

Demand for Labor Problems

Class Lectures: 4,5,6,7 & Class Notes

Basic Labor Market with Immigration and Min Wages

Class Lectures: 2,3,4,5,8 & Class Notes

Grad Level: Generalized/Parameterized equations

$$w = A - Bh^d \dots (1)$$

$$w = C + Dh^s \dots (2)$$

$$w^* = A - Bh^* \dots (1.1)$$

$$w^* = C + Dh^* \dots (2.1)$$

$$\exists w = w^* \ni h^d = h^s = h^*$$

$$w^* = A - Bh^*$$

$$w^* = A - B \left(\frac{A - C}{B + D} \right)$$

$$w^* = \frac{AD + BC}{B + D}$$

$$A - Bh^* = C + Dh^*$$

$$\Rightarrow h^* = \frac{A - C}{B + D}$$

Questions on Elasticity of Labor Demand and Elasticity of Labor Supply

$$|\eta^d| = \frac{\partial h^d / h^d}{\partial w / w} = \frac{w}{h^d} \times \frac{\partial h^d}{\partial w} = \frac{\% \Delta h^d}{\% \Delta w}$$

$$\eta^s = \frac{\partial h^s / h^s}{\partial w / w} = \frac{w}{h^s} \times \frac{\partial h^s}{\partial w} = \frac{\% \Delta h^s}{\% \Delta w}$$

- Given the equations of demand and supply can you find expressions for elasticity of labor?
- Given the equations of demand and supply can you find expressions for elasticity of labor supply?
- Can you find numerical values of elasticity of demand and supply in Baseline, Case 1, Case 2, Case 3 and Case 4 above?

$$A \geq 0 \quad B \geq 0$$

$$C \geq 0 \quad D \geq 0$$

$$w = A - Bh^d \dots (1)$$

$$w = C + Dh^s \dots (2)$$

$$\exists w = w_0 \ni h^d = h^s = N_0$$

Find Parametric expressions for w_0 & N_0

Suppose **K** (legal & naturalized) immigrants move into this industry from a foreign city.

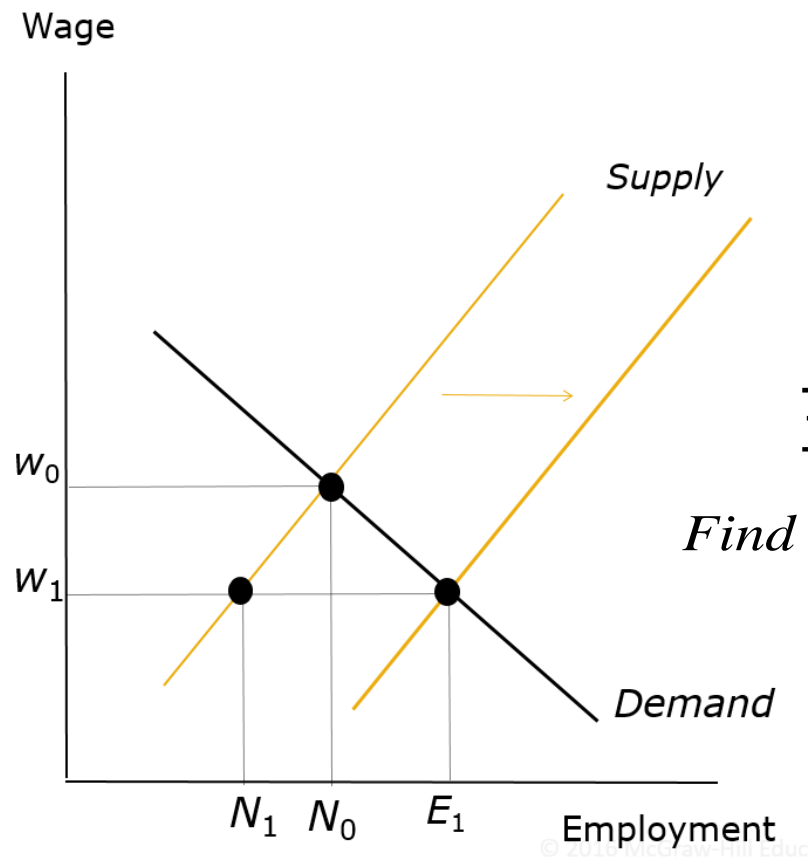
$$w = C - K + Dh^s \dots (3)$$

$$\exists w = w_0 \ni h^d = h^s = E_1$$

Find Parametric expressions for w_1 , N_1 & E_1

Under what condition will $N_1 > N_0$?

Under what condition will $w_1 = w_0$?



$$A = 100 \quad B = 1$$

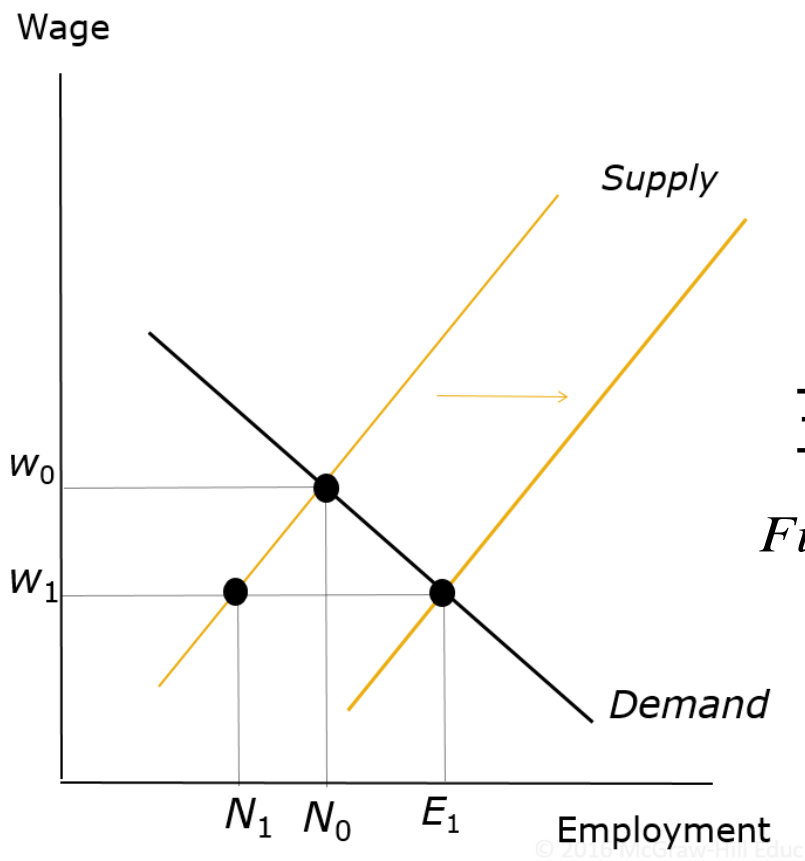
$$C = 20 \quad D = 1$$

$$w = A - Bh^d \dots (1)$$

$$w = C + Dh^s \dots (2)$$

$$\exists w = w_0 \ni h^d = h^s = N_0$$

Find Parametric expressions for w_0 & N_0



Suppose **K=10** (legal & naturalized) immigrants move into this industry from a foreign city.

$$w = C - K + Dh^s \dots (3)$$

$$\exists w = w_0 \ni h^d = h^s = E_1$$

Find Numerical values for w_1 , N_1 & E_1

Find Firm Surplus before and after immigration

$$w_0 = \frac{AD + BC}{B + D}$$

$$w = A - Bh^d \dots (1)$$

$$w = C + Dh^s \dots (2)$$

$$w = C - K + Dh^s \dots (3)$$

$$w_1 = \frac{AD + B(C - K)}{B + D} = \frac{AD + BC}{B + D} - \frac{BK}{B + D} = w_0 - \frac{BK}{B + D}$$

If $B = 0$ then $w_1 = w_0$

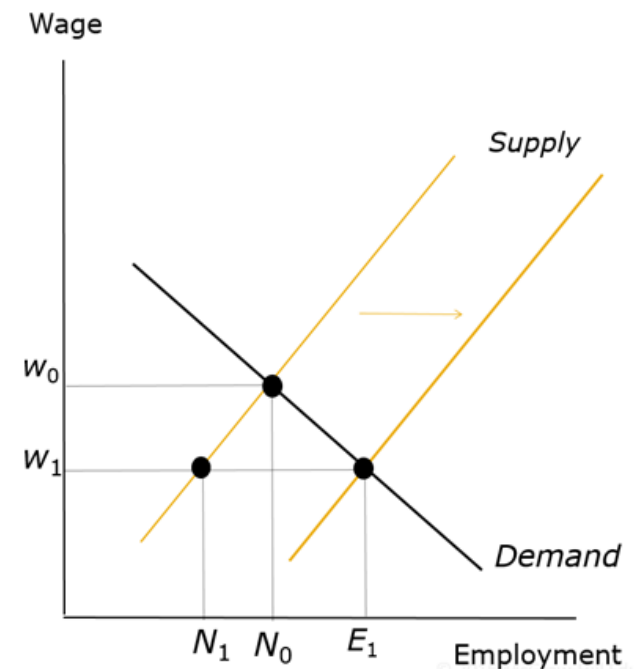
$$N_0 = \frac{A - C}{B + D}$$

$$E_1 = \frac{A - (C - K)}{B + D} = \frac{A - C}{B + D} + \frac{K}{B + D} = N_0 + \frac{K}{B + D}$$

$$\frac{AD + B(C - K)}{B + D} = C + DN_1$$

$$N_0 - \frac{BK}{D(B + D)} = N_1$$

If $B = 0$ then $N_1 = N_0$



$$A = 100 \quad B = 1$$

$$C = 20 \quad D = 1$$

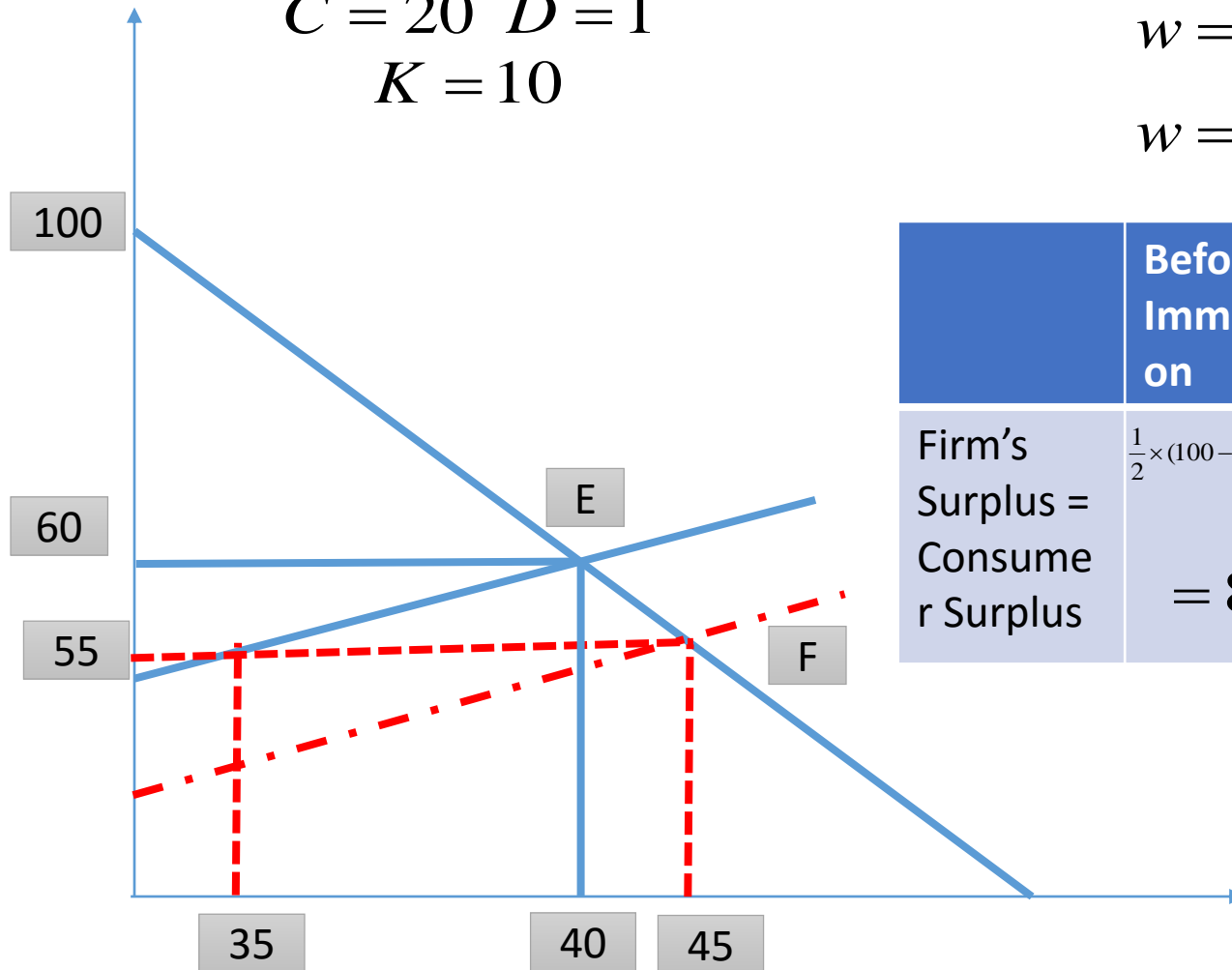
$$K = 10$$

Solutions

$$w = A - Bh^d \dots (1)$$

$$w = C + Dh^s \dots (2)$$

$$w = C - K + Dh^s \dots (3)$$



	Before Immigration	After Immigration	Change = After - Before
Firm's Surplus = Consumer Surplus	$\frac{1}{2} \times (100 - 60) \times (40)$ = 800	$\frac{1}{2} \times (100 - 55) \times (45)$ = 1012.5	= 212.5

Calculation of Firm Surplus: Consumer Surplus (B/C firms are the consumers of labor): **All the area under demand curve to the equilibrium wage**

industry in a US city has labor
demand and supply curves
estimated as

$$w = A - BE^d \dots (1)$$

$$w^* = \frac{AD + BC}{B + D} \quad w = C + DE^s \dots (2)$$

$$E^* = \frac{A - C}{B + D} \quad \bar{w} = Z \quad \bar{E} = \frac{A - Z}{B} \quad E_s = \frac{Z - C}{D}$$

$$\text{Unemployment Rate} = \frac{E_s - \bar{E}}{E_s} = ?$$

Under what condition is Unemployment Rate = 0

$$E^* = \frac{A - C}{B + D} \quad \bar{E} = \frac{A - Z}{B}$$

$$E^* - \bar{E} = \frac{A - C}{B + D} - \frac{A - Z}{B} = \frac{BA - BC - BA + ZB - DA + ZD}{B + D}$$

$$E^* - \bar{E} = \frac{Z(B + D) - (AD + BC)}{B + D}$$

$$E^* - \bar{E} = Z - \frac{(AD + BC)}{B + D} = Z - w^*$$

$$\text{If } Z = w^* \text{ Then } E^* - \bar{E} = 0$$

$$\text{Unemployment Rate} = \frac{E_s - \bar{E}}{E_s} = ?$$

$$\bar{E} = \frac{A - Z}{B} \quad E_s = \frac{Z - C}{D}$$

$$E_s - \bar{E} = \frac{Z - C}{D} - \frac{A - Z}{B} = \frac{ZB - CB - AD + DZ}{D}$$

$$\rightarrow E_s - \bar{E} = \frac{Z(B + D) - (AD + BC)}{B \times D}$$

$$\rightarrow E_s - \bar{E} = \frac{Z - \frac{(AD + BC)}{(B + D)}}{\frac{B \times D}{(B + D)}} = \frac{(B + D)(Z - w^*)}{B \times D}$$

$$\text{Unemployment Rate} = \frac{E_s - \bar{E}}{E_s} = \frac{(B + D)(Z - w^*)}{B \times D \times E_s}$$

$$E_s = \frac{Z - C}{D}$$

$$\text{Unemployment Rate} = \frac{E_s - \bar{E}}{E_s} = \frac{(B + D) \times (Z - w^*) \times D}{B \times D \times (Z - C)}$$

$$\text{Unemployment Rate} = \frac{(B + D) \times (Z - w^*)}{B \times (Z - C)}$$

$$\text{Unemployment Rate} = \frac{(B + D) \times (E^* - \bar{E})}{B \times (Z - C)}$$

If $Z = w^*$ Then $E^* = \bar{E}$ & Unemployment Rate = 0

