

Sequencer

User Guide



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1 Introduction

A sequencer is a device that can produce rhythmic loops programmed by the user. The loop is divided into 8 equally spaced steps and each step can be activated by the user. The sequencer will go through the loop and will play a sound on the activated steps. The loop period and the sound frequency can be set by the user.

The sequencer hardware is implemented in Verilog and uses the Picoversat SoC as the basic processing unit. Refer to the Picoversat manual for more information. This sequencer implementation is meant to be used on the Basys2 FPGA, and in order to make that possible, custom-made peripherals are used in order to use the board's features (e.g. LEDs, Switches, etc...). For more information is present on the peripherals chapter (insert ref).

2 Sequencer operation

Since the sequencer depends on multiple time-dependant routines and there is no trivial way to deal with this on the picoversat controller (because of the lack of interrupts), the main logic needed to be divided into two routines: one for the main sequencer loop, implemented as a standalone peripheral, and other for the reading and debouncing of the switches and pushbuttons and for data handling (frequencies).

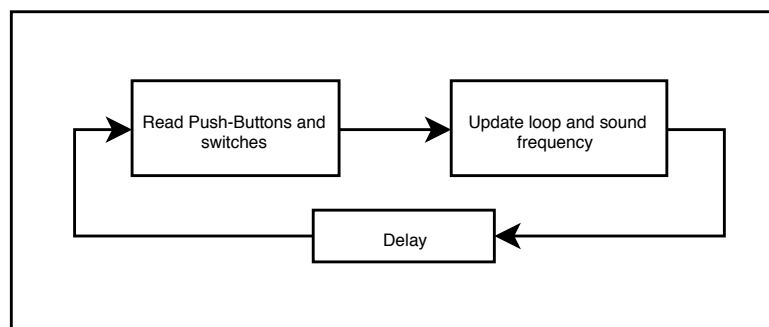


Figure 1: Picoversat code main loop.

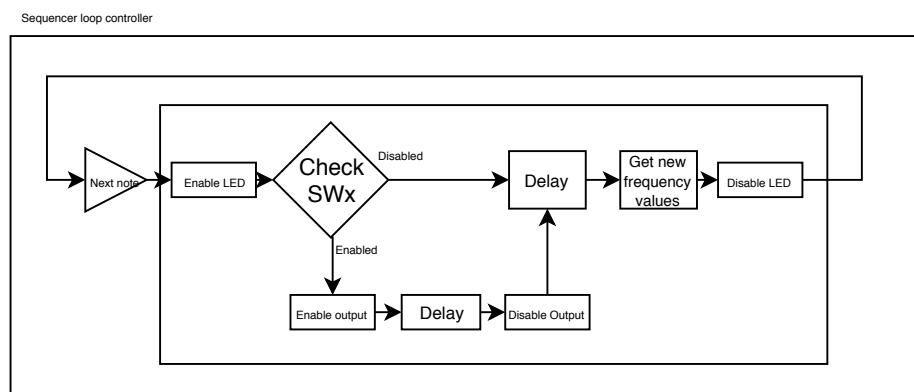


Figure 2: Sequencer Loop controller peripheral main loop.

3 Block Diagram

The hardware platform used for the developed sequencer is the Basys 2 FPGA board by digilent. The sequencer will interface with some of the board peripherals as shown in the Figure ??

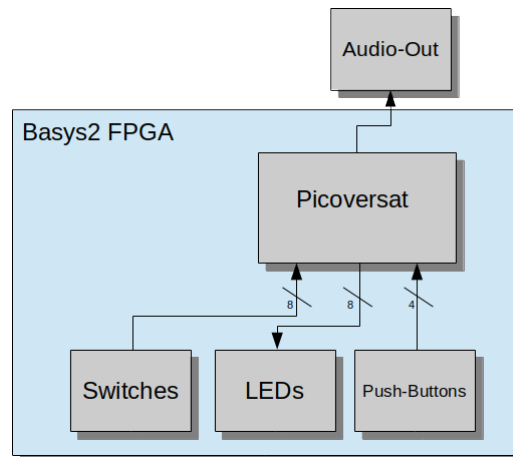


Figure 3: Block Diagram

Figure x shows the Basys 2 peripherals that the user can use in order to interact with the sequencer.

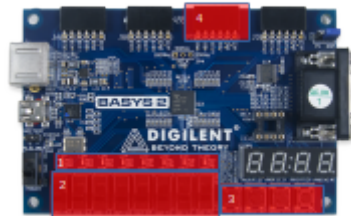


Figure 4: Basys 2 board peripherals

1. 8xLED
2. 8xSlide-Switches
3. 4xPush-Button
4. 1xAudio Output

4 Peripherals

In order to control the Basys 2 board peripherals with the picoversat controller, peripheral drivers are used. The peripherals are mapped in memory, refer to the memory map in section 6 to check the peripheral's addresses.

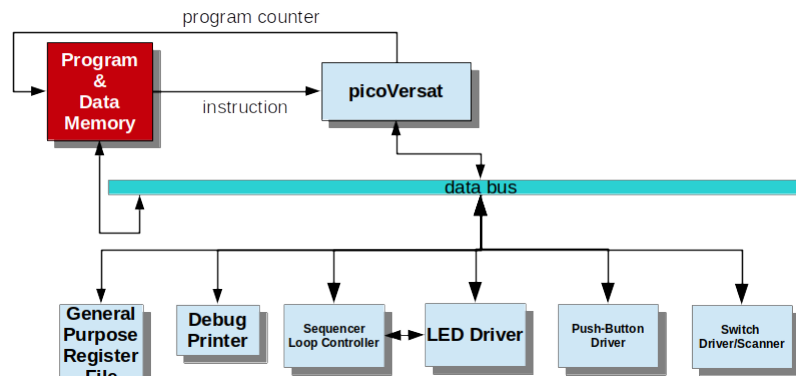


Figure 5: PicoVersat SoC with two peripherals

4.1 General Purpose Register File

This peripheral contains a 16x32bit register file that can be used by user programs. Refer to the picoversat manual for more information about this peripheral.

4.2 Debug Printer

This peripheral can be used by user programs to print characters, mainly for debug purposes. Refer to the picoversat manual for more information about this peripheral.

4.3 Sequencer Loop Controller

This peripheral is used to generate the sequencer loop. The loop and note frequency can be set by using the *freq* input and by selecting the according selector signal. The Sequencer loop controller will output a square wave corresponding to the loop output. The led outputs are directly connected to the LED driver peripheral and send information about the current note.

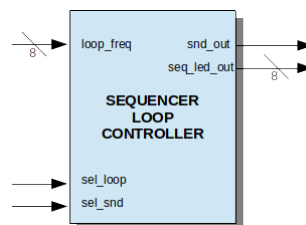


Figure 6: PicoVersat SoC with two peripherals

Table 1: Sequencer Loop Controller Inputs

Name	#bits	Description
freq	8	Loop Period / Note Frequency
sel_loop	1	Loop period select signal (address decoder)
sel_snd	1	Note frequency select signal (address decoder)

Table 2: Sequencer Loop Controller Outputs

Name	#bits	Description
snd_out	1	Audio Output
seq_led_out	8	Current note led output

4.4 LED Driver

The LED driver will display the current note. The input of the driver is directly controlled by the sequencer loop controller.

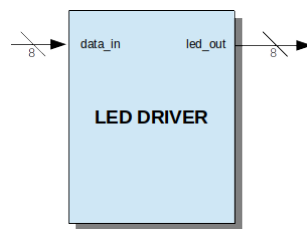


Figure 7: PicoVersat SoC with two peripherals

Table 3: Led driver inputs

Name	#bits	Description
data_in	8	Led display information

Table 4: Led driver outputs

Name	#bits	Description
led_out	8	Led display output

4.5 Switch Driver

This driver reads the state of the slide-switches of the Basys 2 board.

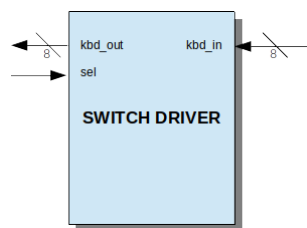


Figure 8: PicoVersat SoC with two peripherals

4.6 Push-Button Driver

This driver reads the state of the push-buttons of the Basys 2 board.

Table 5: Switch driver inputs

Name	#bits	Description
sw_in	8	Switch state inputs
sel	1	driver selector (address decoder)

Table 6: Switch driver outputs

Name	#bits	Description
kbd_out	8	Switch state outputs

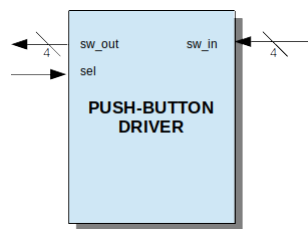


Figure 9: PicoVersat SoC with two peripherals.

Table 7: Push-button driver inputs

Name	#bits	Description
sw_in	4	Push-button state inputs
sel	1	Driver selector (address decoder)

Table 8: Push-button driver outputs

Name	#bits	Description
sw_out	4	Push-button state outputs

The peripheral are interconnected according to the following picture:

5 Interface Signals

The interface signals of the sequencer controller peripherals Table 9..

Table 9: Interface Signals

Name	#bits	Direction	Peripheral	Description
clk	1	IN	FPGA clock	Clock Signal
led_out	8	OUT	LED driver	Reset Signal
sw_in	4	IN	Push-button driver	Push Buttons
kbd_in	8	IN	Switch driver	Slide Switches
snd_out	1	OUT	Sequencer loop controller	Sound output

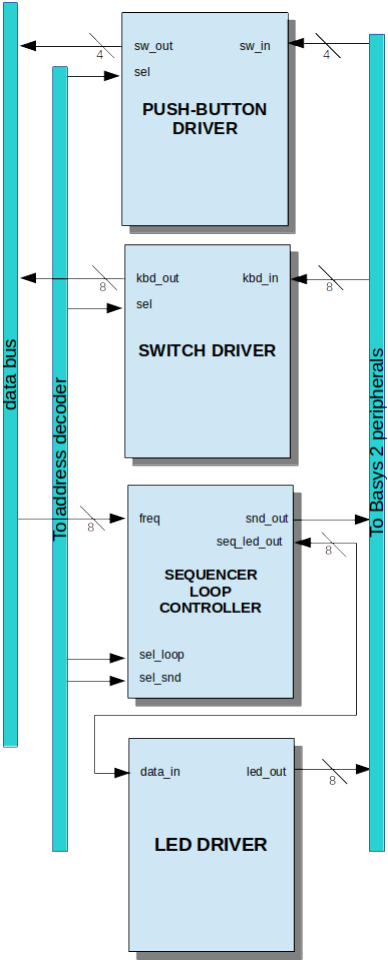


Figure 10: Peripherals interconnections.

6 Memory Map

The sequencer peripherals are mapped in memmory according to the following table:

Table 10: Memmory map

Mnemonic	Address	Read/Write	Read/Write Latency	Description
SND_BASE	0x25D	Write only	0	Sound frequency address for sequencer loop controller
LOOP_BASE	0x25C	Write only	0	Loop frequency address for sequencer loop controller
SW_BASE	0x25B	Read only	0	Slide switch peripheral
PUSH_BASE	0x25A	Read only	0	Push-button peripheral
CPRT_BASE	0x258	Read only	N/A	Debug printer peripheral
REGF_BASE	0x200	Read+Write	0	Register file peripheral
PROG_BASE	0x0	Read+Write	1	User program and data

7 Implementation Results

8 Conclusions