```
/ * *
 * COMP215-Programming Project 2: Multiple Sort Analysis.
 * QUICKSORT is the Java implementation of the quick sort algorithm.
 * This implementation is based on psuedocode from "CLRS Algorithms."
 * This class is timed using the STOPWATCH class.
 * @author Andrew Parsons
 * @version 27 February 2017
 * /
class QuickSort implements Sorter {
    /* --- INSTANCE VARIABLES --- */
    private Stopwatch stopwatch;
    private long elapsedTime;
    private static boolean debug = MainApp.debug;
    @Override
    public Comparable[] sort(Comparable[] dataset, int indexBegin, int indexEnd) {
        stopwatch = new Stopwatch();
        while (indexBegin < indexEnd) {</pre>
            int pivot = partition(dataset, indexBegin, indexEnd);
            if (pivot-indexBegin < indexEnd-pivot) {</pre>
                sort(dataset, indexBegin,pivot-1);
                indexBegin = pivot+1;
            } else {
                sort(dataset, pivot+1, indexEnd);
                indexEnd = pivot-1;
        elapsedTime = stopwatch.elapsedTime();
        return dataset;
    private int partition(Comparable[] dataset, int indexBegin, int indexEnd) {
        Comparable temp;
        Comparable pivot = dataset[indexEnd];
        int i = indexBegin - 1;
        int j = indexBegin;
        if (debug) {
            assert assertionInvariant1(dataset, indexBegin, i, pivot);
            assert assertionInvariant2(dataset, i, j, pivot);
        /*INIT: subarrays p...i and i+1...j are empty, indexEnd is pivot. */
        for (j = indexBegin; j <= indexEnd-1; j++) {</pre>
            if (debug) {
                assert assertionInvariant1(dataset, indexBegin, i, pivot);
                assert assertionInvariant2(dataset, i, j, pivot);
            /*MAIN: if dataset[j] <= pivot, then dataset[j] and dataset[i+1] are swapped and
            then i and j are incremented.
            If dataset[j] > pivotm then only j is incremented. */
            if (dataset[j].compareTo(pivot) <= 0) {</pre>
                i++;
                temp = dataset[i];
                dataset[i] = dataset[j];
                dataset[j] = temp;
            }
```

```
} if (debug) {
        assert assertionInvariant3(dataset, j, pivot);
        /* j = indexEnd, so all data is partitioned. */
    }
    temp = dataset[i+1];
    dataset[i+1] = dataset[indexEnd];
    dataset[indexEnd] = temp;
    return i+1;
}
@Override
public long getElapsedTime() {return elapsedTime;}
/** check if subarray is sorted in ascending order (called by assert) */
private static boolean assertionInvariant1(Comparable[] dataset, int start, int i,
Comparable end) {
    for (int j = start; j <= i; j++) {</pre>
        if (dataset[j].compareTo(end) < 1) {</pre>
            return true;
    } return false;
}
private static boolean assertionInvariant2(Comparable[] dataset, int i, int j, Comparable
end) {
    for (int k = i+1; k < j; k++) {
        if (dataset[k].compareTo(end) > 0) {
            return true;
    } return false;
}
private static boolean assertionInvariant3(Comparable[] dataset, int j, Comparable end) {
    if (dataset[j].compareTo(end) < 1) {</pre>
        return true;
    } return false;
}
@Override // DO NOT USE
public Comparable[] sort(Comparable[] dataset) {
    return new Comparable[0];
```