account
 

Allows users federated from other AWS accounts belonging to your organization or a 3rd party to perform actions in this account.
- Web identity
 

Allows users federated by the specified external provider to access the specified role to perform actions in this account.
- SAML 2.0 federation
 

Allows users federated with SAML 2.0 from a corporate directory to perform actions in this account.
- Custom trust policy
 

Create a custom trust policy to enable others to perform actions in this account.

**Use case**  
 Allow an AWS service like EC2, Lambda, or others to perform actions in this account.

**Service or use case**

EC2

Choose a use case for the specified service.

**Use case**

EC2
 

Allow EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.

EC2 Role for AWS Systems Manager
 

Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services like CloudWatch and Systems Manager on your behalf.

EC2 Spot Fleet Role
 

Allows EC2 instances to request and terminate Spot Instances on your behalf.

EC2 - Spot Fleet Auto Scaling
 

Allows Auto Scaling to access and update EC2 spot fleets on your behalf.

7. Add permissions for read only DynamoDB access, for data fetching to be available later during website hosting.

**Step 2: Add permissions**

**Permissions policy summary**

Policy name	Type	Attached as
<a href="#">AmazonDynamoDBReadOnlyAccess</a>	AWS managed	Permissions policy
<a href="#">AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess</a>	AWS managed	Permissions policy

**Step 3: Add tags**

**Name, review, and create**

Role details

**Role name**  
Enter a meaningful name to identify this role.  
**EC2-DynamoDB-Access**  
Maximum 64 characters. Use alphanumeric and +-, ., -, \_ characters.

**Description**  
Add a short explanation for this role.  
Allows EC2 Instances to call AWS services on your behalf.  
Maximum 1000 characters. Use letters (A-Z and a-z), numbers (0-9), tabs, new lines, or any of the following characters: +-, ., -, \_

**Step 1: Select trusted entities**

Trust policy

```
1 "Version": "2012-10-17",
2 "Statement": [
3     {
4         "Effect": "Allow",
5         "Action": "sts:AssumeRole",
6         "Principal": [
7             {
8                 "arn": "arn:aws:iam::123456789012:root"
9             }
10        ]
11    }
12 ]
```

**Edit**

## B. Image Storage using Amazon S3

1. Navigate to the Amazon S3 service.
2. Create a new S3 bucket in the same region as the EC2 instance.
3. Disable block public access to allow public image viewing.
4. Upload cafe images to the S3 bucket.

The screenshot shows the 'Objects' tab in the Amazon S3 console. The table lists five files:

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
chi-chi.jpg	jpg	December 23, 2025, 01:27:40 (UTC+08:00)	795.3 KB	Standard
crema.jpg	jpg	December 23, 2025, 01:27:39 (UTC+08:00)	990.6 KB	Standard
estelle-bagel.jpg	jpg	December 23, 2025, 01:27:40 (UTC+08:00)	852.5 KB	Standard
kooky-plate.jpg	jpg	December 23, 2025, 01:27:41 (UTC+08:00)	930.6 KB	Standard
leaf-co.jfif	jfif	December 23, 2025, 01:27:43 (UTC+08:00)	8.8 KB	Standard

5. Configure the bucket policy to allow public read access.

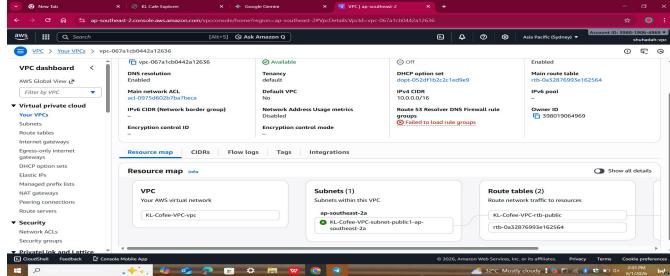
The screenshot shows the 'Bucket policy' JSON editor. The policy document is as follows:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Sid": "PublicReadGetObject",
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Principal": "*",
      "Action": "s3:GetObject",
      "Resource": [
        "arn:aws:s3:::kl-cafe-explorer-2025/*"
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

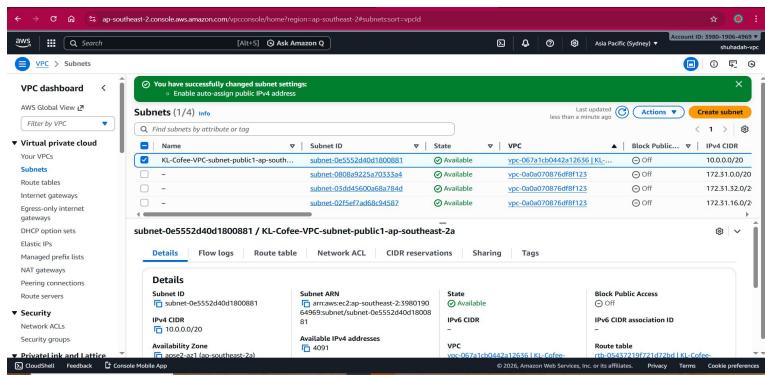
6. Embed the S3 image URLs in the DynamoDB database.

## C. Network configuration using Amazon VPC

1. Create a new custom VPC to provide a private, isolated network space.
2. Set the name tag “KL-Coffee-VPC” and IPv4 CIDR block 10.0.0.0/16



3. Edit subnet settings.



4. Enable auto-assign public IPv4 address and save the new setting to ensure any EC2 instance launched in this subnet is reachable via the internet.



5. Create a new security group that name “coffee-web-sg” and select new vpc that just created.

**Create security group** Info

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

<b>Basic details</b>
Security group name <small>Info</small>
<input type="text" value="Coffee-Web-SG"/>
Name cannot be edited after creation.
Description <small>Info</small>
<input type="text" value="Allow web traffic for KL Coffee Explorer"/>
VPC <small>Info</small>
<input type="text" value="vpc-007a1cb0442a12636 (KL-Coffee-VPC-vpc)"/>

- Add rule HTTP, SSH and custom TCP to allows anyone to see the web and team to log in to server.

Name	Security group rule ID	IP version	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description
-	sgr-0355624c83e09ef20	IPv4	HTTP	TCP	80	0.0.0.0/0	-
-	sgr-099c974de77dc0d01	IPv4	Custom TCP	TCP	5000	0.0.0.0/0	-
-	sgr-07beb97edda1a8538	IPv4	SSH	TCP	22	0.0.0.0/0	-

## D. Database using Amazon DynamoDB

### 1. Table Configuration: *KLCoffeeExplorer*

- Partition key (Primary Key): CafelID (string) - chosen to ensure each cafe has a unique identifier for fast lookups.

Name	Status	Partition key	Sort key	Indexes	Replication Regions	Deletion protection	Favorite	Read capacity mode	Write
KLCoffeeExplorer	Active	CafelID (\$)	Location (\$)	0	0	Off		On-demand	On-demand

- Since DynamoDB is schema-less, we added custom attributes for each cafe to match the website's front-end requirements:

- CafeName: The display title
- Description: A short summary of the cafe.
- Location: The physical location
- Contact : The telephone number
- ImageURL : A direct link to the logo stored in our S3 bucket.

- Implementation method: Used the Form method to manually input cafe details into the database using the AWS Management Console's visual interface.

Screenshot of the AWS DynamoDB 'Edit item' form. The table shows the following attributes:

Attribute name	Value	Type	Action
CafeID - Partition key	001	String	
Location - Sort key	60, Jalan Doraisamy, Chow Kit, 50300 Kuala Lumpur	String	
CafeName	Crema Pasticceria Moderna	String	<a href="#">Remove</a>
Contact	03-2602 1299	String	<a href="#">Remove</a>
Description	Cafe, pastry & bakery offering freshly made desserts and coffee.	String	<a href="#">Remove</a>
ImageURL	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/crema.jpg	String	<a href="#">Remove</a>

Buttons at the bottom: Cancel, Save, and Save and close.

4. Data Verification : Before saving, ensure that each attribute name matched the frontend code requirements exactly (case-sensitive).

Screenshot of the AWS DynamoDB 'Explore items' page. The table displays 10 items from the 'KLCoffeeExplorer' table:

	CafeID (String)	Location (String)	CafeName	Contact	Description	ImageURL
<a href="#">001</a>	60, Jalan Doraisamy, ...	Crema Pasticceria Moderna	03-2602 1299	Cafe, pastry & bakery offering freshly made desserts and coffee.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/crema.jpg	
<a href="#">007</a>	126C, Jalan Tun H S Lee, ...	Ola Froyo C...	013 706 8805	A frozen yogurt shop.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/ola_froyo.jpg	
<a href="#">010</a>	32, Jalan Dang Wangi, ...	Chi Chi KL		A stylish cafe.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/chi_chi_kl.jpg	
<a href="#">008</a>	No. 16, Seksyen 41, Jalan 16/16, ...	Kooky Plate	012 619 4211	A creative cafe.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/kooky_plate.jpg	
<a href="#">003</a>	55, Jalan Sultan, City ...	Mingle Cafe	011 6214 5...	A cozy cafe serving breakfast and coffee.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/mingle_cafe.jpg	
<a href="#">009</a>	G-5A, Trion, Jalan Dutamas, ...	Estelle Bagel	011 1538 3...	A cafe specializing in bagels.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/estelle_bagel.jpg	
<a href="#">002</a>	56, Lorong 1/77a, Jalan 16, ...	Liku-Likoo ...	011 6281 5...	A casual cafe.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/liku_likoo.jpg	
<a href="#">004</a>	81 & 83, Jalan Tun H S Lee, ...	Light Captiv...	014 213 2883	A minimalist cafe.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/light_captiv.jpg	
<a href="#">005</a>	53, Jalan Sultan, City ...	leaf & co. cafe		A modern cafe.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/leaf_and_co_cafe.jpg	
<a href="#">006</a>	80, Jalan Sultan, City ...	Stellar Coffee		A specialty coffee shop.	s3://kl-cafe-explorer-2025/stellar_coffee.jpg	

## E. Amazon EC2 (Website Hosting)

1. Navigate to the EC2 service and launch a new instance.
2. Select Amazon Linux as the operating system.

The screenshot shows the AWS Quick Start interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Recents' and 'Quick Start'. Below the tabs is a grid of seven AMI icons: Amazon Linux, macOS, Ubuntu, Windows, Red Hat, SUSE Linux, and Debian. To the right of the grid is a search bar with the placeholder 'Browse more AMIs' and a note: 'Including AMIs from AWS, Marketplace and the Community'.

**Amazon Machine Image (AMI)**

Amazon Linux 2023 kernel-6.1 AMI  
ami-0b3c832b6b7289e4 (64-bit (x86), uefi-preferred) / ami-083dd800ab194788b (64-bit (Arm), uefi)  
Virtualization: hvm ENA enabled: true Root device type: ebs

3. Choose t3.micro instance type.

The screenshot shows the 'Instance type' selection screen. It features a dropdown menu with 't3.micro' selected. The details for t3.micro are listed:  
Family: t3 2 vCPU 1 GiB Memory Current generation: true  
On-Demand Ubuntu Pro base pricing: 0.0167 USD per Hour  
On-Demand RHEL base pricing: 0.042 USD per Hour  
On-Demand Windows base pricing: 0.0224 USD per Hour  
On-Demand SUSE base pricing: 0.0132 USD per Hour  
On-Demand Linux base pricing: 0.0132 USD per Hour

**Additional costs apply for AMIs with pre-installed software**

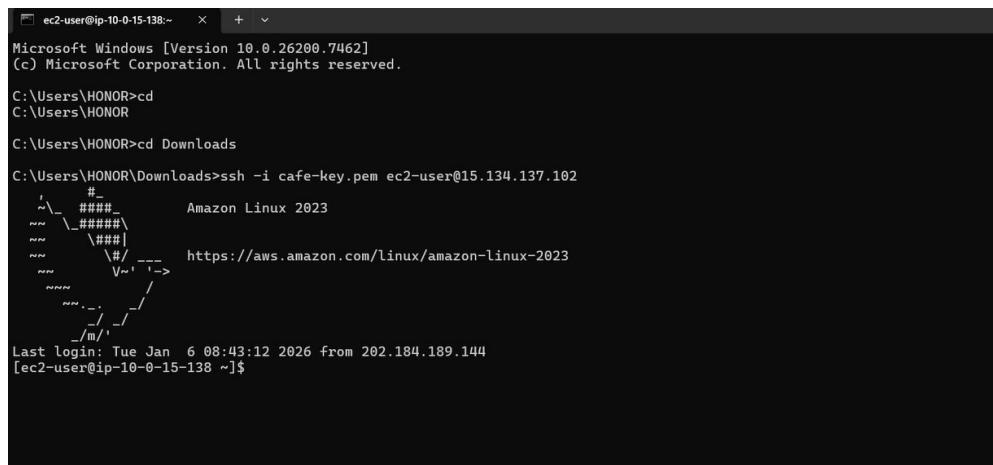
4. Create a key pair for SSH access.
5. For the network settings, select the created custom VPC and security group.

The screenshot shows the 'Network settings' configuration screen. It includes sections for VPC (set to 'vpc-067a1cb0442a12636 (KL-Coffee-VPC-vpc)'), Subnet (set to 'subnet-0e5552d40d1800881'), Auto-assign public IP (set to 'Enable'), Firewall (security groups) (set to 'Select existing security group'), Common security groups (set to 'Coffee-Web-SG sg-04320e335d58d7c74'), and Advanced network configuration.

6. Launch the EC2 instance and wait until it is running.

Instances (1) <a href="#">Info</a>		Last updated <a href="#">less than a minute ago</a>	<a href="#">Connect</a>	<a href="#">Instance state</a>	<a href="#">Actions</a>	<a href="#">Launch instances</a>	<a href="#">▼</a>
Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Pu
KL Coffee Explorer	i-0901c20b6e98f9e63	<span>Running</span> <a href="#">View</a> <a href="#">Logs</a>	t3.micro	<span>3/3 checks passed</span> <a href="#">View alarms</a> <a href="#">+</a>	ap-southeast-2a	ec2	b

7. Connect to the EC2 instance using SSH using the created keypair.



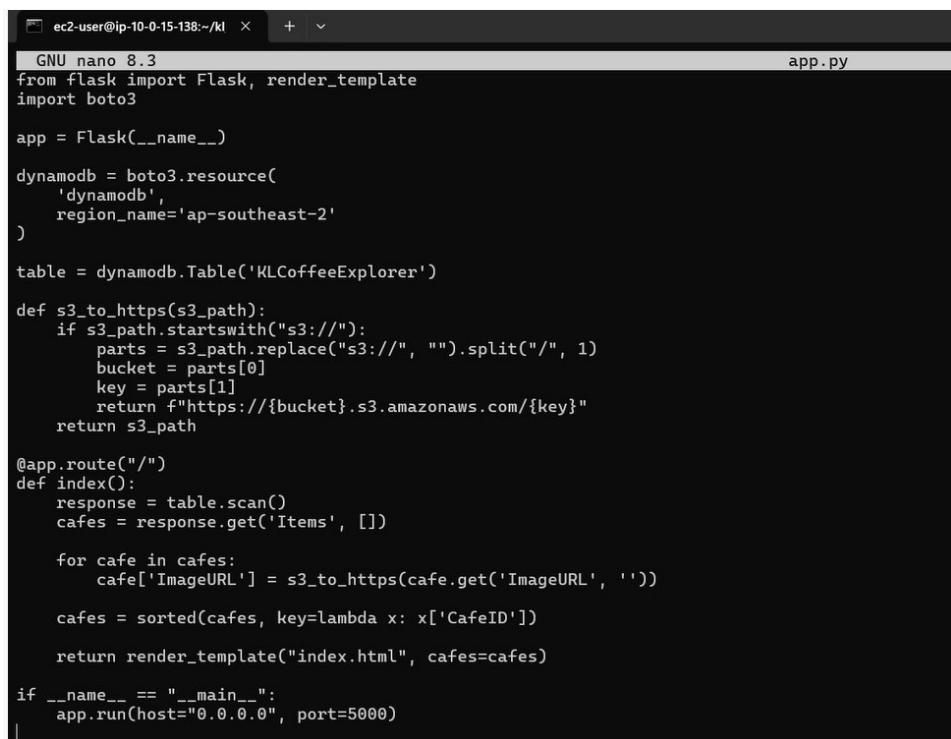
```
ec2-user@ip-10-0-15-138:~ + 
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26200.7462]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\HONOR>cd
C:\Users\HONOR

C:\Users\HONOR>cd Downloads

C:\Users\HONOR\Downloads>ssh -i cafe-key.pem ec2-user@15.134.137.102
# 
#_###_ Amazon Linux 2023
#_\###\
#\##|
#/ `` https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023
\` `` 
`` /` 
`` `` /` 
`` `` /` 
`` `` /` 
Last login: Tue Jan 6 08:43:12 2026 from 202.184.189.144
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-15-138 ~]$
```

8. Install required libraries which is Flask and Boto3, for website hosting and data fetching.
9. Update the app.py file. This file communicates with DynamoDB, sends data to the website and connect AWS services together.



```
GNU nano 8.3
from flask import Flask, render_template
import boto3

app = Flask(__name__)

dynamodb = boto3.resource(
    'dynamodb',
    region_name='ap-southeast-2'
)

table = dynamodb.Table('KLCoffeeExplorer')

def s3_to_https(s3_path):
    if s3_path.startswith("s3://"):
        parts = s3_path.replace("s3://", "").split("/", 1)
        bucket = parts[0]
        key = parts[1]
        return f"https://{bucket}.s3.amazonaws.com/{key}"
    return s3_path

@app.route("/")
def index():
    response = table.scan()
    cafes = response.get('Items', [])
    for cafe in cafes:
        cafe['ImageURL'] = s3_to_https(cafe.get('ImageURL', ''))

    cafes = sorted(cafes, key=lambda x: x['CafeID'])

    return render_template("index.html", cafes=cafes)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(host="0.0.0.0", port=5000)
```

## 10. Upload the index.html file to host the cafe directory website.

Full index.html file:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>KL Cafe Explorer</title>

    <style>
        body {
            margin: 0;
            font-family: 'Segoe UI', Arial, sans-serif;
            background-color: #fff1f4;
            color: #5a3a42;
        }

        header {
            background-color: #f7c6d0;
            padding: 30px;
            text-align: center;
            border-bottom: 3px solid #f1aebd;
        }

        header h1 {
            margin: 0;
            font-size: 36px;
            color: #7a2e3a;
        }

        header p {
            margin-top: 8px;
            font-size: 15px;
            color: #8a4b55;
        }

        .container {
            max-width: 1100px;
            margin: 40px auto;
            padding: 0 20px;
            display: grid;
            grid-template-columns: repeat(auto-fit, minmax(300px, 1fr));
            gap: 25px;
        }

        .cafe-card {
            background-color: white;
            border-radius: 16px;
            padding: 18px;
            box-shadow: 0 8px 20px rgba(247,198,208,0.5);
        }
    </style>

```

```
        transition: transform 0.2s;
    }

.cafe-card:hover {
    transform: translateY(-6px);
}

.cafe-card img {
    width: 100%;
    height: 180px;
    object-fit: cover;
    border-radius: 12px;
    margin-bottom: 12px;
}

.cafe-card h2 {
    margin: 6px 0 10px;
    color: #c04b67;
    font-size: 22px;
}

.cafe-card p {
    margin: 4px 0;
    font-size: 14px;
    line-height: 1.6;
}

.label {
    font-weight: bold;
    color: #a33a52;
}

footer {
    text-align: center;
    padding: 20px;
    color: #9b6b74;
    font-size: 13px;
}

</style>
</head>

<body>

<header>
<h1>KL Cafe Explorer</h1>
<p>Discover lovely cafes around Kuala Lumpur</p>
</header>

<div class="container">
{%- for cafe in cafes %}
```

```

<div class="cafe-card">
  
  <h2>{{ cafe.CafeName }}</h2>
  <p><span class="label">Description:</span> {{ cafe.Description }}</p>
  <p><span class="label">Location:</span> {{ cafe.Location }}</p>
  {% if cafe.Contact %}
    <p><span class="label">Contact:</span> {{ cafe.Contact }}</p>
  {% endif %}
  </div>
  {% endfor %}
</div>

<footer>
  © 2025 KL Cafe Explorer · Powered by AWS
</footer>

</body>
</html>

```

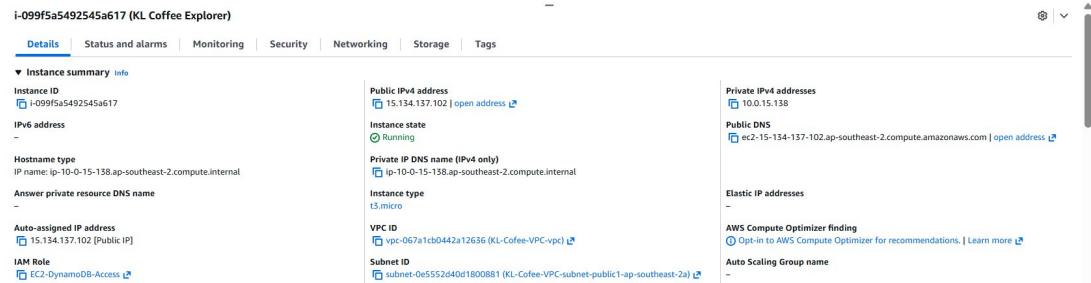
## 11. Run the app.py file on SSH.

```

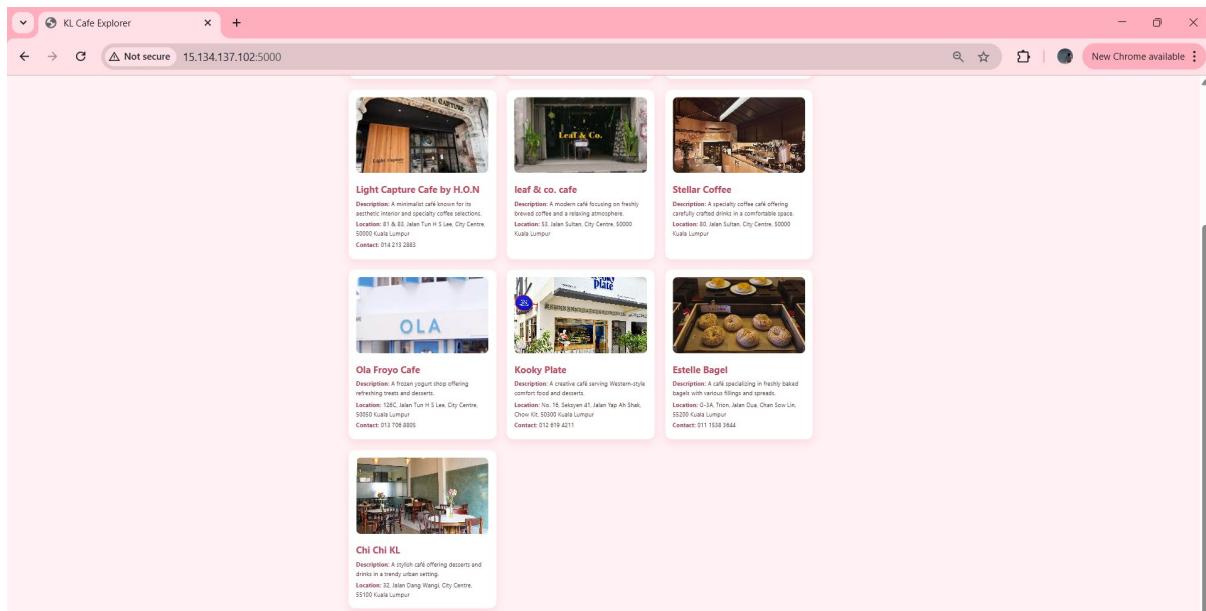
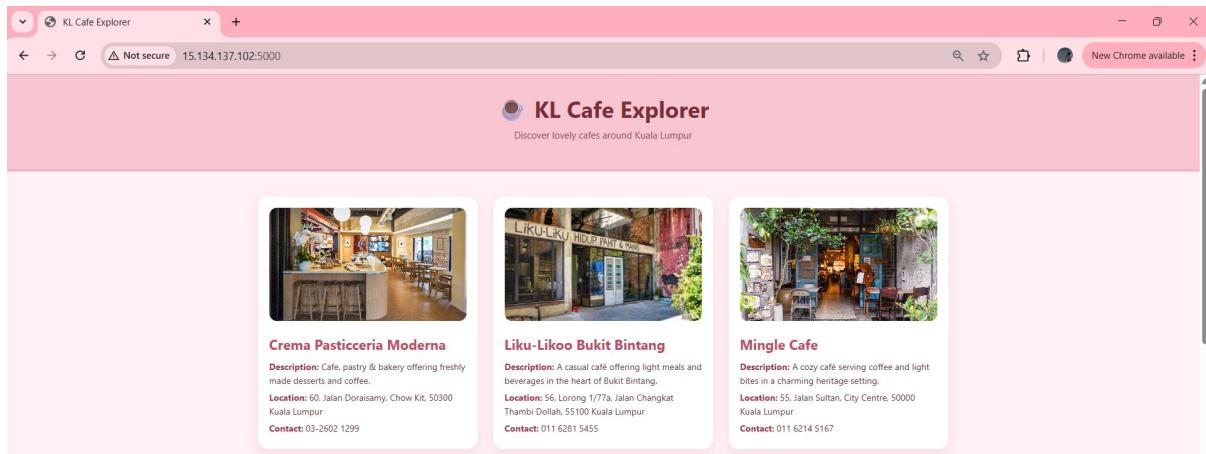
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-15-138 templates]$ python3 app.py
python3: can't open file '/home/ec2-user/kl_cafe_explorer/templates/app.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-15-138 templates]$ cd kl_cafe_explorer
[bash: cd: kl_cafe_explorer: No such file or directory]
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-15-138 templates]$ cd ~/kl_cafe_explorer
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-15-138 kl_cafe_explorer]$ python3 app.py
/home/ec2-user/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/botocore/compat.py:89: PythonDeprecationWarning: Boto3 will no longer support Python 3.9 starting April 29, 2026. To continue receiving service updates, bug fixes, and security updates please upgrade to Python 3.10 or later. More information can be found here: https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/developer/python-support-policy-updates-for-aws-sdks-and-tools/
  warnings.warn(warning, PythonDeprecationWarning)
* Serving Flask app 'app'
* Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
* Running on http://10.0.15.138:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit

```

## 12. Access the website using the EC2 public IP address. Ensure that the created IAM Role is selected to get the access to DynamoDB.



## WEBSITE LAYOUT



## VIDEO PRESENTATION LINK

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-Sipp-6VlgY>

## GITHUB REPOSITORY LINK

<https://github.com/afiqahz0/AWS-Cloud-Based-Cafe-Directory>

## **CONCLUSION**

In conclusion, this project effectively used Amazon Web Services (AWS) to create a basic cloud-based website. Amazon EC2 for web hosting, Amazon S3 for image storage, Amazon DynamoDB for cafe data management, IAM for access control, and Amazon VPC for secure networking are all integrated on the KL Cafe Explorer website. Important cloud computing ideas like service integration, security, and scalability were put to use in this project. All things considered, the met its goal and showed how AWS services can be used to create a secure and useful online application.