# App Inventor + IoT: LED Blink with LinkIt 7697

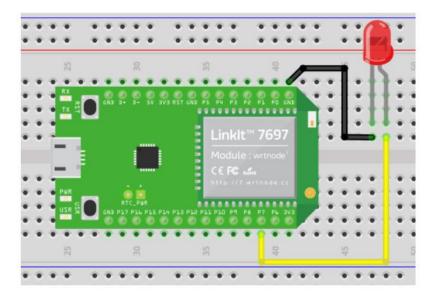
This tutorial will help you get started with App Inventor + IoT, controlling LED of LinkIt 7697 (Arduino compatible) button and Google Speech recognition.

• source .ino / source .aia

#### **Hardware**

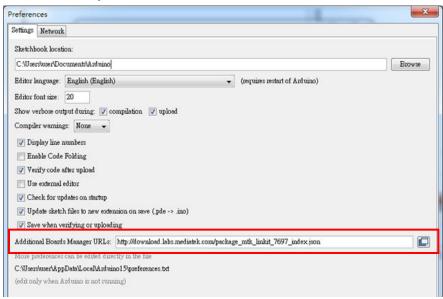
<u>Linklt 7697</u> is an Arduino compatible dev board with Wi-Fi / BLE. You can use it like just like any other Aruinos and interfacing with App Inventor through its BLE commutation.

Compared with other Arduino boards with their onboard LED of D13, Linklt 7697's onboard LED is D7. In this project, we are going to control this LED by App Inventor. Or you can connect a bigger LED (or relay module) with the help of a breadboard, like below:



**Arduino IDE Setup** 

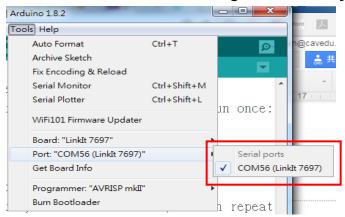
- Frist get <u>Arduino IDE 1.8.x</u> version, download the .zip file, unzip and click arduino.exe to open the IDE. From File → Preference menu, enter the link below to Additional Boards Manager URLs field:
  - http://download.labs.mediatek.com/package\_mtk\_linkit\_7 697\_index.json



2. Open Tools/ Board/ Board Manager, then search "7697" and install the latest version of 7697 SDK.

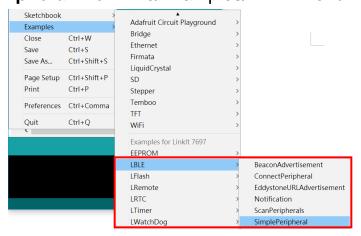


 Download and install CP2102N driver(Windows / MAC/OSX), then check the COM port in your Device manager. Check if you can see a "Silicon Labs CP210 USB to UART Bridge(COMXX)", this is the COM port number of your LinkIt 7697. Finally go back to Arduino IDE, check if IDE had recognized your LinkIt 7697 successfully from **Tools/Port** menu. For MAC user, it should be something like "/dev/tty.usbserialXXX…"



## Get the BLE address of Linklt 7697

 For safety reason, not every board marked its Bluetooth address on its board (Arduino 101 is an exception). In Arduino IDE, first set the board to "Linklt 7697" then open example "SimplePeripheral" from File/Examples/LBLE menu.



2. Compile and upload to your Linklt 7697 then open Arduino IDE's Serial Monitor, should see similar image like below. The [XX:XX:XX:XX:XX] 12-digit string is the Bluetooth address of your Linklt 7697, we have to modify the addr variable value of your Al2 project. Later we will use the same .ino to receive command from App Inventor.

```
© COM56 (LinkIt 7697)

| Send |
| BLE ready |
| Device Address = [65:00:00:2B:88:8C(RAN)]
```

# **App Inventor**

The purpose of this project is to interact with Linklt 7697 dev board with App Inventor through BLE communication. The main idea is to toggle the digital pin on/off by two buttons, but since there are so many components in Al2, you can use whatever components which can implement the same idea, that's why we put a

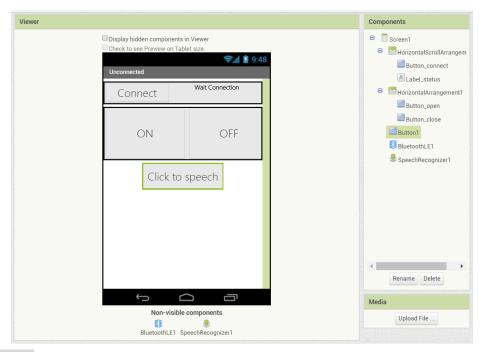
**SpeechRecognizer** component here. You can easily change the trigger from buttons to speech without modifying the Arduino code.

Now login to your App Inventor account and create a new project.

# Designer

- 1. The most used components in this project are buttons (to trigger actions) and labels (to show related messages).
- 2. And we have to import BLE extension from URL:
  - <a href="http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/com.bbc.micro:bit.pro">http://iot.appinventor.mit.edu/assets/com.bbc.micro:bit.pro</a>
     file.aix
  - add a BLE extension by dragging it into Viewer.
- 3. Add a SpeechRecognizer from Media drawer.

After some adjusting, your designer should be like this. Don't have to be exactly the same, feel free to modify:



## **Blocks**

Let's take a look of our blocks step by step:

#### 1. Variable for Bluetooth address

Please replace the value with what you get from Arduino's Serial Monitor.



## 2. Initialize and connect

The app will start scanning for BLE devices nearby. In **Button\_connect** event, we will check current connect status then decide to connect or disconnect.

```
when Screen1 .Initialize
do call BluetoothLE1 .StartScanning
when Button_connect .Click
do 🔯 if
                            Button_connect 🔻 . Text 🔻
                              Connect "
                            Button_connect •
                                             Text ▼
                     " Connecting... "
    then call BluetoothLE1 .ConnectWithAddress
                                                 get global addr 🔻
                               Text to
                                              " Connecting...
          call BluetoothLE1 .Disconnect
          set Button_connect •
```

#### 3. BLE Connected

When connected successfully (**BluetoothLE.Connected** event), we show related messages on several components and enabled **Button\_open** and **Button\_close** to be clicked.

```
when BluetoothLE1 · . Connected

do set Screen1 · . Title · to ( "Connected "

set Button_connect · . Text · to ( "Disconnect "

set Label_status · . Text · to ( "Disconnect "

set Button_open · . Enabled · to ( true · )

set Button_close · . Enabled · to ( true · )
```

# 4. Button\_open to turn on LED

When **Button\_open**is clicked, first we show related message and send out a number **1** by **BluetoothLE.WriteIntValue** method. Notice that the **service\_uuid** and **characteristic\_uuid** must be identical with what in Arduino sketch. Linklt 7697 will put its digital pin #7 to HIGH voltage level, therefore the LED is turned on.

## 5. Button close to turn off LED

We are doing almost exactly the same here except sending out number **0** instead of 1. Linklt 7697 will put its digital pin #7 to LOW voltage level, therefore the LED is turned off.

## 6. Click to start recognizing speech

**SpeechRecognizer** will ready to receive any voices when **Button\_Speech** is clicked, you screen will show up a Google microphone icon, you can say "**light on**" and "**light off**" for now.

```
when Button_Speech .Click
do call SpeechRecognizer1 .GetText
```

In SpeechRecognizer.AfterGettingText event, we check whether the processed result(one at a time) by Google is matched with what we set: "light on" and "light off". If it is "light on", then send out a number 1 by BluetoothLE.WriteIntValue method; and if it is "light off" then send out number 0. Any idea? Here we just change the trigger of App Inventor, Linkly 7697 is still wait 0/1 to toggle its pin. You can extend the same idea to other trigger events like orientation sensor or

someone is give a call (PhoneCall.PhoneCallStarted event).

```
when SpeechRecognizer1 . AfterGettingText
result
   set Screen1 . Title to get result to
                  get result 🔻
            call BluetoothLE1 . WriteIntValue
                                                   19B10010-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214
                            characteristic_uuid
                                                   19B10011-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214
                                        value
     🗯 if
                  get result •
                                         " (light off)
                                .WriteIntValue
          call BluetoothLE1 •
                                                   19B10010-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214
                                 service_uuid
                            characteristic uuid
                                                 " (19B10011-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214)
                                        value
                                       offset
```

#### 7. Disconnect

The connection will be disconnected if you click the **Button\_connect** or pressed the USS button(D6) of Linklt 7697. This will reset the app to initial state and wait for next connect request.

```
when BluetoothLE1 v .Disconnected

do set Screen1 v . Title v to ( "Unconnected "

set Label_status v . Text v to ( "Wait Connection "

set Button_open v . Enabled v to (false v

set Button_close v . Enabled v to (false v
```

# **Arduino code**

/\*
This example configures LinkIt 7697 to act as a simple GATT server with 1 characteristic.

To use it, open Applnventor project:

\*
Build & install it on Android id

```
created Mar 2017
*/
#include <LBLE.h>
#include <LBLEPeriphral.h>
// Define a simple GATT service with only 1 characteristic
LBLEService ledService("19B10010-E8F2-537E-4F6C-D104768A1214");
LBLECharacteristicInt switchCharacteristic("19B10011-E8F2-537E-4F6C-
D104768A1214", LBLE_READ | LBLE_WRITE);
void setup() {
  // Initialize LED pin
  pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);
  //Initialize serial and wait for port to open:
  Serial.begin(9600);
  // to check if USR button is pressed
  pinMode(6, INPUT);
  // Initialize BLE subsystem
  LBLE.begin();
  while (!LBLE.ready()) {
    delay(100);
  Serial.println("BLE ready");
  Serial.print("Device Address = [");
  Serial.print(LBLE.getDeviceAddress());
  Serial.println("]");
  // configure our advertisement data.
  // In this case, we simply create an advertisement that represents
  // an connectable device with a device name
  LBLEAdvertisementData advertisement;
  advertisement.configAsConnectableDevice("BLE LED");
  // Configure our device's Generic Access Profile's device name
```

```
// Usually this is the same as the name in the advertisement data.
  LBLEPeripheral.setName("BLE LED");
  // Add characteristics into ledService
  ledService.addAttribute(switchCharacteristic);
  // Add service to GATT server (peripheral)
  LBLEPeripheral.addService(ledService);
  // start the GATT server - it is now
  // available to connect
  LBLEPeripheral.begin();
  // start advertisment
  LBLEPeripheral.advertise(advertisement);
}
void loop() {
  delay(1000);
  Serial.print("conected=");
  Serial.println(LBLEPeripheral.connected());
  if (digitalRead(6)) //force to disconnect if USR button is pressed
    Serial.println("disconnect all!");
    LBLEPeripheral.disconnectAll();
  }
  if (switchCharacteristic.isWritten()) {
    const char value = switchCharacteristic.getValue();
    switch (value) {
       case 1:
         digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH);
         break:
       case 0:
         digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);
         break;
       default:
         Serial.println("Unknown value written");
```

```
break;
}
}
```

## **Have Fun!**

Make sure your LinkIt 7697 is running correctly as a BLE peripheral. Open your app and click **Connect** button, you should see the ON/OFF two buttons are ready to be clicked. Just click ON button to light on the LED and OFF button to light off. And click Button Speech to say "light on" and "light off" to do the same thing.

# **Brainstorming**

- 1. Use orientation sensor to turn on/off the LED.
- 2. Add two more buttons to trigger another LED on LinkIt 7697 (hint: more cases in Arduino sketch!)