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## **Total Pages: 2** Reg No.: Name: APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2017 Course Code: CS208 Course Name: PRINCIPLES OF DATABASE DESIGN (CS, IT) Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours** Limit answers to the required points. **PART A** Answer all questions. Each carries 3 marks. 1 What are the responsibilities of the DBA? (3) 2 Define the following terms: (3) ii) Database schema i) Data model iii) Meta-data 3 Consider the following ER diagram. Using this ER diagram create a relational (3) database (primary keys are underlined). $R_2$ C R B What are the different ways of classifying a DBMS? 4 **(3)** PART B Answer any two questions. Each carries 9 marks. 5 With the help of a neat diagram explain the three-schema architecture of DBMS. (9) 6 Explain the following terms briefly: -(9) i) Participation constraint ii) Overlap constraint iii) Covering constraint 7 Consider the following database with primary keys underlined (9) Suppliers ( sid, sname, address) Parts (pid, pname, color) Catalog ( sid, pid, cost) sid is the key for Suppliers, pid is the key for Parts, and sid and pid together

Write relational algebra for the following queries: -

parts by Suppliers.

- i) Find then names of suppliers who supply some red part
- ii) Find the sids of suppliers who supply some red or green part
- iii) Find the sids of suppliers who supply some red part and some green part.

form the key for Catalog. The Catalog relation lists the prices charged for

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## PART C

## Answer all questions. Each carries 3 marks.

8		What are the basic data types available for attributes in SQL?	(3)
9		List the aggregate functions in SQL.	(3)
10		Let $E = \{B \rightarrow A, D \rightarrow A, AB \rightarrow D\}$ is a set of Functional Dependencies. Find a minimal cover for E.	(3)
11		Define Boyce-Codd normal form(BCNF). Give an example of a relation that is in	(3)
		3NF but not in BCNF.  PART D	
		Answer any two questions. Each carries 9 marks.	
12		Consider the following relations for bank database (Primary keys are underlined):	
12		Customer (customer-name, customer-street, customer-city)	
		Branch (branch-name, branch-city, assets)	
		Account (account-number, branch-name, balance)	
		Depositor (customer-name, account-number)	
		Loan (loan-number, branch-name, amount)	
		Answer the following in SQL:	
		i) Create tables with primary keys and foreign keys	(5)
		ii) Create an assertion for the sum of all loan amounts for each branch must	(4)
		be less than the sum of all account balances at the branch.	
13		Given R(A,B,C,D,E) with the Set of FDs, $F = \{AB \rightarrow CD, ABC \rightarrow E, C \rightarrow A\}$ .	
		i) Find any two candidate keys of R	(3)
		ii) What is the normal form of R? Justif y your answer.	(6)
14	a)	What are Armstrong's axioms?	(3)
	b)	Write an algorithm to compute the attribute closure of a set of attributes (X)	(3)
		under a set of functional dependencies (F).	
	c)	Explain three uses of attribute closure algorithm.	(3)
		PART E	
		Answer any four questions. Each carries 10 marks.	
15		What are the different types of single-level ordered indices? Explain.	(10)
16	a)	What is a B <sup>+</sup> -tree?	(2)
	b)	Describe the structure of both internal and leaf nodes of a B <sup>+</sup> -tree of order p	(8)
17		Differentiate between static hashing and dynamic hashing.	(10)
18		How concurrency is controlled using Timestamp Ordering algorithm.	(10)
19		Explain the concepts behind the following: -	(5)
		i) Log-Based Recovery	(5)
20	- )	ii) Deferred Database Modification.	(5)
20	a)	What are the components of GIS?  Explain the characteristics of data in GIS	(3)
	b)	Explain the characteristics of data in GIS. What are the constraints in GIS?	(3)
	c)	what are the constraints in O18?	(4)

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