Q). Given two strings: s1 and s2 with the same size, check if some permutation of string s1 can break some permutation of string s2 or viceversa. In other words s2 can break s1 or viceversa. A string x can break string y (both of size n) if $x[i] \ge y[i]$ (in alphabetical order) for all i between 0 and n-1.

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Program:
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```
def canBreak(s1, s2):
    s1_sorted, s2_sorted = sorted(s1), sorted(s2)
    can_s1_break_s2 = all(c1 >= c2 for c1, c2 in
zip(s1_sorted, s2_sorted))
    can_s2_break_s1 = all(c2 >= c1 for c2, c1 in
zip(s2_sorted, s1_sorted))
    return can_s1_break_s2 or can_s2_break_s1
s1 = "abc"
s2 = "xya"
print(canBreak(s1, s2))
s1 = "abe"
s2 = "acd"
print(canBreak(s1, s2))
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\srika\Desktop\CSA0863\pythonProject\.venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\srika\Desktop\CSA0863\pythonProject\problem.py
True
False

Process finished with exit code 0
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Time complexity:O(m+nlog(m+n))