

# The Twitter Rules

Our goal is to provide a service that allows you to discover and receive content from sources that interest you as well as to share your content with others. We respect the ownership of the content that users share and each user is responsible for the content he or she provides. Because of these principles, we do not actively monitor and will not censor user content, except in limited circumstances described below.

## Content Boundaries and Use of Twitter

In order to provide the Twitter service and the ability to communicate and stay connected with others, there are some limitations on the type of content that can be published with Twitter. These limitations comply with legal requirements and make Twitter a better experience for all. We may need to change these rules from time to time and reserve the right to do so. Please check back here to see the latest.

- **Impersonation**: You may not impersonate others through the Twitter service in a manner that does or is intended to mislead, confuse, or deceive others.
- **Trademark**: We reserve the right to reclaim usernames on behalf of businesses or individuals that hold legal claim or trademark on those usernames. Accounts using business names and/or logos to mislead others may be permanently suspended.
- **Private information**: You may not publish or post other people's private and confidential information, such as credit card numbers, street address or Social Security/National Identity numbers, without their express authorization and permission. You may not post intimate photos or videos that were taken or distributed without the subject's consent.
- **Violence and Threats**: You may not publish or post threats of violence against others or promote violence against others.
- **Copyright**: We will respond to clear and complete notices of alleged copyright infringement. Our copyright procedures are set forth in the Terms of Service.
- **Unlawful Use**: You may not use our service for any unlawful purposes or in furtherance of illegal activities. International users agree to comply with all local laws regarding online conduct and acceptable content.
- **Misuse of Twitter Badges**: You may not use badges, such as but not limited to the Promoted or Verified Twitter badge, unless provided by Twitter. Accounts using these badges as part of profile photos, header photos, background images, or in a way that falsely implies affiliation with Twitter may be suspended.

## Abuse and Spam

Twitter strives to protect its users from abuse and spam. User abuse and technical abuse are not tolerated on Twitter.com, and may result in permanent suspension. Any accounts engaging in the activities specified below may be subject to permanent suspension.

- **Serial Accounts:** You may not create multiple accounts for disruptive or abusive purposes, or with overlapping use cases. Mass account creation may result in suspension of all related accounts. Please note that any violation of the Twitter Rules is cause for permanent suspension of all accounts.
- **Targeted Abuse:** You may not engage in targeted abuse or harassment. Some of the factors that we take into account when determining what conduct is considered to be targeted abuse or harassment are:
  - if you are sending messages to a user from multiple accounts;
  - if the sole purpose of your account is to send abusive messages to others;
  - if the reported behavior is one-sided or includes threats
- **Username Squatting:** You may not engage in username squatting. Accounts that are inactive for more than six months may also be removed without further notice. Some of the factors that we take into account when determining what conduct is considered to be username squatting are:
  - the number of accounts created
  - creating accounts for the purpose of preventing others from using those account names
  - creating accounts for the purpose of selling those accounts
  - using feeds of third-party content to update and maintain accounts under the names of those third parties
- **Invitation spam:** You may not use Twitter.com's address book contact import to send repeat, mass invitations.
- **Selling usernames:** You may not buy or sell Twitter usernames.
- **Malware/Phishing:** You may not publish or link to malicious content intended to damage or disrupt another user's browser or computer or to compromise a user's privacy.
- **Spam:** You may not use the Twitter service for the purpose of spamming anyone. What constitutes "spamming" will evolve as we respond to new tricks and tactics by spammers. Some of the factors that we take into account when determining what conduct is considered to be spamming are:
  - If you have followed and/or unfollowed large amounts of users in a short time period, particularly by automated means (aggressive following or follower churn);
  - If you repeatedly follow and unfollow people, whether to build followers or to garner more attention for your profile;
  - If your updates consist mainly of links, and not personal updates;
  - If a large number of people are blocking you;
  - If a large number of spam complaints have been filed against you;

- If you post duplicate content over multiple accounts or multiple duplicate updates on one account;
- If you post multiple unrelated updates to a topic using #, trending or popular topic, or promoted trend;
- If you send large numbers of duplicate @replies or mentions;
- If you send large numbers of unsolicited @replies or mentions;
- If you add a large number of unrelated users to lists;
- If you repeatedly create false or misleading content;
- Randomly or aggressively following, favoriting or Retweeting Tweets;
- If you repeatedly post other users' account information as your own (bio, Tweets, url, etc.);
- If you post misleading links (e.g. affiliate links, links to malware/click jacking pages, etc.);
- Creating misleading accounts or account interactions;
- Selling or purchasing account interactions (such as selling or purchasing followers, Retweets, favorites, etc.);
- Using or promoting third-party services or apps that claim to get you more followers (such as follower trains, sites promising "more followers fast" or any other site that offers to automatically add followers to your account);
- **Graphic Content:** You may not use pornographic or excessively violent media in your profile image, header image, or background image.

Your account may be suspended for Terms of Service violations if any of the above is true. Please see our help pages on [Following rules and best practices](#) and [Automation rules and best practices](#) for a more detailed discussion of how the Rules apply to those particular account behaviors. Accounts created to replace suspended accounts will be permanently suspended.

Accounts engaging in any of these behaviors may be investigated for abuse. Accounts under investigation may be removed from Search for quality. Twitter reserves the right to immediately terminate your account without further notice in the event that, in its judgment, you violate these Rules or the [Terms of Service](#).

We may revise these Rules from time to time; the most current version will always be at [twitter.com/rules](https://twitter.com/rules).

## Have Questions?

Check out our complete list of articles outlining our [policies, guidelines, and best practices](#).

To report an account for violation of the Twitter Rules, [please use our forms](#).

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## Impersonation policy

Impersonation is a violation of the [Twitter Rules](#). Twitter accounts portraying another person in a confusing or deceptive manner may be permanently suspended under the Twitter Impersonation Policy.

An account will not be removed if

- the user shares your name but has no other commonalities, or
- the profile clearly states it is not affiliated with or connected to any similarly-named individuals.

Accounts with similar usernames or that are similar in appearance (e.g. the same background or avatar image) are not automatically in violation of the impersonation policy. In order to be impersonation, the account must also portray another person in a misleading or deceptive manner.

Twitter users are allowed to create parody, commentary, or fan accounts. Please refer to [Twitter's Parody Policy](#) for more information about these types of accounts.

For Frequently Asked Questions about reporting impersonation on Twitter, [click here](#).

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## Trademark policy

*Updated October 3, 2012*

### What is a Trademark Policy Violation on Twitter?

Using a company or business name, logo, or other trademark-protected materials in a manner that may mislead or confuse others with regard to its brand or business affiliation may be considered a trademark policy violation.

### How Does Twitter Respond To Reported Trademark Policy Violations?

When we receive reports of trademark policy violations from holders of federal or international trademark registrations, we review the account and may take the following actions:

- When there is a clear intent to mislead others through the unauthorized use of a trademark, Twitter will suspend the account and notify the account holder.
- When we determine that an account appears to be confusing users, but is not purposefully passing itself off as the trademarked good or service, we give the account holder an opportunity to clear up any potential confusion. We may also release a username for the trademark holder's active use.
- We are responsive to reports about confusing or misleading [Promoted Tweet](#) and [Promoted Trend](#) copy, as well as [Promoted Account](#) profile information. For more information, please visit our [Trademark Policy for Promoted Products](#).

### What Is not a Trademark Policy Violation?

Using another's trademark in a way that has nothing to do with the product or service for which the trademark was granted is not a violation of Twitter's trademark policy.

- Twitter usernames are provided on a first-come, first-served basis and may not be reserved. For information on why you may not be able to select a certain username, please see our [Why Can't I Register Certain Usernames](#) help page.
- Search and interest keywords advertisers choose are subject to applicable trademark law. Although Twitter may review reports of confusing keywords, we may not disable keywords in every case. For more information about our policies specific to Promoted Products, please see our [Promoted Products Policy](#) and our [Trademark Policy for Promoted Products](#).

## Guidelines for News feed, Commentary, and Fan Accounts

Twitter users are allowed to create news feed, commentary, and fan accounts. Twitter provides a platform for its users to share and receive a wide range of ideas and content, and we greatly value and respect our users' expression. Because of these principles, we do not actively monitor users' content and will not edit or remove user content, except in cases of violations of our [Terms of Service](#). An account's profile information should make it clear that the account is not actually the company or business entity that is the subject of the news feed/commentary/fan account. Here are some suggestions for distinguishing your account:

- **Username:** The username should not be the trademarked name of the subject of the news feed, commentary, or fan account.
- **Name:** The profile name should not be the trademarked name of the company or include the trademarked name in a misleading manner.
- **Bio:** The bio should include a statement to distinguish it from the real company, such as "Unofficial Account," "Fan Account," or "Not affiliated with..."
- **Profile photo, header photo, or background image:** The account should not use another's trademark, logo or other copyright-protected image without express permission.
- **Communication with other users:** The account should not, through private or public communication with other users, try to deceive or mislead others about your identity.

Users may also choose to use different language to indicate that an account is not associated with the actual brand/company/product so long as it is clear and not confusing to others, and does not mislead or deceive.

If an account is reported to be confusing, we may request that the account holder make further changes to bring the account in compliance with these best practices.

## How Can I Make My Own Account's Brand or Business Affiliation Clear?

We strongly recommend that you use all of Twitter's account settings (account name, location, web, and bio) to make your account's affiliation clear.

- Please see our [How to Change Your Profile Picture or Information](#) page for instructions on customizing your account. In particular, we recommend clearly stating your location,

including your website if you have one, and clearly describing your brand or business in the bio, if applicable.

- You can also consider linking your official website to your Twitter account. [Twitter Buttons](#) are an easy way to add Twitter actions like “Follow” and “Mention” directly to your website.

## What Information is Required When Reporting Trademark Policy Violations?

In order to investigate trademark policy violations, please provide all of the following information:

Username of the reported account (e.g., @safety or <http://www.twitter.com/safety>):

Your company name:

Your company Twitter account (if there is one):

Company website:

Your trademarked word, symbol, etc. (e.g. Twitter):

Trademark registration number:

Trademark registration office (e.g., USPTO):

**Note:** A federal or international trademark registration number is required. If the name you are reporting is not a registered mark (e.g., a government agency or non-profit organization), please let us know:

Your first and last name:

Title:

Address:

Phone:

Fax:

Email (must be from company domain):

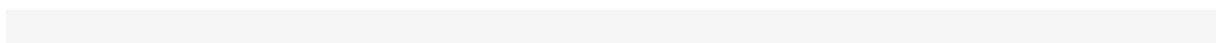
Description of confusion (e.g., passing off as your company, including specific descriptions of content or behavior):

Requested Action (e.g., removal of violating account or transfer of trademarked username to an existing company account):

## How Do I Report a Trademark Policy Violation?

You do not need a Twitter account to submit a trademark report. Holders of registered trademarks can report possible violations to Twitter's Policy Team through our [support forms](#).

Please submit trademark-related requests from your company email address and follow the format above to help expedite our response. Also, be sure to clearly describe to us why the account or Tweets may cause confusion with your mark.



# Private information posted on Twitter

Posting another person's private and confidential information is a violation of the [Twitter Rules](#). Some examples of private and confidential information include:

- credit card information
- social security or other national identity numbers
- addresses or locations that are considered and treated as private
- non-public, personal phone numbers
- non-public, personal email addresses
- images or videos that are considered and treated as private under applicable laws
- intimate photos or videos that were taken or distributed without the subject's consent

Keep in mind that although you may consider certain information to be private, not all postings of such information may be a violation of this policy. We may consider the context and nature of the information posted, local privacy laws, and other case-specific facts when determining if this policy has been violated. For example, if information was previously posted or displayed elsewhere on the Internet prior to being put on Twitter, it may not be a violation of this policy.

For frequently asked questions about reporting private information posted on Twitter, [click here](#). To learn more about protecting your private information on Twitter and other websites, [click here](#).

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## Abusive behavior policy

Engaging in targeted abuse or harassment on Twitter is a violation of the [Twitter Rules](#) and [Terms of Service](#), so we've established a policy that helps us evaluate abusive behavior in its many forms. Maintaining the diversity and openness of the Twitter community is our responsibility, and so is creating a safe environment for every user.

## Abusive behavior

We take action on accounts found to be in violation of the [Twitter Rules](#) and [Terms of Service](#), including (but not limited to) the following types of abusive behavior:

**Violent threats (direct or indirect):** Users may not make threats of violence or promote violence, including threatening or promoting terrorism. Users also may not make threats or promote violence against a person or group on the basis of race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, age, or disability.

**Abuse and harassment:** Users may not engage in targeted abuse or harassment. Some of the factors that we take into account when determining what conduct is considered to be targeted abuse or harassment are:

if a primary purpose of the reported account is to send abusive messages to others; if the reported behavior is one-sided or includes threats; if the reported user is inciting others to harass another user; and if the reported user is sending harassing messages to a user from multiple accounts.

**Self-harm:** Users may encounter someone considering suicide or self harm on Twitter. When we receive reports that another user is threatening suicide or self harm, we may take a number of steps to assist the reported user, such as reaching out to that user expressing our concern and the concern of other users on Twitter or providing resources such as contact information for our mental health partners.

**Private information:** You may not publish or post other people's private and confidential information, such as credit card numbers, street address, or Social Security/National Identity numbers, without their express authorization and permission. In addition, you may not post intimate photos or videos that were taken or distributed without the subject's consent. Read more about our private information policy [here](#).

**Impersonation:** You may not impersonate others through the Twitter service in a manner that is intended to or does mislead, confuse, or deceive others. Read more about our impersonation policy [here](#).

Please note that when a Tweet or account is reported, we may investigate the full account reported, including profile, media and other Tweets.

## Offensive content and mediation

Offensive content is tolerated as long as it does not violate the [Twitter Rules](#) and [Terms of Service](#). Additionally, we do not mediate content or intervene in disputes between users.

Twitter provides a global communication platform which encompasses a variety of users with different voices, ideas and perspectives. Because of this diversity, you may encounter content you consider to be inflammatory or inappropriate that is not considered a violation of our rules. To help you control your experience, we've collected information about the tools you have that you can use to tailor your Twitter experience. Read about them in this [article](#).

## Accounts found to be in violation

When an account violates our abusive behavior policy, the actions we take against that account depend on the severity of the violation. We may ask users to verify or provide information, delete specific Tweets, or we may suspend or lock the account temporarily or permanently.

## Report abuse to us

If you encounter something abusive on Twitter, report it to us. For instructions about how to report abusive behavior, read this [article](#).

We've outlined information about how to report other types of violations (for example, copyright or trademark violations, spam, etc.) in this [article](#).

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# Copyright and DMCA policy

## Topics Covered:

- [What is the DMCA ?](#)
- [What Types of Copyright Complaints Does Twitter Respond To?](#)
- [Am I a Copyright Holder? How Do I Know?](#)
- [What Information Do You Need To Process a Copyright Complaint?](#)
- [How Do I File a Copyright Complaint?](#)
- [How Are Claims Processed?](#)
- [What Happens Next?](#)
- [What Happens If I Receive a DMCA Notification?](#)
- [When Should I File a Counter-Notice?](#)
- [What Information Do You Need to Process a Counter-notice?](#)
- [What Happens After I Submit a Counter-notice?](#)
- [Filing a DMCA Notification or Counter-notice Is Serious Business!](#)

## What is the DMCA?

[Section 512](#) of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (“DMCA”) outlines the statutory requirements necessary for formally reporting copyright infringement, as well as providing instructions on how an affected party can appeal a removal by submitting a compliant counter-notice.

## What Types of Copyright Complaints Does Twitter Respond To?

Twitter will respond to reports of alleged copyright infringement, such as allegations concerning the unauthorized use of a copyrighted image as an profile photo, header photo, or background, allegations concerning the unauthorized use of a copyrighted image uploaded through our photo hosting service, or Tweets containing links to allegedly infringing materials.

**Tip:** If you are concerned about the use of your brand or entity’s name, please review Twitter’s [Trademark Policy](#). If you are concerned about the use of a fictional character, please see our [Parody, Commentary, and Fan Accounts Policy](#). These are generally not copyright issues.

## Am I a Copyright Holder? How Do I Know?

If you are unsure whether you hold rights to a particular work, please consult an attorney or another adviser as Twitter cannot provide legal advice. There are plenty of resources to learn more about copyright law including <http://copyright.gov>, <http://chillingeffects.org/>, and <http://www.eff.org/issues/bloggers/legal/liability/IP>, to name a few.

**Tip:** In general, the photographer and NOT the subject of a photograph is the actual rights holder of the resulting photograph.

## What Information Do You Need To Process a Copyright Complaint?

To submit a notice of claimed copyright infringement, you will need to provide us with the following information:

1. A physical or electronic signature (typing your full name will suffice) of the copyright owner or a person authorized to act on their behalf;
2. Identification of the copyrighted work claimed to have been infringed (e.g., a link to your original work or clear description of the materials allegedly being infringed upon);

3. Identification of the infringing material and information reasonably sufficient to permit Twitter to locate the material on our website or services;
4. Your contact information, including your address, telephone number, and an email address;
5. A statement that you have a good faith belief that the use of the material in the manner asserted is not authorized by the copyright owner, its agent, or the law; and
6. A statement that the information in the notification is accurate, and, under penalty of perjury, that you are authorized to act on behalf of the copyright owner.

**Tip:** If you are reporting the content of a Tweet, please give us a direct link to that Tweet following these instructions: <https://support.twitter.com/articles/80586>. Or please specify if the alleged infringement is in the background, avatar, etc. A LINK TO A PROFILE PAGE IS INSUFFICIENT FOR TWITTER TO IDENTIFY INFRINGING MATERIALS.

## How Do I File a Copyright Complaint?

You can report alleged copyright infringement by visiting Twitter's Help Center and filing a [copyright report](#). If you are logged in to Twitter.com, you can visit the Twitter Help Center directly from your Twitter account by clicking the 'Help' link located in the sidebar.

Please be aware that under 17 U.S.C. § 512(f), you may be liable for any damages, including costs and attorneys' fees incurred by us or our users, if you knowingly materially misrepresent that material or activity is infringing, as was the case in [Lenz v. Universal](#) and [OPG v. Diebold](#). If you are unsure whether the material you are reporting is in fact infringing, you may wish to contact an attorney before filing a notification with us.

## How Are Claims Processed?

We process reports in the order in which they are received. Once you've submitted your ticket, we will email you a ticket confirmation. Please note, submitting duplicate DMCA notifications may result in a delay in processing.

If we decide to remove or disable access to the material, we will notify the affected user(s) after removing or disabling access to the material, provide them with access to the reporter's complaint along with instructions on how to file a counter-notice, and forward a copy of the complaint to [Chilling Effects](#).

## What Happens Next?

Twitter's response to notices of alleged copyright infringement may include the removal or restriction of access to allegedly infringing material. If we remove or restrict access to user content in response to a notice of alleged infringement, Twitter will make a good faith effort to contact the affected account holder with information concerning the removal or restriction of access, including a copy of the takedown notice, along with instructions for filing a counter-notification.

**Tip:** If you've not yet received a copy of the DMCA notification regarding the content removed from your account, please respond to the support ticket we sent you.

In an effort to be as transparent as possible regarding the removal or restriction of access to user-posted content, we clearly mark withheld Tweets and media to indicate to viewers when content has been withheld (examples below). We also send a copy of each DMCA notification and counter-notice that we process to [Chilling Effects](#), where they are posted to a public-facing website (with your personal information removed).

Withheld Tweet:

**Tweet withheld**

18h

This Tweet from [@Username](#) has been withheld in response to a report from the copyright holder. [Learn more](#)

Withheld Media:

**Media not displayed**

This image has been removed in response to a report from the copyright holder.

Under appropriate circumstances, Twitter may suspend and warn repeat violators, and in more serious cases, permanently terminate user accounts.

## What Happens If I Receive a DMCA Notification?

If you receive a DMCA notification, it means that the content described in the notification has been removed from Twitter or access to the content on Twitter has been restricted. Please take the time to read through our notice to you, which includes information on the notification we received as well as instructions on how to file a counter-notice.

## When Should I File a Counter-notice?

If you believe that the material reported in the DMCA notification you received was misidentified or removed in error, you should file a counter-notice as per the instructions below.

**Tip:** Re-posting material removed in response to a DMCA notification may result in permanent account suspension. If you believe the content was removed in error, please file a counter-notification rather than simply re-posting the material.

## What Information Do You Need to Process a Counter-notice?

To submit a counter-notice, you will need to provide us with the following information:

1. A physical or electronic signature (typing your full name will suffice);
2. Identification of the material that has been removed or to which access has been disabled and the location at which the material appeared before it was removed or access to it was disabled (the description from the DMCA notice will suffice);
3. A statement under penalty of perjury that you have a good faith belief that the material was removed or disabled as a result of mistake or misidentification of the material to be removed or disabled; and
4. Your name, address, and telephone number, and a statement that you consent to the jurisdiction of Federal District Court for the judicial district in which the address is

located, or if your address is outside of the United States, for any judicial district in which Twitter may be found, and that you will accept service of process from the person who provided notification under subsection (c)(1)(C) or an agent of such person.

To submit a counter-notice, please respond to our original email notification of the removal and include the required information in the body of your reply as we discard all attachments for security reasons.

## What Happens After I Submit a Counter-notice?

Upon receipt of a valid counter-notice, we will promptly forward a copy to the person who filed the original notice. If we do not receive notice within 10 business days that the original reporter is seeking a court order to prevent further infringement of the material at issue, we may replace or cease disabling access to the material that was removed.

**Tip:** We cannot offer any legal advice. Should you have questions, please consult an attorney.

## Filing a DMCA Notification or Counter-notice is Serious Business!

Please think twice before submitting a claim or counter-notice, especially if you are unsure whether you are the actual rights holder or authorized to act on a rights holder's behalf. There are legal and financial consequences for fraudulent and/or bad faith submissions. Please be sure that you are the actual rights holder, or that you have a good faith belief that the material was removed in error, and that you understand the repercussions of submitting a false claim.

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Targeted abuse: Same as "Violence & Threats/Abusive behavior policy"

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## Username squatting policy

Username squatting is prohibited by [The Twitter Rules](#).

Please note that if an account has had no updates, no profile image, and there is no intent to mislead, it typically means there's no name-squatting or impersonation. Note that we will not release inactive or squatted usernames except in cases of trademark infringement. If your report involves [trademark infringement](#), please consult those policies for instructions for reporting these accounts.

Attempts to sell, buy, or solicit other forms of payment in exchange for usernames are also violations and may result in permanent account suspension.

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# Following rules and best practices

To learn more about following, please read "[FAQs about following](#)."

## What are the limits?

We don't limit the number of followers you can have. However, **we do monitor how aggressively users follow other users**. We try to make sure that none of our limits restrain reasonable usage, and will not affect most Twitter users.

We monitor all accounts for aggressive following and follow churn (repeatedly following and un-following large numbers of other users). You can read more about these below, but if you don't follow or un-follow hundreds of users in a single day, and you aren't using automated methods of following users, you should be fine.

Please note that Twitter does not permit any automated or bulk following or un-following behavior. Please review our [Automation Rules and Best Practices](#) for more information on automating your account.

## What is aggressive following?

Aggressive following is defined as indiscriminately following hundreds of accounts just to garner attention. However, following a few users if their accounts seem interesting is normal and is not considered aggressive.

## What is aggressive follow churn?

If you decide to follow someone and then change your mind later, you can just visit the person's profile page and un-follow them. Aggressive follow churn is when an account *repeatedly* follows and then un-follows a large number of users. This may be done to get lots of people to notice them, to circumvent a Twitter limit, or to change their follower-to-following ratio. These behaviors negatively impact the Twitter experience for other users, are common spam tactics, and may lead to account suspension.

## Are there additional limits if you are following 2000+ accounts?

The rules about aggressive following and follow churn still apply. In addition, **every user can follow 2000 people total**. Once you've followed 2000 users, there are limits to the number of additional users you can follow: this limit is different for every user and is based on your ratio of followers to following.

When you hit this limit, we'll tell you by showing an error message in your browser. You'll need to wait until you have more followers in order to follow more users—for example, you can't follow 10,000 people if only 100 people follow you. When you reach a daily or total limit and we show you an error message, you've hit a technical limit imposed to limit egregious behavior by spam accounts and to prevent strain on the site. These are just the technical limits for your account; in addition, you are prohibited from aggressive following behaviors. These behaviors may result in account suspension, regardless of your account's technical ratio.

Limits improve site performance by ensuring that when we send a person's message to all of their followers, the sending of that message is meaningful. Follow limits cannot be lifted by Twitter, and everyone is subject to them, including verified and developer accounts. Based on current behavior in the Twitter community, we've concluded that this is both fair and reasonable.

## Why does Twitter monitor following behavior at all? Isn't this a social network?

Twitter works quite differently from social networks: when you accept friend requests on other social networks like Facebook, it usually means you appear in that person's network and they appear in yours. Following on Twitter is different because **following is not mutual**. Twitter allows people to opt-in to (or opt-out of) receiving a person's updates without requiring a mutual relationship.

Limits on Twitter alleviate some of the strain on the invisible part of Twitter, which prevents error pages and downtime on the visible part. For the sake of reliability, we've placed limits on actions like following, API requests per hour, and number of updates per day ([see this page for more information on updating and API limits](#)).

Finally, follower violations are one tactic that spammers often use to abuse Twitter. Monitoring for abuse is one way to reduce spam on Twitter.

**Tip:** If you need to communicate with someone but don't need to see their updates every day, don't follow them. Visit their profile or send them an @reply when you need to; sending @replies doesn't require following, and your reply will appear in the person's @mentions tab so they can reply back.

## What are third party applications to “Get More Followers

### Fast!”?

You may encounter websites or applications claiming they can help you get lots of followers quickly. These programs may ask for payment for followers, or ask you to follow a list of other users in order to participate.

**Using these is not allowed according to the Twitter Rules.**

[The Twitter Rules](#) addresses the use of these programs by disallowing: using or promoting third-party sites that claim to get you more followers (such as follower trains, sites promising ‘more followers fast,’ or any other site that offers to automatically add followers to your account).

When you give out your username and password to another site or application, you are giving control of your account to someone else. They may then post duplicated, spam, or malicious updates and links, send unwanted direct messages, aggressively follow, or violate other Twitter rules with your account. When these applications do add followers to your account, they are often abandoned or bot accounts that are not reading your updates. If a third-party application causes your account to violate the Twitter Rules, your account may be suspended.

Some third-party applications have been implicated in spam behavior, fraud, the selling of usernames and passwords, and phishing. **Please do not give your username and password out to any third-party application that you have not thoroughly researched.**

Revoke access for any third-party application that you don't recognize by visiting the [Applications tab](#) in Account Settings.



# Are there following limits if I'm whitelisted?

Some API administrators have whitelist status so their applications can function without hitting certain system limits. Whitelisting means that an application can have more API requests per hour; it does not increase the follow limits. All whitelisted accounts are still subject to follow limits.

# So how am I supposed to get followers?

Remember, Twitter isn't a race to get the most followers. If you follow users that you're interested in and post meaningful content, it's more likely that legitimate users will find you and read your updates. People follow other users on Twitter to read updates that are interesting to them. Aggressively following and un-following accounts is frustrating to other Twitter users and degrades the Twitter experience for everyone.

# Having trouble?

Check out our [Following Troubleshooting section](#) for solutions to common problems.

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## [Automation Rules & Best Practices](#)

Submitted Nov 08, 2009 by [ginger](#)

We're constantly amazed by the applications and services that grow up around the Twitter platform. External developers have created tools and applications enabling an incredible array of uses; we've seen Twitter accounts that help people stay updated on their [city's emergency services](#), connect to [national health alerts](#), and catch up on the happenings of their [local bridge](#).

Most users will not need to review this document; however, some people are keen on automation. Unfortunately, spammers have also taken advantage of automation, to the frustration of genuine users. This page has information on what account automations are allowed and which ones could get your account filtered from search or even suspended or terminated.

## How Automation Works



In order for an outside party to post to your account or perform other account actions (like following), you have to grant them access by either establishing a Twitter Connection or by giving them your username and password. Please see our help page on [Connecting to Third-Party Applications](#) for information on the difference, and how to revoke access for each method.

Ultimately, you are responsible for the updates to your timeline and the actions of your account, which means you shouldn't give control of your account to a third-party unless you've thoroughly investigated the application. If you decide to automate any account actions, you will need to manage your automations carefully to avoid violating the [Twitter Rules](#). Violating these rules may result in account suspension or termination, or your account being filtered from search, regardless of whether you performed the violation manually, or allowed an automation to do so!

## Automating your Tweets

### Automating Your Tweets Based on an Action You've Completed:

Maybe you want to post to your Twitter timeline whenever you upload a video to YouTube, create a new photo album, or beat a high score in your favorite game? Sounds great! It's generally fine to update your Twitter account when you complete a particular action. Just be careful—if you post similar updates too frequently, your followers might get a little bored!

### Automating Your Tweets by Streaming External Information:

If you want to automate your account with a feed from your personal blog or updates from your RSS feed, please consider the following:

- **Feeds of your own blog:** It's generally fine to automate your account with updates of your own content; just be sure to review the [Twitter Rules](#) before setting up your automation.
- **Feeds that go through redirects or ad pages:** If you're posting automated links that redirect through landing or ad pages before the final content, your account may be suspended for posting misleading links, a violation of the [Twitter Rules](#).
- **Feeds for community benefit:** We welcome feeds that are used for community benefit or provide non-commercial information to a niche group of users, such as local weather feeds or transit information.

### Automatically Tweeting to Trending Topics:

Trending topics are the most tweeted-about topics on Twitter. Posting to current trending topics in an automated fashion can degrade the experience for other users, and may result in your account being automatically [filtered from search](#). If this happens, your followers will still see your tweets but you won't show in search results.

Automating your tweets to include references to **unrelated** trending topics will result in account suspension.

### Mass-creating Automated Accounts:

There are legitimate reasons why users may have multiple accounts. Serial account creation without prior approval, however, is not allowed. Please [file a support ticket](#) if you would like permission for creating a series of accounts. Include the list of accounts and your planned use of each account; accounts with overlapping use cases and names are generally not approved.

We have allowed multiple, automated accounts for community benefit. For example, Twitter users can now find

out when the Hubble passes overhead, whether they're in [San Francisco](#) or [Hong Kong](#). If the content is available elsewhere on Twitter, however, and does not clearly benefit a community or provide unique information to a niche group of users, these accounts may not be allowed.

## Automated Advertising Updates:

We are continuing to consider the issue of advertising on the Twitter platform. We're committed to encouraging and supporting individuals and businesses who want to discuss and promote the products they care about. At the same time, we've also seen an increase in the number of fully-automated, spam accounts promoting affiliate offers. These accounts use automated following, automated @replying, and serial account creation to spam other users with mass-created advertising. These behaviors are all prohibited by the [Twitter Rules](#).

The guidelines in this section are meant to both reduce automated spam on Twitter, and provide guidance for users interested in including advertising for others in their timeline.

**Automated or mass-created affiliate advertising is not permitted on Twitter.** Updates that are posted automatically to your account through a tool or third-party application, for which you are compensated (whether on a "per-click," "per-sale," "per-tweet," or other basis), are prohibited.

We're still thinking about the full spectrum of advertising on Twitter; in the meantime, other forms of advertising and promotion are allowed, but subject to the rules in this document. The following forms of advertising are not prohibited:

- Promoting your own business or website.
- Tweeting unpaid consumer recommendations.
- Tweeting sponsored or compensated links and updates that you have manually posted or approved.

Your tweets may be sponsored by a third-party if you manually post or approve each sponsored tweet before it is posted. These updates may not be automated or scheduled in advance. The following rules also apply:

1. All sponsored or paid updates must be manually approved. You should either manually post these to your account, or individually approve the tweets to be posted to your account.
2. You shouldn't repeatedly post the same ad updates.
3. If you're using a third-party tool or application to approve and post your tweets, it must be an application **with Twitter OAuth approval**. Please see the FAQ below for more information.
4. You should disclose when you post a compensated or sponsored update.

Users combining advertising with other automations should be particularly careful to review the [Twitter Rules](#) and [Follow Rules and Best Practices](#). Account suspensions may be appealed by [filing a support ticket](#). Finally, please do not attempt to circumvent our guidelines on automated advertising by creating lots of bot accounts that promote similar or duplicate websites (or websites with scraped content); these accounts may be permanently suspended or terminated.

## Automating other Account Actions

When you're automating account behaviors like @replies, DMs, and retweets, we recommend you follow a general guideline: be nice to other Twitter users. In general, we take a skeptical view of disingenuous social

action. If your actions are annoying a bunch of Twitter users, you probably will want to rethink or adjust your automation. Here are some more specific guidelines:

### **Automated @Replies:**

The @reply function is intended to make communication between users easier, and automating this process to put unsolicited messages into lots of users' reply tabs is considered an abuse of feature. If you are automatically sending @reply messages to a bunch of users, the recipients must request or approve this action in advance. For example, sending automated @replies based on keyword searches is not permitted.

Users should also have an easy way to opt-out of your service (in addition to the requirement that all users must opt-in before receiving the messages). We review blocks and reports of spam, so you'll need to provide a clear way for users to stop your messages.

### **Automated Retweeting of Other Users:**

Retweeting someone means you think your followers should see their tweet. When you're retweeting in an automated fashion, and especially based on an automated search or keyword, this becomes less true.

We discourage the automatic retweeting of other users based on a particular keyword and may suspend or terminate accounts that engage in this behavior, particularly if they are being frequently blocked and reported as spam by the users they are retweeting. If you are retweeting users just so they will see your update in their replies folder and look at your account, this is akin to @reply spam and your account may be suspended or terminated.

### **Automated Following and Un-Following:**

Twitter users often review the profiles and recent tweets of their new followers. Being followed in a bulk, automated fashion can make this process bothersome and makes Twitter a less fun place to hang out.

The only auto-following behavior Twitter allows is auto-follow-back (following a user after they have followed you). Automated un-following is also not permitted. If you find yourself frequently needing to un-follow large numbers of users, you might consider reviewing your criteria for following them. Please review our [Follow Rules and Best Practices](#) for a detailed discussion of following recommendations.

Also note that in the general [Twitter Rules](#) that "get followers fast" applications and services are not allowed. Do not surrender your username and password to them.

### **Automating Your DMs (Direct Messages):**

Including an automated "thanks for following" message to your new followers might be annoying to some users. We do not recommend, but generally do not regulate, this behavior; if you receive a DM you don't like, you can un-follow that user and they will no longer be able to send you messages.

### **Automation that Causes Your Account to Violate the Twitter Rules:**

If your account automation is causing your account to violate the [Twitter Rules](#) (by retweeting spam updates, repeatedly posting duplicate links, etc.), your account may be suspended or terminated. You are responsible for

the updates on your account, so please do not add automations unless you are confident you will be able to manage your account within the rules.

## Other Questions (FAQ)

### What is an application with Twitter OAuth approval?

As discussed above, you may post manually-approved, compensated tweets through a third-party application with Twitter OAuth approval. If an application has OAuth approval, the following will be true

1. You allow the application access by approving their connection, not by giving out your username and password.
2. Once approved, you'll be able to see and revoke the connection from your [connections tab](#).

When tweets come from a third-party application, the name of the source is included to the right of the time-stamp, like this: