DOODLE JUMP GAME IN C++ USING SFML LIBRARY



FALL 2024-25 CSE208L OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB

Submitted by:
SYED MUHAMMAD NOMAN (23PWCSE2227)
MUHAMMAD AFNAN KHAN (23PWCSE2241)
MUHAMMAD SAAD (23PWCSE2316)

Class Section: C

Group: 13

"On my honor, as student of University of Engineering and Technology, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this academic work."

Submitted to:

Engr. Sumayyea Salahuddin

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING
UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, PESHAWAR

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB PROJECT DOODLE JUMP GAME IN C++ USING SFML LIBRARY

INTRODUCTION:

Brief Overview:

• This project implements a simplified version of the classic Doodle Jump game using C++ and SFML (Simple and Fast Multimedia Library). It demonstrates the core principles of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP), such as encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction.

Purpose:

- To learn OOP concepts.
- To explore game development.
- To apply SFML for rendering graphics and handling input.

TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES:

- **Programming Language:** C++
- Graphics Library: SFML
- **Editor/IDE**: DevC++, CodeBlocks.

GAME OBJECTIVES:

Goal of the Game:

The player controls a character that continuously jumps off platforms to climb as high as
possible, avoiding falling off the screen. The goal is to score points by reaching higher
platforms.

Challenges:

- Players must navigate left and right to land on platforms.
- Platforms reset when the player moves higher, creating a dynamic environment.

FEATURES:

Game Features:

- Character movement (left and right).
- Jump mechanics with gravity simulation.
- Platforms that reset and move dynamically.
- Score tracking.
- Game Over and Retry options.

Additional Features:

- Custom character and background.
- Sound effects for player jumps.
- Responsive design for a larger window size.

CHALLENGES FACED:

Issues during implementation:

- Integrating SFML for the first time was challenging.
- Managing character movement and collision detection required precise calculations.
- Finding optimal images for the background and character in order to maintain optimal color combination.
- Resizing and conversion of the images from one form to another (e.g jpg to png etc.).
- Adjusting the Game window as well as adjusting platform and character spawn accordingly at the start as well as on resetting the game.

How we overcame these:

- Researched helping materials online.
- Revised OOP concepts for better understanding, implementation and design.
- Used the help of online websites for resizing and conversion of images according to our needs.
- Used AI tools for help like ChatGPT.

REFERENCE:

We used the following video, provided to us by our instructor, as reference: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Vf_vQIUk5Q&ab_channel=FamTrinli

WORKING OF THE GAME:

GAME OVERVIEW:

- The game consists of a player character that automatically falls due to gravity and jumps when landing on platforms.
- The player moves horizontally via keyboard inputs (Left and Right arrow keys).
- The objective is to keep jumping on platforms, avoid falling off the screen, and earn points as platforms reset (when they move off-screen).

KEY COMPONENTS:

Game Classes:

We have used a total of 4 classes:

- 1. GameObject (Base Class).
- 2. Player (Derived Class).
- 3. Platform (Derived Class).
- 4. Game.

• GameObject (Base):

```
// Base class for all game objects
class GameObject {
protected:
    Vector2f position;

public:
    GameObject(float x, float y) : position(x, y) {}

    virtual void update() = 0; // Pure virtual function for
polymorphism
    virtual void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) = 0;

    Vector2f getPosition() const {
        return position;
    }

    void setPosition(float x, float y) {
        position = {x, y};
    }
};
```

• Player (Derived):

The Player class defines the character and its behavior.

It controls the player's position, movement (left/right), gravity, and jumping mechanics. Applies a vertical velocity (dy) to simulate falling and jumping.

```
void jump() { dy = -8.0f; } // Give upward velocity for a jump

void reset() {
    position = {200, 200}; // Reset position to start
    dx = 0;
    dy = 0;
}

float getVelocityY() const { return dy; } // Return vertical velocity

void update() override {
    applyGravity(); // Apply gravity each frame
}

void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) override {
    sprite.setPosition(position); // Update sprite position
    window.draw(sprite); // Draw the sprite
}
```

- **Gravity Simulation**: The applyGravity() method increases the vertical velocity (dy) and moves the player down.
- **Jump**: When the player lands on a platform, jump () gives the player an upward velocity (dy = -8.0f).

• Platform (Derived):

The Platform class represents the platforms the player jumps on. It inherits from GameObject and provides a simple vertical movement method.

Moves vertically when the player jumps past a certain threshold.

- Platforms move downward relative to the player's vertical movement (move (float dy)).
- They reset to the top when they move off-screen.

• Game (Class):

```
class Game {
private:
    RenderWindow window;
    Texture t1, t2, t3;
    Sprite sBackground, sPlat, sPers;
    Font font;
    Text scoreText, gameOverText, retryText;
   Player player;
   std::vector<Platform> platforms;
    int score;
   bool gameOver;
    // Sound-related variables
    SoundBuffer jumpBuffer;
    Sound jumpSound;
   void resetGame() {
        player.reset();
        score = 0;
        gameOver = false;
        platforms.clear();
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
            platforms.emplace_back(rand() % 500, rand() % 700);
           // Adjusted spawn range for platforms
        updateScoreText();
    }
   void updateScoreText() {
        std::ostringstream ss;
        ss << "Score: " << score;
        scoreText.setString(ss.str());
    void handleInput() {
        if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Left)) {
            player.moveLeft();
        if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Right)) {
            player.moveRight();
        }
    void handleCollisions() {
        for (auto& platform : platforms) {
            Vector2f pPos = platform.getPosition();
            Vector2f plPos = player.getPosition();
     if ((plPos.x + 50 > pPos.x) && (plPos.x + 20 < pPos.x + 68) &&
       (plPos.y + 70 > pPos.y) && (plPos.y + 70 < pPos.y + 14) &&
                (player.getVelocityY() > 0)) {
                player.jump(); // Boost the player up when they collide
// with the platform
```

```
jumpSound.play();  // Play the jump sound
            }
        }
   void updatePlatforms() {
        for (auto& platform : platforms) {
            platform.move(player.getVelocityY());
            // Check if platform is off-screen and reset it
            if (platform.getPosition().y > 700) { // Adjusted for new
window height
                platform.setPosition(rand() % 500, 0); // Adjusted for
new window width
                score++; // Increment score when a platform resets
        updateScoreText(); // Update score text after platform movement
   void draw() {
        window.clear();
        if (gameOver) {
            window.draw(sBackground);
            window.draw(gameOverText);
            window.draw(retryText);
        } else {
            window.draw(sBackground);
            player.draw(window, sPers);
            for (auto& platform : platforms) {
                platform.draw(window, sPlat);
            window.draw(scoreText);
        window.display();
                              // Adjusted window size
    Game() : window(VideoMode(500, 700), "Doodle Game!"), score(0),
gameOver(false) {
        srand(time(0));
        window.setFramerateLimit(60);
        // Load textures and font
        t1.loadFromFile("images/sea.png");
        t2.loadFromFile("images/platform.png");
        t3.loadFromFile("images/character.png");
        sBackground.setTexture(t1);
        sPlat.setTexture(t2);
        sPers.setTexture(t3);
        if (!font.loadFromFile("fonts/DoodleJumpBold v2.ttf")) {
            std::cerr << "Failed to load font" << std::endl;
```

```
return;
        }
        // Load sound
        if (!jumpBuffer.loadFromFile("sounds/sound jump.wav")) {
            std::cerr << "Failed to load sound jump.wav" << std::endl;</pre>
            return;
        jumpSound.setBuffer(jumpBuffer);
        scoreText.setFont(font);
        scoreText.setCharacterSize(30);
        scoreText.setFillColor(Color::White);
        scoreText.setPosition(10, 10);
        gameOverText.setFont(font);
        gameOverText.setCharacterSize(48);
        gameOverText.setFillColor(Color::Red);
        gameOverText.setString("Game Over!");
        gameOverText.setPosition(150, 300);
        retryText.setFont(font);
        retryText.setCharacterSize(28);
        retryText.setFillColor(Color::Black);
        retryText.setString("Press R to Retry or Esc to Exit");
        retryText.setPosition(120, 400);
        resetGame();
    void run() {
        while (window.isOpen()) {
            Event e;
            while (window.pollEvent(e)) {
                if (e.type == Event::Closed) {
                    window.close();
                if (gameOver) {
                    if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::R)) {
                        resetGame();
                    } else if
(Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Escape)) {
                        window.close();
                }
            }
            if (!gameOver) {
                handleInput();
                player.update();
                if (player.getPosition().y > 700) { // Adjusted for new
window height
                    gameOver = true;
                }
```

Game Logic:

• Gravity:

Applied to the player via Player::applyGravity(), causing continuous downward motion (dy).

```
void applyGravity() {
          dy += 0.2f; // Increase gravity
          position.y += dy;
}
```

• Collision Detection:

Checks if the player's position overlaps with a platform. If true, the player is "boosted" upwards with a negative dy (jump).

```
jumpSound.play();  // Play the jump sound
}
}
```

• Score:

Increases when a platform moves off the bottom of the screen and is repositioned at the top.

```
void updateScoreText() {
    std::ostringstream ss;
    ss << "Score: " << score;
    scoreText.setString(ss.str());
}</pre>
```

• Game Over:

Triggered when the player falls below the screen (y > 700).

```
window.close();
              }
          if (!gameOver) {
              handleInput();
              player.update();
if (player.getPosition().y > 700) { // Adjusted for new window height
                  gameOver = true;
              }
 if (player.getPosition().y < 300) { // Adjusted gravity offset for
                            larger window
                  float offset = 300 - player.getPosition().y;
                  player.setPosition(player.getPosition().x, 300);
                  for (auto& platform : platforms) {
                      platform.move(-offset);
                   }
              }
              updatePlatforms();
              handleCollisions();
          draw();
      }
```

GRAPHICS AND SOUND:

• Textures are used for the background, platforms, and player sprite.

```
// Load textures and font
    t1.loadFromFile("images/sea.png");
    t2.loadFromFile("images/platform.png");
    t3.loadFromFile("images/character.png");

sBackground.setTexture(t1);
sPlat.setTexture(t2);
sPers.setTexture(t3);
```

• A jump sound effect (sound_jump.wav) plays whenever the player jumps.

Sound Variables:

```
// Sound-related variables
    SoundBuffer jumpBuffer;
    Sound jumpSound;

// Load sound
    if (!jumpBuffer.loadFromFile("sounds/sound_jump.wav")) {
        std::cerr << "Failed to load sound_jump.wav" << std::endl;
        return;
     }
jumpSound.play(); // Play the jump sound</pre>
```

• Text objects (scoreText, gameOverText, retryText) display relevant information like the score and game state.

Score Text:

```
scoreText.setFont(font);
    scoreText.setCharacterSize(30);
    scoreText.setFillColor(Color::White);
    scoreText.setPosition(10, 10);
```

Game Over Text:

```
gameOverText.setFont(font);

gameOverText.setCharacterSize(48);

gameOverText.setFillColor(Color::Red);

gameOverText.setString("Game Over!");

gameOverText.setPosition(150, 300);
```

Retry Text:

```
retryText.setFont(font);
    retryText.setCharacterSize(28);
    retryText.setFillColor(Color::Black);
    retryText.setString("Press R to Retry or Esc to Exit");
```

```
retryText.setPosition(120, 400);
resetGame();
```

GAME LOOP (MAIN FUNCTIONALITY):

- Event Handling:
 - Checks for Keyboard inputs to control the player or reset/exit the game after a Game Over. **Player Control:**

```
void handleInput() {
        if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Left)) {
            player.moveLeft();
        }
        if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Right)) {
            player.moveRight();
        }
Reset/exit:
if (gameOver) {
                    if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::R)) {
                        resetGame();
                    } else if
(Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Escape)) {
                        window.close();
```

- Game Updates:
 - Player's movement and gravity are updated.

Player Movement:

```
void moveLeft() {
        position.x -= 5.0f;
}

void moveRight() {
        position.x += 5.0f;
}

Gravity:

void applyGravity() {
        dy += 0.2f; // Increase gravity
        position.y += dy;
}

void update() override {
        applyGravity();
```

Platforms move relative to the player's motion, and their positions are reset when they go
off-screen.

```
}
updateScoreText(); // Update score text after platform movement
}
```

• Collisions between the player and platforms are handled to trigger jumps.

• Rendering:

• Clears the window and redraws all elements (background, player, platforms, and text).

```
void draw() {
    window.clear();
    if (gameOver) {
        window.draw(sBackground);
        window.draw(gameOverText);
        window.draw(retryText);
    } else {
```

```
window.draw(sBackground);

player.draw(window, sPers);

for (auto& platform : platforms) {
    platform.draw(window, sPlat);
}

window.draw(scoreText);
}

window.display();
}
```

OOP CONCEPTS IMPLEMENTED:

• ENCAPSULATION:

Encapsulation is basically grouping different data types, methods and variables in a class, and implementing access specifiers for data hiding. Here is a general example of an encapsulated class:

```
// Base class for all game objects
class GameObject {
protected:
    Vector2f position;

public:
    GameObject(float x, float y) : position(x, y) {}

    virtual void update() = 0; // Pure virtual function for
polymorphism
    virtual void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) = 0;

    Vector2f getPosition() const {
        return position;
    }

    void setPosition(float x, float y) {
        position = {x, y};
    }
};
```

• ABSTRACTION:

Using Pure Virtual Function:

virtual void update() = 0; // Pure virtual function for polymorphism virtual void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) = 0;

• POLYMORPHISM:

OVERALL GAME CODE:

```
main.cpp
      #include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
 1
      #include <SFML/Audio.hpp>
      #include <time.h>
 3
      #include <sstream>
 4
 5
      #include <iostream>
     #include <vector>
 6
 7
 8
     using namespace sf;
 9
      // Base class for all game objects
10
11 class GameObject {
      protected:
12
13
          Vector2f position;
14
15
      public:
16
          GameObject(float x, float y) : position(x, y) {}
17
18
          virtual void update() = 0; // Pure virtual function for polymorphism
          virtual void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) = 0;
19
20
21
          Vector2f getPosition() const {
22
              return position;
23
24
25 -
          void setPosition(float x, float y) {
26
              position = {x, y};
27
28 L };
29
```

```
30 ☐ class Platform : public GameObject {
     public:
31
32
         Platform(float x, float y) : GameObject(x, y) {}
33
34 🖃
         void update() override {
35
             // Platforms only move vertically when the player jumps above a threshold
36
37
38 🖃
         void move(float dy) {
             position.y -= dy; // Move platform based on player gravity
39
40
41
42
         void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) override {
43
             sprite.setPosition(position);
44
             window.draw(sprite);
45
46 L };
47
48 ☐ class Player : public GameObject {
49
     private:
         float dx, dy;
50
51
52
     public:
53
         Player(): GameObject(200, 200), dx(0.0f), dy(0.0f) {}
54
55 🖃
         void moveLeft() {
             position.x -= 5.0f;
56
57
58
59 🖃
         void moveRight() {
60
             position.x += 5.0f;
61
62
63 -
         void applyGravity() {
64
            dv += 0.2f: // Increase aravity
```

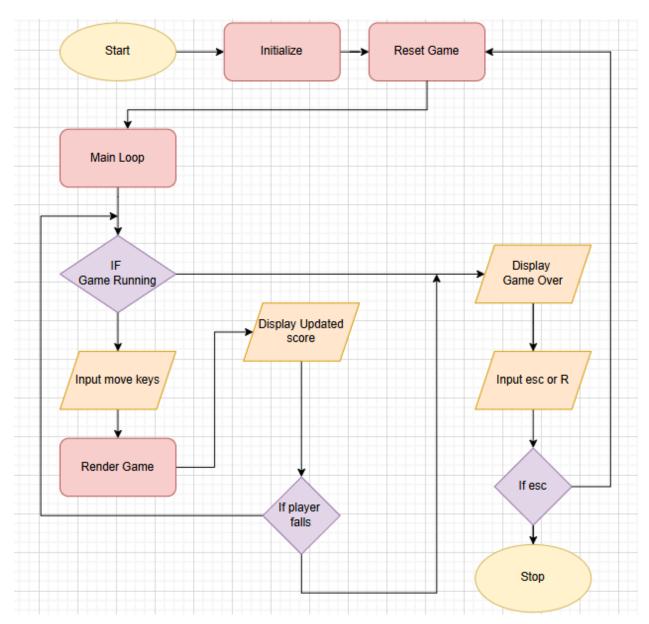
```
65
              position.y += dy;
66
67
68 🖃
          void jump() {
              dy = -8.0f; // Boost player upwards when colliding with a platform
69
70
71
72 🗀
          void reset() {
73
              position = {200, 200}; // Reset player position
74
              dx = 0:
75
              dy = 0;
76
77
78 🖃
          float getVelocityY() const {
79
             return dy;
80
81
82 🖃
          void update() override {
83
              applyGravity();
84
85
86 -
          void draw(RenderWindow& window, Sprite& sprite) override {
87
              sprite.setPosition(position);
88
              window.draw(sprite);
89
99 L };
```

```
91
 92 - class Game {
 93
       private:
 94
          RenderWindow window;
 95
            Texture t1, t2, t3;
 96
           Sprite sBackground, sPlat, sPers;
 97
           Font font:
           Text scoreText, gameOverText, retryText;
 98
 99
100
           Player player;
101
            std::vector<Platform> platforms;
102
            int score:
103
           bool gameOver;
104
            // Sound-related variables
105
106
           SoundBuffer jumpBuffer;
107
           Sound jumpSound;
108
109 -
           void resetGame() {
110
                player.reset();
111
                score = 0;
112
                gameOver = false;
113
114
                platforms.clear();
115 -
                for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
116
                    platforms.emplace_back(rand() % 500, rand() % 700);
117
                    // Adjusted spawn range for platforms
118
119
                updateScoreText();
120
121
122 -
          void updateScoreText() {
123
              std::ostringstream ss;
              ss << "Score: " << score;
124
              scoreText.setString(ss.str());
125
126
127
128
          void handleInput() {
129 -
              if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Left)) {
130
                  player.moveLeft();
131
132
              if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Right)) {
133
                  player.moveRight();
134
135
136
137
          void handleCollisions() {
138
              for (auto& platform : platforms) {
                  Vector2f pPos = platform.getPosition();
139
140
                  Vector2f plPos = player.getPosition();
141
142
                  if ((plPos.x + 50 > pPos.x) && (plPos.x + 20 < pPos.x + 68) &&
                      (plPos.y + 70 > pPos.y) && (plPos.y + 70 < pPos.y + 14) &&
143
144 -
                      (player.getVelocityY() > 0)) {
145
                      player.jump(); // Boost the player up when they collide with the platform
146
                      jumpSound.play();
                                           // Play the jump sound
147
148
149
150
```

```
151 -
          void updatePlatforms() {
152
               for (auto& platform : platforms) {
153
                   platform.move(player.getVelocityY());
154
155
                   // Check if platform is off-screen and reset it
156 -
                   if (platform.getPosition().y > 700) { // Adjusted for new window height
157
                       platform.setPosition(rand() % 500, 0); // Adjusted for new window width
158
                       score++; // Increment score when a platform resets
159
160
161
162
               updateScoreText(); // Update score text after platform movement
163
164
165
          void draw() {
              window.clear();
166
167
168 -
               if (gameOver) {
                   window.draw(sBackground);
169
170
                   window.draw(gameOverText);
171
                   window.draw(retryText);
172
               } else {
173
                  window.draw(sBackground);
174
                  player.draw(window, sPers);
175 -
                   for (auto& platform : platforms) {
                      platform.draw(window, sPlat);
176
177
178
                   window.draw(scoreText);
179
180
181
               window.display();
182
183
184
       public:
                            // Adjusted window size
185 -
           Game() : window(VideoMode(500, 700), "Doodle Game!"), score(0), gameOver(false) {
186
               srand(time(0));
187
               window.setFramerateLimit(60);
188
               // Load textures and font
189
               t1.loadFromFile("images/sea.png");
190
               t2.loadFromFile("images/platform.png");
191
               t3.loadFromFile("images/character.png");
192
193
194
               sBackground.setTexture(t1);
195
               sPlat.setTexture(t2);
196
               sPers.setTexture(t3);
197
198
               if (!font.loadFromFile("fonts/DoodleJumpBold_v2.ttf")) {
                   std::cerr << "Failed to load font" << std::endl;
199
200
                   return;
201
202
203
               // Load sound
204 -
               if (!jumpBuffer.loadFromFile("sounds/sound_jump.wav")) {
                   std::cerr << "Failed to load sound_jump.wav" << std::endl;
205
206
                   return;
207
208
               jumpSound.setBuffer(jumpBuffer);
209
210
               scoreText.setFont(font);
211
               scoreText.setCharacterSize(30);
212
               scoreText.setFillColor(Color::Black);
               scoreText.setPosition(10, 10);
213
```

```
213
               scoreText.setPosition(10, 10);
214
215
               gameOverText.setFont(font);
216
               gameOverText.setCharacterSize(48);
217
               gameOverText.setFillColor(Color::Red);
218
               gameOverText.setString("Game Over!");
219
               gameOverText.setPosition(150, 300);
220
221
               retryText.setFont(font);
222
               retryText.setCharacterSize(28);
223
               retryText.setFillColor(Color::Black);
224
               retryText.setString("Press R to Retry or Esc to Exit");
               retryText.setPosition(120, 400);
225
226
227
               resetGame();
228
229
230 _
           void run() {
231
               while (window.isOpen()) {
232
                    Event e;
233
                    while (window.pollEvent(e)) {
234
                        if (e.type == Event::Closed) {
235
                            window.close();
236
237
238 -
                        if (gameOver) {
239
                            if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::R)) {
240
                                 resetGame();
241
                            } else if (Keyboard::isKeyPressed(Keyboard::Escape)) {
242
                                window.close();
243
244
245
246
247
                   if (!gameOver) {
248
                       handleInput();
249
                       player.update();
250
251 🖃
                       if (player.getPosition().y > 700) { // Adjusted for new window height
252
                          gameOver = true;
253
254
255 🗀
                       if (player.getPosition().y < 300) { // Adjusted gravity offset for larger window
256
                          float offset = 300 - player.getPosition().y;
257
                          player.setPosition(player.getPosition().x, 300);
258 🖃
                          for (auto& platform : platforms) {
259
                              platform.move(-offset);
260
261
262
                       updatePlatforms();
263
264
                       handleCollisions();
265
266
267
                   draw();
268
269
    t <sub>};</sub>
270
271
272 = int main() {
273
           Game game;
274
           game.run();
275
           return 0;
276 L }
277
```

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS IN THE FORM OF A FLOWCHART:



IMAGES USED:

CHARACTER: PLATFORM:





BACKGROUND:



IN-GAME OVERVIEW:



CONCLUSION:

- With this project we got introduced to a completely new library that is SFML.
- We learned how to use many different classes in SFML especially regarding the graphics.
- This project challenged us to implement the core concepts of Object Oriented Programming which we have learned in the lab.
- We got introduced to game development which is a very interesting and a vast field, and we learned a lot from it.
- Finally using the knowledge that we gained and the research that we did, and some help from online sources, we as a group were able to create our own version of the classic Doodle Jump Game.

GITHUB AND LINKEDIN OF GROUP MEMBERS:

MUHAMMAD AFNAN KHAN:

LinkedIn:

https://www.linkedin.com/in/afnan-khan-88849a34a?utm_source=share&utm_campaign=share_via&utm_content=profile&utm_medium =android_app

GitHub: https://github.com/afnankhan24-art/Doodle-Jump-Game

MUHAMMAD SAAD:

LinkedIn:

https://www.linkedin.com/posts/muhammad-saad-a8a07a34b_gamedevelopment-sfml-doodlejump-activity-7292157170509385728j_uX?utm_source=share&utm_medium=member_desktop

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GitHub: <u>https://github.com/muhammeddsaadd/C-Game</u>

SYED MUHAMMAD NOMAN:

LinkedIn:

GitHub: <u>https://github.com/Noman428/OOP-Lab-Project-</u>